

### Second Quarter 2018 - Conference Call



July 26, 2018

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the United States Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, or in releases made by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, all as may be amended from time to time, and "forward-looking information" under the provisions of applicable Canadian securities legislation, concerning the business, operations and financial performance and condition of Goldcorp. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the future price of gold, silver, zinc, copper and lead, the estimation of mineral reserves and mineral reserves, the realization of mineral reserve estimates, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, targeted cost reductions, capital expenditures, free cash flow, costs and timing of the development of new deposits, success of exploration activities, permitting and certification time lines, hedging practices, currency exchange rate fluctuations, requirements for additional capital, government regulation of mining operations, environmental risks, unanticipated reclamation expenses, health, safety and diversity initiatives, timing and possible outcome of pending litigation, title disputes or claims and limitations on insurance coverage. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expecte", "is expected", "budget", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", or variations or comparable language of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will", "occur" or "be achieved" or the negative connotation thereof.

Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of factors and assumptions that, if untrue, could cause the actual results, performances or achievements of Goldcorp to be materially different from future results, performances or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. Such statements and information are based on numerous assumptions regarding Goldcorp's present and future business strategies and the environment in which Goldcorp will operate in the future, including the price of gold, anticipated costs and ability to achieve goals. Certain important factors that could cause actual results, performances or achievements to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, among others, gold price volatility, discrepancies between actual and estimated production, mineral reserves and mineral resources and metallurgical recoveries, mining operational and development risks, litigation risks, regulatory restrictions (including environmental regulatory restrictions and load government legislation, taxation, controls or regulations and/or change in the administration of laws, policies and practices, expropriation of nationalization of property and political or economic developments in Canada, the United States, Mexico, Argentina, the Dominican Republic, Chile or other jurisdictions in which the Company does or may carry on business in the future, delays, suspension and technical challenges associated with capital projects, higher prices for fuel, steel, power, labour and other consumables, currency fluctuations, the speculative nature of gold active title to mineral claims or property. Although Goldcorp believes its expectations are based upon reasonable assumptions and has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of Goldcorp to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including economic and political instability in foreign jurisdictions in which Goldcorp operates; risks related to international operations, including economic and political instability in foreign jurisdictions in which Goldcorp operates; risks related to international operations, including economic and political instability; inforeign jurisdictions in which Goldcorp operates; risks related to current global financial conditions; risks related to joint venture operations; actual results of current exploration activities; actual results of current reclamation activities; environmental risks; conclusions of economic evaluations; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated; accidents, labour disputes and other risks of the mining industry; risks related to indebtedness, as well as those factors discurses due to the integration of acquisitions; risks related to indebtedness, as well as those factors discurses due to the escription of the Business – Risk Factors" in Goldcorp's most recent annual information form available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. Although Goldcorp has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements. Here may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, ascual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof and, accordingly, are subject to change after such date. Except as otherwise indicated by Gold



### **Management Team**



David Garofalo

President and Chief Executive Officer



Todd White

EVP and Chief Operating Officer



**Paul Harbidge** SVP, Exploration



Jason Attew EVP and Chief Financial Officer



Charlene Ripley EVP, General Counsel



Brent Bergeron EVP, Corporate Affairs and Sustainability

### **=**GOLDCORP

# Second Quarter 2018 Highlights<sup>(1)</sup>

- **Exploration results** increase confidence in ٠ 20/20/20 reserve growth target.
- On plan gold production with full year guidance reaffirmed at 2.5 million<sup>(1)</sup> ounces and AISC of **\$800**<sup>(1)</sup> per ounce.
- Commissioning of Pyrite Leach project at ٠ Peñasquito further accelerated to third quarter, now two guarters ahead of schedule, and Materials Handling project at **Musselwhite** now 76% complete.

Consistent execution and advancement of growth projects underpins delivery of 20/20/20 plan.

Peñasquito





- Significant milestones reached at Coffee and Borden with the signing of agreements with First Nations communities.
- Successfully executed on the Company's \$250 million annual efficiency program and increased the target by \$100 million.

<sup>(1)</sup> Guidance figures are +/- 5%, See appendix C for pricing assumptions and footnotes

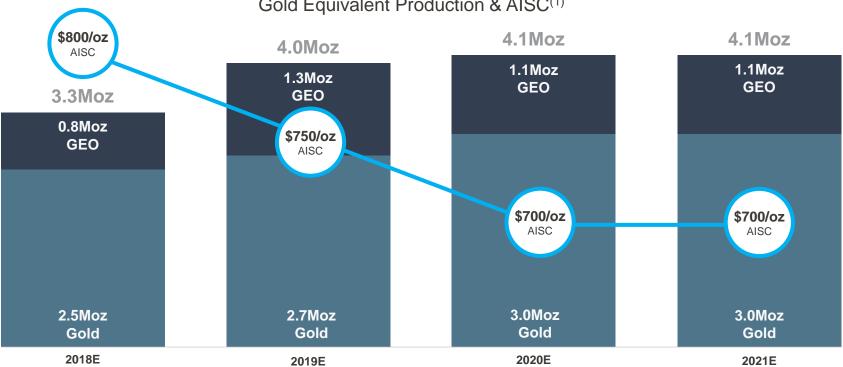


# Second Quarter 2018 Operating & Financial Results

(US\$ millions except where noted)	Three months	ended June 30
	2018	2017
Gold production (ounces)	571,000	635,000
Gold sales (ounces)	562,000	649,000
Operating cash flows	\$158	\$158
Adjusted operating cash flows <sup>(1)</sup>	\$310	\$320
Net earnings / (loss)	(\$131)	\$135
Net earnings / (loss) per share	(\$0.15)	\$0.16
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$334	\$432
By-product cash costs (per ounce) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$527	\$510
AISC (per ounce) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$850	\$800

<sup>(1)</sup> See Appendix C for footnotes

### Goldcorp's 20/20/20 Plan



Gold Equivalent Production & AISC<sup>(1)</sup>

**GEO=Gold Equivalent Ounces** 

<sup>(1)</sup>Guidance figures are +/- 5%, See appendix C for pricing assumptions and footnotes

### **Quarterly Operational Highlights**

- Éléonore gold production reflects the contribution of higher grade ore from Horizon 5 during the second quarter.
- At Cerro Negro, Mariana Norte ramp connection to Mariana Central expected late July, allowing production related development to commence.
- **Porcupine** achieved steady production while Century concluded on single option and Borden commenced development in the bulk sample.

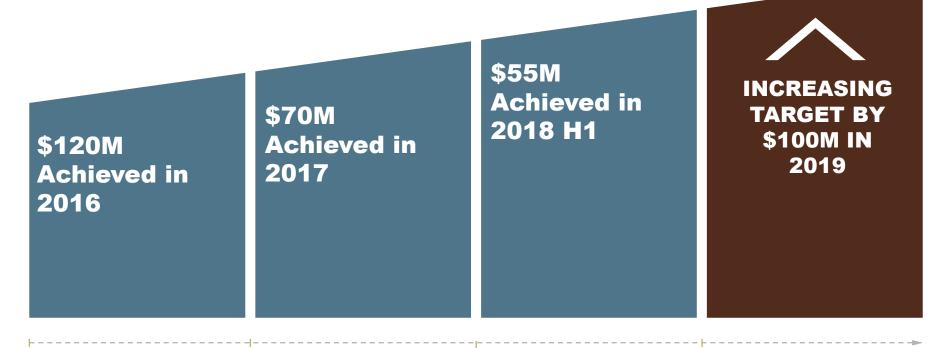
Successful ramp up of Éléonore and Cerro Negro ongoing and is expected to drive production growth in second half of 2018







# Successfully Achieved \$250M in Sustainable Efficiencies; Targeting Additional \$100M in Improvements by End of 2019



2016 2017

2018

2019+

Note: Benefits are combination of cost and productivity improvements and reflect full year of realized benefits.

### **Milestones**

Deliverable	Target Date	Status
2017 production and 2018 guidance	Q1 2018	
NuevaUnión pre-feasibility study completion	Q1 2018	<b>A</b>
Coffee updated resources	Q2 2018	<b>_</b>
Éléonore ramp-up: Horizon 5	Mid-2018	$\checkmark$
Completion of \$250M sustainable efficiency program	Q2 2018	$\checkmark$
Cerro Negro ramp-up: Mariana Norte first production mining	Q3 2018	
Mineral reserves and resources annual update	Q4 2018	
Century completion of optimized pre-feasibility study	Q4 2018	
Peñasquito PLP completion	Q4 2018	
Cerro Negro expansion studies	Q4 2018	
\$100M extension to sustainable efficiency program	Q4 2019	

# **Quarterly Exploration Highlights**

- **Musselwhite** continues to return positive drill results and are expected to support mineral reserve growth in 2018.
- Red Lake HG Young results confirm model and prospectivity. Cochenour on track to double reserve. Initial drilling at Aviation target encouraging. New targets being followed up in Red Lake greenstone belt.
- Infill drilling at Silica Cap (Cerro Negro Camp) extended the known high-grade mineralization.
- Goldcorp finalizes joint venture at Peñasquito to explore key regional targets in the Mazapil Valley.
- Norte Abierto gold assays drilled at the Casale deposit confirm the geologic and current mineral resource models.

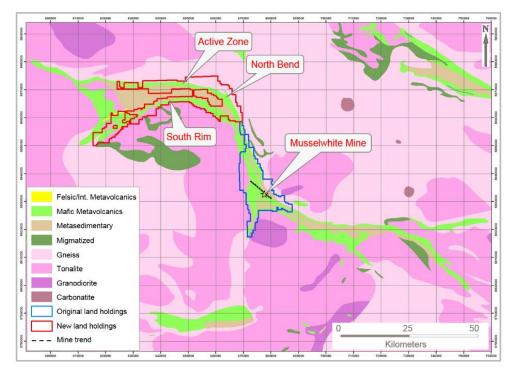
Significant progress to exploration program highlighted at **Musselwhite** and **Cerro Negro**, helps to advance Goldcorp towards 20/20/20 mineral reserve growth target







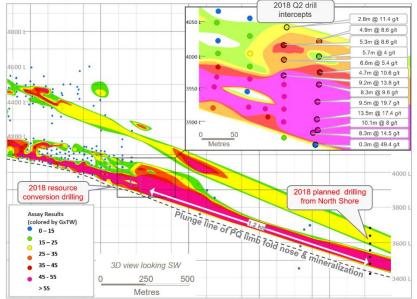
## **Musselwhite – Highlights and Generative Exploration**



Expanded ground holding in prospective belt

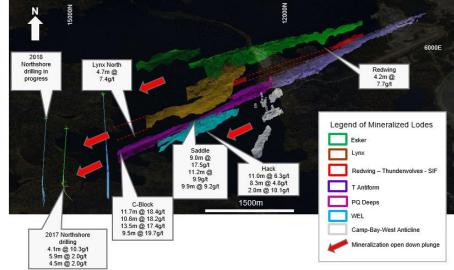
- Continued to intersect high grades at depth in PQ deeps
- Redwing to SIF defines 5km of mineralization
- Bay to West Anticline offers significant untested down plunge potential
- All lodes open down plunge
- Further northshore drilling underway (1.2km step out from current reserves)
- Drill testing Karl Zeemal planned for Q3
- Acquired additional 500km<sup>2</sup> of ground acquired consolidating North Caribou greenstone belt. Belt scale targeting underway

### **Musselwhite – Deposit Scale Upside**

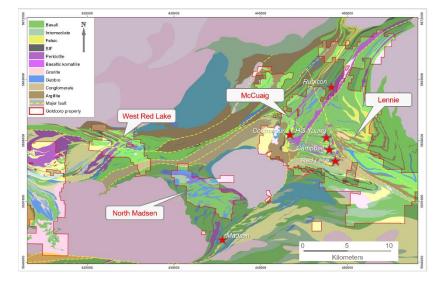


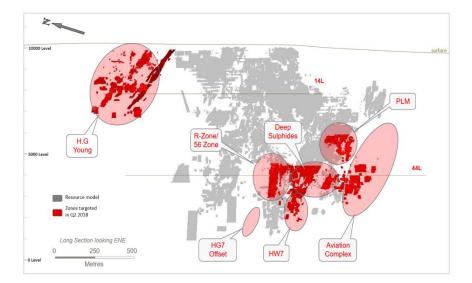
#### High grade results from PQ Deeps

3D view of Musselwhite Mine with surface topography



### **Red Lake - Resource Conversion and Generative Work Progress**





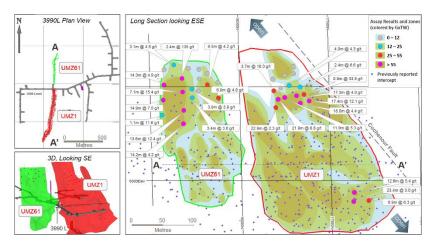


### **Red Lake - Future Projects Confirming Potential**

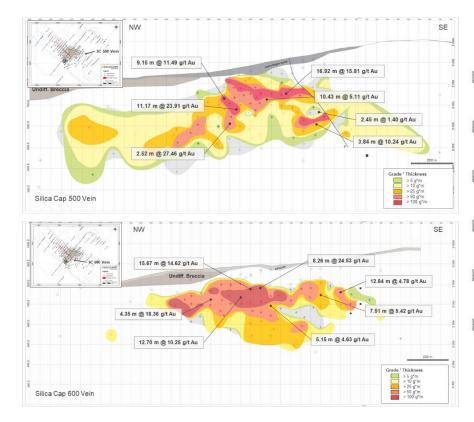
Z-Assay Results (colored by GxTW) 0 - 12 0 12 - 25 0 25 - 40 40 - 55 > 55 8750 Q2 Non-economic Drill holes 1.29m @ 9.62 a/t 0.82m @ 17.34 g/t 0.26m @ 48.15 g/t 1.59m @ 13.19 g/t 2.85m @ 11.4 g/t 1.83m @ 76.67 g/t 0.52m @ 25.99 g/t 0.27m @ 171.13 g/t 0.55m @ 40.71 g/t 2.69m @ 10.6 g/t 2.11m @ 7.23 g/t Q1 Drilling 0.31m @ 41.66 g/t 0.61m @ 31.67 g/t Long Section looking ENE 0.72m @ 56 g/t 200 400 1.4m @ 13.15 g/t Metres 2.03m @ 5.34 g/t

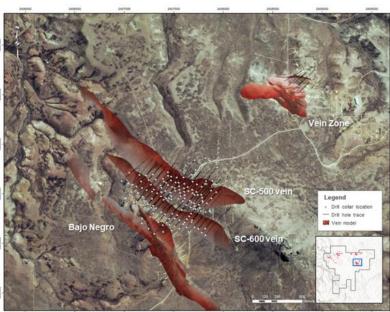
HG Young

#### Cochenour

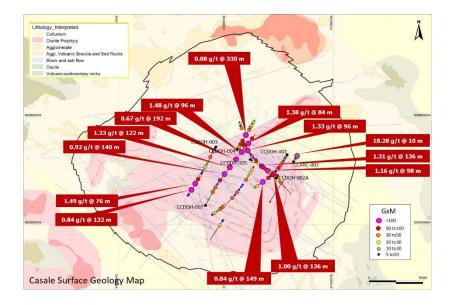


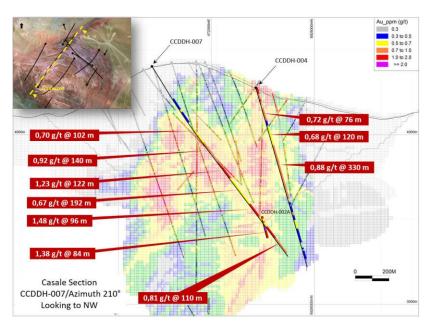
### **Cerro Negro - Silica Cap Shaping up for Resource Growth**





### **Norte Abierto - Geology and Exploration Programs Advance**

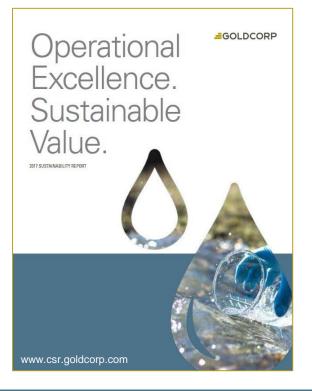




### **Sustainability Update**

### **2017 Sustainability Report**

(released on June 28, 2018)



### **Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Ratings**

RATING AGENCY	SCALE	GOLDCORP	DATE
MSCI (ESG & Risk Research)	AAA (best) to CCC (worst)	вв 🕇	May 2018
Sustainalytics	0 (worst) to 100 (best)	76	Oct 2017
Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS)*	1 (low risk) to 10 (high risk)	4	Apr 2018
RobecoSAM (DJSI)	0 (worst) to 100 (best)	69	Sep 2017

\* ISS score only reflects company's score on Corporate Governance. Goldcorp's Environment and Social Quality Scores are 2 and 1 respectively.

Conference Call with Socially Responsible Investors (SRIs) and Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) analysts

September 6, 2018 at 11:00am (EST)



### **Goldcorp Advantage**

Positioned to Deliver Increasing Shareholder Value

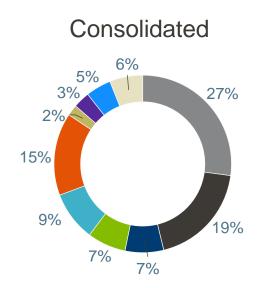
- 20/20/20 plan delivering increase in margins and returns
- \$250 million in sustainable efficiencies achieved to date, target extended to \$100 million by end of 2019
- 'Beyond 20/20' Plan to grow reserves and production in an industry with declining reserves and production

# **APPENDIX A: 2018 SENSITIVITIES**

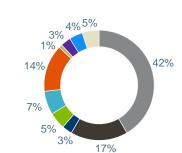
	Base Price	Change Increments	Operating Cash Flow per Share <sup>(1)</sup>	EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> (\$M)	All-In Sustaining Costs (\$/oz) <sup>(1)</sup>
Gold price (\$/oz)	\$1,300	\$100	\$0.26	\$240	\$1
Silver price (\$/oz)	\$19.00	\$3.00	\$0.08	\$74	\$30
Zinc price (\$/lb)	\$1.30	\$0.10	\$0.04	\$32	\$12
Lead price (\$/lb)	\$1.10	\$0.10	\$0.02	\$17	\$6
Canadian dollar	\$1.25	10%	\$0.10	\$84	\$43
Mexican peso	\$19.00	10%	\$0.04	\$33	\$13

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Appendix C for footnotes

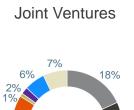
# **APPENDIX B: 2018E PRODUCTION COSTS**



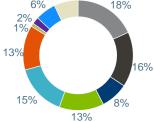








Associates and



- Labour
- Fuel Costs
- Maintenance Parts
- Tires
- Site Costs

Contractors

6%

Power

9%

Consumables

9%

- Explosives
- Others

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Note 1: Guidance projections used in this document ("Guidance") are considered "forward-looking statements" and represent management's good faith estimates or expectations of future production results as of the date hereof. Guidance is based upon certain assumptions, including, but not limited to, metal prices, oil prices, certain exchange rates and other assumptions. 2018-2019 guidance assumes Au=\$1,300/oz, Ag=\$19.00/oz, Cu=\$2.75/lb, Zn=\$1.30/lb, Pb=\$1.10/lb, \$1.25 CAD/USD, 19.00 MXN/USD. 2020-2021 guidance assumes Au=\$1,300/oz, Ag=\$18.00/oz, Cu=\$3.00/lb, Zn=\$1.15/lb, Pb=\$1.00/lb, \$1.25 CAD/USD, 19.00 MXN/USD. 2020-2021 guidance assumes Au=\$1,300/oz, Ag=\$18.00/oz, Cu=\$3.00/lb, Zn=\$1.15/lb, Pb=\$1.00/lb, \$1.25 CAD/USD, 19.00 MXN/USD. Such assumptions may prove to be incorrect and actual results may differ materially from those anticipated. Consequently, Guidance cannot be guaranteed. As such, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance upon Guidance and forward-looking statements as there can be no assurance that the plans, assumptions or expectations upon which they are placed will occur.

Note 2: Non-GAAP performance measures including adjusted operating cash flow, adjusted EBITDA, by-product cash costs and AISC are calculated on an attributable (or Goldcorp's share) basis. Attributable performance measures include the Company's mining operations and projects, and the Company's share of Pueblo Viejo, Alumbrera, Leagold and NuevaUnión. The Company believes that disclosing certain performance measures on an attributable basis is a more relevant measurement of the Company's operating and economic performance, and reflects the Company's view of its core mining operations. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, the Company and certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to generate cash flow; however, these performance measures do not have any standardized meaning. Accordingly, it is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Note 3: The Company's projected AISC are not based on GAAP total production cash costs, which forms the basis of the Company's cash costs: by-product. The projected range of AISC is anticipated to be adjusted to include sustaining capital expenditures, corporate administrative expense, mine-site exploration and evaluation costs and reclamation cost accretion and amortization, and exclude the effects of expansionary capital and non-sustaining expenditures. Projected GAAP total production cash costs for the full year would require inclusion of the projected impact of future included and excluded items, including items that are not currently determinable, but may be significant, such as sustaining capital expenditures, reclamation cost accretion and tax payments. Due to the uncertainty of the likelihood, amount and timing of any such items, we do not have information available to provide a quantitative reconciliation of projected all-in sustaining costs to a total production casts rosts projection.

Note 4: Sustaining capital expenditures are defined as those expenditures which do not increase annual gold ounce production at a mine site and excludes all expenditures at the Company's projects and certain expenditures at the Company's operating sites which are deemed expansionary in nature.



Note 5: AISC include total production cash costs incurred at the Company's mining operations, which forms the basis of the Company's by-product cash costs. Additionally, the Company includes sustaining capital expenditures, corporate administrative expense, mine-site exploration and evaluation costs, and reclamation cost accretion and amortization. The measure seeks to reflect the full cost of gold production from current operations, therefore growth capital and non-sustaining expenditures are excluded. Certain other cash expenditures, including tax payments, dividends and financing costs are also excluded.

AISC is a non-GAAP performance measure that the Company believes more fully defines the total costs associated with producing gold; however, this performance measure has no standardized meaning. Accordingly, it is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company reports this measure on a gold ounces sold basis. The Company's all-in sustaining cost definition conforms to the guidance note released by the World Gold Council, which became effective January 1, 2014. The World Gold Council is a non-regulatory market development organization for the gold industry whose members comprise global senior gold mining companies.

AISC includes total production costs incurred at the Company's mine operations, which forms the basis of the Company's by-product cash costs. The following tables provide a reconciliation of AISC per ounce to the consolidated financial statements:

#### Three months ended June 30, 2018 (\$ millions unless stated otherwise)

	COS	al cash ts: by- oduct	porate histration	& e	ploration valuation costs	cos	clamation t accretion and ortization	ustaining capital xenditures	То	otal AISC	Ounces (thousands)	otal AISC rounce(a)
Total before associates and joint venture	\$	236	\$ 39	\$	8	\$	6	\$ 120	\$	409	457	\$ 896
Associates and joint ventures	\$	60	\$ -	\$		\$	1	\$ 7	\$	68	105	\$ 650
Total - Attributable	\$	296	\$ 39	\$	8	\$	7	\$ 127	\$	477	562	\$ 850

#### Three months ended June 30, 2017 (\$ millions unless stated otherwise)

	COS	al cash sts: by- oduct	porate nistration	& e	ploration valuation costs	COS	clamation t accretion and nortization	ustaining capital xenditures	Т	otal AISC	Cunces (thousands)	otal AISC ounce(a)
Total before associates and joint venture	\$	260	\$ 36	\$	5	\$	9	\$ 123	\$	433	497	\$ 868
Associates and joint ventures	\$	72	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4	\$ 10	\$	86	152	\$ 574
Total – Attributable	\$	332	\$ 36	\$	5	\$	13	\$ 133	\$	519	649	\$ 800

AISC may not calculate based on amounts presented in these tables due to rounding.

#### Three months ended June 30, 2018 (\$ millions unless stated otherwise)

	Production costs (#	1	By-Product Credits	Re	Freatment and efining Charges n Concentrate Sales	Other		Total Cash Costs: by- product	Ounces (000's)	 btal Cash Costs: by-product per ounce (RIII)
Total before associates and joint venture	\$ 442	\$	(220)	\$	15	\$	(1)	\$ 236	457	\$ 516
Associates and joint venture	\$ 87	\$	(29)	\$	2	\$	-	\$ 60	105	\$ 578
Total - Attributable	\$ 529	\$	(249)	\$	17	\$	(1)	\$ 296	562	\$ 527

Three months ended June 30, 2017

(\$ millions unless stated otherwise)

	Production costs (4)	I	By-Product Credits	Re	reatment and fining Charges n Concentrate Sales	Other	Total Cash Costs: by- product	Ounces (000's)	otal Cash Costs: by-product per ounce (%):
Total before associates and joint venture	\$ 456	\$	(224)	\$	30	\$ (2)	\$ 260	497	\$ 520
Associates and joint venture	\$ 111	\$	(42)	\$	3	\$ -	\$ 72	152	\$ 478
Total - Attributable	\$ 567	\$	(266)	\$	33	\$ (2)	\$ 332	649	\$ 510

(a) Production costs includes \$17 million in royalties for the three months ended June 30, 2018 (three months ended June 30, 2017- \$18 million).

(b) Total cash costs: by-product per ounce may not calculate based on amounts presented in these tables due to rounding.

(c) If silver, copper, lead and zinc were treated as co-products, total cash costs for the three months ended June 30, 2018 would have been \$700 per ounce of gold (three months ended June 30, 2017 – \$644).

Note 6: Adjusted operating cash flows comprises Goldcorp's share of operating cash flows before working capital changes, calculated on an attributable basis to include the Company's share of Pueblo Viejo, Alumbrera, NuevaUnión and Leagold's operating cash flows before working capital changes. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, the Company and certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to operate without reliance on additional external funding or use of available cash.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated financial statements to Goldcorp's share of adjusted operating cash flows:

	Three month June 3	
(\$ millions)	2018	2017
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	\$158	\$158
Change in working capital	112	77
Adjusted operating cash flows provided by Pueblo Viejo, Alumbrera and Leagold	40	85
Goldcorp's share of adjusted operating cash flows	\$310	\$320



Note 7: Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP performance measures. Accordingly, they are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP and they have no standardized meaning. EBITDA is calculated, on an attributable basis, to include the Company's share of Pueblo Viejo, Alumbrera, NuevaUnión and Leagold as net earnings (loss) before taxes, depreciation and depletion, finance income and finance costs. Adjusted EBITDA also removes the impact of impairments or reversals of impairment and other non-cash expenses or recoveries as the Company does not believe they are reflective of the Company's ability to generate liquidity and its core operating results.

The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, the Company and certain investors use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as an indicator of the Company's ability to generate liquidity by producing operating cash flow to fund working capital needs, service debt obligations and fund capital expenditures. EBITDA is also frequently used by investors and analysts for valuation purposes whereby EBITDA is multiplied by a factor or "EBITDA multiple" that is based on an observed or inferred relationship between EBITDA and market values to determine the approximate total enterprise value of a company.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are intended to provide additional information to investors and analysts and do not have any standardized definition under IFRS, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA exclude the impact of cash costs of financing activities and taxes, and the effects of changes in operating working capital balances, and therefore are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS. Other companies may calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA differently.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net earnings in the consolidated financial statements to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:

The following table provides a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated financial statements to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:

	-	Three mon June	 ended	Six monti June	 ded
		2018	2017	2018	2017
Net earnings	\$	(131)	\$ 135	\$ (64)	\$ 305
Income tax expense (recovery)		156	(57)	160	(105)
Depreciation and depletion		256	239	507	485
Finance income		(10)	(9)	(19)	(19)
Finance costs		26	37	56	73
EBITDA	\$	297	\$ 345	\$ 640	\$ 739
Share of net earnings related to associates and joint venture		(38)	(41)	(47)	(101)
Associates and joint venture EBITDA		68	114	160	201
Reversal of impairment of mining interests, net		_	_	_	(3)
Loss on disposition of mining interest, net of transaction costs		_	6	_	6
Non-cash share-based compensation		7	8	14	17
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	334	\$ 432	\$ 767	\$ 859

	I	hree mor Jun	 nded	Six monti Jun	 ded
		2018	2017	2018	2017
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	158	\$ 158	\$ 429	\$ 385
Current income tax expense		(2)	47	57	117
Share of net earnings related to associates and joint venture		38	41	47	101
Reversal of impairment of mining interests, net		_	_	_	3
Increase in working capital		112	77	120	100
Finance costs		26	37	56	73
Finance income		(10)	(9)	(19)	(19)
Other non-cash adjustments		(25)	(6)	(50)	(21)
EBITDA	\$	297	\$ 345	\$ 640	\$ 739
Share of net earnings related to associates and joint venture		(38)	(41)	(47)	(101)
Associates and joint venture EBITDA		68	114	160	201
Reversal of impairment of mining interests, net		_	0	_	(3)
Loss on disposition of mining interest, net of transaction costs		_	6	_	6
Non-cash share-based compensation		7	8	14	17
Adjusted EBITDA	s	334	\$ 432	\$ 767	\$ 859

# **APPENDIX D: RESERVE & RESOURCE REPORTING NOTES**

#### Cautionary Note Regarding Reserves and Resources:

Scientific and technical information contained in this presentation was reviewed and approved by Ivan Mullany, FAusIMM, Senior Vice President, Technical Services for Goldcorp, and a "qualified person" as defined by National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101"). Scientific and technical information in this press release relating to Canadian exploration results was reviewed and approved by Tim Smith, MSc, P.Geo., Director Exploration Canada for Goldcorp, and a "qualified person" as defined by National Instrument 43-101. Scientific and technical information in this press release relating to Latin American exploration results was reviewed and approved by lain Kelso, P.Geo., Director Exploration Latam for Goldcorp, and a "qualified person" as defined by National Instrument 43-101. Scientific and technical information in this press release relating to Latin American exploration results was reviewed and approved by lain Kelso, P.Geo., Director Exploration Latam for Goldcorp, and a "qualified person" as defined by NI 43-101. All Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources have been estimated in accordance with the standards of the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") and NI 43-101. or the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves equivalent ("JORC"). All Mineral Resources are reported exclusive of Mineral Resorves. Mineral Resorves that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Information on data verification performed on the mineral properties mentioned in this table that are considered to be material mineral properties to the Company are contained in Goldcorp's annual information form for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the current technical report for each of those properties, all available at www.sedar.com.

The Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimates contained in this presentation have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Canadian securities laws, which differ from the requirements of United States securities laws and uses terms that are not recognized by the SEC. Canadian reporting requirements for disclosure of mineral properties are governed by the Canadian Securities Administrators' NI 43-101. The definitions used in NI 43-101 are incorporated by reference from the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") — Definition Standards adopted by CIM Council on May 10, 2014 (the "CIM Definition Standards"). U.S. reporting requirements are governed by the SEC Industry Guide 7 ("Industry Guide 7") under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These reporting standards have similar goals in terms of conveying an appropriate level of confidence in the disclosures being reported, but embody different approaches and definitions. For example, the terms "Mineral Reserve", "Proven Mineral Reserve" and "Probable Mineral Reserve" are Canadian mining terms as defined in NI 43-101, and these definitions differ from the definitions in Industry Guide 7. Under Industry Guide 7, under Industry Guide 7, under Industry Guide 7, under Industry Guide 7, mineralization may not be classified as a "reserve" unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made.

While the terms "Mineral Resource", "Measured Mineral Resource", "Indicated Mineral Resource" and "Inferred Mineral Resource" are defined in and required to be disclosed by NI 43-101, these terms are not defined terms under Industry Guide 7 and are normally not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements filed with the SEC. United States readers are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves. In addition, "Inferred Mineral Resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and their economic and legal feasibility. A significant amount of exploration must be completed in order to determine whether an Inferred Mineral Resource may be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian regulations, estimates of Inferred Mineral Resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. United States readers are cautioned not to assume that all or an up part of an Inferred Mineral Resource is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations if such disclosure includes the grade or quality and the quantity for each category of Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserves; however, the SEC normally only permits issuers to report mineralization that does not constitute "reserves" by SEC standards as in place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures.

Accordingly, information contained in this presentation containing descriptions of the Company's mineral deposits may not be comparable to similar information made public by United States companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements under the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

# APPENDIX E: 2017 PRODUCTION, 2018 GUIDANCE

	2017	2018 Guidance										
	Gold	Gold		Capital Exp	Capital Expenditure							
Mine	Production <sup>(1)</sup> (oz)	Production <sup>(1)</sup> (oz)	AISC <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	Sustaining <sup>(1)</sup>	Growth <sup>(1)</sup>	Exploration <sup>(1)</sup>						
Peñasquito	476,000	310,000	\$250	\$220M	\$335M	\$5M						
Cerro Negro	452,000	490,000	\$600	\$55M	\$75M	\$20M						
Pueblo Viejo	433,000	415,000	\$600	\$70M	\$0	\$0						
Éléonore	305,000	360,000	\$900	\$40M	\$30M	\$10M						
Red Lake	209,000	235,000	\$1,000	\$50M	\$50M	\$30M						
Porcupine	272,000	275,000	\$925	\$55M	\$120M	\$15M						
Musselwhite	236,000	265,000	\$775	\$40M	\$35M	\$10M						
Other	186,000	100,000	\$1,000	\$20M	\$105M	\$35M						
Consolidated	2,569,000	2,500,000 (+/- 5%)	\$800 (+/- 5%)	\$550M	\$750M	\$125M						
Consolidated by-product costs <sup>(1)</sup>			\$450 (+/- 5%)									



# **APPENDIX E: 2018 GUIDANCE (cont'd)**

### 20/20/20 Plan

Year	Gold Production <sup>(1)</sup> (oz)	AISC <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	By-product <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	Capital Expenditure <sup>(1)</sup> (+/- 5%)	
	(+/- 5%)	(+/- 5%)	(+/- 5%)	Sustaining	Growth <sup>(2)</sup>
2018E	2,500,000	\$800	\$450	\$550M	\$750M
2019E	2,700,000	\$750	\$400	\$575M	\$250M
2020E	3,000,000	\$700	\$400	\$575M	\$300M
2021E	3,000,000	\$700	\$400	\$575M	\$300M

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Appendix C for footnotes

<sup>(2)</sup> Growth capital includes capital for those projects which are in execution and/or have an approved Feasibility Study. Other projects only include capital to progress to the next Stage Gate.