# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

	Washington, D.C	. 20549
	FORM 10	)-K
ark One)		
ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	JRITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the fiscal year ended D	ecember 31, 2018
	OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE S For the transition period from Commission File Numb	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 to Der: 001-37461
	<b>⊘</b> ALARM	1.COM°
	ALARM.COM HOL (Exact name of registrant as sp	DINGS, INC. ecified in its charter)
ı	Delaware	26-4247032
	other jurisdiction of ion or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
8281 Greensboro Dri	ve, Suite 100, Tysons, Virginia	22102
(Address of pr	ncipal executive offices)	(zip code)
	Tel: (877) 389- (Registrant's telephone number	
	Securities registered pursuant to S	Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of 6	each class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.	01 par value per share	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
	Securities registered pursuant to sec	tion 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-	known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule	e 405 of the Securities Act. ☑ Yes ☐ No
	) has filed all reports required to be filed by	or Section 15(d) of the Act.  Yes  No Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the did (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). 

Yes 
No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

				smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth owth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
	Large accelerated filer	<b>7</b>	Accelerated filer	
	Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
	Emerging growth compar	ny 🗆		
If an emerging growth company, indicate accounting standards provided pursuant to			t to use the extended transition p	eriod for complying with any new or revised financial
Indicate by check mark whether the reg	istrant is a shell company (as	defined in Rule 1	2b-2 of the Exchange Act). □	Yes ☑ No
of \$40.38 per share of the registrant's com	nmon stock as reported on The med to be affiliates. Such dete	e Nasdaq Global	Select Market. For purposes of th	ne 29, 2018 was \$1.3 billion, based on a closing price his computation, all officers, directors, and 10% in that such officers, directors or 10% beneficial
As of February 20, 2019, there were 48	,182,307 outstanding shares o	of the registrant's	common stock, \$0.01 par value p	per share.
	nent to be filed with the Securiti be filed subsequent to the dat	es and Exchange e hereof, are inco	orporated by reference into Part II	ation 14A in connection with the registrant's 2019 II of this Form 10-K. Such proxy statement will be filed d December 31, 2018.

# ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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# SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, or this Annual Report, contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, that reflect our current expectations regarding future events, our strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenues, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management. The forward-looking statements are contained principally in Part I, Item 1. "Business," Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors," and Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," but are also contained elsewhere in this Annual Report. Forward-looking statements include any statement that does not directly relate to a current or historical fact. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "objective," "ongoing," "plan," "predict," "project," "potential," "should," "will," or "would," or the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology intended to identify statements about the future. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement contained in this prospectus, we caution you that these statements are based on a combination of facts and factors currently known by us and our expectations of the future, about which we cannot be certain. Forward-looking statements include statements about:

- · our ability to continue to increase revenue, maintain existing subscribers and sell new services to new and existing subscribers;
- our ability to add new service provider partners, maintain existing service provider partner relationships and increase the productivity of our service provider partners;
- · the effects of increased competition as well as innovations by new and existing competitors in our market;
- · our ability to adapt to technological change and effectively enhance, innovate and scale our solution;
- our ability to effectively manage or sustain our growth;
- · potential acquisitions and integration of complementary business and technologies;
- · our ability to maintain, or strengthen awareness of, our brand;
- perceived or actual security, integrity, reliability, quality or compatibility problems with our solutions, including related to security breaches in our systems, our subscribers' systems, unscheduled downtime, or outages;
- · statements regarding future revenue, hiring plans, expenses, capital expenditures, capital requirements and stock performance;
- · our ability to attract and retain qualified employees and key personnel and further expand our overall headcount;
- our ability to develop relationships with service provider partners in order to expand internationally;
- our ability to stay abreast of new or modified laws and regulations that currently apply or become applicable to our business both in the United States and internationally;
- our ability to maintain, protect and enhance our intellectual property;
- · costs associated with defending intellectual property infringement and other claims; and
- · other risks detailed below in Item 1A. "Risk Factors."

You should refer to Item 1A. "Risk Factors" section of this Annual Report for a discussion of important factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. As a result of these factors, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this Annual Report will prove to be accurate. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame or at all. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this Annual Report.

Except as otherwise indicated herein or as the context otherwise requires, references in this Annual Report to "Alarm.com," the "company," "we," "us," "our" and similar references refer to Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. and, where appropriate, our consolidated subsidiaries.

#### PART I.

#### **ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

#### Overview

Alarm.com is the leading platform for the intelligently connected property. We offer a comprehensive suite of cloud-based solutions for smart residential and commercial properties, including interactive security, video monitoring, intelligent automation, energy management and wellness solutions. Millions of property owners depend on our technology to intelligently secure, monitor and manage their residential and commercial properties. In the last year alone, our platforms processed more than 200 billion data points generated by over 90 million connected devices. We believe that this scale of subscribers, connected devices and data operations makes us the leader in the connected property market.

Our solutions are delivered through an established network of over 8,000 trusted service providers, who are experts at selling, installing and supporting our solutions. We primarily generate Software-as-a-Service, or SaaS, and license revenue through our service provider partners, who resell these services and pay us monthly fees. We also generate hardware and other revenue, primarily from our service provider partners and distributors. Our hardware sales include connected devices that enable our services, such as video cameras, gateway modules and smart thermostats.

We enter into contracts with our service provider partners that establish pricing for access to our platform solutions and for the sale of hardware. These contracts typically have an initial term of one year, with subsequent renewal terms of one year. Our service provider partners typically enter into contracts with our subscribers, which our service provider partners have indicated range from three to five years in length. Our service provider partners are free to market and sell our products under their own guidelines at prices to the consumer that they establish independently. We believe that the length of the service relationship with residential and commercial property owners, combined with our robust SaaS platforms and over 15 years of operating experience, contribute to a compelling business model.

We have experienced significant growth since our company's inception in 2000. We generated total revenue of \$420.5 million, \$338.9 million and \$261.1 million in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Our SaaS and license revenue was \$291.1 million, \$236.3 million and \$173.5 million in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively, representing a compound annual growth rate of 29.5%. We also generated net income of \$21.5 million, \$29.3 million and \$10.2 million in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively, as well as Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP metric, of \$93.1 million, \$71.6 million and \$49.0 million in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. See footnote 4 to the table contained in the section of this Annual Report titled "Selected Financial Data" for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP.

#### Our Solutions and Integrated Platforms

Our technology platforms are designed to make connected properties safer, smarter and more efficient. Our solutions are used in both smart residential and commercial properties, which we refer to as the connected property market and we have designed our technology platforms for all market participants. This includes not only the residential and commercial property owners who subscribe to our services, but also the hardware partners who manufacture devices that integrate with our platforms and the service provider partners who install and maintain our solutions.

Our service provider partners can deploy our interactive security, video monitoring, intelligent automation and energy management solutions as standalone offerings or as combined solutions to address the needs of a broad range of customers. Our technology enables subscribers to seamlessly connect to their property through our family of mobile apps, websites, and new engagement platforms like voice control through Amazon Echo and Google Home, wearable devices like the Apple Watch, and TV platforms such as Apple TV and Amazon Fire TV.

# Subscriber Solutions

### Interactive Security

Interactive security is the entry point for most of our smart home and business subscribers. Our dedicated, two-way cellular connection between the property and our platforms is designed to be tamper resistant and to meet the high reliability standards for life safety services. Our solution integrates monitoring 24 hours a day, seven days a week, with emergency response through trusted and integrated central monitoring stations. Subscribers can use our services to control and monitor their security systems, as well as connected security devices including motion sensors, door locks, garage doors, thermostats and video cameras. The capabilities associated with this solution include:

- Alarm Transmission. We transmit alarm signals from monitored properties through our platforms to over 1,000 third-party central monitoring stations staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week with live operators ready to initiate emergency response.
- Always-On Monitoring. Whether the security system is armed or disarmed, sensors continuously monitor activity at the property so subscribers can be made aware of system events in all kinds of situations.
- Insights Engine. Our proprietary machine learning algorithms help safeguard connected properties by learning the unique activity patterns at the property and automatically notifying the subscriber of unexpected activity. Facial recognition technology enhances unexpected activity alerts by enabling certain security panels with built-in cameras to proactively monitor for unauthorized sharing or theft of an authorized user's security system codes. By analyzing pictures taken when the security panel is disarmed, the system can associate a specific person with a specific user code. If a different person uses that same code, Alarm.com can send an alert to the home or business owner, providing an added layer of security, awareness and control.
- Real-Time Alerts. Notifications for any type of system event are delivered through push notifications, short message service, or SMS, or email, based on the subscriber's preference.
- Managed Access and Enterprise Control. Subscribers can manage their property through permission-based access, including individualized user
  codes and rules based on time and day. Property managers and business owners can utilize our Enterprise Control service to remotely manage
  employees' access to the security system, door locks and property partitions across multiple locations.
- Wellness. Our technology can learn daily living patterns of an aging family member through monitoring of activity data from security and specialized sensors and identify anomalies in real-time that may indicate a problem. Alerts can be sent to notify family members or caregivers when there are critical changes in patterns or an emergency is detected.

# Video Monitoring

Our high definition video monitoring solution can provide a direct view into the property, capture footage of critical events and provide visual peace of mind. We offer indoor and outdoor camera solutions for residential and commercial properties at varying price points. We also provide a doorbell video camera solution that supports two-way audio with guests at the door.

The capabilities associated with our video monitoring solution include:

- Video Analytics: Our video analytics engine provides an intelligent new layer of security and awareness for residential and commercial property owners. Object classification and object tracking technology can distinguish between people, vehicles and animals, determine an object's direction of movement and measure the duration of activity. Our subscribers can selectively control and manage notifications and assign virtual zones and multi-directional "tripwires" so they can monitor their properties for highly specific activity.
- · Live Streaming. Subscribers can securely access live video feeds through the web and mobile apps at any time.
- Smart Clip Capture. Our video solutions can automatically record clips based on motion detection or system events, like an alarm, a door opening or someone disarming the security panel.
- Secure Cloud Storage. Video clips are uploaded to our cloud-based storage system for secure storage and remote viewing.
- Video Alerts. Smart clips can be automatically sent via SMS, push notifications or email as soon as they are recorded.
- Continuous High Definition Recording. Onsite recording up to 24 hours a day, seven days a week is enabled through our Stream Video Recorder, or SVR, and can be played back securely, from anywhere, through the web and mobile apps.
- Commercial Video Surveillance. Tailored for small and medium sized businesses, our commercial video surveillance offering provides leading
  commercial-grade network cameras to support a wide range of business needs, enabling multi-camera installations with continuous recording,
  cloud based storage and mobile access.

### Intelligent Automation and Energy Management

Our solution provides enhanced monitoring and control for a large ecosystem of connected devices, including thermostats, lights, locks, power meters, shades and other devices. Increasing awareness of energy usage and providing intelligent control

over connected devices enables subscribers to create personalized automation rules and schedules. We believe our solutions can reduce energy waste as well as increase comfort and convenience for our subscribers. The capabilities associated with this solution include:

- Scenes. A customizable scenes button within the Alarm.com app provides the ability to adjust multiple devices in the property with a single
  command. For example, a homeowner leaving the house can arm the security system, lock the front door, close the garage door and adjust the
  thermostat with a single command.
- Smart Thermostat Schedules. Machine learning algorithms analyze system activity patterns to recommend thermostat schedules that increase
  energy efficiency when the property is not likely to be occupied.
- Responsive Savings. Smart thermostats connected to our platforms can automatically respond to sensors and other devices in the property to
  conserve energy. For example, when the security system is armed away, an arming state used when the property is not occupied, the thermostat can
  automatically adjust to save energy.
- Precision Comfort. Remote temperature sensors enable a subscriber to manage comfort in a specific area within their property. For example, a homeowner can set a desired temperature for a child's nursery to improve the child's comfort. Subscribers can easily customize detailed schedules and rules to have the right temperature in the right location at the right time.
- Energy Usage Monitoring. Real-time and historical energy usage data for the entire property and individual devices can give subscribers greater insight into the property's energy consumption profile, which could encourage more efficient use of energy-consuming devices.
- Environmental Monitoring. Subscribers can utilize environmental sensors with our platforms to monitor and control their property. For example, a
  leak detected by a basement water sensor can automatically shut off a water line, or a property owner can be alerted to a sump-pump failure and
  react accordingly.
- Geo-Services. Geo-Services use a phone's geo-location to determine when to notify a subscriber of specific system conditions, or to automatically
  adjust system settings. Subscribers who have enabled Geo-Services can be notified if they leave home and forgot to lock a door, close the garage
  door, arm their security system or close a window. Additionally, smart thermostats and lights can be automatically adjusted based on the subscriber's
  location. Subscribers can create multiple geo-fences and customize the opt-in feature to meet their specific needs.
- Demand Response Programs. Utilities can reduce or shift power consumption during peak demand periods by accessing connected thermostats and other connected appliances that participate in the utility's program. Managed at scale, these voluntary programs can significantly reduce costs for utilities. In addition to enabling subscribers to participate in these programs through our energy management solution, our EnergyHub subsidiary aggregates a diverse set of smart thermostats, enabling utilities to leverage these devices to operate demand response programs and improve the results of certain demand response events through our SaaS platforms.

### Commercial Solutions

In addition to our residential solutions, we offer Alarm.com for Business, a security solution for small and medium businesses, ranging from single-site to multi-location enterprises. Alarm.com for Business combines intelligent intrusion detection, video surveillance, access control and energy management into a single solution through Alarm.com's app and online interfaces. Our Smarter Access Control solution, part of the unified Alarm.com for Business platform, helps solve many of the challenges faced by small business owners, with an array of always-on operational tools that can improve management and control. Our solution enhances and simplifies business operations, streamlines security, saves energy and provides insights into customer habits. Additionally, our business insights tools provide actionable intelligence, including open and close trends by location, peak periods of activity and customer traffic and energy savings opportunities. Key benefits of the commercial offering include:

- Daily Safeguards. Smarter business security keeps subscribers' properties and business locations secure with automatic arming at a certain time each day or after a certain period of inactivity.
- Commercial Grade Video Solutions. Connected commercial cameras communicate with the security system, capturing clips as activity occurs, and
  clips are uploaded to our cloud-based storage system for secure storage and remote viewing. Subscribers can receive real-time alerts and instantly
  view footage through the web or mobile apps if the alarm goes off, a door is unlocked, or unexpected activity occurs outside of normal business
  hours. Business owners can assess the situation and take appropriate action at any time of day and from any location.

- Energy Savings. Our smarter thermostat helps subscribers reduce energy costs automatically, even if someone forgets to adjust the temperature when they're closing up at the end of the day, generating a return on investment.
- Protection for Valuables and Inventory. Quick notifications keep business owners in the know about individuals entering or exiting the back office, the supply room, or any other specific rooms or doors.
- Access Control. Business owners and managers can easily add and delete access for new employees and departing employees in a few clicks, without calling the alarm company or worrying about spare keys.
- Operational Insights. Visibility into activity patterns and trends can help business owners make smarter decisions around staffing, promotions, energy use and more. Reports show activity patterns across the business, helping owners spot new opportunities for staffing, traffic flow and promotions.
- Early Problem Identification. Early identification of activity such as unexpected entry after hours, or doors propped open that could cause energy
  waste or safety concerns, helps business owners quickly respond to problematic situations. Alarm.com provides a time stamped log of which users
  armed or disarmed the system or entered the property using their keycard.
- · Simple to Use. Alarm.com's smartphone app is intuitive to use, with visibility and control of every solution available within a single dashboard.
- Professionally Supported. Smarter business security powered by Alarm.com is supported by our authorized service provider partners from start to
  finish, with installation, configuration and technical support included. Our service provider partners are trained and equipped with Alarm.com's
  advanced digital tools.
- Easy to Maintain. Alarm.com's solutions are cloud-based, so no additional IT resources are needed.

#### Service Provider Solutions

We also offer a comprehensive suite of enterprise-grade business management solutions for our service provider partners. We are committed to helping our service provider partners grow their businesses, efficiently manage their customer bases and maximize the value of their Alarm.com accounts. We believe these services strengthen our partnerships with service providers as they build their businesses on our platforms. Capabilities associated with these solutions include:

- Service Provider Portal. Our permission-based online portal provides account management, sales, marketing, training and support tools. Through
  this portal, our service provider partners can activate and manage their Alarm.com customer accounts, order equipment, access invoices and billing,
  remotely program customer systems, obtain sales and marketing services and engage in training.
- Installation and Support. The ease of installation and cost of supporting connected property solutions are critical considerations for our service
  provider partners. We support the end-to-end process for deploying and managing our solutions with tools that make installation and support more
  efficient.
  - Mobile Tech Application and Remote Toolkit. Our installation and troubleshooting mobile app, designed for service provider technicians, facilitates the successful installation, programming and support of equipment while either on-site at subscribers' properties or while working remotely. Service provider technicians and customer service personnel can access a collection of remote system management tools and panel settings through the Remote Toolkit using the MobileTech application and our service provider portal, including service appointment reminders, device notes, quick links and MobileTech Podcasts. These features help to increase accuracy of installations, decrease time spent on-site and reduce support calls and return visits, which saves subscribers and service providers money while increasing subscriber satisfaction.
- Business Management. Our services deeply integrate with our service provider partners' offerings and provide increased business insight into their
  customer base and key business health metrics.
  - Web Services. Our web services allow our service provider partners to integrate their existing customer management software and tools
    with our platforms. This creates a unified interface for our service provider partners to seamlessly perform functions like creating a new
    customer account or upgrading a service plan.
  - Business Intelligence. Our powerful business intelligence tools provide service providers with crucial insights into the performance of their Alarm.com subscriber account base. Business Intelligence provides key operational metrics related to account plan adoption, attrition and service quality to help service provider partners grow their business and improve customer retention.

- Customer Relationship Management (CRM): Our SecurityTrax offering enhances our platforms with a cloud-based CRM and enterprise resource planning solution. Expressly developed for security service providers, SecurityTrax automates business processes across the entire customer lifecycle for more efficient customer management and support operations.
- Sales, Marketing & Training. Our comprehensive customer lifecycle sales and marketing services are available to help our service provider partners
  effectively market and sell our solutions.
  - Marketing Portal. We provide a broad suite of marketing and sales tools and resources for our service provider partners, including our MobileSales app, co-brandable landing pages, mobile optimized websites with integrated lead capture, social media, videos, images, collateral, direct mail and event materials.
  - Alarm.com Academy. We offer comprehensive in-person training programs to our service provider partners. Additionally, we offer online
    courses through a learning management system, enabling our service provider partners to access training on the full suite of Alarm.com
    solutions anytime.
  - Customer Connections. We help our service provider partners maximize the value of existing accounts by offering targeted in-app
    messaging and e-mail communications to existing subscribers. These campaigns are designed to increase engagement, drive upsell
    opportunities and enable referrals for our service provider partners.
- Home Builder Program. Our home builder program includes hardware and service plans designed to facilitate partnerships between home builders and our service provider partners. Home builders can rapidly deploy a full-range of our smart home solutions in new communities and model homes, while minimizing risks and costs by depending on our nationwide network of service provider partners for hardware installation and ongoing support.

#### **Benefits of Our Solutions**

Residential and commercial properties are ripe for reinvention. The intersection of significant technology trends, like the broad adoption of mobile devices, the emergence of the Internet of Things, or IoT, the power of big data and the extensibility of the cloud, makes the connected property possible. Security systems, thermostats, door locks, video cameras, lights, garage doors and other devices that were once inert can now be intelligent and connected. Our intelligently connected property solutions provide a wealth of benefits to our subscribers and our service provider partners.

#### Benefits to Subscribers:

- Single Connected Platform. Our cloud-based platforms provide subscribers with a single point of integrated control across a diverse ecosystem of loT devices. Solutions are easily personalized to suit the individual subscriber's needs.
- Reliable Network Communications. Our platforms utilize a highly secure, highly reliable, dedicated cellular connection which mitigates common
  vulnerabilities of systems that are connected via the phone line or wired networks, such as power outages, cut phone lines, or broadband
  connectivity issues.
- Intelligent and Actionable. Our platforms aggregate real-time, multi-point data about property activity and system status. We have developed a highly scalable data analytics engine to deliver unique features and capabilities based on insights derived from this growing set of data. For example, learning detailed activity patterns in a property enables our platforms to proactively alert the subscriber about unexpected events. Our platforms continue to learn and adapt to become more personalized over time.
- Broad Device Compatibility. Our platforms support a wide variety of connected devices and communications protocols, allowing seamless
  integration and automation of many devices, as well as the addition of new devices in the future.
- Accessible and Affordable. Our platforms offer an affordable alternative to expensive automation systems, legacy residential and commercial
  control products and disparate point product solutions.
- Trusted Provider. We have established a reputation and brand as a trusted and reliable technology provider. We respect the privacy of our subscribers and do not sell their data. Our reputation is strengthened through our network of over 8,000 service provider partners, who have significant expertise in the delivery of our SaaS platforms and suite of solutions.

#### Benefits to Service Provider Partners:

- New Revenue Generation Opportunities. Our solutions help broaden our service provider partners' offerings beyond traditional security to also
  include comprehensive smart residential and commercial solutions like intelligent automation, video monitoring and energy management. They can
  access new market opportunities and drive incremental recurring monthly revenue by expanding their offerings with our solutions. We offer training,
  tools and other resources to help our service provider partners fully leverage the breadth and depth of our platforms.
- Expanded Set of Value-Added Services. We provide value-added services to our service provider partners, including training, marketing, installation and support tools and business intelligence analytics. This support helps our service provider partners more efficiently acquire, install and support their customers on our platforms.
- Improved Service Provider Economics. Our cloud-based platforms can help reduce our service provider partners' service delivery and support
  costs. Remote Toolkit enables our service provider partners to remotely configure, support and upgrade their customer's hardware or software,
  eliminating the cost of an in-person service call. In addition, we believe our service provider partners can generate more revenue from each
  subscriber by providing services beyond traditional security.
- Broad Device Interoperability. We have an open platform which allows service provider partners to respond to market innovation and consumer demands for connected devices. Device hardware is deeply integrated into our platforms to provide a more cohesive experience than stand-alone products deliver. For example, we launched video analytics in October 2018 to help our service provider partners address growing consumer interest with a differentiated and fully integrated solution. Furthermore, our platforms support various broadly adopted communications protocols used in many automation devices, including Z-Wave, Wi-Fi, cellular and broadband. Our open platforms and interoperability give our service provider partners a wide selection of devices to suit their customers' needs now and in the future.

# Competitive Advantages

We believe the benefits we can deliver to our subscribers and our service provider partners create a significant competitive advantage in the connected property market.

- Scale of Subscriber Base and Service Provider Coverage. Our platforms currently support millions of residential and commercial subscribers and
  we have over 8,000 service provider partners who market, sell and support Alarm.com solutions. In 2018, our platforms processed more than 200
  billion data points generated by over 90 million connected devices. We believe the combination of the size of our subscriber base, service provider
  network and the volume of data generated by the integrated devices on our platforms creates a competitive advantage for us.
- Security Grade, Cloud-Based Architecture. We built our platforms with a cloud-based, multi-tenant architecture that allows for real-time updates
  and upgrades. Our platforms were purpose-built from the ground up with life safety standards at the core.
- Highly Scalable Data Analytics Engine. We processed more than 200 billion data points in 2018. As consumer preferences shift towards more
  proactive, intelligence-based features, we believe that our investments in proprietary analytics give us a competitive advantage.
- Trusted Brand. We believe that our leading position in our space is an indicator that we have developed a trusted brand with service providers and
  consumers for innovative and reliable technology and service. Our iOS and Android mobile apps have each been downloaded millions of times and
  both apps consistently have impressive user ratings.
- **Commitment to Innovation.** We are a pioneer in the intelligently connected property market and we continue to make significant investments in innovative research and development. Our investment has resulted in 193 issued patents as of December 31, 2018 and numerous patent applications pending which we believe can help ensure that our technology remains competitively differentiated and legally protected.

# **Growth Strategy**

We intend to maintain our leadership position by continuing to develop and deploy innovative technologies and by expanding our ecosystem of partners. Our key growth strategies include:

 Drive SaaS and license revenue growth and add new service providers. We will continue to focus on helping our service provider partners succeed in driving adoption of our full suite of services. We offer sales and marketing resources to help our service provider partners become more effective in selling our solutions and we will continue to make significant investments to support our service provider network. In addition, we plan to continue to expand our network of service provider partners

- Upgrade traditional security customers to our solutions. We believe there is a significant opportunity for our service provider partners to expand
  adoption of our connected solutions within their customer base. We intend to leverage our status as a trusted provider to drive consumer interest in
  our offerings and enable our service provider partners to upgrade their legacy security customers to our connected property solutions.
- Continue to invest in our platforms. As a pioneer in connected home and business solutions, we have made significant investments in building our
  platforms over the last 19 years. We intend to continue to invest heavily to add additional innovative offerings and broaden our suite of solutions. As
  the market for IoT grows and more devices become connected, we are building technology and partnerships to connect these devices to our
  platforms.
- Expand international presence. We are investing in international expansion because we believe there is a significant global market opportunity for
  our products and services. Today, our products are currently localized and available in approximately 40 countries outside of North America,
  including Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Chile, Columbia, Iceland, Ireland, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa, Sweden and Turkey. We
  intend to continue to grow our number of international subscribers by strengthening our presence in existing markets and expanding to additional
  markets.
- Expand into the small and medium business market segment. We believe there is significant opportunity to expand our products and services to
  small and medium businesses, ranging from single-site to multi-location enterprises. We intend to leverage many of our existing solutions and our
  newly introduced Alarm.com for Business solution to provide such businesses with visibility into their key operational activities, keep businesses
  secure, provide facility access to employees and vendors remotely and manage their energy costs.
- Channel expansion. Today, many consumers purchase connected devices through a security service provider. Continued growth in the connected
  property market has invited new participants into the space that can complement our current partner ecosystem. We intend to continue to develop
  partnerships with heating, ventilation and air conditioning installers, property management companies, utility companies, insurance providers and
  other services companies to expand avenues into residential and commercial properties.
- Pursue selective strategic acquisitions. We may selectively pursue future acquisitions of businesses, technologies, or products that complement
  our platforms or align with our overall growth strategy. Such acquisitions could expand our team and/or technology portfolio to help us add new
  features to our platforms, accelerate the pace of our innovation or help us access attractive markets.

### **Market Opportunity**

Our addressable market consists of both residential and commercial properties. Our residential subscribers are typically owners of single-family homes and our commercial subscribers often include retail businesses, restaurants, commercial facilities and professional offices.

We believe there is an opportunity to significantly increase the adoption of our solutions as more residential and commercial property owners look to add monitored security systems. According to research data published by IHS Markit in 2018, approximately 20% of U.S. broadband households had professionally monitored security systems in 2017 and this percentage is expected to grow to approximately 23% by 2022.

We also believe that the major technology trends of mobile access, the IoT, big data and cloud technology will continue to create opportunities to connect people with their properties in new ways. These trends will continue to make connected services and devices more broadly available and affordable for property owners across North America and worldwide. According to a 2017 Parks Associates industry report, 26% of U.S. broadband households owned at least one smart home device in 2017. Parks Associates' research suggests that sales of smart home devices will continue to grow as nearly 55 million devices are expected to be sold in 2020 alone. We believe that the trends highlight a significant opportunity for market participants, including Alarm.com.

### Our Technology

### **Cloud Services Platform**

Our internal engineering teams have designed and developed our core technology. As an industry leader, we believe we have robust cloud service platforms for the intelligently connected property. Our cloud services platforms manage communication with the system at the property, intelligently direct alerts and notifications, learn patterns and identify anomalies and manage

video processing and storage. Additionally, our platforms enable device integrations through application program interfaces, or APIs, and offer our service provider partners extensive workflow efficiency services.

Since our inception, we have utilized a multi-tenant SaaS platform architecture to enable rapid innovation in a scalable environment. Our platforms are architected to scale and our technology team has developed proprietary cloud-based applications to support our service provider partners and subscribers. Security and life safety are mission critical components of our service offering; thus, we are committed to high reliability standards. We operate our Alarm.com cloud services platform through two redundant network operations centers located in Phoenix, Arizona and Ashburn, Virginia. Each center is designed to run the entire Alarm.com platform independent of the other.

#### Cybersecurity

The solutions we provide rely on technology and data, and cybersecurity is a crucial part of our business. We dedicate substantial resources to the protection of our data, systems and infrastructure. We have implemented and continue to maintain a comprehensive information security program consisting of policies, procedures, and technology designed to maintain the privacy, security and integrity of our data, confidential information, systems and networks. Among other things, the program includes controls designed to limit and monitor access to our systems, networks and data, prevent inappropriate or unauthorized access or modification, and monitor for threats or vulnerability.

### **Hardware and Manufacturing**

We are involved in designing and manufacturing various types of hardware that enable our solutions, including:

- Cellular Communication Modules. We offer cellular communications modules that are tightly integrated with security system control panels, sensors and other devices. We regularly pioneer technical advances in this space, including the expansion of our deployment of security services hardware with 4G LTE cellular network connections. All of our modules, designed by our device engineering team and manufactured in the United States by a contract manufacturing partner, provide a dedicated and fully managed two-way cellular connection between the subscriber's property and our cloud platforms. The modules run our proprietary firmware and enable:
  - · Real-time analysis of system events reported by security sensors and other devices.
  - Local automation rule execution.
  - · The management of message transmissions to our cloud platforms for further processing.
- Image Sensor. Our image sensor, designed by our device engineering team and manufactured in the United States by a contract manufacturing partner, is a wireless, battery-operated, passive infrared motion sensor that captures images based on various system triggers. These images are transmitted by our cellular communications module to our cloud platforms. Subscribers can securely view images through our website and mobile apps, as well as customize their notification settings to have new images automatically sent via SMS and email.
- Video Cameras. We offer a suite of high definition, Internet Protocol, or IP, video cameras to enable our video monitoring services. Our indoor, outdoor, and video doorbell cameras include options for night vision capabilities as well as wireless or Power over Ethernet communication features. We also offer a network video recording device, the SVR, for on premise, continuous video recording seamlessly connected to our cloud platforms for remote playback through our user interfaces. Our video cameras and SVRs are specified to our platforms through proprietary software.
- Alarm.com Smart Thermostat. Our Smart Thermostat combines elegant design, sophisticated cloud services and advanced energy management
  features. It was designed by our Building 36 and device engineering teams to work in concert with other devices in the connected property. It
  communicates with the Alarm.com communications module via Z-wave and supports both battery power and common wire power installation.
  - Remote temperature sensors can pair with our Smart Thermostat to enable temperature set points for any room in the property, not just the
    room where the thermostat is installed. Our Smart Thermostat supports multiple remote temperature sensors for precise temperature control
    for a residential or commercial property.
  - We designed our Smart Thermostat to be easy to install and support remotely. The MobileTech app assists in proper wiring and installation and Remote Toolkit enables remote access to the thermostat settings for easy troubleshooting and support.

#### Research and Development

We invest substantial resources in research and development to enhance our platforms and applications, support our technology infrastructure, develop new capabilities and conduct quality assurance testing. We expect to invest significantly in continued research and development efforts to expand the capabilities of our technology. Our research and development of new products and services is a multidisciplinary effort across our product management, program management, software engineering, device engineering, quality engineering, configuration management and network operations teams. As of December 31, 2018, we had 500 employees engaged in research and development functions.

#### Service Provider Network

Our trusted service provider partner network is key in driving the adoption of connected home and commercial solutions. Our solutions are sold, installed, and serviced by a network of independent licensed, professional service provider partners. Our channel network currently consists of over 8,000 active service provider partners, including smaller local providers, larger regional providers and national service providers with thousands of employees. We have also seen growth in other areas of our channel network, including new providers in the intelligent automation, HVAC, property management and insurance markets

We believe this highly trusted, established network is a core strength that enables an efficient and scalable customer acquisition model, allowing us to focus on technology innovation. We also believe that the combination of our solutions and our service provider partners' expertise is the most effective way to drive mass market adoption of the intelligently connected property.

The traditional security and home automation market is highly fragmented with approximately 15,000 security dealers nationally. According to the February 2019 Barnes Buchanan Conference Report, the top 5 dealers represented 35% of all industry recurring monthly revenue in 2018. The distribution of revenue among our service provider partners is reflective of the industry overall. Monitronics International, Inc., rebranded and now doing business as Brinks Home Security, represented greater than 10% but not more than 15% of our revenue in 2016 and 2017. ADT LLC represented greater than 15% but not more than 20% of our revenue in 2017 and 2018.

#### Subscribers

Our platforms currently support millions of residential and commercial subscribers. We define the number of subscribers as the number of residential or commercial properties to which we are delivering at least one of our solutions. A subscriber who subscribes to one of our service level packages as well as one or more of our a la carte add-ons is counted as one subscriber. Our number of subscribers does not include the customers of our service provider partners to whom we license our intellectual property, as they do not utilize one of our SaaS platforms. Our subscriber acquisition cost payback period has historically been less than one year.

#### Sales and Marketing

The goal of our sales team is to help our service provider partners succeed in selling, installing and supporting our full suite of solutions. Our sales team is also responsible for recruiting new service provider partners to Alarm.com. We also have a global business development team dedicated to establishing new service provider and distribution relationships in international markets.

Our marketing team is focused on empowering our service provider partners to effectively promote and sell our solutions. We design, develop and provide end-to-end marketing services including tools and content for lifecycle marketing to help our service providers build awareness, create interest, activate subscribers, develop and maintain the ongoing customer relationship, increase customer engagement, and generate upsell and referral opportunities. While we offer tools and services to assist our service providers when they are marketing to potential subscribers, we do not control or influence the marketing activities performed by our service providers, as they are free to select the marketing tools they believe will be the most effective. Our contracts with our service providers require that they comply with all applicable rules and laws when engaging in marketing activities. We also offer comprehensive training opportunities through our Alarm.com Academy, including in-person training courses and an online learning management system.

We believe our sales and marketing approach enables us to expand our breadth of service providers, provide highly customized services and scale quickly. As of December 31, 2018, we had 288 employees engaged in sales and marketing functions.

#### Service Provider Support

We support the full suite of software and hardware products on the Alarm.com platform through a highly trained and experienced team of professionals based in the United States. We primarily support our service provider partners. Our service provider partners, in turn, support their customers, who are our subscribers. To that end, subscribers occasionally reach us directly with support needs and we either assist the subscriber directly or, when appropriate, route the subscriber to the appropriate service provider partner for additional assistance.

We offer high-quality support to our service providers via phone, web ticketing and email. With every interaction, our team is committed to exceptional customer satisfaction and industry-leading response times. We use a tiered structure to efficiently escalate and resolve issues of varying complexity and to scale our support organization as we grow. Our staff is multilingual and we continue to grow our language capabilities to support our international expansion.

#### Our Competition

The market in which we participate for connected property solutions is fragmented, highly competitive and constantly evolving. We expect competition to continue from existing competitors as well as potential new market entrants in the interactive security, video monitoring, intelligent automation and energy management markets. Our current competitors include providers of other technology platforms for the connected property with interactive security, including Honeywell International Inc., Resideo Technologies Inc., Telular Corporation (acquired by AMETEK, Inc.), SecureNet Technologies, LLC, Alula (formed following the merger of ipDatatel, LLC and Resolution Products, LLC), and United Technologies Corporation, which sell solutions to service providers, cable operators, technology retailers and other residential and commercial automation providers. We also compete with interactive, monitored security solutions sold directly to subscribers by firms like Scout and SimpliSafe. In addition, our service provider partners compete with managed service providers, such as cable television, telephone and broadband companies like Comcast, AT&T Inc. and Charter Communications, Inc., and providers of point products, including Google Inc.'s Nest Labs, Inc. which offers the Nest Secure security system as well as a smart thermostat, the Nest Protect smart smoke detector and video cameras. Amazon.com offers Amazon Home Services security packages with bundled equipment and professional installation, and Amazon Key, a security camera and smart lock integration feature. Ring Inc., owned by Amazon.com, offers a connected video doorbell, video cameras and an integrated security system, Ring Alarm. Samsung's SmartThings offers a security system and a home automation and awareness hub. Arlo Technologies, Inc. offers connected video cameras, a connected video doorbell, and smart security devices. Apple Inc. offers a feature that allows some manufacturers' connected devices and accessories to be controlled through its HomeKit service available in Apple's iOS operating system. Additionally, Canary and other companies offer all in one video monitoring and awareness devices. In addition, we may compete with other large technology companies that offer control capabilities among their products, applications and services, and that may have ongoing development efforts to address the broader connected home market.

Many of our competitors have longer operating histories, greater name recognition, larger customer bases and significantly greater financial, technical, sales, marketing, distribution and other resources than we have. We expect to encounter new competitors as we enter new markets as well as increased competition, both domestically and internationally, from other established and emerging residential and commercial security monitoring, video monitoring and automation, wellness, and energy management companies as well as large technology companies. In addition, there may be new technologies that are introduced that reduce demand for our solutions or make them obsolete. Our current and potential competitors may also establish cooperative relationships among themselves or with third parties and rapidly acquire significant market share, or they may acquire third-party technology or solution providers that we partner with and choose not to offer those solutions on our platforms. Increased competition could also result in price reductions and loss of market share, any of which could result in lower revenue and negatively affect our ability to grow our business. We believe the principal competitive factors in the connected property market include the following:

- · simplicity and ease of use;
- · ability to offer persistent awareness, control, and intelligent automation;
- breadth of features and functionality provided;
- · flexibility of the solutions and ability to personalize for the individual consumer;
- compatibility with a wide selection of third-party devices;
- · pricing, affordability, and accessibility;
- sales reach and local installation and support capabilities; and
- brand awareness and reputation.

We believe that we compete favorably with respect to each of these factors. Additionally, we believe that our cloud-based software platforms, intelligently connected property solutions, and proven scalability help further differentiate us from competitors. Nevertheless, our competitors may have substantially greater financial, technical and other resources, greater brand recognition, larger sales and marketing budgets and broader distribution channels than we do.

#### Our Intellectual Property

Our success and ability to compete effectively depend in part on our ability to protect our proprietary technology and to establish and adequately protect our intellectual property rights. To accomplish these objectives, we rely on a combination of patent, trademark, copyright and trade secret laws in the United States and other jurisdictions, as well as license agreements, confidentiality agreements and other contractual protections.

As of December 31, 2018, we owned 188 issued United States utility patents, one issued United States design patent, three issued Canadian patents and one issued Australian patent that are scheduled to expire between 2021 and 2037. We continue to file patent applications and as of December 31, 2018, we had 178 pending utility patent applications and 45 provisional patent applications filed in the United States. We also had ten pending patent applications in Canada, nine pending patent applications in Europe, eight pending patent applications in Australia and 20 international patent applications pending under the Patent Cooperation Treaty. The claims for which we have sought patent protection apply to both our platforms and solutions. Our patent and patent applications generally apply to the features and functions of our platforms, and solutions and the applications associated with our platforms. We also have, and may be required to seek, licenses under patents or intellectual property rights owned by third parties, including open-source software and other commercially available software.

We also rely on several registered and unregistered trademarks to protect our brand. We have 19 registered trademarks in the United States, including Alarm.com and the Alarm.com logo and design, and six registered trademarks in Canada.

We seek to protect our intellectual property rights by requiring our employees and independent contractors involved in development to enter into agreements acknowledging that all inventions, trade secrets, works of authorship, developments, concepts, processes, improvements and other works generated by them on our behalf are our intellectual property, and assigning to us any rights, including intellectual property rights, that they may claim in those works.

We expect that products in our industry may be subject to third-party infringement lawsuits as the number of competitors grows and the functionality of products in different industry segments overlaps. We have brought infringement claims against third parties in the past and may do so in the future to defend our intellectual property position. In addition, from time to time, we may face claims by third parties that we infringe upon or misappropriate their intellectual property rights, and we may be found to be infringing upon or to have misappropriated such rights. In the future, we, or our service providers or subscribers, may be the subject of legal proceedings alleging that our solutions or underlying technology infringe or violate the intellectual property rights of others.

#### **Employees**

As of December 31, 2018, we had 884 full-time employees. We also engage consultants and temporary employees from time to time. None of our employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements and we consider our relations with our employees to be good.

### Corporate Information

We were founded in 2000 as a business unit within MicroStrategy Incorporated. We were incorporated in 2003 under the name Alarm.com Incorporated as a majority-owned subsidiary of MicroStrategy. MicroStrategy sold all its interests in Alarm.com Incorporated in 2009 and we established Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. in connection with the sale transaction. Our principal executive offices are located at 8281 Greensboro Drive, Suite 100, Tysons, Virginia 22102. Our telephone number is (877) 389-4033. We completed our initial public offering in July 2015 and our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "ALRM."

On January 1, 2017, we acquired certain assets of ObjectVideo, Inc., or ObjectVideo, that constituted a business now called ObjectVideo Labs, LLC, or ObjectVideo Labs, including products, technology portfolio and engineering team. ObjectVideo is a pioneer in the fields of video analytics and computer vision with technology that extracts meaning and intelligence from video streams in real-time to enable object tracking, pattern recognition and activity identification.

On March 8, 2017, we acquired certain assets related to the Connect business unit of Icontrol Networks, Inc., or Icontrol, and all of the outstanding equity interests of the two subsidiaries through which Icontrol conducted its Piper business. Connect provides a custom, on-premise interactive security and home automation platform for ADT Pulse® and several other service providers. Piper provides an all-in-one video and home automation hub.

#### Available Information

Our website is located at www.alarm.com and our investor relations website is located at http://investors.alarm.com. Our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, are available free of charge on our investor relations website as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information. The address of the SEC's website is www.sec.gov.

Webcasts of our earnings calls and certain events we participate in or host with members of the investment community are on our investor relations website. Additionally, we provide notifications of news or announcements regarding our business and financial performance, SEC filings, investor events, and our press and earnings releases, as part of our investor relations website. Investors and others can receive real-time notifications of new information posted on our investor relations website by signing up for email alerts and RSS feeds. Further corporate governance information, including our corporate governance guidelines and board committee charters, is also available on our investor relations website under the heading "Corporate Governance." The contents of our websites are not intended to be incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K or in any other report or document we file with the SEC, and any references to our websites are intended to be inactive textual references only.

#### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Our business is subject to numerous risks. You should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described below, in addition to other information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K as well as our other public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. Any of the following risks could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects and cause the trading price of our common stock to decline.

# Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Our quarterly results of operations have fluctuated and are likely to continue to fluctuate. As a result, we may fail to meet or exceed the expectations of investors or securities analysts, which could cause our stock price to decline.

Our quarterly operating results, including the levels of our revenue, gross margin, cash flow and deferred revenue, may fluctuate as a result of a variety of factors, including revenue related to the product mix that we sell, the relative sales related to our platforms and solutions and other factors which are outside of our control. If our quarterly revenue or results of operations fall below the expectations of investors or securities analysts, the price of our common stock could decline substantially. Fluctuations in our results of operations may be due to a number of factors, including:

- · the portion of our revenue attributable to software as a service, or SaaS, and license versus hardware and other sales;
- · our ability to manage the businesses we have acquired, and to integrate and manage any future acquisitions of businesses;
- · fluctuations in demand, including due to seasonality, for our platforms and solutions;
- · changes in pricing by us in response to competitive pricing actions;
- · our ability to increase, retain and incentivize the service provider partners that market, sell, install and support our platforms and solutions;
- the ability of our hardware vendors to continue to manufacture high-quality products and to supply sufficient products to meet our demands;
- · the timing and success of introductions of new solutions, products or upgrades by us or our competitors and the entrance of new competitors;
- · changes in our business and pricing policies or those of our competitors;
- the ability to accurately forecast revenue as we generally rely upon our service provider partner network to generate new revenue;
- · our ability to control costs, including our operating expenses and the costs of the hardware we purchase;
- changes in U.S. trade policies, including new or potential tariffs or penalties on imported products;
- competition, including entry into the industry by new competitors and new offerings by existing competitors;
- issues related to introductions of new or improved products such as shortages of prior generation products or short-term decreased demand for next generation products;
- perceived or actual problems with the security, integrity, reliability, quality or compatibility of our solutions, including those related to security breaches in our systems, our subscribers' systems, unscheduled downtime, or outages;
- the amount and timing of expenditures, including those related to expanding our operations, including through acquisitions, increasing research and development, introducing new solutions or paying litigation expenses;
- the ability to effectively manage growth within existing and new markets domestically and abroad;
- changes in the payment terms for our platforms and solutions;
- · collectibility of receivables due from service provider partners and other third parties;

- · the strength of regional, national and global economies; and
- the impact of natural disasters such as earthquakes, hurricanes, fires, power outages, floods and other catastrophic events or man-made problems such as terrorism or global or regional economic, political and social conditions.

Due to the foregoing factors and the other risks discussed in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, you should not rely on quarter-to-quarter comparisons of our results of operations as an indication of our future performance. You should not consider our recent revenue and Adjusted EBITDA growth or results of one quarter as indicative of our future performance. See the *Non-GAAP Measures* section of Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," for a discussion of the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most comparable GAAP measurement, for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

# We may not sustain our growth rate and we may not be able to manage any future growth effectively.

We have experienced significant growth and also have substantially expanded our operations in a short period of time. Our revenue increased from \$167.3 million in 2014 to \$420.5 million in 2018. We do not expect to achieve similar growth rates in future periods. You should not rely on our operating results for any prior quarterly or annual periods as an indication of our future operating performance. If we are unable to maintain expected revenue growth in both absolute dollars and as a percentage of prior period revenue, our financial results could suffer and our stock price could decline.

Our future operating results depend, to a large extent, on our ability to successfully manage our anticipated expansion and growth. To successfully manage our growth and obligations as a public company, we believe we must effectively, among other things:

- · maintain our relationships with existing service provider partners and add new service provider partners;
- increase our subscriber base and help our service provider partners maintain and improve their revenue retention rates, while also expanding their cross-sell effectiveness;
- manage our relationships with our hardware vendors and other key suppliers;
- · add, train and integrate sales and marketing personnel;
- expand our international operations; and
- · continue to implement and improve our administrative, financial and operational systems, procedures and controls.

We intend to continue to invest in research and development, sales and marketing, and general and administrative functions and other areas to grow our business. We are likely to recognize the costs associated with these increased investments earlier than some of the anticipated benefits and the return on these investments may be lower, or may develop more slowly, than we expect, which could adversely affect our operating results.

If we are unable to manage our growth effectively, we may not be able to take advantage of market opportunities or develop new solutions or enhancements to our existing solutions and we may fail to satisfy subscriber and service provider partner requirements, maintain the quality of our solutions, execute on our business plan or respond to competitive pressures, which could result in our financial results suffering and a decline in our stock price.

We have expanded our business rapidly in recent periods. If we fail to manage the expansion of our operations and infrastructure effectively, we may be unable to execute our business plan, maintain high levels of service or address competitive challenges adequately.

We increased our number of full-time employees from 400 as of December 31, 2014 to 884 as of December 31, 2018. Our growth has placed, and may continue to place, a significant strain on our managerial, administrative, operational, financial and other resources. We intend to further expand our overall business, service provider partner network, subscriber base, headcount and operations, including by acquiring other businesses. Creating a global organization and managing a geographically dispersed workforce will require substantial management effort and significant additional investment in our infrastructure. We will be required to continue to improve our operational, financial and management controls and our reporting procedures to ensure timely and accurate reporting of our operational and financial results and we may not be able to do so effectively. As such, we may be unable to manage our expenses effectively in the future, which may negatively impact our gross profit or operating expenses in any particular quarter. If we fail to manage our anticipated growth and change in a manner that preserves the key aspects of our corporate culture, the quality of our solutions may suffer, which could negatively affect our brand and reputation and harm our ability to retain and attract service provider partners and consumers.

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings where a negative outcome, including an adverse litigation judgment or settlement, could expose us to monetary damages or limit our ability to operate our business, resulting in a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We are involved and have been involved in the past in legal proceedings from time to time. For example, on June 2, 2015, Vivint filed a lawsuit against us alleging that our technology directly and indirectly infringes six patents purchased by Vivint. On December 30, 2015, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against us, alleging violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, or TCPA. On October 25, 2018, we entered into a definitive settlement agreement, or the Settlement Agreement, with the plaintiffs to settle the class action lawsuit for \$28.0 million. On December 19, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, or the Court, granted preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement. The settlement is not final, however, unless and until the Settlement Agreement is approved by the Court following a notice period and a fairness hearing. See the section of this Annual Report titled "Legal Proceedings" for additional information on each of these matters. We may not be able to accurately assess the risks related to any of these suits, and we may be unable to accurately assess our level of exposure as the results of any such litigation, investigations and other legal proceedings are inherently unpredictable and expensive. Any claims against us, whether meritorious or not, could be time consuming, result in costly litigation, damage our reputation, require significant amounts of management time and divert significant resource. Companies in our industry have been subject to claims related to patent infringement, regulatory matters, and product liability, as well as contract and employment-related claims. As a result of patent infringement and other intellectual property proceedings, we have, and may be required to seek in the future, licenses under patents or intellectual property rights owned by third parties, including open-source software and other commercially available software, which can be costly, or cross-license agreements relating to our and third-party intellectual pro

#### Our business operates in a regulated industry.

Our business, operations and service provider partners are subject to various U.S. federal, state and local consumer protection laws, licensing regulation and other laws and regulations, and, to a lesser extent, similar Canadian laws and regulations. Our advertising and sales practices and that of our service provider partner network are subject to regulation by the U.S. Federal Trade Commission, or the FTC, in addition to state consumer protection laws. The FTC and the Federal Communications Commission have issued regulations that place restrictions on, among other things, unsolicited automated telephone calls to residential and wireless telephone subscribers by means of automatic telephone dialing systems and the use of prerecorded or artificial voice messages. If our service provider partners were to take actions in violation of these regulations, such as telemarketing to individuals on the "Do Not Call" registry or using automatic telephone dialing systems and prerecorded or artificial voice messages, we could be subject to fines, penalties, private actions or enforcement actions by government regulators. For example, on December 30, 2015, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against us, alleging violations of the TCPA. On December 19, 2018, the Court granted preliminary approval of a Settlement Agreement we entered into with the plaintiffs to settle the case. In connection with the Settlement Agreement, which remains subject to final Court approval, we have agreed, among other things, to pay total cash consideration of \$28.0 million into a settlement fund, and to implement certain business practice changes to increase awareness of TCPA compliance. See the section of this Annual Report titled "Legal Proceedings" for additional information on this matter. Although we have taken steps to insulate ourselves from any such wrongful conduct by our service provider partners, and to contractually require our service provider partners to comply with these laws and regulations, no assurance can be given that we will not be exposed to liability as result of our service provider partners' conduct. Further, to the extent that any changes in law or regulation further restrict the lead generation activity of our service provider partners, these restrictions could result in a material reduction in subscriber acquisition opportunities, reducing the growth prospects of our business and adversely affecting our financial condition and future cash flows. In addition, most states in which we operate have licensing laws directed specifically toward the monitored security services industry. Our business relies heavily upon cellular telephone service to communicate signals. Cellular telephone companies are currently regulated by both federal and state governments. Changes in laws or regulations could require us to change the way we operate, which could increase costs or otherwise disrupt operations. In addition, failure to comply with any such applicable laws or regulations could result in substantial fines or revocation of our operating permits and licenses, including in geographic areas where our services have substantial penetration, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Further, if these laws and regulations were to change or if we fail to comply with such laws and regulations as they exist today or in the future, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

The markets in which we participate are highly competitive and many companies, including large technology companies, broadband and security service providers and other managed service providers, are actively targeting the home automation, security monitoring, video monitoring and energy management markets. If we are unable to compete effectively with these companies, our sales and profitability could be adversely affected.

We compete in several markets, including security, video, automation, energy management and wellness solutions. The markets in which we participate are highly competitive and competition may intensify in the future.

Our ability to compete depends on a number of factors, including:

- our platforms and solutions' functionality, performance, ease of use, reliability, availability and cost effectiveness relative to that of our competitors' products;
- · our success in utilizing new and proprietary technologies to offer solutions and features previously not available in the marketplace;
- · our success in identifying new markets, applications and technologies;
- · our ability to attract and retain service provider partners;
- · our name recognition and reputation;
- · our ability to recruit software engineers and sales and marketing personnel; and
- · our ability to protect our intellectual property.

Consumers may prefer to purchase from their existing suppliers rather than a new supplier regardless of product performance or features. In the event a consumer decides to evaluate a new home automation, security monitoring, video monitoring, energy management, or wellness solution, the consumer may be more inclined to select one of our competitors whose product offerings are broader than those that we offer.

Our current competitors include providers of other technology platforms for the connected property with interactive security, including Honeywell International Inc., Resideo Technologies Inc., Telular Corporation (acquired by AMETEK, Inc.), SecureNet Technologies, LLC, Alula (formed following the merger of ipDatatel, LLC and Resolution Products, LLC), and United Technologies Corporation, which sell solutions to service providers, cable operators, technology retailers and other residential and commercial automation providers. We also compete with interactive, monitored security solutions sold directly to subscribers by firms like Scout and SimpliSafe. In addition, our service provider partners compete with managed service providers, such as cable television, telephone and broadband companies like Comcast, AT&T Inc. and Charter Communications, Inc., and providers of point products, including Google Inc.'s Nest Labs, Inc. which offers the Nest Secure security system as well as a smart thermostat, the Nest Protect smart smoke detector and video cameras. Amazon.com offers Amazon Home Services security packages with bundled equipment and professional installation, and Amazon Key, a security camera and smart lock integration feature. Ring Inc., owned by Amazon.com, offers a connected video doorbell, video cameras and an integrated security system, Ring Alarm. Samsung's SmartThings offers a security system and a home automation and awareness hub. Arlo Technologies, Inc. offers connected video cameras, a connected video doorbell, and smart security devices. Apple Inc. offers a feature that allows some manufacturers' connected devices and accessories to be controlled through its HomeKit service available in Apple's iOS operating system. Additionally, Canary and other companies offer all in one video monitoring and awareness devices. In addition, we may compete with other large technology companies that offer control capabilities among their products, applications and services, and have ongoing development efforts to addr

Many of our competitors have longer operating histories, greater name recognition, larger customer bases and significantly greater financial, technical, sales, marketing, distribution and other resources than we have. We expect to encounter new competitors as we enter new markets as well as increased competition, both domestically and internationally, from other established and emerging home automation, security monitoring, video monitoring and automation, wellness, and energy management companies as well as large technology companies. In addition, there may be new technologies that are introduced that reduce demand for our solutions or make them obsolete. Our current and potential competitors may also establish cooperative relationships among themselves or with third parties and rapidly acquire significant market share. Increased competition could also result in price reductions and loss of market share, any of which could result in lower revenue and negatively affect our ability to grow our business.

# Aggressive business tactics by our competitors may reduce our revenue.

Increased competition in the markets in which we compete may result in aggressive business tactics by our competitors, including:

- · selling at a discount;
- · offering products similar to our platforms and solutions on a bundled basis at no charge;
- · announcing competing products combined with extensive marketing efforts;
- · providing financing incentives to consumers; and
- asserting intellectual property rights irrespective of the validity of the claims.

Our service provider partners may switch and offer the products and services of competing companies, which would adversely affect our sales and profitability. Competition from other companies may also adversely affect our negotiations with service provider partners and suppliers, including, in some cases, requiring us to lower our prices. Opportunities to take market share using innovative products, services and sales approaches may also attract new entrants to the field. We may not be able to compete successfully with the offerings and sales tactics of other companies, which could result in the loss of service provider partners offering our platforms and solutions and, as a result, our revenue and profitability could be adversely affected.

If we fail to compete successfully against our current and future competitors, or if our current or future competitors employ aggressive business tactics, including those described above, demand for our platforms and solutions could decline, we could experience cancellations of our services to consumers, or we could be required to reduce our prices or increase our expenses.

#### The proper and efficient functioning of our network operations centers and data back-up systems is central to our solutions.

Our solutions operate with a hosted architecture and we update our solutions regularly while our solutions are operating. If our solutions and/or upgrades fail to operate properly, our solutions could stop functioning for a period of time, which could put our users at risk. Our ability to keep our business operating is highly dependent on the proper and efficient operation of our network operations centers and data back-up systems. Although our network operations centers have back-up computer and power systems, if there is a catastrophic event, natural disaster, terrorist attack, security breach or other extraordinary event, we may be unable to provide our subscribers with uninterrupted monitoring service or may be unable to adequately protect confidential information and data from unauthorized access or loss. Furthermore, because data back-up systems are susceptible to malfunctions and interruptions (including those due to equipment damage, power outages, human error, computer viruses, computer hacking, data corruption and a range of other hardware, software and network problems), we cannot guarantee that we will not experience data back-up failures in the future. A significant or large-scale, security breach, malfunction or interruption of our network operations centers or data back-up systems could adversely affect our ability to keep our operations running efficiently or could result in unauthorized access to or loss of data. If such an event results in unauthorized access to or loss of service provider partner, subscriber, employee or other personally identifiable data subject to data privacy and security laws and regulations, then it could result in substantial fines by U.S. federal and state authorities, foreign data privacy authorities in the European Union, or the EU, Canada, and other countries, and/or private claims by companies or individuals. If a malfunction or security breach results in a wider or sustained disruption, it could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial

# We sell security and life safety solutions and if our solutions fail for any reason, we could be subject to liability and our business could suffer.

We sell security and life safety solutions, which are designed to secure the safety of our subscribers and their residences or commercial properties. If these solutions fail for any reason, including due to defects in our software, a carrier outage, a failure of our network operations centers, a failure on the part of one of our service provider partners or user error, we could be subject to liability for such failures and our business could suffer.

Our platforms and solutions may contain undetected defects in the software, infrastructure, third-party components or processes. If our platforms or solutions suffer from defects, we could experience harm to our branded reputation, claims by our subscribers or service provider partners or lost revenue during the period required to address the cause of the defects. We may find defects in new, acquired or upgraded solutions, resulting in loss of, or delay in, market acceptance of our platforms and solutions, which could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

Since solutions that enable our platforms are installed by our service provider partners, if they do not install or maintain such solutions correctly, our platforms and solutions may not function properly. If the improper installation or maintenance of our

platforms and solutions leads to service or equipment failures after introduction of, or an upgrade to, our platforms or a solution, we could experience harm to our branded reputation, claims by our subscribers or service provider partners or lost revenue during the period required to address the cause of the problem. Further, we rely on our service provider partners to provide the primary source of support and ongoing service to our subscribers and, if our service provider partners fail to provide an adequate level of support and services to our subscribers, it could have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

Any defect in, or disruption to, our platforms and solutions could cause consumers not to purchase additional solutions from us, prevent potential consumers from purchasing our platforms and solutions or harm our reputation. Although our contracts with our service provider partners limit our liability to our service provider partners for these defects, disruptions or errors, we nonetheless could be subject to litigation for actual or alleged losses to our service provider partners or our subscribers, which may require us to spend significant time and money in litigation or arbitration, or to pay significant settlements or damages. Defending a lawsuit, regardless of its merit, could be costly, divert management's attention and affect our ability to obtain or maintain liability insurance on acceptable terms and could harm our business. Although we currently maintain some warranty reserves, we cannot assure you that these warranty reserves will be sufficient to cover future liabilities.

# Failure to maintain the security of our information and technology networks, including information relating to our service provider partners, subscribers and employees, could adversely affect us.

We are dependent on information technology networks and systems, including the Internet, to process, transmit and store electronic information and, in the normal course of our business, we collect and retain certain information pertaining to our service provider partners, subscribers and employees, including credit card information for many of our service provider partners and certain of our subscribers. If security breaches in connection with the delivery of our solutions allow unauthorized third parties to access any of this data or obtain control of our subscribers' systems, our reputation, business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed.

The legal, regulatory and contractual environment surrounding information security, privacy and credit card fraud is constantly evolving and companies that collect and retain such information are under increasing attack by cyber-criminals around the world. Further, as the regulatory focus on privacy issues continues to increase and worldwide laws and regulations concerning the protection of personal information expand and become more complex, these potential risks to our business will intensify. A significant actual or potential theft, loss, fraudulent use or misuse of service provider partner, subscriber, employee or other personally identifiable data, whether by third parties or as a result of employee malfeasance or otherwise, non-compliance with our contractual or other legal obligations regarding such data or a violation of our privacy and security policies with respect to such data could result in loss of confidential information, damage to our reputation, early termination of our service provider partner contracts, litigation, regulatory investigations or actions and other liabilities or actions against us, including significant fines by U.S. federal and state authorities, foreign data privacy authorities in the EU, Canada, and other countries and private claims by companies and individuals for violation of data privacy and security regulations. Moreover, to the extent that any such exposure leads to credit card fraud or identity theft, we may experience a general decline in consumer confidence in our business, than may lead to an increase in attrition rates or may make it more difficult to attract new subscribers. If any one of these risks materializes our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

If our security measures are breached, including any breaches caused by cyber-attacks, our reputation may be damaged, we may be exposed to significant liabilities under U.S. and foreign laws, and our business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Cyber-attacks from computer hackers and cyber criminals and other malicious Internet-based activity continue to increase generally, and perpetrators of cyber-attacks may be able to develop and deploy viruses, worms, ransomware, malware, DNS attacks, wireless network attacks, attacks on our cloud networks, phishing attempts, distributed denial of service attacks and other advanced persistent threats or malicious software programs that attack our products and services, our networks and network endpoints or otherwise exploit any security vulnerabilities of our products, services and networks. Techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to sabotage systems change frequently and generally are not recognized until launched against a target. As a result, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate preventative measures. We cannot be certain that advances in cybercapabilities or other developments will not compromise or breach the technology protecting the networks that access our platforms and solutions, and we can make no assurance that we will be able to detect, prevent, timely and adequately address or mitigate the negative effects of cyber-attacks or other security breaches

Security breaches of, or sustained attacks against, our networks and infrastructure could create system disruptions and shutdowns that could result in disruptions to our operations or unauthorized access to or loss of our data. If such an event results in unauthorized access to or loss of any data subject to data privacy and security laws and regulations, then we could be subject to substantial fines by U.S. federal and state authorities, foreign data privacy authorities in the EU, Canada, and other countries, and private claims by companies or individuals. A system disruption, shutdown, or loss of data may result in adverse publicity and therefore adversely affect the market's perception of the security and reliability of our services. A cyber-attack may cause

additional costs, such as investigative and remediation costs, and the costs of providing individuals and/or data owners with notice of the breach, legal fees and the costs of any additional fraud detection activities required by law, a court or a third-party. Additionally, some of our customer contracts require us to indemnify customers from damages they may incur as a result of a breach of our networks and systems. There can be no assurance that the limitation of liability provisions in our contracts for a security breach would be enforceable or would otherwise protect us from any such liabilities or damages with respect to any particular claim. While we maintain general liability insurance coverage and coverage for technology errors or omissions, we cannot assure you that such coverage will be available in sufficient amounts to cover one or more large claims related to a breach, will continue to be available on acceptable terms or at all. If any one of these risks materializes our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

We rely on our service provider partner network to acquire additional subscribers, and the inability of our service provider partners to attract additional subscribers or retain their current subscribers could adversely affect our operating results.

Substantially all of our revenue is generated through the sales of our platforms and solutions by our service provider partners, who incorporate our solutions in certain of the products and packages they sell to their customers, and our service provider partners are responsible for subscriber acquisition, as well as providing customer service and technical support for our platforms and solutions to the subscribers. We provide our service provider partners with specific training and programs to assist them in selling and providing support for our platforms and solutions, but we cannot assure that these steps will be effective. In addition, we rely on our service provider partners to sell our platforms and solutions into new markets in the intelligent and connected property space. If our service provider partners are unsuccessful in marketing, selling and supporting our platforms and solutions, our operating results could be adversely affected.

In order for us to maintain our current revenue sources and grow our revenues, we must effectively manage and grow relationships with our service provider partners. Recruiting and retaining qualified service provider partners and training them in our technology and solutions requires significant time and resources. If we fail to maintain existing service provider partners or develop relationships with new service provider partners, our revenue and operating results would be adversely affected. In addition, to execute on our strategy to expand our sales internationally, we must develop relationships with service provider partners that sell into these markets.

Any of our service provider partners may choose to offer a product from one of our competitors instead of our platforms and solutions, elect to develop their own competing solutions or simply discontinue their operations with us. For example, we entered into a license agreement in November 2013 with Vivint Inc., or Vivint, pursuant to which we granted a license to use the intellectual property associated with our connected home solutions. Under the terms of this arrangement, Vivint has transitioned from selling our solutions directly to its customers to selling its own home automation product to its new customers. We now generate revenue from a monthly fee charged to Vivint on a per customer basis from sales of this service provider partner's product; however, these monthly fees are less on a per customer basis than fees we receive from our SaaS solutions. Therefore, we receive less revenue on a per customer basis from Vivint compared to our SaaS subscriber base, which may result in a lower revenue growth rate. We must also work to expand our network of service provider partners to ensure that we have sufficient geographic coverage and technical expertise to address new markets and technologies. While it is difficult to estimate the total number of available service provider partners in our markets, there are a finite number of service provider partners that are able to perform the types of technical installations required for our platforms and solutions. In the event that we saturate the available service provider pool, or if market or other forces cause the available pool of service providers to decline, it may be increasingly difficult to grow our business. If we are unable to expand our network of service provider partners, our business could be harmed.

As the consumers' product and service options grow, it is important that we enhance our service provider partner footprint by broadening the expertise of our service provider partners, working with larger and more sophisticated service provider partners and expanding the mainstream solutions our service provider partners offer. If we do not succeed in this effort, our current and potential future service provider partners may be unable or unwilling to broaden their offerings to include our connected property solutions, resulting in harm to our business.

We receive a substantial portion of our revenue from a limited number of service provider partners, and the loss of, or a significant reduction in, orders from one or more of our major service provider partners would result in decreased revenue and profitability.

Our success is highly dependent upon establishing and maintaining successful relationships with a variety of service provider partners. We market and sell our platforms and solutions through a channel assisted sales model and we derive substantially all of our revenue from these service provider partners. We generally enter into agreements with our service provider partners outlining the terms of our relationship, including service provider pricing commitments, installation, maintenance and support requirements, and our sales registration process for registering potential sales to subscribers. These contracts typically have an initial term of one year, with subsequent renewal terms of one year, and are terminable at the end of the initial term or renewal terms without cause upon written notice to the other party. In some cases, these contracts provide the

service provider partner with the right to terminate prior to the expiration of the term without cause upon 30 days written notice, or, in the case of certain termination events, the right to terminate the contract immediately. While we have developed a network of over 8,000 service provider partners to sell, install and support our platforms and solutions, we receive a substantial portion of our revenue from a limited number of channel partners and significant customers. During the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our 10 largest revenue service provider partners accounted for 57%, 60% and 60% of our revenue. Monitronics International, Inc., rebranded and now doing business as Brinks Home Security, represented greater than 10% but not more than 15% of our revenue in 2016 and 2017. ADT LLC represented greater than 15% but not more than 20% of our revenue in 2017 and 2018.

We anticipate that we will continue to be dependent upon a limited number of service provider partners for a significant portion of our revenue for the foreseeable future and, in some cases, a portion of our revenue attributable to individual service provider partners may increase in the future. The loss of one or more key service provider partners, a reduction in sales through any major service provider partners or the inability or unwillingness of any of our major service provider partners to pay for our platforms and solutions would reduce our revenue and could impair our profitability.

Substantially all of the revenues associated with the non-hosted software platform, or Software platform, are from a single customer and the loss of this customer could harm our operating results.

In March 2017, we acquired certain assets related to the Connect business unit of Icontrol Networks, Inc., or Icontrol, and all of the outstanding equity interests of the two subsidiaries through which Icontrol conducted its Piper business, which we refer to in this report as the Acquisition. Historically, ADT LLC, or ADT, has accounted for substantially all of the revenue of the Connect business unit. While we amended our master service agreement with ADT to cover services provided with respect to the Software platform, we cannot assure you that we will be able to meet the conditions set forth in the amended agreement or that ADT will use the Software platform for its new customers or keep its existing customers on the Software platform. In addition, even if ADT continues to use the Software platform, we cannot assure you that the revenue from ADT or new accounts added by ADT will reach or exceed historical levels in any future period. We may not be able to offset any unanticipated decline in revenue from ADT with revenues from new customers or other existing customers. Because the Software platform relies on ADT for substantially all of its revenue, any negative developments in ADT's business, or any decrease in revenue from or loss of ADT as a customer could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We have relatively limited visibility regarding the consumers that ultimately purchase our solutions, and we often rely on information from third-party service providers to help us manage our business. If these service providers fail to provide timely or accurate information, our ability to quickly react to market changes and effectively manage our business may be harmed.

We sell our solutions through service provider partners. These service provider partners work with consumers to design, install, update and maintain their connected home and commercial installations and manage the relationship with our subscribers. While we are able to track orders from service provider partners and have access to certain information about the configurations of their Alarm.com systems that we receive through our platforms, we also rely on service provider partners to provide us with information about consumer behavior, product and system feedback, consumer demographics and buying patterns. We use this channel sell-through data, along with other metrics, to forecast our revenue, assess consumer demand for our solution, develop new solutions, adjust pricing and make other strategic business decisions. Channel sell-through data is subject to limitations due to collection methods and the third-party nature of the data and thus may not be complete or accurate. If we do not receive consumer information on a timely or accurate basis, or if we do not properly interpret this information, our ability to quickly react to market changes and effectively manage our business may be harmed.

Consumers may choose to adopt point products that provide control of discrete functions rather than adopting our connected property platforms. If we are unable to increase market awareness of the benefits of our unified solutions, our revenue may not continue to grow, or it may decline.

Many vendors have emerged, and may continue to emerge, to provide point products with advanced functionality for use in connected properties, such as a video doorbell or thermostat that can be controlled by an application on a smartphone. We expect more and more consumer electronic and consumer appliance products to be network-aware and connected — each very likely to have its own smart device (phone or tablet) application. Consumers may be attracted to the relatively low costs of these point products and the ability to expand their connected property control solution over time with minimal upfront costs, despite some of the disadvantages of this approach, may reduce demand for our connected property solutions. If so, our service provider partners may switch and offer the point products and services of competing companies, which would adversely affect our sales and profitability. If a significant number of consumers in our target market choose to adopt point products rather than our connected property solutions, then our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations will be harmed, and we may not be able to achieve sustained growth or our business may decline.

Mergers or other strategic transactions involving our competitors could weaken our competitive position, which could adversely affect our ability to compete effectively and harm our results of operations.

Our industry is highly fragmented, and we believe it is likely that some of our existing competitors will consolidate or be acquired. In addition, some of our competitors may enter into new alliances with each other or may establish or strengthen cooperative relationships with systems integrators, third-party consulting firms or other parties. Any such consolidation, acquisition, alliance or cooperative relationship could adversely affect our ability to compete effectively and lead to pricing pressure and our loss of market share and could result in a competitor with greater financial, technical, marketing, service and other resources, all of which could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We are dependent on our connected property solutions, and the lack of continued market acceptance of our connected property solutions would result in lower revenue.

Our connected property solutions account for substantially all of our revenue and will continue to do so for the foreseeable future. As a result, our revenue could be reduced by:

- any decline in demand for our connected property solutions;
- the failure of our connected property solutions to achieve continued market acceptance;
- the introduction of products and technologies that serve as a replacement or substitute for, or represent an improvement over, our connected property solutions;
- · technological innovations or new communications standards that our connected property solutions do not address; and
- · our inability to release enhanced versions of our connected property solutions on a timely basis.

We are vulnerable to fluctuations in demand for Internet-connected devices in general and interactive security systems in particular. If the market for connected home and commercial solutions grows more slowly than anticipated or if demand for connected home and commercial solutions does not grow as quickly as anticipated, whether as a result of competition, product obsolescence, technological change, unfavorable economic conditions, uncertain geopolitical environments, budgetary constraints of our consumers or other factors, we may not be able to continue to increase our revenue and earnings and our stock price would decline.

A significant decline in our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate would have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We generally bill our service provider partners based on the number of subscribers they have on our platforms and the features being utilized by subscribers on a monthly basis in advance. Subscribers could elect to terminate our services in any given month. If our efforts and our service provider partners' efforts to satisfy our existing subscribers are not successful, we may not be able to retain them or sell additional functionality to them and, as a result, our revenue and ability to grow could be adversely affected. We track our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate on an annualized basis, as reflected in the section of this Annual Report titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Other Business Metrics — SaaS and License Revenue Renewal Rate." However, our service provider partners, who resell our services to our subscribers, have indicated that they typically have three to five-year service contracts with our subscribers. Our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate is calculated across our entire subscriber base, including subscribers whose contract with their service provider reached the end of its contractual term during the measurement period, as well as subscribers whose contract with their service provider has not reached the end of its contractual term during the measurement period, and is not intended to estimate the rate at which our subscribers renew their contracts with our service provider partners. As a result, we may not be able to accurately predict future trends in renewals and the resulting churn. Subscribers may choose not to renew their contracts for many reasons, including the belief that our service is not required for their needs or is otherwise not cost-effective, a desire to reduce discretionary spending, or a belief that our competitors' services provide better value. Additionally, our subscribers may not renew for reasons entirely out of our control, such as moving a residence or the dissolution of their business, which is particu

# If we are unable to develop new solutions, sell our platforms and solutions into new markets or further penetrate our existing markets, our revenue may not grow as expected.

Our ability to increase sales will depend, in large part, on our ability to enhance and improve our platforms and solutions, introduce new solutions in a timely manner, sell into new markets and further penetrate our existing markets. The success of any enhancement or new solution or service depends on several factors, including the timely completion, introduction and market acceptance of enhanced or new solutions, the ability to maintain and develop relationships with service providers, the ability to attract, retain and effectively train sales and marketing personnel and the effectiveness of our marketing programs. Any new product or service we develop or acquire may not be introduced in a timely or cost-effective manner, and may not achieve the broad market acceptance necessary to generate significant revenue. Any new markets into which we attempt to sell our platforms and solutions, including new vertical markets and new countries or regions, may not be receptive. Our ability to further penetrate our existing markets depends on the quality of our platforms and solutions and our ability to design our platforms and solutions to meet consumer demand.

# We benefit from integration of our solutions with third-party platform providers. If these developers choose not to partner with us, or are acquired by our competitors, our business and results of operations may be harmed.

Our solutions are incorporated into the hardware of our third-party platform providers. For example, our hardware platform partners produce control devices that deliver our platform services to subscribers. It may be necessary in the future to renegotiate agreements relating to various aspects of these solutions or other third-party solutions. The inability to easily integrate with, or any defects in, any third-party solutions could result in increased costs, or in delays in new product releases or updates to our existing solutions until such issues have been resolved, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows, results of operations and future prospects and could damage our reputation. In addition, if these third-party solution providers choose not to partner with us, choose to integrate their solutions with our competitors' platforms, or are unable or unwilling to update their solutions, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed. Further, if third-party solution providers that we partner with or that we would benefit from partnering with are acquired by our competitors, they may choose not to offer their solutions on our platforms, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

# We rely on wireless carriers to provide access to wireless networks through which we provide our wireless alarm, notification and intelligent automation services, and any interruption of such access would impair our business.

We rely on wireless carriers to provide access to wireless networks for machine-to-machine data transmissions, which are an integral part of our services. Our wireless carriers may suspend wireless service to expand, maintain or improve their networks, or may discontinue or sunset older wireless networks as new technology evolves. Any suspension or other interruption of services would adversely affect our ability to provide our services to our service provider partners and subscribers and may adversely affect our reputation. In addition, the inability to provide uninterrupted services, maintain our existing contracts with our wireless carriers or enter into new contracts with such wireless carriers could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

# If we are unable to adapt to technological change, including maintaining compatibility with a wide range of devices, our ability to remain competitive could be impaired.

The market for connected home and commercial solutions is characterized by rapid technological change, frequent introductions of new products and evolving industry standards. Our ability to attract new subscribers and increase revenue from existing subscribers will depend in significant part on our ability to anticipate changes in industry standards, to continue to enhance our existing solutions or introduce new solutions on a timely basis to keep pace with technological developments, and to maintain compatibility with a wide range of connected devices in residential and commercial properties. We may change aspects of our platforms and may utilize open source technology in the future, which may cause difficulties including compatibility, stability and time to market. The success of this or any enhanced or new product or solution will depend on several factors, including the timely completion and market acceptance of the enhanced or new product or solution. Similarly, if any of our competitors implement new technologies before we are able to implement them, those competitors may be able to provide more effective products than ours, possibly at lower prices. Any delay or failure in the introduction of new or enhanced solutions could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

# The technology we employ may become obsolete, and we may need to incur significant capital expenditures to update our technology.

Our industry is characterized by rapid technological innovation. Our platforms and solutions interact with the hardware and software technology of systems and devices located at our subscribers' properties and we depend upon cellular, broadband and other telecommunications providers to provide communication paths to our subscribers in a timely and efficient manner. We may be required to implement new technologies or adapt existing technologies in response to changing market conditions, consumer preferences or industry standards, which could require significant capital expenditures. The discontinuation of cellular communication technology, cellular networks or other services by telecommunications service providers can affect our services and require our subscribers to upgrade to alternative and potentially more expensive, technologies.

It is also possible that one or more of our competitors could develop a significant technical advantage that allows them to provide additional or superior quality products or services, or to lower their price for similar products or services, which could put us at a competitive disadvantage. Our inability to adapt to changing technologies, market conditions or consumer preferences in a timely manner could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

# We depend on our suppliers, and the loss of any key supplier could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Our hardware products depend on the quality of components that we procure from third-party suppliers. Reliance on suppliers, as well as industry supply conditions, generally involves several risks, including the possibility of defective parts, which can adversely affect the reliability and reputation of our platforms and solutions, and a shortage of components and reduced control over delivery schedules and increases in component costs, which can adversely affect our profitability. We have several large hardware suppliers from which we procure hardware on a purchase order basis, including one supplier that supplied products and components in an amount equal to 25% of our hardware and other revenue for the year ended December 31, 2018. If these suppliers are unable to continue to provide a timely and reliable supply, we could experience interruptions in delivery of our platforms and solutions to our service provider partners, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. If we were required to find alternative sources of supply, qualification of alternative suppliers and the establishment of reliable supplies could result in delays and a possible loss of sales, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

# Growth of our business will depend on market awareness and a strong brand, and any failure to develop, maintain, protect and enhance our brand would hurt our ability to retain or attract subscribers.

We believe that building and maintaining market awareness, brand recognition and goodwill in a cost-effective manner is important to our overall success in achieving widespread acceptance of our existing and future solutions and is an important element in attracting new service provider partners and subscribers. An important part of our business strategy is to increase service provider and consumer awareness of our brand and to provide marketing leadership, services and support to our service provider partner network. This will depend largely on our ability to continue to provide high-quality solutions, and we may not be able to do so effectively. While we may choose to engage in a broader marketing campaign to further promote our brand, this effort may not be successful. Our efforts in developing our brand may be hindered by the marketing efforts of our competitors and our reliance on our service provider partners and strategic partners to promote our brand. If we are unable to cost-effectively maintain and increase awareness of our brand, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed.

We operate in the emerging and evolving connected property market, which may develop more slowly or differently than we expect. If the connected property market does not grow as we expect, or if we cannot expand our platforms and solutions to meet the demands of this market, our revenue may decline, fail to grow or fail to grow at an accelerated rate, and we may incur operating losses.

The market for solutions that bring objects and systems not typically connected to the Internet, such as home automation, security monitoring, video monitoring, energy management and wellness solutions, into an Internet-like structure is in an early stage of development, and it is uncertain how rapidly or how consistently this market will develop and the degree to which our platforms and solutions will be accepted into the markets in which we operate. Some consumers may be reluctant or unwilling to use our platforms and solutions for a number of reasons, including satisfaction with traditional solutions, concerns about additional costs, concerns about data privacy and lack of awareness of the benefits of our platforms and solutions. Our ability to expand the sales of our platforms and solutions into new markets depends on several factors, including the awareness of our platforms and solutions, the timely completion, introduction and market acceptance of our platforms and solutions, the ability to attract, retain and effectively train sales and marketing personnel, the ability to develop relationships with service providers, the effectiveness of our marketing programs, the costs of our platforms and solutions and the success of our competitors. If we are unsuccessful in developing and marketing our platforms and solutions into new markets, or if consumers do not perceive or value the benefits of our platforms and solutions, the market for our platforms and solutions might not continue to develop or might develop more slowly than we expect, either of which would harm our revenue and growth prospects.

#### Risks of liability from our operations are significant.

The nature of the solutions we provide, including our interactive security solutions, potentially exposes us to greater risks of liability for employee acts or omissions, or technology or system failure than may be inherent in other businesses. Substantially all of our service provider partner agreements contain provisions limiting our liability to service provider partners and our subscribers in an attempt to reduce this risk. However, in the event of litigation with respect to these matters, we cannot assure you that these limitations will be enforced, and the costs of such litigation could have a material adverse effect on us. In addition, there can be no assurance that we are adequately insured for these risks. Certain of our insurance policies and the laws of some states may limit or prohibit insurance coverage for punitive or certain other types of damages or liability arising from gross negligence.

Our strategy includes pursuing acquisitions, and our potential inability to successfully integrate newly-acquired technologies, assets or businesses may harm our financial results. Future acquisitions of technologies, assets or businesses, which are paid for partially or entirely through the issuance of stock or stock rights, could dilute the ownership of our existing stockholders.

We believe part of our growth will continue to be driven by acquisitions of other companies or their technologies, assets and businesses. On March 8, 2017, we acquired lcontrol's Connect and Piper business units and we have acquired other businesses in the past. For example, we acquired EnergyHub, Inc. in 2013, we acquired the assets of Horizon Analog, Inc. and Secure-i, Inc., in December 2014, we acquired the assets of HiValley Technology Inc. in March 2015 and we acquired certain assets of ObjectVideo, Inc. in January 2017. These acquisitions and any other acquisitions we may complete in the future will give rise to certain risks, including:

- incurring higher than anticipated capital expenditures and operating expenses;
- · failing to assimilate and integrate the operations and personnel or failing to retain the key personnel of the acquired company or business;
- failing to retain customers, service providers and other third-party business partners seeking to terminate or renegotiate their relationships with us;
- · failing to integrate the acquired technologies, or incurring significant expense to integrate acquired technologies into our platforms and solutions;
- · disrupting our ongoing business;
- encountering complexities associated with managing a larger, more complex and growing business;
- · diverting our management's attention and other company resources;
- · failing to maintain uniform standards, controls and policies;
- · incurring significant accounting charges;
- impairing relationships with employees, service provider partners or subscribers;
- finding that the acquired technology, asset or business does not further our business strategy, that we overpaid for the technology, asset or business or that we may be required to write off acquired assets or investments partially or entirely;
- failing to realize the expected synergies of the transaction;
- · being exposed to unforeseen liabilities and contingencies that were not identified prior to acquiring the company; and
- · being unable to generate sufficient revenue and profits from acquisitions to offset the associated acquisition costs.

Fully integrating an acquired technology, asset or business into our operations may take a significant amount of time. We may not be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered with acquisitions. To the extent we do not successfully avoid or overcome the risks or problems related to any such acquisitions, or fail to manage the acquired business or execute our integration and growth strategy in an efficient and effective manner, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed. Acquisitions also could impact our financial position and capital requirements, or could cause fluctuations in our quarterly and annual results of operations. Acquisitions could include significant goodwill and intangible

assets, which may result in future impairment charges that would reduce our stated earnings. We may incur significant costs in our efforts to engage in strategic transactions and these expenditures may not result in successful acquisitions.

We expect that the consideration we might pay for any future acquisitions of technologies, assets or businesses could include stock, rights to purchase stock, cash or some combination of the foregoing. If we issue stock or rights to purchase stock in connection with future acquisitions, net income per share and then-existing holders of our common stock may experience dilution.

### We may pursue business opportunities that diverge from our current business model, which may cause our business to suffer.

We may pursue business opportunities that diverge from our current business model, including expanding our platforms and solutions and investing in new and unproven technologies. We can offer no assurance that any such new business opportunities will prove to be successful. Among other negative effects, our pursuit of such business opportunities could reduce operating margins and require more working capital, subject us to additional federal state, and local laws and regulations, materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

Evolving government and industry regulation and changes in applicable laws relating to the Internet and data privacy may increase our expenditures related to compliance efforts or otherwise limit the solutions we can offer, which may harm our business and adversely affect our financial condition.

As Internet commerce continues to evolve, federal, state or foreign agencies have adopted and could in the future adopt regulations covering issues such as user privacy and content. We are particularly sensitive to these risks because the Internet is a critical component of our SaaS business model. In addition, taxation of products or services provided over the Internet or other charges imposed by government agencies or by private organizations for accessing the Internet may be imposed. Any regulation imposing greater fees for Internet use or restricting information exchange over the Internet could result in a decline in the use of the Internet and the viability of Internet-based services, which could harm our business.

Our platforms and solutions enable us to collect, manage and store a wide range of data related to our subscribers' interactive security, intelligent automation, video monitoring, energy management and wellness systems. A valuable component of our platforms and solutions is our ability to analyze this data to present the user with actionable business intelligence. We obtain our data from a variety of sources, including our service provider partners, our subscribers and third-party providers. We cannot assure you that the data we require for our proprietary data sets will be available from these sources in the future or that the cost of such data will not increase. The United States federal government and various state governments have adopted or proposed limitations on the collection, distribution, storage and use of personal information. Several foreign jurisdictions, including the European Union and the United Kingdom, have adopted legislation (including directives or regulations) that is more rigorous governing data collection and storage than in the United States.

On June 28, 2018, the State of California enacted the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, or CCPA, which is scheduled to take effect on January 1, 2020. The CCPA governs the collection, sale and use of California residents' personal information, and it will have significant impacts on businesses' handling of personal information and existing privacy policies and procedures. The CCPA, as well as data privacy laws that have been proposed in other states, may limit our ability to use, process and store certain data, which may decrease adoption of our platforms and solutions, increase our costs for compliance, and harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. In addition, the CCPA may subject us to regulatory fines by the State of California, individual claims, and increased commercial liabilities.

The United States and the European Union, or EU, have a cooperative program for transferring personal data, referred to as the Privacy Shield, that went into effect on August 1, 2016. We have self-certified our compliance with the Privacy Shield framework since September 2016, and we use Model Contracts to transfer personal data from the EU to the United States in compliance with the European Commission's Directive on Data Protection. However, the validity of these data transfer mechanisms is continually being challenged in EU courts and by the EU Parliament. Further uncertainty may result if the United Kingdom, or UK, and the EU are unable to finalize an agreement on a transition period during which EU law would continue to apply to the UK beyond the UK's potential withdrawal from the EU on March 29, 2019. As a result of these ongoing challenges, there will continue to be significant regulatory uncertainty surrounding the validity of data transfers from the EU and the UK to the United States.

The EU issued a new General Data Protection Regulation, or GDPR, that went into effect on May 25, 2018. Prior to May 25, 2018, we updated existing privacy and data security measures to comply with GDPR. As guidance on compliance with GDPR from the EU data protection authorities evolves over time, our privacy or data security measures may be deemed or perceived to be in noncompliance with current or future laws and regulations, which may subject us to litigation, regulatory investigations or other liabilities. Further, in the event of a breach of personal information that we hold, we may be subject to governmental fines, individual claims, remediation expenses and/or harm to our reputation. Moreover, if future laws and regulations limit our ability to use and share this data or our ability to store, process and share data over the Internet, demand for our platforms and solutions

could decrease, our costs could increase, and our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed.

In April 2018, we introduced a solution for certain service provider partners who may be subject to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, and its implementing regulations, or HIPAA, which regulates the use and disclosure of Protected Health Information, or PHI. As a result, we are subject to HIPAA when PHI is accessed, created, maintained or transmitted through our solution by these service provider partners. We have implemented additional privacy and security policies and procedures, as well as administrative, physical and technical safeguards to enable our solution to be HIPAA compliant. Additionally, HIPAA compliance has required us to put in place certain agreements with contracting partners and to appoint a Privacy Officer and Security Officer. If our privacy and security policies or other safeguards for PHI are deemed to be in noncompliance by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, or HHS, we may be subject to litigation, regulatory investigations or other liabilities. Further, in the event of a breach of PHI that we hold, we may be subject to governmental fines, individual claims under state privacy laws governing personal health information, remediation expenses and/or harm to our reputation. Furthermore, if future changes to HIPAA or state privacy laws governing PHI expand the definition of PHI or put more restrictions on our ability to use, process and store PHI, then HIPAA compliance for our solutions as currently constituted may be costly both financially and in terms of administrative resources. Ongoing compliance efforts may take substantial time and require the assistance of external resources, such as attorneys, information technology, and/or other consultants and advisors.

We rely on the performance of our senior management and highly skilled personnel, and if we are unable to attract, retain and motivate well-qualified employees, our business and results of operations could be harmed.

We believe our success has depended, and continues to depend, on the efforts and talents of senior management and key personnel, including Stephen Trundle, our Chief Executive Officer, and our senior information technology managers. Our future success depends on our continuing ability to attract, develop, motivate and retain highly qualified and skilled employees. Qualified individuals are in high demand, and we may incur significant costs to attract them. In addition, the loss of any of our senior management or key personnel could interrupt our ability to execute our business plan, as such individuals may be difficult to replace. If we do not succeed in attracting well-qualified employees or retaining and motivating existing employees, our business and results of operations could be harmed.

We provide minimum service level commitments to certain of our service provider partners, and our failure to meet them could cause us to issue credits for future services or pay penalties, which could harm our results of operations.

Certain of our service provider partner agreements currently, and may in the future, provide minimum service level commitments regarding items such as uptime, functionality or performance. If we are unable to meet the stated service level commitments for these service provider partners or suffer extended periods of service unavailability, we are or may be contractually obligated to provide these service provider partners with credits for future services, provide services at no cost or pay other penalties, which could adversely impact our revenue. We do not currently have any reserves on our balance sheet for these commitments.

We have indemnity obligations to certain of our service provider partners for certain expenses and liabilities, which could force us to incur substantial costs.

We have indemnity obligations to certain of our service provider partners for certain claims regarding our platforms and solutions, including security breach, product recall, epidemic failure, and product liability claims. As a result, in the case of any such claims against these service provider partners, we could be required to indemnify them for losses resulting from such claims or to refund amounts they have paid to us. We expect that some of our service provider partners may seek indemnification from us in the event that such claims are brought against them. In addition, we may elect to indemnify service provider partners where we have no contractual obligation to do so and we will evaluate each such request on a case-by-case basis. If a service provider partner elects to invest resources in enforcing a claim for indemnification against us, we could incur significant costs disputing it. If we do not succeed in disputing it, we could face substantial liability.

### The Acquisition subjects us to significant additional liabilities for which we will not be indemnified.

In connection with the Acquisition, we assumed certain historic liabilities of the Connect and Piper business units, including pre-closing liabilities relating to current and former employees of the Connect and Piper business units, pre-closing compliance by the Connect and Piper business units with applicable laws and pre-closing performance by the Connect and Piper business units of the assumed contracts. In addition, we assumed any liabilities that may arise from certain pending intellectual property litigation. In addition to the known liabilities we assumed, there could be unasserted claims or assessments that we failed or were unable to discover or identify in the course of performing due diligence investigations and there may be liabilities that are neither probable nor estimable at this time which may become probable and estimable in the future. Further, while the terms of the Acquisition transaction documents provide for us to be indemnified for breaches of certain representations and warranties made about the Connect and Piper business units, the liabilities that arise may not entitle us to contractual indemnification or our

contractual indemnification may not be effective. Any such liabilities, individually or in the aggregate, could have a material adverse effect on our business and our prospects.

# We may not be able to secure additional financing on favorable terms, or at all, to meet our future capital needs.

In the future, we may require additional capital to respond to business opportunities, challenges, acquisitions or unforeseen circumstances and may determine to engage in equity or debt financings or enter into credit facilities for other reasons. In the future, we may not be able to timely secure debt or equity financing on favorable terms or at all. Any debt financing obtained by us in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to our capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, which may make it more difficult for us to obtain additional capital and to pursue business opportunities, including potential acquisitions. If we raise additional funds through further issuances of equity, convertible debt securities or other securities convertible into equity, our existing stockholders could suffer significant dilution in their percentage ownership of our company, and any new equity securities we issue could have rights, preferences and privileges senior to those of holders of our common stock. If we are unable to obtain adequate financing or financing on terms satisfactory to us, when we require it, our ability to continue to grow or support our business and to respond to business challenges could be limited.

# Goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets represent a significant portion of our total assets, and we may never realize the full value of our intangible assets.

As of December 31, 2018, we had \$142.7 million of goodwill and identifiable intangible assets. Goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets are recorded at fair value on the date of acquisition. We review such assets for impairment at least annually. Impairment may result from, among other things, deterioration in performance, adverse market conditions, adverse changes in applicable laws or regulations, including changes that restrict the activities of or affect the solutions we offer, challenges to the validity of certain registered intellectual property, reduced sales of certain products or services incorporating registered intellectual property, increased attrition and a variety of other factors. The amount of any quantified impairment must be expensed immediately as a charge to results of operations. Depending on future circumstances, it is possible that we may never realize the full value of our intangible assets. Any future determination of impairment of goodwill or other identifiable intangible assets could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations.

#### Comprehensive tax reform bills could adversely affect our business and financial condition.

The U.S. government has enacted comprehensive tax legislation that includes significant changes to the taxation of business entities. These changes include, among others, (i) a permanent reduction to the corporate income tax rate, (ii) a partial limitation on the deductibility of business interest expense, (iii) a shift of the U.S. taxation of multinational corporations from a tax on worldwide income to a territorial system (along with certain rules designed to prevent erosion of the U.S. income tax base) and (iv) a one-time tax on accumulated offshore earnings held in cash and illiquid assets, with the latter taxed at a lower rate. Notwithstanding the reduction in the corporate income tax rate, the overall impact of this tax reform is uncertain, and our business and financial condition could be adversely affected.

#### We may be subject to additional tax liabilities, which would harm our results of operations.

We are subject to income, sales, use, value added and other taxes in the United States and other countries in which we conduct business, which laws and rates vary greatly by jurisdiction. Certain jurisdictions in which we do not collect sales, use, value added or other taxes on our sales may assert that such taxes are applicable, which could result in tax assessments, penalties and interest, and we may be required to collect such taxes in the future. Significant judgment is required in determining our worldwide provision for income taxes. These determinations are highly complex and require detailed analysis of the available information and applicable statutes and regulatory materials. In the ordinary course of our business, there are many transactions and calculations where the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Although we believe our tax estimates are reasonable, the final determination of tax audits and any related litigation could be different from our historical tax practices, provisions and accruals. If we receive an adverse ruling as a result of an audit, or we unilaterally determine that we have misinterpreted provisions of the tax regulations to which we are subject, our tax provision, results of operations or cash flows could be harmed. In addition, liabilities associated with taxes are often subject to an extended or indefinite statute of limitations period. Therefore, we may be subject to additional tax liability (including penalties and interest) for a particular year for extended periods of time.

# Our business is subject to the risks of earthquakes, hurricanes, fires, power outages, floods and other catastrophic events, and to interruption by man-made problems such as terrorism or global or regional economic, political and social conditions.

A significant natural disaster, such as an earthquake, hurricane, fire, flood, or a significant power outage could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. Natural disasters could affect our hardware vendors, our wireless carriers or our network operations centers. Further, if a natural disaster occurs in a region from which we derive a significant portion of our revenue, such as metropolitan areas in North America, consumers in that region may delay or forego purchases of our platforms and solutions from service providers in the region, which may harm our results of operations for a

particular period. In addition, terrorist acts or acts of war could cause disruptions in our business or the business of our hardware vendors, service providers, subscribers or the economy as a whole. More generally, these geopolitical, social and economic conditions could result in increased volatility in worldwide financial markets and economies that could harm our sales. Given our concentration of sales during the second and third quarters, any disruption in the business of our hardware vendors, service provider partners or subscribers that impacts sales during the second or third quarter of each year could have a greater impact on our annual results. All of the aforementioned risks may be augmented if the disaster recovery plans for us, our service provider partners and our suppliers prove to be inadequate. To the extent that any of the above results in delays or cancellations of orders, or delays in the manufacture, deployment or shipment of our platforms and solutions, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations would be harmed.

Downturns in general economic and market conditions and reductions in spending may reduce demand for our platforms and solutions, which could harm our revenue, results of operations and cash flows.

Our revenue, results of operations and cash flows depend on the overall demand for our platforms and solutions. Concerns about the systemic impact of a potential widespread recession, energy costs, geopolitical issues, the availability and cost of credit and the global housing and mortgage markets have contributed to increased market volatility, decreased consumer confidence and diminished growth expectations in the U.S. economy and abroad. The current unstable general economic and market conditions have been characterized by a dramatic decline in consumer discretionary spending and have disproportionately affected providers of solutions that represent discretionary purchases. While the decline in consumer spending has recently moderated, these economic conditions could still lead to continued declines in consumer spending over the foreseeable future, and may have resulted in a resetting of consumer spending habits that may make it unlikely that such spending will return to prior levels for the foreseeable future.

During weak economic times, the available pool of service providers may decline as the prospects for home building and home renovation projects diminish, which may have a corresponding impact on our growth prospects. In addition, there is an increased risk during these periods that an increased percentage of our service provider partners will file for bankruptcy protection, which may harm our reputation, revenue, profitability and results of operations. In addition, we may determine that the cost of pursuing any claim may outweigh the recovery potential of such claim. Likewise, consumer bankruptcies can detrimentally affect the business stability of our service provider partners. Prolonged economic slowdowns and reductions in new home construction and renovation projects may result in diminished sales of our platforms and solutions. Further worsening, broadening or protracted extension of the economic downturn could have a negative impact on our business, revenue, results of operations and cash flows.

# Failure to comply with laws and regulations could harm our business.

We conduct our business in the United States and are expanding internationally in various other countries. We are subject to regulation by various federal, state, local and foreign governmental agencies, including, but not limited to, agencies responsible for monitoring and enforcing employment and labor laws, workplace safety, product safety, environmental laws, consumer protection laws, antitrust laws, federal securities laws and tax laws and regulations.

We are subject to the U.S. domestic bribery statute contained in 18 U.S.C. § 201, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, the U.S. Travel Act, and possibly other anti-bribery laws, including those that comply with the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, or OECD, Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions and other international conventions. Anti-corruption laws are interpreted broadly and prohibit our company from authorizing, offering, or providing directly or indirectly improper payments or benefits to recipients in the public or private-sector. Certain laws could also prohibit us from soliciting or accepting bribes or kickbacks. Our company has direct government interactions and in several cases uses third-party representatives, including dealers, for regulatory compliance, sales and other purposes in a variety of countries. These factors increase our anti-corruption risk profile. We can be held liable for the corrupt activities of our employees, representatives, contractors, partners and agents, even if we did not explicitly authorize such activity. Although we have implemented policies and procedures designed to ensure compliance with anti-corruption laws, there can be no assurance that all of our employees, representatives, contractors, partners, and agents will comply with these laws and policies.

We are also subject to data privacy and security laws, anti-money laundering laws (such as the USA PATRIOT Act), and import/export laws and regulations in the United States and in other jurisdictions.

Our global operations require us to import from and export to several countries, which geographically stretches our compliance obligations. Our platforms and solutions are subject to export control and import laws and regulations, including the U.S. Export Administration Regulations, U.S. Customs regulations, and various economic and trade sanctions regulations administered by the U.S. Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Controls. Exports of our platforms and solutions must be made in compliance with these laws and regulations. If we fail to comply with these laws and regulations, we and certain of our employees could be subject to substantial civil or criminal penalties, including the possible loss of export or import privileges; fines, which may be imposed on us and responsible employees or managers; and, in extreme cases, the incarceration of

responsible employees or managers. In addition, if our service provider partners fail to obtain appropriate import, export or re-export licenses or authorizations, we may also be adversely affected through reputational harm and penalties. Obtaining the necessary authorizations, including any required license, for a particular sale may be time-consuming, is not guaranteed and may result in the delay or loss of sales opportunities. In addition, changes in our platforms or solutions or changes in applicable export or import laws and regulations may create delays in the introduction and sale of our platforms and solutions in international markets, prevent our service provider partners with international operations from deploying our platforms and solutions or, in some cases, prevent the export or import of our platforms and solutions to certain countries, governments or persons altogether. Any change in export or import laws and regulations, shift in the enforcement or scope of existing laws and regulations, or change in the countries, governments, persons or technologies targeted by such laws and regulations, could also result in decreased use of our platforms and solutions, or in our decreased ability to export or sell our platforms and solutions to existing or potential service provider partners with international operations. Any decreased use of our platforms and solutions or limitation on our ability to export or sell our platforms and solutions would likely adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

In addition, our software contains encryption technologies, certain types of which are subject to U.S. and foreign export control regulations and, in some foreign countries, restrictions on importation and/or use. Any failure on our part to comply with encryption or other applicable export control requirements could result in financial penalties or other sanctions under the U.S. export regulations, including restrictions on future export activities, which could harm our business and operating results. Regulatory restrictions could impair our access to technologies needed to improve our platforms and solutions and may also limit or reduce the demand for our platforms and solutions outside of the United States.

Furthermore, U.S. export control laws and economic sanctions programs prohibit the shipment of certain products and services to countries, governments and persons that are subject to U.S. economic embargoes and trade sanctions. Even though we take precautions to prevent our platforms and solutions from being shipped or provided to U.S. sanctions targets, our platforms and solutions could be shipped to those targets or provided by third-parties despite such precautions. Any such shipment could have negative consequences, including government investigations, penalties and reputational harm. Furthermore, any new embargo or sanctions program, or any change in the countries, governments, persons or activities targeted by such programs, could result in decreased use of our platforms and solutions, or in our decreased ability to export or sell our platforms and solutions to existing or potential service provider partners, which would likely adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Changes in laws that apply to us could result in increased regulatory requirements and compliance costs which could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. In certain jurisdictions, regulatory requirements may be more stringent than in the United States. Noncompliance with applicable regulations or requirements could subject us to whistleblower complaints, investigations, sanctions, settlements, mandatory product recalls, enforcement actions, disgorgement of profits, fines, damages, civil and criminal penalties or injunctions, suspension or debarment from contracting with certain governments or other customers, the loss of export privileges, multi-jurisdictional liability, reputational harm, and other collateral consequences. If any governmental or other sanctions are imposed, or if we do not prevail in any possible civil or criminal litigation, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially harmed. In addition, responding to any action will likely result in a materially significant diversion of management's attention and resources and an increase in defense costs and other professional fees. Enforcement actions and sanctions could further harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

# If the U.S. insurance industry were to change its practice of providing incentives to homeowners for the use of alarm monitoring services, we could experience a reduction in new subscriber growth or an increase in our subscriber attrition rate.

It has been common practice in the U.S. insurance industry to provide a reduction in rates for policies written on residences that have monitored alarm systems. There can be no assurance that insurance companies will continue to offer these rate reductions. If these incentives were reduced or eliminated, new homeowners who otherwise may not feel the need for alarm monitoring services would be removed from our potential subscriber pool, which could hinder the growth of our business, and existing subscribers may choose to disconnect or not renew their service contracts, which could increase our attrition rates. In either case, our results of operations and growth prospects could be adversely affected.

We face many risks associated with our international business operations and our plans to expand internationally, which could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We anticipate that our efforts to operate and continue to expand our business internationally will entail additional costs and risks as we establish our international offerings and develop relationships with service provider partners to market, sell, install, and support our platforms, solutions and brand in other countries. Revenue in countries outside of North America accounted for 2%, 1% and less than 1% of our total revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. We have limited experience in selling our platforms and solutions in international markets outside of North America or in conforming to the local cultures, standards, or policies necessary to successfully compete in those markets, and we may be required to invest significant

resources in order to do so. We may not succeed in these efforts or achieve our consumer acquisition, service provider expansion or other goals. In some international markets, consumer preferences and buying behaviors may be different, and we may use business or pricing models that are different from our traditional model to provide our platforms and solutions to consumers in those markets or we may be unsuccessful in implementing the appropriate business model. Our revenue from new foreign markets may not exceed the costs of establishing, marketing, and maintaining our international offerings. In addition, the current instability in the eurozone could have many adverse consequences on our international expansion, including sovereign default, liquidity and capital pressures on eurozone financial institutions, reducing the availability of credit and increasing the risk of financial sector failures and the risk of one or more eurozone member states leaving the euro, resulting in the possibility of capital and exchange controls and uncertainty about the impact of contracts and currency exchange rates.

In addition, conducting expanded international operations subjects us to additional risks that we do not generally face in our North American markets. These risks include:

- localization of our solutions, including the addition of foreign languages and adaptation to new local practices, as well as certification and other regulatory requirements;
- lack of experience in other geographic markets;
- strong local competitors;
- the cost and burden of complying with, lack of familiarity with, and unexpected changes in, foreign legal and regulatory requirements, including the
  development of policies and procedures for different countries when requirements under privacy regulations in such countries may conflict or be
  inconsistent with one another;
- difficulties in managing and staffing international operations;
- increased costs due to new or potential tariffs, penalties, trade restrictions and other trade barriers;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates or restrictions on foreign currency;
- potentially adverse tax consequences, including the complexities of transfer pricing, value added or other tax systems, double taxation and restrictions and/or taxes on the repatriation of earnings;
- · dependence on third parties, including commercial partners with whom we do not have extensive experience;
- increased financial accounting and reporting burdens and complexities;
- · political, social, and economic instability, terrorist attacks, and security concerns in general; and
- reduced or varied protection for intellectual property rights in some countries.

Operating in international markets also requires significant management attention and financial resources. The investment and additional resources required to establish operations and manage growth in other countries may not produce desired levels of revenue or profitability.

Our software contains encryption technologies, certain types of which are subject to U.S. and foreign export control regulations and, in some foreign countries, restrictions on importation and/or use. Any failure on our part to comply with encryption or other applicable export control requirements could result in financial penalties or other sanctions under the U.S. export regulations, including restrictions on future export activities, which could harm our business and operating results. Regulatory restrictions could impair our access to technologies needed to improve our platforms and solutions and may also limit or reduce the demand for our platforms and solutions outside of the United States.

# The incurrence of debt may impact our financial position and subject us to additional financial and operating restrictions.

On October 6, 2017, we entered into a \$125.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, or the 2017 Facility, with Silicon Valley Bank, or SVB, as administrative agent, PNC Bank, National Association, as documentation agent, and a syndicate of lenders. Upon entry into the 2017 Facility, we borrowed \$72.0 million, which was used to repay the previously outstanding balance under our previous credit facility. The outstanding balance of the 2017 Facility was \$67.0 million as of December 31, 2018. On November 30, 2018, we amended the 2017 Facility to incorporate the parameters that must be met for us to repurchase our outstanding common stock under the stock repurchase program authorized by our board of directors on November 29, 2018.

Our overall leverage and certain covenants and obligations contained in the related documentation could adversely affect our financial health and business and future operations by, among other things:

- · making it more difficult to satisfy our obligations, including under the terms of the 2017 Facility;
- · limiting our ability to refinance our debt on terms acceptable to us or at all;
- limiting our flexibility to plan for and adjust to changing business and market conditions and increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;
- limiting our ability to use our available cash flow to fund future acquisitions, working capital, business activities, and other general corporate requirements: and
- limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, to fund growth or for general corporate purposes, even when necessary to maintain adequate liquidity.

Furthermore, substantially all of our assets, including our intellectual property, secure the 2017 Facility. If an event of default under the credit agreement occurs and is continuing. SVB may request the acceleration of the related debt and foreclose on the underlying security interests.

In addition, our 2017 Facility restricts our ability to make dividend payments and requires us to maintain certain leverage ratios, which may restrict our ability to invest in future growth. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations.

# The LIBOR calculation method may change and LIBOR is expected to be phased out after 2021.

Our 2017 Facility permits interest on the outstanding principal balance to be calculated based on LIBOR, plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio. On July 27, 2017, the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority, or the FCA, announced that it will no longer require banks to submit rates for the calculation of LIBOR after 2021. In the meantime, actions by the FCA, other regulators or law enforcement agencies may result in changes to the method by which LIBOR is calculated. At this time, it is not possible to predict the effect of any such changes or any other reforms to LIBOR that may be enacted in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

# Our financial results may be adversely affected by changes in accounting principles applicable to us.

Our accounting policies are critical to the manner in which we present our results of operations and financial condition. Many of these policies are highly complex and involve many assumptions, estimates and judgments. A change in accounting standards or practices, in particular with respect to revenue recognition, could harm our operating results and may even affect our reporting of transactions completed before the change is effective. GAAP rules are subject to interpretation by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, the SEC and other various bodies formed to promulgate and interpret appropriate accounting principles. For example, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" or Topic 842, effective January 1, 2019, which requires lessees to recognize operating and financing lease liabilities and corresponding right-of-use assets on the balance sheet. Refer to Note 2, "Recent Accounting Pronouncements," in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information about the impact of this accounting standard and other new accounting pronouncements. Implementation of new accounting standards could have a significant effect on our financial results, and any difficulties in implementing these pronouncements could cause us to fail to meet our financial reporting obligations, which could result in regulatory discipline and harm investors' confidence in us.

Our accounting is becoming more complex, and relies upon estimates or judgments relating to our critical accounting policies. If our accounting is erroneous or based on assumptions that change or prove to be incorrect, our operating results could fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors, resulting in a decline in our stock price.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, and also to comply with many complex requirements and standards. We devote substantial resources to compliance with accounting requirements and we base our estimates on our best judgment, historical experience, information derived from third parties, and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. However, various factors are causing our accounting to become complex. For example, as a result of our acquisition of the Connect business unit of Icontrol, we now recognize revenue relating to the delivery of software relating to the Software platform under different revenue recognition standards than those that apply to delivery of our services under the Alarm.com platforms. Ongoing evolution of our business, and any future acquisitions, may compound these complexities. Our operating results may be adversely affected if we make accounting errors or our judgments prove to be wrong, assumptions change or actual

circumstances differ from those in our assumptions, which could cause our operating results to fall below the expectations of securities analysts and investors or guidance we may have provided, resulting in a decline in our stock price and potential legal claims. Significant judgments, assumptions and estimates used in preparing our consolidated financial statements include those related to revenue recognition, stock-based compensation, business combinations, and income taxes.

# Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property

### If we fail to protect our intellectual property and proprietary rights adequately, our business could be harmed.

We believe that our proprietary technology is essential to establishing and maintaining our leadership position. We seek to protect our intellectual property through trade secrets, copyrights, confidentiality, non-compete and nondisclosure agreements, patents, trademarks, domain names and other measures, some of which afford only limited protection. We also rely on patent, trademark, trade secret and copyright laws to protect our intellectual property. Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy aspects of our technology or to obtain and use information that we regard as proprietary. Our means of protecting our proprietary rights may not be adequate or our competitors may independently develop similar or superior technology, or design around our intellectual property. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect our proprietary rights to as great an extent as the laws of the United States. Intellectual property protections may also be unavailable, limited or difficult to enforce in some countries, which could make it easier for competitors to capture market share. Our failure or inability to adequately protect our intellectual property and proprietary rights could harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

To prevent substantial unauthorized use of our intellectual property rights, it may be necessary to prosecute actions for infringement and/or misappropriation of our proprietary rights against third parties. See the section of this Annual Report titled "Legal Proceedings" for additional information on such actions. Any such action could result in significant costs and diversion of our resources and management's attention, and we cannot assure you that we will be successful in such action. Furthermore, many of our current and potential competitors have the ability to dedicate substantially greater resources to enforce their intellectual property rights than we do. Accordingly, despite our efforts, we may not be able to prevent third parties from infringing upon or misappropriating our intellectual property.

# An assertion by a third party that we are infringing its intellectual property could subject us to costly and time-consuming litigation or expensive licenses that could harm our business and results of operations.

The industries in which we compete are characterized by the existence of a large number of patents, copyrights, trademarks and trade secrets, and by frequent litigation based on allegations of infringement or other violations of intellectual property rights. We have been involved with patent litigation suits in the past and we may be involved with and subject to similar litigation in the future to defend our intellectual property position. For example, on June 2, 2015, Vivint filed a lawsuit against us in U.S. District Court, District of Utah, alleging that our technology directly and indirectly infringes six patents that Vivint purchased. Vivint is seeking permanent injunctions, enhanced damages and attorneys' fees. See the section of this Annual Report titled "Legal Proceedings" for additional information on this matter. Should Vivint prevail on its claims that one or more elements of our solution infringe one or more of its patents, we could be required to pay damages of Vivint's lost profits and/or a reasonable royalty for sales of our solution, enjoined from making, using, and selling our solution if a license or other right to continue selling such elements is not made available to us or we are unable to design around such patents, and required to pay ongoing royalties and comply with unfavorable terms if such a license is made available to us. While we believe we have valid defenses to Vivint's claims, any of these outcomes could result in a material adverse effect on our business. Even if we were to prevail, this litigation could continue to be costly and time-consuming, divert the attention of our management and key personnel from our business operations and dissuade potential customers from purchasing our solution, which would also materially harm our business. During the course of litigation, we anticipate announcements of the results of hearings and motions, and other interim developments related to the litigation. If securities analysts or investors regard these announcements as negative, the marke

We might not prevail in any intellectual property infringement litigation given the complex technical issues and inherent uncertainties in such litigation and our service provider partner contracts may require us to indemnify them against certain liabilities they may incur as a result of our infringement of any third party intellectual property. Defending such claims, regardless of their merit, could be time-consuming and distracting to management, result in costly litigation or settlement, cause development delays or require us to enter into royalty or licensing agreements. In addition, we currently have a limited portfolio of issued patents compared to our larger competitors, and therefore may not be able to effectively utilize our intellectual property portfolio to assert defenses or counterclaims in response to patent infringement claims or litigation brought against us by third parties. Further, litigation may involve patent holding companies or other adverse patent owners who have no relevant products or revenues and against which our potential patents provide no deterrence, and many other potential litigants have the capability to dedicate substantially greater resources to enforce their intellectual property rights and to defend claims that may be brought against them. Given that our platforms and solutions integrate with many aspects of a property, the risk that our platforms and solutions may be subject to these allegations is exacerbated. As we seek to extend our platforms and solutions, we could be constrained by the intellectual property rights of others. If our platforms and solutions exceed the scope of in-bound licenses or

violate any third party proprietary rights, we could be required to withdraw those solutions from the market, re-develop those solutions or seek to obtain licenses from third parties, which might not be available on reasonable terms or at all. Any efforts to re-develop our platforms and solutions, obtain licenses from third parties on favorable terms or license a substitute technology might not be successful and, in any case, might substantially increase our costs and harm our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. If we were compelled to withdraw any of our platforms and solutions from the market, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be harmed.

We have indemnity obligations to certain of our service provider partners for certain expenses and liabilities resulting from intellectual property infringement claims regarding our platforms and solutions, which could force us to incur substantial costs.

We have indemnity obligations to certain of our service provider partners for intellectual property infringement claims regarding our platforms and solutions. As a result, in the case of infringement claims against these service provider partners, we could be required to indemnify them for losses resulting from such claims or to refund amounts they have paid to us. We expect that some of our service provider partners may seek indemnification from us in connection with infringement claims brought against them. In addition, we may elect to indemnify service provider partners where we have no contractual obligation to indemnify them and we will evaluate each such request on a case-by-case basis. If a service provider partner elects to invest resources in enforcing a claim for indemnification against us, we could incur significant costs disputing it. If we do not succeed in disputing it, we could face substantial liability.

## The use of open source software in our platforms and solutions may expose us to additional risks and harm our intellectual property.

Some of our platforms and solutions use or incorporate software that is subject to one or more open source licenses and we may incorporate open source software in the future. Open source software is typically freely accessible, usable and modifiable. Certain open source software licenses require a user who intends to distribute the open source software as a component of the user's software to disclose publicly part or all of the source code to the user's software. In addition, certain open source software licenses require the user of such software to make any derivative works of the open source code available to others on potentially unfavorable terms to us or at no cost.

The terms of many open source licenses to which we are subject have not been interpreted by U.S. or foreign courts, and accordingly there is a risk that those licenses could be construed in a manner that imposes unanticipated conditions or restrictions on our ability to commercialize our platforms and solutions. In that event, we could be required to seek licenses from third parties in order to continue offering our platforms and solutions, to re-develop our platforms and solutions, to discontinue sales of our platforms and solutions or to release our proprietary software code under the terms of an open source license, any of which could harm our business. Further, given the nature of open source software, it may be more likely that third parties might assert copyright and other intellectual property infringement claims against us based on our use of these open source software programs. Litigation could be costly for us to defend, have a negative effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations or require us to devote additional research and development resources to change our solutions.

Although we are not aware of any use of open source software in our platforms and solutions that would require us to disclose all or a portion of the source code underlying our core solutions, it is possible that such use may have inadvertently occurred in deploying our platforms and solutions. Additionally, if a third party software provider has incorporated certain types of open source software into software we license from such third party for our platforms and solutions without our knowledge, we could, under certain circumstances, be required to disclose the source code to our platforms and solutions. This could harm our intellectual property position as well as our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

## Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

# The market price of our common stock has been and will likely continue to be volatile.

The market price of our common stock may be highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially as a result of a variety of factors, some of which are related in complex ways. Since shares of our common stock were sold in our initial public offering in June 2015 at a price of \$14.00 per share, our stock price has ranged from an intraday low of \$10.26 to an intraday high of \$60.20 through December 31, 2018. The market price of our common stock may decline regardless of our operating performance, resulting in the potential for substantial losses for our stockholders, and may fluctuate significantly in response to numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control, including the factors listed below and other factors described in this "Risk Factors" section:

- · actual or anticipated fluctuations in our financial condition and operating results;
- the financial projections we may provide to the public, any changes in these projections or our failure to meet these projections;

- failure of securities analysts to initiate or maintain coverage of our company, changes in financial estimates by any securities analysts who follow our company, or our failure to meet these estimates or the expectations of investors;
- · ratings changes by any securities analysts who follow our company;
- · variance in our financial performance from expectations of securities analysts;
- · announcements by us or our competitors of significant business developments, technical innovations, acquisitions or new solutions;
- changes in the prices of our platforms and solutions;
- changes in our projected operating and financial results;
- · changes in laws or regulations applicable to our platforms and solutions or marketing techniques, or our industry in general;
- · our involvement in any litigation, including any lawsuits threatened or filed against us;
- · our sale of our common stock or other securities in the future;
- · changes in senior management or key personnel;
- trading volume of our common stock;
- · changes in the anticipated future size and growth rate of our market; and
- general economic, regulatory and market conditions in the United States and abroad.

The stock markets have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have affected and continue to affect the market prices of equity securities of many companies. These fluctuations have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of those companies. Broad market and industry fluctuations, as well as general economic, political, regulatory and market conditions, may negatively impact the market price of our common stock. In the past, companies that have experienced volatility in the market price of their securities have been subject to securities class action litigation. We may be the target of this type of litigation in the future, which could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention.

## Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market could cause our market price to decline.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market, or the perception that these sales might occur, could depress the market price of our common stock and could impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities. We are unable to predict the effect that sales, particularly sales by our directors, executive officers, and significant stockholders, may have on the prevailing market price of our common stock. Additionally, the shares of common stock subject to outstanding options under our equity incentive plans and the shares reserved for future issuance under our equity incentive plans, as well as shares issuable upon vesting of restricted stock awards, will become eligible for sale in the public market in the future, subject to certain legal and contractual limitations. Moreover, some holders of shares of our common stock have rights, subject to certain conditions, to require us to file registration statements covering their shares or to include their shares in registration statements that we may file for ourselves or our stockholders. We have also registered shares of common stock that we may issue under our employee equity incentive plans. Accordingly, these shares may be able to be sold freely in the public market upon issuance as permitted by any applicable vesting requirements.

### Our actual operating results may differ significantly from any guidance provided.

Our guidance, including forward-looking statements, is prepared by management and is qualified by, and subject to, a number of assumptions and estimates that, while presented with numerical specificity, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. Many of these uncertainties and contingencies are beyond our control and are based upon specific assumptions with respect to future business decisions, some of which will change. We generally state possible outcomes as high and low ranges which are intended to provide a sensitivity analysis as variables are changed but are not intended to represent that actual results could not fall outside of the suggested ranges.

Guidance is necessarily speculative in nature, and it can be expected that some or all of the assumptions of the guidance furnished by us will not materialize or will vary significantly from actual results. In particular, guidance relating to the anticipated

results of operations of an acquired business is inherently more speculative in nature than other guidance as management will, necessarily, be less familiar with the business, procedures and operations of the acquired business. Accordingly, any guidance with respect to our projected financial performance, in particular with respect to our projected post-Acquisition financial performance, is necessarily only an estimate of what management believes is realizable as of the date the guidance is given. Actual results will vary from the guidance and the variations may be material. Investors should also recognize that the reliability of any forecasted financial data will diminish the farther in the future that the data is forecasted.

Actual operating results may be different from our guidance, and such differences may be adverse and material. In light of the foregoing, investors are urged to put the guidance in context and not to place undue reliance on it. In addition, the market price of our common stock may reflect various market assumptions as to the accuracy of our guidance. If our actual results of operations fall below the expectations of investors or securities analysts, the price of our common stock could decline substantially.

We are obligated to develop and maintain a system of effective internal controls over financial reporting. These internal controls may be determined to be not effective, which may adversely affect investor confidence in our company and, as a result, the value of our common stock.

We have been and are required, pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, to furnish a report by management on, among other things, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting on an annual basis. This assessment includes disclosure of any material weaknesses identified by our management in our internal control over financial reporting. During the evaluation and testing process, if we identify one or more material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, we will be unable to assert that our internal controls are effective and would be required to disclose any material weaknesses identified in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. While we have established certain procedures and control over our financial reporting processes, we cannot assure you that these efforts will prevent restatements of our financial statements in the future.

Our independent registered public accounting firm is also required, pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, to report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. This assessment includes disclosure of any material weaknesses identified by our management in our internal control over financial reporting. For future reporting periods, our independent registered public accounting firm may issue a report that is adverse in the event it is not satisfied with the level at which our controls are documented, designed or operating. We may not be able to remediate any future material weaknesses, or to complete our evaluation, testing and any required remediation in a timely fashion.

If we are unable to conclude that our internal control over financial reporting is effective, or if our independent registered public accounting firm is unable to express an opinion that our internal controls over financial reporting are effective, investors could lose confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which could cause the price of our common stock to decline, and we could be subject to sanctions or investigations by regulatory authorities, including the SEC and Nasdaq. Failure to remediate any material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting, or to maintain other effective control systems required of public companies, could also restrict our future access to the capital markets.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or publish negative reports about our business, our share price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock depends, in part, on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business. We do not have any control over these analysts. If our financial performance fails to meet analyst estimates or one or more of the analysts who cover us downgrade our shares or change their opinion of our shares, our share price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of our company or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which could cause our share price or trading volume to decline

We do not intend to pay dividends for the foreseeable future and, as a result, your ability to achieve a return on your investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

We do not intend to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. We anticipate that we will retain all of our future earnings for use in the development of our business and for general corporate purposes. Any determination to pay dividends in the future will be at the discretion of our board of directors and subject to the restrictions on paying dividends in our 2017 Facility and any future indebtedness. Accordingly, investors must rely on sales of their common stock after price appreciation, which may never occur, as the only way to realize any future gains on their investments.

Concentration of ownership among our current directors, executive officers and their affiliates may limit an investor's ability to influence significant corporate decisions.

As of December 31, 2018, our directors and executive officers, together with their affiliates, beneficially own a significant percentage of our outstanding capital stock. As a result, these stockholders, acting together, will have substantial influence over the outcome of matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, such as a merger or other sale of our company or its assets. This concentration of ownership could delay, defer or prevent a change in control of the company, merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination, which in turn could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Anti-takeover provisions in our charter documents and under Delaware law could make an acquisition of us more difficult, limit attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management and limit the market price of our common stock.

Provisions in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control or changes in our management. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws include provisions that:

- authorize our board of directors to issue preferred stock, without further stockholder action and with voting liquidation, dividend and other rights superior to our common stock;
- require that any action to be taken by our stockholders be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting and not by written consent, and limit the ability of our stockholders to call special meetings;
- establish an advance notice procedure for stockholder proposals to be brought before an annual meeting, including proposed nominations of persons for director nominees;
- establish that our board of directors is divided into three classes, with directors in each class serving three-year staggered terms;
- require the approval of holders of two-thirds of the shares entitled to vote at an election of directors to adopt, amend or repeal our bylaws or amend
  or repeal the provisions of our certificate of incorporation regarding the election and removal of directors and the ability of stockholders to take action
  by written consent or call a special meeting;
- prohibit cumulative voting in the election of directors; and
- provide that vacancies on our board of directors may be filled only by the vote of a majority of directors then in office, even though less than a quorum.

These provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace members of our board of directors, which is responsible for appointing the members of our management. In addition, because we are incorporated in Delaware, we are governed by the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, which generally prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any of a broad range of business combinations with any "interested" stockholder for a period of three years following the date on which the stockholder became an "interested" stockholder. Any of the foregoing provisions could limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock, and they could deter potential acquirers of our company, thereby reducing the likelihood that you would receive a premium for your common stock in an acquisition.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation designates the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for certain litigation that may be initiated by our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us.

Pursuant to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware is the sole and exclusive forum for (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (2) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or our stockholders, (3) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws or (4) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this choice of forum provision will not apply to suits brought to enforce a duty or liability created by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any other claim for which the federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of our common stock is deemed to have notice of and consented to the foregoing provision. The forum selection clause in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation may limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us.

#### ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

#### **ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

#### **Our Facilities**

Our principal offices, located in Tysons, Virginia, occupy 160,406 square feet of commercial space under a lease that we entered into in August 2014 and expires in 2026. We have amended our lease to expand our square footage as we continue to grow. Our Alarm.com segment uses this facility for sales and marketing, research and development, customer service and administrative purposes.

Our Alarm.com segment also has offices in Bloomington, Minnesota; Boston Massachusetts; Centennial, Colorado; Fort Lauderdale, Florida; Lawrence, Kansas; Provo, Utah; Redwood City, California; and Amsterdam, Netherlands, and owns demonstration homes in Falls Church, Virginia and Boca Raton, Florida. We and our subsidiaries use these properties for sales and training, research and development, technical support and administrative purposes.

Our Other segment has offices in Brooklyn, New York; Nags Head, North Carolina; Needham, Massachusetts; Portland, Oregon; and Ottawa, Canada. Our subsidiaries use these properties for sales and training, research and development, technical support and administrative purposes.

#### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

In September 2014, Icontrol Networks, Inc., or Icontrol, filed a Complaint in the United States District Court, District of Delaware, asserting that SecureNet Technologies, LLC, or SecureNet, infringes certain U.S. Patents owned by Icontrol, patents now owned by Alarm.com through a subsidiary. In March 2015, Icontrol voluntarily agreed to dismiss the case, reserving the right to refile. In September 2015, Icontrol refiled the case against SecureNet in the same district court alleging infringement of some of the same patents. In March 2017, Alarm.com acquired certain assets and intellectual property from Icontrol, including the patents in suit and the ongoing patent infringement lawsuit. The Court conducted a jury trial in February 2019, which resulted in a finding that upheld the validity of the patent claims in one of the patents at issue, but that SecureNet did not infringe certain claims of the three Icontrol patents in suit. Any appeal of the verdict will be due 30 days after the Court enters a final judgment.

On August 24, 2017, Alarm.com Incorporated and its wholly owned subsidiary ICN Acquisition, LLC, filed a patent infringement complaint against ipDatatel, in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. The parties subsequently stipulated to transfer the case to the Southern District of Texas. The complaint seeks injunctive relief to stop the further sale of the infringing ipDatatel's products and systems, and damages for the infringement of Alarm.com's patents. The complaint asserts that the technology in the ipDatatel products infringe one or more claims of Alarm.com's patents: United States Patent Numbers 7,113,090; 7,633,385; 7,956,736; 8,478,871; and 9,141,276. If the litigation is successful, Alarm.com will be entitled to receive monetary damages, injunctive relief, and any other relief, including attorneys' fees, from ipDatatel. The Court has scheduled commencement of trial in August 2019. ipDatatel's motion for dismissal based on alleged patent ineligibility as to each patent in suit was denied without prejudice but ipDatatel renewed the motion. On July 26, 2018, ipDatatel answered the complaint by denying the patent infringement allegations and asserting several affirmative defenses, including invalidity and unenforceability. ipDatatel also asserted antitrust counterclaims based on alleged inequitable conduct in connection with the prosecution of one or more patents-in-suit. In September 2018, ipDataTel filed petitions for inter partes review of four of the patents-in-suit before the U.S. Patent Trial and Appeal Board, or PTAB. On October 19, 2018, the Court issued a claim construction which, among other things, determined that certain claim terms of two of the patents-in-suit were indefinite. Fact discovery is ongoing and opening expert reports are due in March 2019.

On April 25, 2017, Alarm.com Incorporated and its wholly owned subsidiary ICN Acquisition, LLC, filed a patent infringement complaint against Protect America, Inc., or Protect America, and SecureNet Technologies, LLC, or SecureNet, in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. The complaint seeks injunctive relief to stop the further sale of the infringing Protect America and SecureNet products and systems, and damages for the infringement of Alarm.com's patents. The complaint asserts that the technology in the Protect America and SecureNet Alarm Systems products infringe one or more claims of Alarm.com's patents: United States Patent Numbers 7,113,090; 7,633,385; 8,395,494; 8,493,202; 8,612,591; 8,860,804; and 9,141,276. If the litigation is successful, Alarm.com will be entitled to receive monetary damages, injunctive relief, and any other relief, including attorneys' fees, from Protect America and SecureNet. In June 2017, Alarm.com filed an amended complaint against Protect America only and voluntarily dismissed SecureNet from the suit, reserving the right to refile. In September 2017, Alarm.com voluntarily dismissed the amended complaint in the United States District Court of the Eastern District of Virginia and refiled a complaint against Protect America, with substantially the same allegations, in the United States District Court of the Eastern District of Texas. The parties subsequently stipulated to transfer the case to the Western District of Texas. The Court has scheduled a claim construction hearing for May 2019, but has not yet scheduled a jury trial.

On June 2, 2015, Vivint, Inc., or Vivint, filed a lawsuit against us in U.S. District Court, District of Utah, alleging that our technology directly and indirectly infringes six patents that Vivint purchased. Vivint is seeking permanent injunctions, enhanced damages and attorneys' fees. We answered the complaint on July 23, 2015. Among other things, we asserted defenses based on non-infringement and invalidity of the patents in question. On August 19, 2016, the U.S. District Court, District of Utah stayed the litigation pending inter partes review by the PTAB of five of the patents in suit. In March 2017, the PTAB issued final written decisions relating to two patents finding all challenged claims unpatentable. In May 2017, the PTAB issued final written decisions relating to the remaining three patents that found certain claims unpatentable, while certain other claims were not found to be unpatentable. Vivint appealed the decisions to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, or the Federal Circuit, and we cross-appealed. In July 2018, the Federal Circuit issued orders affirming the PTAB's March 2017 decisions that invalidated all challenged claims of two patents. The U.S. District Court. District of Utah lifted the stay on the litigation on June 26, 2017, with Vivint proceeding with its case on four of the six patents in its complaint. No trial date has been set. In September 2017, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, or PTO, ordered ex parte reexaminations of certain claims of two of the remaining patents in suit, at our request. On October 30, 2018 and November 5, 2018, the PTO issued final office actions in the pending reexaminations rejecting all claims being examined as unpatentable over the prior art. On December 7, 2018, the U.S. District Court, District of Utah ordered that (i) litigation regarding the nine claims (from two patents) rejected by the PTO during the reexaminations be stayed until May 15, 2019 and (ii) a hearing on the parties' cross motions for claim construction and Alarm.com's motions for partial summary judgment as to invalidity and infringement be set for April 3, 2019. On December 20, 2018, the Federal Circuit issued an order regarding the inter partes review of three of the remaining patents in suit that vacated, reversed and remanded the PTAB's ruling with regard to the construction of a term ("communication device identification code") as requested by Alarm.com and affirmed the PTAB's May 2017 rulings invalidating certain of the Vivint patents in all other respects.

Should Vivint prevail in proving Alarm.com infringes one or more of its patent claims, we could be required to pay damages of Vivint's lost profits and/or a reasonable royalty for sales of our solution, enjoined from making, using and selling our solution if a license or other right to continue selling such elements is not made available to us or we are unable to design around such patents, and required to pay ongoing royalties and comply with unfavorable terms if such a license is made available to us. While we believe we have valid defenses to Vivint's claims, any of these outcomes could result in a material adverse effect on our business. Even if we were to prevail, this litigation could continue to be costly and time-consuming, divert the attention of our management and key personnel from our business operations and dissuade potential customers from purchasing our solution, which would also materially harm our business. During the course of litigation, we anticipate announcements of the results of hearings and motions, and other interim developments related to the litigation. If securities analysts or investors regard these announcements as negative, the market price of our common stock may decline.

On December 30, 2015, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against us in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, or the Court, alleging violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, or TCPA. The complaint does not allege that Alarm.com itself violated the TCPA, but instead seeks to hold us responsible for the marketing activities of one of our service providers as well as calls made by one of this service provider's sub-dealer agents under principles of agency and vicarious liability. On August 30, 2018, we reached an agreement in principle to settle the case for total cash consideration of \$28.0 million. On October 25, 2018, we entered into a definitive settlement agreement, or Settlement Agreement, and submitted it to the Court for approval. In entering into the definitive settlement agreement, we are making no admission of liability.

Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, among other things, (1) we agreed to pay total cash consideration of \$28.0 million into a settlement fund, (2) we agreed to implement certain business practice changes to increase awareness of TCPA compliance, (3) each party to the Settlement Agreement agreed to a mutual release of claims relating to any claim or potential claim relating to the marketing activities described in the complaint, and (4) each party covenanted not to sue the other with regard to the released claims. In addition, we have agreed to no longer allow the service provider identified in the litigation as purportedly violating the TCPA to continue activating new accounts for Alarm.com products and services after preliminary Court approval of the Settlement Agreement.

On December 19, 2018, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement and certified the class for settlement purposes. The Preliminary Approval Order provides that the administrator must commence the notice process no later than February 18, 2019. Class members will have sixty days from the commencement of notice to file claims, opt out of the settlement or object to the settlement. The Final Approval Hearing is currently scheduled for August 13, 2019.

We made an initial payment of \$5.0 million to the settlement administrator on January 2, 2019, and the remaining payment will take place ten business days after the effective date of the Settlement Agreement, which is five business days following the later of the following events: (1) the date upon which the time expires for filing a notice of appeal of the Court's Final Approval Order and Judgment; or (2) if there is an appeal or appeals of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, and the appellate court enters an order either dismissing the appeal(s) or affirming the Final Approval Order and Judgment without material modification, the date upon which the time expires for seeking review of that order. The release of claims includes all alleged damages incurred related to the lawsuit. Any attorneys' fees awarded by the Court and all costs of notice and claims administration will be paid from the settlement fund.

On August 14, 2017, Alarm.com filed a lawsuit against ABS Capital Partners, Inc., ABS Partners V, LLC, ABS Partners VII, LLC, and Ralph Terkowitz in the Delaware Court of Chancery, or the Chancery Court. On September 22, 2017, Alarm.com filed an amended complaint against ABS Capital Partners, Inc., ABS Partners V, LLC, and ABS Partners VII, LLC, alleging claims of misappropriation of trade secrets and misappropriation of confidential information. The amended complaint seeks damages, declaratory relief, and injunctive relief enjoining the defendants from using Alarm.com's trade secrets and confidential information to compete with Alarm.com. On October 6, 2017, the defendants filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit. On June 15, 2018, the Chancery Court dismissed our complaint. On July 13, 2018, Alarm.com filed a Notice of Appeal with the Delaware Supreme Court. On August 30, 2018, Alarm.com filed its Opening Brief in the Delaware Supreme Court. The defendants filed a response on October 1, 2018, and Alarm.com filed a reply on October 16, 2018. On February 6, 2019, the Supreme Court of Delaware heard oral argument on the appeal, and on February 7, 2019, the Supreme Court of Delaware summarily affirmed the Chancery Court's dismissal of our complaint.

On March 29, 2018, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against us by Nick Fisher in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, alleging violations of the TCPA, and the Telemarketing and Consumer Fraud and Abuse Prevention Act, or TCFAPA. The complaint alleged that Alarm.com and another defendant, Nortek Security & Control LLC, violated the TCPA and TCFAPA through purportedly unauthorized telephone calls to Fisher, and sought to hold us responsible for the alleged calls, including under principles of agency and vicarious liability. The complaint sought monetary damages under the TCPA and TCFAPA, injunctive relief, and other relief, including attorneys' fees. We answered the complaint and filed a motion to dismiss the complaint on June 18, 2018. On November 1, 2018, the Court granted our motion to dismiss the complaint without prejudice as to plaintiff's claims alleging vicarious liability for violations of the TCPA, and with prejudice as to plaintiff's remaining claims.

In addition to the matters described above, we may be a party to litigation and subject to claims incident to the ordinary course of business, and we may be required to provide indemnification to certain of our service provider partners for certain claims regarding our solutions. Although the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, we currently believe that the final outcome of these ordinary course matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business. Regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors.

## **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not applicable.

#### PART II.

## ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

#### Market Information

Our common stock commenced trading on The Nasdaq Global Select Market on June 26, 2015 and trades under the symbol "ALRM." Prior to June 26, 2015, there was no public market for our common stock. On February 20, 2019, the closing price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Global Select Market was \$64.70 per share.

#### **Holders**

As of February 20, 2019, there were 51 stockholders of record of our common stock, one of which is Cede & Co., a nominee for Depository Trust Company, or DTC. All of the shares of common stock held by brokerage firms, banks and other financial institutions as nominees for beneficial owners are deposited into participant accounts at DTC, and are considered to be held of record by Cede & Co. as one stockholder.

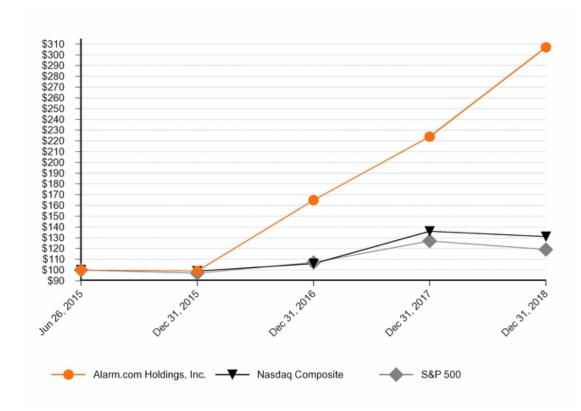
#### Dividends

We cannot provide any assurance that we will declare or pay cash dividends on our common stock in the future. We currently anticipate that we will retain all of our future earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of our business and we do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Additionally, our ability to pay dividends on our common stock is limited by restrictions under the terms of the agreements governing our 2017 Facility with Silicon Valley Bank, as amended, as further disclosed under "Sources of Liquidity" in Part II Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Payment of future cash dividends, if any, will be at the discretion of the board of directors after taking into account various factors, including our financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs, the requirements of current or then-existing debt instruments and other factors the board of directors deems relevant.

## Stock Performance Graph

This performance graph shall not be deemed "soliciting material" or to be "filed" with the SEC for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that Section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any of our filings under the Securities Act.

The following graph shows a comparison for the period June 26, 2015 (the date our common stock commenced trading on The Nasdaq Global Select Market) through December 31, 2018 of the cumulative total return for (i) our common stock, (ii) the Nasdaq Composite Index and (iii) Standard & Poor's 500 Index, or S&P 500 Index assuming an initial investment of \$100 on June 26, 2015 and reinvestment of all dividends. The returns in the graph are not intended to forecast or be indicative of possible future performance of our common stock.



	Jun	e 26, 2015	ı	December 31, 2015		December 31, 2015 December 31, 2016 December 31, 2017 Dec		December 31, 2016 December 31, 2		6 December 31, 2017		December 31, 2017		December 31, 2018
Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.	\$	100	\$	99	\$	165	\$	224	\$	307				
Nasdaq Composite		100		99		106		136		131				
S&P 500		100		97		107		127		119				

# Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

# Use of Proceeds

None.

# Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Stock Repurchase Program. On November 29, 2018, our board of directors authorized a stock repurchase program, under which we are authorized to purchase up to an aggregate of \$75.0 million of our outstanding common stock from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, block trades, tender offers and by any combination of the foregoing, in accordance with federal securities laws, during the two-year period ending November 29, 2020. To date, we have not purchased any shares pursuant to this stock repurchase program.

## **ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**

The selected consolidated statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report. The selected consolidated statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements not included in this Annual Report. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected in the future. The selected financial data should be read together with Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements, related notes, and other financial information included elsewhere in this Annual Report. The following tables set forth our selected consolidated financial and other data for the years ended and as of December 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands, except share and per share data). Information about prior period acquisitions that may affect the comparability of the selected financial information presented below is included in Item 1. Business. Further information about the \$28.0 million expense recorded in general and administrative expense in 2018, which relates to the agreement reached to settle the legal matter alleging violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, or TCPA, and may affect the comparability of the selected financial information presented below, is disclosed in Item 3. "Legal Proceedings."

	Year Ended December 31,										
Consolidated Statements of Operations Data:		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Revenue:											
SaaS and license revenue	\$	291,072	\$	236,283	\$	173,540	\$	140,936	\$	111,515	
Hardware and other revenue		129,422		102,654		87,566		67,952		55,797	
Total revenue		420,494		338,937		261,106		208,888		167,312	
Cost of revenue <sup>(1)</sup> :											
Cost of SaaS and license revenue		44,933		35,610		30,229		25,722		23,007	
Cost of hardware and other revenue		100,782		80,578		69,151		51,652		44,172	
Total cost of revenue		145,715		116,188		99,380		77,374		67,179	
Operating expenses:											
Sales and marketing <sup>(2)</sup>		55,902		43,490		38,980		32,240		25,836	
General and administrative <sup>(2)</sup>		95,750		55,396		57,926		35,473		26,113	
Research and development <sup>(2)</sup>		89,204		72,755		44,272		40,002		23,193	
Amortization and depreciation		21,721		17,734		6,490		5,808		3,991	
Total operating expenses		262,577		189,375		147,668		113,523		79,133	
Operating income		12,202		33,374		14,058		17,991		21,000	
Interest expense		(2,918)		(2,199)		(190)		(178)		(196)	
Other income / (expense), net		2,415		1,066		513		(348)		(485)	
Income before income taxes		11,699		32,241		14,381		17,465		20,319	
(Benefit from) / provision for income taxes		(9,825)		2,990		4,227		5,697		6,817	
Net income		21,524		29,251		10,154		11,768		13,502	
Dividends paid to participating securities		_		_		_		(18,987)		_	
Income allocated to participating securities		(3)		(13)		(12)		_		(12,939)	
Net income / (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	21,521	\$	29,238	\$	10,142	\$	(7,219)	\$	563	

			Yea	r En	ded Decembe	er 31,				
	 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Per share information attributable to common stockholders:										
Net income / (loss) per share:										
Basic	\$ 0.45	\$	0.63	\$	0.22	\$	(0.30)	\$	0.25	
Diluted	\$ 0.43	\$	0.59	\$	0.21	\$	(0.30)	\$	0.14	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:										
Basic	47,633,739		46,682,141		45,716,757		24,108,362		2,276,694	
Diluted	49,692,184		49,153,948		47,875,522		24,108,362		3,890,121	
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	0.36	\$	_	
			Yea	r En	ded Decembe	er 31,				
	2018	2018		2016		2015			2014	
Other Financial and Operating Data:		_								
SaaS and license revenue renewal rate <sup>(3)</sup>	93%		93%		94%		93%		93%	
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 93,081	\$	71,628	\$	49,034	\$	34,370	\$	28,321	
				As	of December	31,		93%		
	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Balance sheet and other data:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 146,06	1	\$ 96,329	\$	140,634	\$	128,358	\$	42,572	
Working capital <sup>(5)</sup>	152,79	3	119,433		150,485		131,971		45,854	
Total assets	440,98	5	371,641		261,245		226,095		120,932	
Redeemable convertible preferred stock	_	-	_		_		_		202,456	
Total long-term obligations	88,12	6	94,311		30,297		26,885		17,572	

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes amortization and depreciation shown in operating expenses below.

Total stockholders' equity / (deficit)

	Year Ended December 31,									
	 2018 2017				2016		2015		2014	
Stock-based compensation expense data:										
Sales and marketing	\$ 1,196	\$	561	\$	536	\$	372	\$	338	
General and administrative	4,901		2,638		1,430		2,486		1,862	
Research and development	7,332		4,214		2,035		1,266		1,067	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 13,429	\$	7,413	\$	4,001	\$	4,124	\$	3,267	

277,589

232,827

170,131

(121,844)

191,249

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes stock-based compensation expense as follows:

<sup>(3)</sup> We measure our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate on a trailing 12-month basis by dividing (a) the total SaaS and license revenue recognized during the trailing 12-month period from subscribers on our Alarm.com platform who were subscribers on the first day of the period, by (b) total SaaS and license revenue we would have recognized during the period from those same subscribers assuming no terminations, or service level upgrades or downgrades. The SaaS and license revenue renewal rate represents both residential and commercial properties. Our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate is expressed as an annualized percentage. Our service provider partners, who resell our services to our subscribers, have indicated that they typically have three to five-year service contracts with our subscribers. Our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate is calculated across our entire subscriber base on the Alarm.com platform, including subscribers whose contract with their service provider reached the end of its contractual term during the measurement period, as well as subscribers whose contract with their service provider has not reached the end of its contractual term during the measurement period, and is not intended to estimate the rate at which our subscribers renew their contracts with our service provider partners. We believe that our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate allows us to measure our ability to retain and grow our SaaS and license revenue and serves as an indicator of the lifetime value of our subscriber base.

(4) We define Adjusted EBITDA as our net income before interest and other income / (expense), net, provision for income taxes, amortization and depreciation expense, stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related expense and legal costs and settlement fees incurred in connection with non-ordinary course litigation and other disputes, particularly costs involved in ongoing intellectual property litigation. We do not consider these items to be indicative of our core operating performance. The non-cash items include amortization and depreciation expense, stock-based compensation expense related to stock options and the sale of common stock, goodwill and intangible impairment charges and gain from the release of an acquisition-related contingent liability. Included in 2015 stock-based compensation expense is \$0.8 million related to the repurchase of an employee's stock awards. We do not adjust for ordinary course legal expenses resulting from maintaining and enforcing our intellectual property portfolio and license agreements. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the table below for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP.

We have included Adjusted EBITDA in this report because it is a key measure that our management uses to understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends, to generate future operating plans, to make strategic decisions regarding the allocation of capital and to make investments in initiatives that are focused on cultivating new markets for our solutions. We also use certain non-GAAP financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA, as performance measures under our executive bonus plan. Further, we believe the exclusion of certain expenses in calculating Adjusted EBITDA facilitates comparisons of our operating performance on a period-to-period basis and, in the case of exclusion of acquisition-related expense and certain historical legal expenses, excludes items that we do not consider to be indicative of our core operating performance. Accordingly, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management and board of directors.

Our use of Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our financial results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are: (a) although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash capital expenditure requirements for such replacements or for new capital expenditure requirements; (b) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs; (c) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the potentially dilutive impact of equity-based compensation; (d) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us; and (e) other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA or similarly titled measures differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these and other limitations, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA alongside our other GAAP-based financial performance measures, net income and our other GAAP financial results. The following table presents a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, for each of the periods indicated (in thousands).

		Year	Ende	ed Decembe	r 31,		
	 2018	2017		2016		2015	2014
Adjusted EBITDA:							
Net income	\$ 21,524	\$ 29,251	\$	10,154	\$	11,768	\$ 13,502
Adjustments:							
Interest expense and other income, net	503	1,133		(323)		526	681
(Benefit from) / provision for income taxes	(9,825)	2,990		4,227		5,697	6,817
Amortization and depreciation expense	21,721	17,734		6,490		5,808	3,991
Stock-based compensation expense	13,429	7,413		4,001		4,124	3,267
Acquisition-related expense	_	5,895		11,098		100	_
Litigation expense	45,729	7,212		13,387		6,347	63
Total adjustments	71,557	42,377		38,880		22,602	14,819
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 93,081	\$ 71,628	\$	49,034	\$	34,370	\$ 28,321

<sup>(5)</sup> In the fourth quarter of 2015, we retrospectively adopted ASU 2015-17, "Income Taxes (Topic 740) Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes," which simplifies the presentation of deferred income taxes and requires entities to classify deferred income tax liabilities and assets for each jurisdiction as noncurrent on the balance sheet. Due to the adoption of this pronouncement, we retrospectively reclassified the previously reported current portion of deferred tax assets to long-term deferred tax assets for the balance sheet and other data table above resulting in a change in working capital as of December 31, 2014.

#### ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this Annual Report. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Annual Report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Annual Report for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

#### Overview

Alarm.com is the leading platform for the intelligently connected property. We offer a comprehensive suite of cloud-based solutions for smart residential and commercial properties, including interactive security, video monitoring, intelligent automation, energy management and wellness solutions. Millions of property owners depend on our technology to intelligently secure, monitor and manage their residential and commercial properties. In the last year alone, our platforms processed more than 200 billion data points generated by over 90 million connected devices. We believe that this scale of subscribers, connected devices and data operations makes us the leader in the connected property market.

Our solutions are delivered through an established network of over 8,000 trusted service providers, who are experts at selling, installing and supporting our solutions. We primarily generate Software-as-a-Service, or SaaS, and license revenue through our service provider partners, who resell these services and pay us monthly fees. Our service provider partners have indicated that they typically have three to five-year service contracts with residential and commercial property owners who use our solutions. We also generate hardware and other revenue, primarily from our service provider partners and distributors. Our hardware sales include connected devices that enable our services, such as video cameras, gateway modules and smart thermostats. We believe that the length of service relationship with residential and commercial property owners, combined with our robust platforms and over 15 years of operating experience, contribute to a compelling business model.

Our technology platforms are designed to make connected properties safer, smarter and more efficient. Our solutions are used in both smart residential and commercial properties, which we refer to as the connected property market and we have designed our technology platforms for all market participants. This includes not only the residential and commercial property owners who subscribe to our services, but also the hardware partners who manufacture devices that integrate with our platforms and the service provider partners who install and maintain our solutions.

Our service provider partners can deploy our interactive security, video monitoring, intelligent automation and energy management solutions as standalone offerings or as combined solutions to address the needs of a broad range of customers. Our technology enables subscribers to seamlessly connect to their property through our family of mobile apps, websites, and new engagement platforms like voice control through Amazon Echo and Google Home, wearable devices like the Apple Watch, and TV platforms such as Apple TV and Amazon Fire TV.

#### Executive Overview and Highlights of 2018 and 2017 Results

We primarily generate SaaS and license revenue, our largest source of revenue, through our service provider partners who resell our services and pay us monthly fees. Our service provider partners sell, install and support Alarm.com solutions that enable residential and commercial property owners to intelligently secure, connect, control and automate their properties. Our service provider partners have indicated that they typically have three to five-year service contracts with residential or commercial property owners. Our subscribers consist of all of the properties maintained by those residential and commercial property owners to which we are delivering at least one of our solutions. We derive a portion of our revenue from licensing our intellectual property to third parties on a per customer basis. SaaS and license revenue represented 69%, 70% and 66% of our revenue in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

We also generate SaaS and license revenue from monthly fees charged to service providers on a per subscriber basis for access to our non-hosted software platform, or Software platform. The non-hosted software for interactive security, automation and related solutions is typically deployed and operated by the service provider in its own network operations center. Software license revenue represented 10%, 9% and 0% of our revenue in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

We also generate revenue from the sale of hardware, including video cameras, cellular radio modules, thermostats, image sensors and other peripherals, that enables our solutions. We have a rich history of innovation in cellular technology that enables our robust SaaS offering. Hardware and other revenue represented 31%, 30% and 34% of our revenue in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. We typically expect hardware and other revenue as a percentage of total revenue.

Highlights of our financial performance for the periods covered in this Annual Report include:

- SaaS and license revenue increased 23% to \$291.1 million in 2018 from \$236.3 million in 2017. SaaS and license revenue increased 36% to \$236.3 million in 2017 from \$173.5 million in 2016.
- Total revenue increased 24% to \$420.5 million in 2018 from \$338.9 million in 2017. Revenue increased 30% to \$338.9 million in 2017 from \$261.1 million in 2016
- Net income was \$21.5 million in 2018, \$29.3 million in 2017 and \$10.2 million in 2016.
- Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP measurement of operating performance, increased to \$93.1 million in 2018 from \$71.6 million in 2017. Adjusted EBITDA increased to \$71.6 million in 2017 from \$49.0 million in 2016.

Please see *Non-GAAP Measures* below in this section of this Annual Report for a discussion of the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most comparable measurement in accordance with GAAP, for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

#### Geographic Areas

We believe there is significant opportunity to expand our international business, as 2% of our total revenue during the year ended December 31, 2018 originated from customers located outside of North America. Our products are currently localized and available in approximately 40 countries outside of North America.

## Recent Developments

In October 2018, we launched our newly deployed video analytics service that leverages our artificial intelligence architecture. Our video analytics engine provides an intelligent new layer of security and awareness for residential and commercial property owners. Object classification and object tracking technology can distinguish between people, vehicles and animals, determine an object's direction of movement and measure the duration of activity. Our subscribers can selectively control and manage notifications and assign virtual zones and multi-directional "tripwires" so they can monitor their properties for highly specific activity.

On November 29, 2018, our board of directors authorized a stock repurchase program, under which we are authorized to purchase up to an aggregate of \$75.0 million of our outstanding common stock from time to time on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, block trades, tender offers and by any combination of the foregoing, in accordance with federal securities laws, during the two-year period ending November 29, 2020. The stock repurchase program does not obligate us to purchase any stock and the number of shares repurchased, if any, and the timing of repurchases will depend on a number of factors, including, but not limited to, stock price, trading volume and general market conditions and other factors. The repurchase program may be suspended, modified or discontinued at any time in our discretion. To date, we have not purchased any shares pursuant to this stock repurchase program. We intend to finance any repurchases under the stock repurchase program using cash on hand.

## Other Business Metrics

We regularly monitor a number of financial and operating metrics in order to measure our current performance and estimate our future performance. Our other business metrics may be calculated in a manner different than similar other business metrics used by other companies and include the following (dollars in thousands):

	 Y	ear End	ed December	31,	
	2018		2017		2016
SaaS and license revenue	\$ 291,072	\$	236,283		173,540
Adjusted EBITDA	93,081		71,628		49,034
	 Twelve	Month	s Ended Dece	mber	31,
	2018		2017		2016
SaaS and license revenue renewal rate	93%		93%		94%

#### SaaS and License Revenue

We believe that SaaS and license revenue is an indicator of the productivity of our existing service provider partners and their ability to activate and maintain subscribers using our intelligently connected property solutions, our ability to add new service provider partners reselling our solutions, the demand for our intelligently connected property solutions and the pace at which the market for these solutions is growing.

## Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA represents our net income before interest expense, other income, net, (benefit from) / provision for income taxes, amortization and depreciation expense, stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related expense and legal costs and settlement fees incurred in connection with non-ordinary course litigation and other disputes, particularly costs involved in ongoing intellectual property litigation. We do not consider these items to be indicative of our core operating performance. The non-cash items include amortization and depreciation expense and stock-based compensation expense. We do not adjust for ordinary course legal expenses resulting from maintaining and enforcing our intellectual property portfolio and license agreements.

Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure that our management uses to understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends to generate future operating plans, to make strategic decisions regarding the allocation of capital, and to make investments in initiatives that are focused on cultivating new markets for our solutions. In particular, the exclusion of certain expenses in calculating Adjusted EBITDA facilitates comparisons of our operating performance on a period-to-period basis and, in the case of exclusion of acquisition-related adjustments and certain historical legal expenses, excludes items that we do not consider to be indicative of our core operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure calculated in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Please see *Non-GAAP Measures* in this section for a discussion of the limitations of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most comparable GAAP measurement, for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

# SaaS and License Revenue Renewal Rate

We measure our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate on a trailing 12-month basis by dividing (a) the total SaaS and license revenue recognized during the trailing 12-month period from our subscribers on our Alarm.com platform who were subscribers on the first day of the period, by (b) total SaaS and license revenue we would have recognized during the period from those same subscribers assuming no terminations, or service level upgrades or downgrades. The SaaS and license revenue renewal rate represents both residential and commercial properties. Our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate is expressed as an annualized percentage. Our service provider partners, who resell our services to our subscribers, have indicated that they typically have three to five-year service contracts with our subscribers. Our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate is calculated across our entire subscriber base on the Alarm.com platform, including subscribers whose contract with their service provider reached the end of its contractual term during the measurement period, as well as subscribers whose contract with their service provider has not reached the end of its contractual term during the measurement period, and is not intended to estimate the rate at which our subscribers renew their contracts with our service provider partners. We believe that our SaaS and license revenue renewal rate allows us to measure our ability to retain and grow our SaaS and license revenue and serves as an indicator of the lifetime value of our subscriber base.

### Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)

In May 2014, the Financing Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, and International Accounting Standards Board jointly issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," a new revenue recognition standard that provides a framework for addressing revenue issues, improves the comparability of revenue recognition practices across industries, provides useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosure requirements and simplifies the presentation of financial statements. On January 1, 2018, we adopted Topic 606 by applying the modified retrospective transition method to all of our contracts. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for the periods presented.

The adoption of Topic 606 did not have a material impact on our revenue recognition policies, however, as a result of adopting the new standard, we changed our treatment of commissions paid to employees, which we previously expensed as incurred. Under the new standard, we capitalize a portion of our commission costs as an incremental cost of obtaining a contract and amortize our commission costs over a period of three years, which is consistent with the period over which the products and services related to the commission are transferred to the customer. Based on the results of our evaluation, the adoption of Topic 606 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Additionally, the cumulative effect to the opening balance sheet on January 1, 2018 from the adoption of Topic 606 was not material.

## Components of Operating Results

Our fiscal year ends on December 31. The key elements of our operating results include:

#### Revenue

We derive our revenue from three primary sources: the sale of cloud-based SaaS services on our integrated Alarm.com platform, the sale of licenses and services on the Software platform and the sale of hardware products. We sell our platform and hardware solutions to service provider partners that resell our solutions and hardware to residential and commercial property owners, who are the service provider partners' customers.

SaaS and License Revenue. We generate the majority of our SaaS and license revenue primarily from monthly fees charged to our service provider partners sold on a per subscriber basis for access to our cloud-based intelligently connected property platform and related solutions. Our fees per subscriber vary based upon the service plan and features utilized.

We offer multiple service level packages for our platform solutions including a range of solutions and a range of a la carte add-ons for additional features. The fee paid by our service provider partners each month for the delivery of our solutions is based on the combination of packages and add-ons enabled for each subscriber. We utilize tiered pricing plans where our service provider partners may receive prospective pricing discounts driven by volume.

We also generate SaaS and license revenue from the fees paid to us when we license our intellectual property to third parties for use of our patents. In addition, in certain markets our EnergyHub subsidiary sells its demand response service for an annual service fee, with pricing based on the number of subscribers or amount of aggregate electricity demand made available for a utility's or market's control.

Software License Revenue. Our SaaS and license revenue also includes our software license revenue from monthly fees charged to service providers sold on a per subscriber basis for access to our Software platform. The non-hosted software for interactive security, automation and related solutions is typically deployed and operated by the service provider in its own network operations center. Our agreements for the Software platform solution typically include software and services, such as post-contract customer support, or PCS.

Hardware and Other Revenue. We generate hardware and other revenue primarily from the sale of video cameras and cellular radio modules that provide access to our cloud-based platforms and, to a lesser extent, the sale of other devices, including image sensors and peripherals. We primarily transfer hardware to our customers upon delivery to the customer, which corresponds with the time at which the customer obtains control of the hardware. We record a reserve against revenue for hardware returns based on historical returns.

Hardware and other revenue may also include activation fees charged to some of our service provider partners for activation of a new subscriber account on our platforms, as well as fees paid by service provider partners for our marketing services. The decision whether to charge an activation fee is based in part on the expected number of subscribers to be added by our service provider partners and as a result, many of our largest service provider partners do not pay an activation fee.

#### **Cost of Revenue**

Our cost of SaaS and license revenue primarily includes the amounts paid to wireless network providers and, to a lesser extent, the costs of running our network operations centers which are expensed as incurred, as well as patent and royalty costs in connection with technology licensed from third-party providers. Our cost of SaaS and license revenue also includes our cost of software license revenue, which primarily includes the payroll and payroll-related costs of the department dedicated to providing service exclusively to those service providers that host the Software platform. Our cost of hardware and other revenue primarily includes cost of raw materials, tooling and amounts paid to our third-party manufacturer for production and fulfillment of our cellular radio modules and image sensors, and procurement costs for our video cameras, which we purchase from an original equipment manufacturer, and other devices. Our cost of hardware and other revenue also includes royalty costs in connection with technology licensed from third-party providers.

We record the cost of SaaS and license revenue as expenses are incurred, which corresponds to the delivery period of our services to our subscribers. We record the cost of hardware and other revenue when the hardware and other services are delivered to the service provider partner, which occurs when control of the hardware and other services transfers to the service provider partner. Our cost of revenue excludes amortization and depreciation.

# **Operating Expenses**

Our operating expenses consist of sales and marketing, general and administrative, research and development and amortization and depreciation expenses. Salaries, bonuses, stock-based compensation, benefits and other personnel related

costs are the most significant components of each of these expense categories, excluding amortization and depreciation. We include stock-based compensation expense in connection with the grant of stock options and other forms of equity compensation in the applicable operating expense category based on the respective equity award recipient's function (sales and marketing, general and administrative or research and development). We grew from 784 employees as of January 1, 2018 to 884 employees as of December 31, 2018, and we expect to continue to hire new employees to support the projected future growth of our business.

Sales and Marketing Expense. Sales and marketing expense consists primarily of personnel and related expenses for our sales and marketing teams, including salaries, bonuses, stock-based compensation, benefits, travel, and commissions. Our sales and marketing teams engage in sales, account management, service provider partner support, advertising, promotion of our products and services and marketing.

The number of employees in sales and marketing functions increased from 242 as of January 1, 2018 to 288 as of December 31, 2018. We expect to continue to invest in our sales and marketing activities to expand our business both domestically and internationally and, as a result, expect our sales and marketing expense to increase on an absolute dollar basis. We intend to increase the size of our sales force and our service provider partner support team to provide additional support to our existing service provider partner base to drive their productivity in selling our solutions as well as to enroll new service provider partners in North America and in international markets.

General and Administrative Expense. General and administrative expense consists primarily of personnel and related expenses for our administrative, legal, human resources, finance and accounting personnel, including salaries, bonuses, stock-based compensation, benefits and other personnel costs. Additional expenses included in this category are legal costs, including those that are incurred to defend and license our intellectual property, as well as non-personnel costs, such as travel related expenses, rent, subcontracting and professional fees, audit fees, tax services, and insurance expenses. Also included in general and administrative expenses are acquisition-related expenses, which consist primarily of legal, accounting and professional service fees directly related to acquisitions, valuation gains or losses on acquisition-related contingent liabilities.

The number of employees in general and administrative functions increased from 95 as of January 1, 2018 to 96 as of December 31, 2018. Excluding intellectual property litigation and acquisition-related costs, we expect general and administrative costs to increase prospectively as our business grows. This includes cost increases related to accounting, finance, and legal personnel, additional external legal, audit fees and other expenses associated with regulations governing public companies. While somewhat unpredictable, we also expect to continue to incur costs related to litigation involving intellectual property. See the section of this Annual Report titled "Legal Proceedings" for additional information on litigation.

Research and Development Expense. Research and development expense consists primarily of personnel and related expenses for our employees working on our product development and software and device engineering teams, including salaries, bonuses, stock-based compensation, benefits and other personnel costs. Also included are non-personnel costs such as consulting and professional fees paid to third-party development resources.

The number of employees in research and development functions grew from 447 as of January 1, 2018 to 500 as of December 31, 2018. Our research and development efforts are focused on innovating new features and enhancing the functionality of our platforms and the solutions we offer to our service provider partners and subscribers. We will also continue to invest in efforts to extend our platforms to adjacent markets and internationally. We expect research and development expenses to increase on an absolute dollar basis and as a percentage of revenue in the short term to maintain our leadership position in the development of intelligently connected property technology, and continued enhancement of our Enterprise Tools platform for our service provider partners.

Amortization and Depreciation. Amortization and depreciation consists of amortization of intangible assets originating from our acquisitions as well as our internally-developed capitalized software. Our depreciation expense is related to investments in property and equipment. Acquired intangible assets include developed technology, customer related intangibles, trademarks and trade names. We expect in the near term that amortization and depreciation may fluctuate based on our acquisition activity, development of our platforms and capitalized expenditures.

### Interest Expense

Interest expense consists of interest expense associated with our credit facilities. On October 6, 2017, we entered into a \$125.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, or the 2017 Facility, with SVB, as administrative agent, PNC Bank, National Association, as documentation agent, and a syndicate of lenders. The 2017 Facility is available to us to refinance existing debt and for general corporate and working capital purposes as permitted under the terms of the 2017 Facility. Interest expense is expected to remain relatively consistent in 2019 as compared to 2018.

## Other Income, Net

Other income, net consists of our portion of the income or loss from our minority investments in other businesses accounted for under the equity method and interest income earned on our cash and cash equivalents and our notes receivable.

## Provision for Income Taxes

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act was signed into law on December 22, 2017. This legislation made significant changes in U.S. tax law, including a reduction in the corporate tax rate, changes to net operating loss carryforwards and carrybacks and a repeal of the corporate alternative minimum tax. The legislation reduced the U.S. corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%.

We are subject to U.S. federal, state and local income taxes as well as foreign income taxes. During the ordinary course of business, there are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. As a result, we recognize tax liabilities based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Our effective tax rates were different from the statutory rate primarily due to the tax windfall benefits from employee stock-based payment transactions, research and development tax credits claimed, and state taxes, partially offset by the impact of non-deductible meal and entertainment expenses. We recognize excess tax windfall benefits on a discrete basis in the quarter in which it occurs, and we anticipate that our effective tax rate will vary from quarter to quarter depending on our stock price and exercises of stock options under our equity incentive plans each period.

## **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth our selected consolidated statements of operations and data as a percentage of revenue for the periods presented (in thousands):

## **Consolidated Statements of Operations**

Year Ended December 31,									
	2018	3	2017				2016		
	\$	%		\$	%		\$	%	
\$	291,072	69 %	\$	236,283	70%	\$	173,540	66 %	
	129,422	31		102,654	30		87,566	34	
	420,494	100		338,937	100		261,106	100	
	44,933	11		35,610	10		30,229	12	
	100,782	24		80,578	24		69,151	26	
	145,715	35		116,188	34		99,380	38	
	55,902	13		43,490	13		38,980	15	
	95,750	23		55,396	16		57,926	22	
	89,204	21		72,755	22		44,272	17	
	21,721	5		17,734	5		6,490	2	
	262,577	62		189,375	56		147,668	56	
	12,202	3		33,374	10		14,058	6	
	(2,918)	(1)		(2,199)	_		(190)	_	
	2,415	1		1,066	_		513	_	
	11,699	3		32,241	10		14,381	6	
	(9,825)	(2)		2,990	1		4,227	2	
\$	21,524	5 %	\$	29,251	9%	\$	10,154	4 %	
		\$ 291,072 129,422 420,494  44,933 100,782 145,715  55,902 95,750 89,204 21,721 262,577 12,202 (2,918) 2,415 11,699 (9,825)	\$ 291,072 69 % 129,422 31 420,494 100 44,933 11 100,782 24 145,715 35 55,902 13 95,750 23 89,204 21 21,721 5 262,577 62 12,202 3 (2,918) (1) 2,415 1 11,699 3 (9,825) (2)	\$ % \$ 291,072 69 % \$ 129,422 31 420,494 100  44,933 11 100,782 24 145,715 35  55,902 13 95,750 23 89,204 21 21,721 5 262,577 62 12,202 3 (2,918) (1) 2,415 1 11,699 3 (9,825) (2)	2018         2017           \$         %           \$         291,072         69 %         \$           \$         129,422         31         102,654           \$         420,494         100         338,937           \$         44,933         11         35,610           \$         100,782         24         80,578           \$         145,715         35         116,188           \$         55,902         13         43,490           \$         95,750         23         55,396           \$         89,204         21         72,755           \$         21,721         5         17,734           \$         262,577         62         189,375           \$         12,202         3         33,374           \$         (2,918)         (1)         (2,199)           \$         2,415         1         1,066           \$         11,699         3         32,241           \$         (9,825)         (2)         2,990	2018         2017           \$         %           \$         291,072         69 %         \$ 236,283         70%           \$         129,422         31         102,654         30           \$         420,494         100         338,937         100           \$         44,933         11         35,610         10           \$         100,782         24         80,578         24           \$         145,715         35         116,188         34           \$         55,902         13         43,490         13         95,750         23         55,396         16           \$         89,204         21         72,755         22         21,721         5         17,734         5           \$         262,577         62         189,375         56           \$         12,202         3         33,374         10           \$         2,918         (1)         (2,199)         —           \$         2,415         1         1,066         —           \$         11,699         3         32,241         10           \$         9,825         (2)         2,990	2018         2017           \$         %         \$         %           \$         291,072         69 %         \$ 236,283         70%         \$ 129,422         31         102,654         30           420,494         100         338,937         100         100           44,933         11         35,610         10         10           100,782         24         80,578         24         24           145,715         35         116,188         34           55,902         13         43,490         13         95,750         23         55,396         16           89,204         21         72,755         22         21,721         5         17,734         5           262,577         62         189,375         56         2           12,202         3         33,374         10         (2,918)         (1)         (2,199)         —           2,415         1         1,066         —         11,699         3         32,241         10           (9,825)         (2)         2,990         1         1	2018         2017         2016           \$         %         \$         %           \$         291,072         69 %         \$ 236,283         70%         \$ 173,540           129,422         31         102,654         30         87,566           420,494         100         338,937         100         261,106           44,933         11         35,610         10         30,229           100,782         24         80,578         24         69,151           145,715         35         116,188         34         99,380           55,902         13         43,490         13         38,980           95,750         23         55,396         16         57,926           89,204         21         72,755         22         44,272           21,721         5         17,734         5         6,490           262,577         62         189,375         56         147,668           12,202         3         33,374         10         14,058           (2,918)         (1)         (2,199)         —         (190)           2,415         1         1,066         —         513	

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes amortization and depreciation shown in operating expenses below.

<sup>(2)</sup> Operating expenses include stock-based compensation expense as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,								
2018 2017					2016				
					,				
\$	1,196	\$	561	\$	536				
	4,901		2,638		1,430				
	7,332		4,214		2,035				
\$	13,429	\$	7,413	\$	4,001				
	\$	\$ 1,196 4,901 7,332	\$ 1,196 \$ 4,901 7,332	\$ 1,196 \$ 561 4,901 2,638 7,332 4,214	\$ 1,196 \$ 561 \$ 4,901 2,638 7,332 4,214				

The following table sets forth the components of cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue:

	Year E	nded December	r 31,
	2018	2017	2016
Components of cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue:			
Cost of SaaS and license revenue as a percentage of SaaS and license revenue	15%	15%	17%
Cost of hardware and other revenue as a percentage of hardware and other revenue	78%	78%	79%
Total cost of revenue as a percentage of total revenue	35%	34%	38%

## Comparison of Years Ended December 31, 2018 to December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2017 to December 31, 2016

#### Revenue

		Υ	ear End	ded December	% Change		
Revenue			2017	2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016	
SaaS and license revenue	\$	291,072	\$	236,283	\$ 173,540	23%	36%
Hardware and other revenue		129,422		102,654	87,566	26%	17%
Total revenue	\$	420,494	\$	338,937	\$ 261,106	24%	30%

## 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$81.6 million increase in total revenue in 2018 compared to 2017 was the result of a \$54.8 million, or 23%, increase in our SaaS and license revenue and a \$26.8 million, or 26%, increase in our hardware and other revenue. Our software license revenue included within SaaS and license revenue increased \$11.6 million to \$41.3 million in 2018 compared to as compared to \$29.7 million during the same period in the prior year. The increase in our Alarm.com segment SaaS and license revenue in 2018 was primarily due to growth in our subscriber base, including the revenue impact from subscribers we added in 2017. Additionally, the increase in the software license revenue was due to the timing of the acquisition of certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of the Connect line of business and all of the outstanding equity interests of the two subsidiaries through which Icontrol conducted its Piper line of business in June 2016, or the Acquisition. To a lesser extent, SaaS and license revenue increased in the period due to an increase fees. The increase in hardware and other revenue in 2018 compared to 2017 was primarily due to an increase in the volume of video cameras sold. Our Other segment contributed 8% of the increase in SaaS and license revenue and 7% of the increase in hardware and other revenue in 2018 compared to 2017. The increase in SaaS and license revenue for our Other segment solution and our energy management and demand response solutions. The increase in hardware and other revenue for our Other segment in 2018 was primarily due to the timing of hardware sales related to our remote access management solution.

### 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$77.8 million increase in total revenue in 2017 compared to 2016 was the result of a \$62.7 million, or 36%, increase in our SaaS and license revenue and a \$15.1 million, or 17%, increase in our hardware and other revenue. The increase in our Alarm.com segment SaaS and license revenue in 2017 was primarily due to growth in our subscriber base, including the revenue impact from subscribers we added in 2016 and due to service providers and their subscribers on our Software platform. To a lesser extent, SaaS and license revenue increased in the period due to an increase in license fees. The increase in hardware and other revenue in 2017 compared to 2016 was due to an increase in the volume of video cameras sold including several new product offering releases in 2017, and due to increases in volume of other peripherals sold including the system enhancement module. Our Other segment contributed 6% of the increase in SaaS and license revenue and 12% of the increase in hardware and other revenue in 2017 compared to 2016. The increase in SaaS and license revenue for our Other segment in 2017 was from our remote access management solution and our energy management and demand response solutions. The

increase in hardware and other revenue for our Other segment in 2017 was primarily due to an increase in video cameras sold and hardware sold to support our remote access management solution.

## Cost of Revenue

	Y	ear End	ded December	% Change			
	 2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016
Cost of revenue <sup>(1)</sup>				_			
Cost of SaaS and license revenue	\$ 44,933	\$	35,610	\$	30,229	26%	18%
Cost of hardware and other revenue	100,782		80,578		69,151	25%	17%
Total cost of revenue	\$ 145,715	\$	116,188	\$	99,380	25%	17%
% of total revenue	35%		34%		38%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes amortization and depreciation shown in operating expenses.

## 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$29.5 million increase in cost of revenue in 2018 compared to 2017 was the result of a \$20.2 million, or 25%, increase in cost of hardware and other revenue and a \$9.3 million, or 26%, increase in cost of SaaS and license revenue. Our cost of software license revenue included within cost of SaaS and license revenue increased \$0.4 million to \$1.7 million during 2018 as compared to \$1.2 million during the same period in the prior year. The increase in cost of Alarm.com segment hardware and other revenue related primarily to an increase in the number of hardware units shipped in 2018 compared to 2017. The increase in cost of Alarm.com segment SaaS and license revenue related primarily to the growth in our subscriber base, which drove a corresponding increase in amounts paid to wireless network providers and, to a lesser extent, the costs of running our network operations centers. Additionally, the increase in the cost of software license revenue was due to the timing of the Acquisition. Cost of hardware and other revenue as a percentage of hardware and other revenue remained relatively consistent at 78% for 2018 and 2017. Cost of SaaS and license revenue as a percentage of SaaS and license revenue remained relatively consistent at 15% for 2018 and 2017. Cost of software license revenue as a percentage of software license revenue remained relatively consistent at 4% during 2018 and 2017.

#### 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$16.8 million increase in cost of revenue in 2017 compared to 2016 was the result of a \$5.4 million, or 18%, increase in cost of SaaS and license revenue and an \$11.4 million, or 17%, increase in cost of hardware and other revenue. The increase in cost of Alarm.com segment SaaS and license revenue related primarily to the growth in our subscriber base, which drove a corresponding increase in amounts paid to wireless network providers and, to a lesser extent, the costs of running our network operations centers. Cost of SaaS and license revenue as a percentage of SaaS and license revenue was 15% for 2017 and 17% for 2016. The decrease in cost of sales relative to our revenue growth was due to the achievement of economies of scale related to the growth in our subscriber base including the addition of the subscribers of our Software platform, which has a higher gross margin profile but lower revenue per subscriber. The increase in cost of hardware and other revenue related primarily to our increase in hardware and other revenue. Cost of hardware and other revenue as a percentage of hardware and other revenue was 78% for 2017 and 79% for 2016. The decrease in cost of hardware as a percentage of hardware and other revenue is a reflection of the mix of product sales during the periods.

## Sales and Marketing Expense

	 Υ	ear En	ded December	31,		% Cha	ange
	2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016
Sales and marketing	\$ 55,902	\$	43,490	\$	38,980	29%	12%
% of total revenue	13%		13%		15%		

## 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$12.4 million increase in sales and marketing expense in 2018 compared to 2017 was primarily due to increases in our marketing programs to support our service provider partners' efforts to enroll new subscribers and expand the adoption of our solutions. Additionally, the increase in sales and marketing was due to increases in headcount for our service provider partner support team to support our growth. As a result, our marketing expense for our Alarm.com segment increased \$8.0 million during 2018 as compared to 2017. Our personnel and related costs for our Alarm.com segment, including salary, benefits, stock-based

compensation and travel expenses, increased by \$3.0 million during 2018 and our expenses for external consultants increased by \$0.5 million. Sales and marketing expense from our Other segment remained relatively consistent during 2018 as compared to 2017. The overall number of employees in our sales and marketing teams increased from 242 as of December 31, 2017 to 288 as of December 31, 2018. Sales and marketing expense as a percentage of total revenue was 13% for 2018 and 2017.

#### 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$4.5 million increase in sales and marketing expense in 2017 compared to 2016 was primarily due to increases in headcount for our sales force, service provider partner support team, and use of consultants to support our growth and for international expansion and marketing initiatives. As a result, our personnel and related costs for our Alarm.com segment, including salary, benefits, stock-based compensation and travel expenses, increased by \$3.5 million in 2017. This increase was partially offset by a \$1.6 million decrease in marketing expense for our Alarm.com segment due to a marketing initiative we undertook in 2016 that did not recur in 2017. Sales and marketing expense from our Other segment increased by \$2.2 million in 2017 due to an increase in employee headcount and associated personnel and related costs as well as expenses related to the use of consultants to support our growth. The overall number of employees in our sales and marketing teams increased from 219 as of December 31, 2016 to 242 as of December 31, 2017. Sales and marketing expense as a percentage of total revenue was 13% and 15% for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

#### General and Administrative Expense

	Υ	ear En	ded December	31,		% Change				
	 2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016			
General and administrative	\$ 95,750	\$	55,396	\$	57,926	73%	(4)%			
% of total revenue	23%		16%		22%					

## 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$40.4 million increase in general and administrative expense in 2018 compared to 2017 was due in part to a \$39.9 million increase in legal expenses primarily resulting from a \$28.0 million expense for the agreement reached to settle the legal matter alleging violations of the TCPA by one of our service providers as well as this service provider's sub-dealer agents within our Alarm.com segment. Additionally, there was a \$3.0 million increase in personnel and related costs for our Alarm.com segment due to an increase in employee headcount to support our operational growth. Finally, there was a \$3.3 million impairment recorded on a secured subordinate convertible promissory note, or Promissory Note, provided to one of our suppliers during 2018 that did not occur in 2017. These increases were partially offset by a \$5.0 million decrease in acquisition-related expenses related to the Acquisition. General and administrative expenses from our Other segment increased by \$0.5 million during 2018 as compared to 2017, primarily due to a \$0.8 million increase in expense for external consultants offset by a decrease in employee-related expenses. The overall number of employees in general and administrative functions increased from 95 as of December 31, 2017 to 96 as of December 31, 2018.

## 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$2.5 million decrease in general and administrative expense in 2017 compared to 2016 was due in part to a \$6.2 million decrease in legal expenses related to ongoing intellectual property litigation within our Alarm.com segment as well as a \$6.4 million decrease in acquisition-related expenses related to the Acquisition. These decreases were partially offset by a \$5.0 million increase in personnel and related costs for our Alarm.com segment due to an increase in employee headcount to support our operational growth and from our acquisitions in the first quarter of 2017. In addition, there was a \$2.3 million increase in expense for external consultants within our Alarm.com segment to support our growth and compliance with the regulations governing public companies as well as a \$1.3 million increase in rent expense. General and administrative expenses from our Other segment decreased by \$1.0 million in 2017 compared to 2016 primarily due to a \$1.3 million decrease in personnel and related costs primarily as a result of a \$1.2 million adjustment during the third quarter of 2016 to increase the fair value of subsidiary stock awards granted to the employees of one of our subsidiaries. The overall number of employees in general and administrative functions increased from 68 as of December 31, 2016 to 95 as of December 31, 2017.

## Research and Development Expense

	Υ	ear End	% Change			
	 2018		2017	2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016
Research and development	\$ 89,204	\$	72,755	\$ 44,272	23%	64%
% of total revenue	21%		22%	17%		

## 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$16.4 million increase in research and development expense in 2018 compared to 2017 was primarily due to an increase in headcount of employees in research and development functions. Our personnel and related costs for our Alarm.com segment increased by \$13.7 million in 2018 compared to 2017. Research and development expense from our Other segment remained relatively consistent during 2018 as compared to 2017. The overall number of employees in research and development functions increased from 447 as of December 31, 2017 to 500 as of December 31, 2018.

#### 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$28.5 million increase in research and development expense in 2017 compared to 2016 was primarily due to an increase in headcount of employees in research and development functions as a result of the Acquisition and the ObjectVideo Labs acquisition. Our personnel and related costs for our Alarm.com segment increased by \$19.2 million in 2017 compared to 2016. In addition, expense for external consultants and information technology to support our research and development personnel increased by \$4.0 million in 2017. Research and development expense from our Other segment increased by \$2.8 million in 2017 compared to 2016, due to a \$1.7 million increase in personnel and related expense and a \$0.4 million increase in expense for external consultants. The overall number of employees in research and development functions increased from 320 as of December 31, 2016 to 447 as of December 31, 2017.

## Amortization and Depreciation

	Y	ear En	ded December		% Change			
	2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016	
Amortization and depreciation	\$ 21,721	\$	17,734	\$	6,490	22%	173%	
% of total revenue	5%		5%		2%			

#### 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$4.0 million increase in amortization and depreciation in 2018 compared to 2017 was primarily due to customer relationships, developed technology and trade name intangibles acquired in connection with the Acquisition.

# 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$11.2 million increase in amortization and depreciation in 2017 compared to 2016 was primarily due to customer relationships, developed technology and trade name intangibles acquired in connection with the Acquisition and the ObjectVideo Labs acquisition in the first quarter of 2017.

#### Interest Expense

	Υ	ear Er	nded December		% Change				
	 2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016		
Interest expense	\$ (2,918)	\$	(2,199)	\$	(190)	33%	1,057%		
% of total revenue	(1)%		—%		— %				

## 2018 Compared to 2017

The \$0.7 million increase in interest expense in 2018 compared to 2017 was primarily due to a higher average outstanding balance on our credit facilities as a result of the Acquisition.

### 2017 Compared to 2016

The \$2.0 million increase in interest expense in 2017 compared to 2016 was primarily due to interest incurred on the additional \$67.0 million drawn under our 2014 Facility and 2017 Facility during the first quarter of 2017 to fund the Acquisition.

#### Other Income, Net

	Y	ear E	nded December		% Change			
	2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016	
Other income, net	\$ 2,415	\$	1,066	\$	513	127%	108%	
% of total revenue	1%		-%		-%			

2018 Compared to 2017

Other net income, net increased \$1.3 million during 2018 as compared to 2017. Included in other income, net was interest income earned on our cash balance and interest income earned on notes receivable.

2017 Compared to 2016

Included in other income, net was interest income earned on our cash balance and interest income earned on notes receivable partially offset from a loss of an equity method investment that is in the start-up phase of its operations.

## (Benefit from) / Provision for Income Taxes

	Ye	ear En	nded December		% Change				
	 2018		2017		2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016		
(Benefit from) / Provision for Income Taxes	\$ (9,825)	\$	2,990	\$	4,227	(429)%	(29)%		
% of total revenue	(2)%		1%		2%				

2018 Compared to 2017

Our effective tax rate decreased to (84.0)% in 2018 from 9.3% in 2017, primarily related to an increase in the tax windfall benefits from the exercise of employee stock options as well as the research and development tax credits in 2018 as compared to 2017.

Our provision for income taxes decreased by \$12.8 million in 2018 as compared to 2017. This decrease was primarily related to a decrease in our income before income taxes, as well as an increase in our deferred tax assets.

2017 Compared to 2016

Our effective tax rate decreased to 9.3% in 2017 from 29.4% in 2016. The decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily related to recognizing the tax windfall benefits from the exercise of employee stock options through the income statement provision for income taxes in the period incurred. We adopted the accounting provision that simplified the tax for employee stock-based payment transactions in the first quarter of 2017. Accordingly, previous tax windfall benefits were required to be recorded in additional paid-in capital. These decreases in the effective tax rate were partially offset by the effects of the Tax Act signed into law on December 22, 2017. As a result of the enacted law, we were required to revalue deferred tax assets and liabilities at the rate in effect when the deferred tax balances are scheduled to reverse. This revaluation resulted in an additional \$8.8 million of income tax expense and a corresponding reduction in the deferred tax asset.

Additionally, our benefit from income taxes increased due to our 2016 research and development tax credit study that was finalized during the second quarter of 2017, resulting in a higher 2016 and 2017 tax credit benefit than we had been previously recording.

## **Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)**

The following table shows selected unaudited quarterly consolidated statement of operations data for each of our eight most recently completed quarters, as well as the percentage of revenue for each line item. In the opinion of management, the information for each of these quarters has been prepared on the same basis as our audited financial statements and include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals, necessary for the fair statement of financial information in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of results that may be achieved in future periods, and operating results for quarterly periods are not necessarily indicative of operating results for a full year.

The selected consolidated statements of operation data in amounts and as a percentage of total revenue are presented below (amounts in thousands):

	 Mar. 31, 2017	,	June 30, 2017	,	Sept. 30, 2017	[	Dec. 31, 2017		Mar. 31, 2018	•	June 30, 2018	Sept. 30, 2018	Dec. 31, 2018
Revenue:													
SaaS and license revenue	\$ 50,226	\$	58,928	\$	61,924	\$	65,205	\$	67,988	\$	70,968	\$ 74,292	\$ 77,824
Hardware and other revenue	23,968		27,060		28,038		23,588		24,768		33,520	37,556	 33,578
Total revenue	74,194		85,988		89,962		88,793		92,756		104,488	111,848	111,402
Cost of revenue:													
Cost of SaaS and license revenue	8,092		8,500		9,545		9,473		10,806		11,027	11,501	11,599
Cost of hardware and other revenue	18,543		21,335		22,288		18,412		17,571		25,461	30,491	27,259
Total cost of revenue	26,635		29,835		31,833		27,885		28,377		36,488	41,992	38,858
Total operating expenses	\$ 43,074	\$	50,257	\$	47,728	\$	48,316	\$	52,386	\$	59,490	\$ 86,550	\$ 64,151
Net income / (loss)	\$ 3,963	\$	9,865	\$	15,103	\$	320	\$	10,515	\$	10,733	\$ (7,652)	\$ 7,928
Net income / (loss) per share:	 					<u> </u>				-			
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$	0.21	\$	0.32	\$	0.01	\$	0.22	\$	0.23	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.16
Diluted	\$ 0.08	\$	0.20	\$	0.31	\$	0.01	\$	0.21	\$	0.22	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.16
As a percent of total revenue:													
Revenue:													
SaaS and license revenue	68%		69%		69%		73%		73%		68%	66 %	70%
Hardware and other revenue	32%		31%		31%		27%		27%		32%	34 %	30%
Total revenue	100%		100%		100%		100%		100%		100%	100 %	100%
Cost of revenue:													
Cost of SaaS and license revenue	11%		10%		11%		11%		12%		11%	10 %	10%
Cost of hardware and other revenue	25%		25%		25%		21%		19%		24%	27 %	25%
Total cost of revenue	36%	_	35%		35%		31%	_	31%		35%	38 %	35%
Total operating expenses	58%		58%		53%		54%		56%		57%	77 %	57%
Net income	5%		11%		17%		-%		11%	_	10%	(7)%	7%

## **Quarterly Trends**

Our quarterly SaaS and license revenue has increased sequentially for all periods presented due to growth in our subscriber base driven by the effectiveness of our service provider partners' ability to resell our services and due to service providers and their subscribers on our Software platform. Hardware and other revenue fluctuates from quarter to quarter based on the timing of hardware orders from our service providers and hardware distributors.

The cost of revenue, in absolute dollars, has increased over time corresponding to the increase in revenue. The cost of revenue as a percent of revenue is lower in quarters when SaaS and license revenue represents a greater percentage of total revenue. Our cost of SaaS and license revenue as a percentage of SaaS and license revenue has been between 14% and 16% for all periods presented.

Operating expenses have generally increased over time. Our most significant operating expenses are employee-related costs, including salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation. Research and development personnel have attributed to approximately 65% of our headcount increase over the eight quarters presented. We continue to invest in research and development to enhance our SaaS solution capabilities for both our residential and commercial subscribers and to enhance our suite of enterprise tools that enable our service provider partners to expand their business. During the three months ended

September 30, 2018, we recorded a \$28.0 million expense related to an agreement reached in 2018 to settle the legal matter alleging violations of the TCPA. During the three months ended December 31, 2018, we recorded a \$3.3 million impairment of the Promissory Note provided to one of our suppliers based on our assessment of recoverability that considered financial data of the supplier, the collateralized assets securing the loan and our position as a secured creditor relative to other secured creditors of the supplier.

#### **Segment Information**

We have two reportable segments: Alarm.com and Other. Our Alarm.com segment represents our cloud-based and Software platforms for the intelligently connected property and related solutions that contributed 93%, 94% and 94% of our revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. Our Other segment is focused on researching, developing and offering residential and commercial automation solutions and energy management products and services in adjacent markets. The consolidated subsidiaries that make up our Other segment are in the investment stage and have incurred significant operating expenses relative to their revenue.

Our Alarm.com segment increased from 710 employees as of January 1, 2018 to 803 employees as of December 31, 2018. Our Other segment increased from 74 employees as of January 1, 2018 to 81 employees as of December 31, 2018. Inter-segment revenue includes sales of hardware between our segments.

The following table presents our revenue, inter-segment revenue and operating expenses by segment (in thousands):

	 Year Ended December 31,																
			2018			2017							2016				
	SaaS and License Revenue		rdware and Other Revenue	(	Operating Expenses		SaaS and License Revenue		rdware and Other Revenue		Operating Expenses		SaaS and License Revenue	aı	lardware nd Other Revenue		perating xpenses
Alarm.com	\$ 278,013	\$	119,221	\$	243,835	\$	227,583	\$	92,445	\$	171,436	\$	168,732	\$	79,049	\$	133,818
Other	13,059		20,316		18,742		8,700		15,154		17,939		4,808		14,018		13,850
Inter-segment Alarm.com	_		(4,749)		_		_		(2,945)		_		_		(2,863)		_
Inter-segment Other	_		(5,366)		_		_		(2,000)		_		_		(2,638)		_
Total	\$ 291,072	\$	129,422	\$	262,577	\$	236,283	\$	102,654	\$	189,375	\$	173,540	\$	87,566	\$	147,668

## Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue, costs and expenses during the reported period. In accordance with GAAP, we base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions, and to the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected. Our most critical accounting policies are summarized below. See Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements for a description of our other significant accounting policies.

### Revenue

We derive our revenue from three primary sources: the sale of cloud-based SaaS services on our integrated Alarm.com platform, the sale of licenses and services on the Software platform and the sale of hardware products. We sell our platform and hardware solutions to service provider partners that resell our solutions and hardware to residential and commercial property owners, who are the service provider partners' customers.

To determine the transaction price, we analyze all of the performance obligations included in the contract. We consider the terms of the contract and our customary business practices, which typically do not include financing components or non-cash consideration. We have variable consideration in the form of retrospective volume discounts, rebate incentives, restocking fees and assurance-type warranties. The significant inputs related to variable consideration include the volume and amount of products and services sold historically and expected to be sold in the future, the availability and performance of our services and the historical and expected number of returns. Depending on the type of variable consideration and its predictability, we may apply an "expected value" approach or a "most likely amount" approach. We estimate the variable consideration at the onset of a contract and include the variable consideration within the transaction price if it is probable that a significant reversal of the variable consideration would not occur in the future. When determining whether the amount of variable consideration included in

the transaction price should be constrained, we look at the history of hardware purchased and subscribers added by our service provider partners to estimate the likelihood of those service provider partners obtaining the retrospective volume discounts and rebates. At times, our contracts include consideration payable to a customer in the form of fixed discounts or rebates. We record the consideration payable to a customer as a reduction to the transaction price resulting in a reduction to revenue over the service period.

If we enter into contracts that contain multiple promised services, we evaluate which of the promised services represent separate performance obligations based on whether or not the promised services are distinct and whether or not the services are separable from other promises in the contract. If these criteria are met, then we allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations using the relative stand-alone selling price method at contract inception.

In determining the relative estimated selling prices, we consider market conditions, entity-specific factors and information about the customer or class of customer. Any discount within the contract is allocated proportionately to all of the separate performance obligations in the contract unless the terms of discount relate specifically to the entity's efforts to satisfy some but not all of the performance obligations.

SaaS and License Revenue. We generate the majority of our SaaS and license revenue primarily from monthly fees charged to our service provider partners sold on a per subscriber basis for access to our cloud-based intelligently connected property platform and related solutions. We also generate SaaS and license revenue from the fees paid to us when we license our intellectual property to third parties for use of our patents. We recognize revenue from SaaS services on a monthly basis as we satisfy our performance obligations.

Software License Revenue. Our SaaS and license revenue also includes our software license revenue from monthly fees charged to service providers sold on a per subscriber basis for access to our Software platform. Under the usage-based royalty exception, we recognize revenue on a monthly basis over the period during which the services are expected to be performed.

Hardware and Other Revenue. We generate hardware and other revenue primarily from the sale of video cameras and cellular radio modules that provide access to our cloud-based platforms and, to a lesser extent, the sale of other devices, including image sensors and peripherals. We recognize hardware and other revenue as we satisfy our performance obligations, which occurs when the hardware is received by our service provider partner or distributor, net of a reserve for estimated returns.

When determining the amount of consideration we expect to be entitled to for the sale of our hardware, we estimate the variable consideration associated with customer returns. We record a reserve against revenue for hardware returns based on historical returns, which was 2% of hardware and other revenue for each of the twelve months ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. We evaluate our hardware reserve on a quarterly basis or if there is an indication of significant changes in return experience. Historically, our returns of hardware have not significantly differed from our estimated reserve. Additionally, we provide assurance-type warranties related to the intended functionality of the products and services provided and those warranties typically allow for the return of hardware up to one year past the date of sale. These warranties were not identified as separate performance obligations.

Hardware and other revenue may also include activation fees charged to some of our service provider partners for activation of a new subscriber account on our platforms, as well as fees paid by service provider partners for our marketing services. The decision whether to charge an activation fee is based in part on the expected number of subscribers to be added by our service provider partners and as a result, many of our largest service provider partners do not pay an activation fee. We record activation fees initially as deferred revenue and we recognize these fees ratably over the expected term of the subscribers' account which we estimate is ten years based on our annual attrition rate.

We do not expect any material changes in the near term to the underlying assumptions used to recognize revenue during the year ended December 31, 2018. However, if changes in these assumptions occur, and, should those changes be significant, they could have a material impact on our SaaS and license revenue as well as our hardware and other revenue.

### Fair Value Measurements

The accounting standard for fair value measurements provides a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures regarding fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or the exit price that would be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. This accounting standard established a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for similar assets and liabilities, either directly or indirectly; quoted prices in markets that are not active; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity.

The Level 3 liability for the subsidiary unit awards relates to agreements established with employees of our subsidiaries for cash awards contingent upon the subsidiary companies meeting certain financial milestones such as revenue, working capital, EBITDA and EBITDA margin. We account for these subsidiary awards using fair value and establish liabilities for the future payment for the repurchase of subsidiary units under the terms of the agreements based on estimating revenue, working capital, EBITDA and EBITDA margin of the subsidiary units over the periods of the awards through the anticipated repurchase dates. We estimated the fair value of each liability by using a Monte Carlo simulation model for determining each of the projected measures by using an expected distribution of potential outcomes. The fair value of each liability is calculated with thousands of projected outcomes, the results of which are averaged and then discounted to estimate the present value. At each reporting date until the respective payment dates, we will remeasure the liability, using the same valuation approach based on the applicable subsidiary's revenue and future collection of financed customer receivables, the unobservable inputs, and we will record any changes in the employee's compensation expense. Some of the awards are subject to the employees' continued employment and therefore recorded on a straight-line basis over the remaining service period. The Level 3 liability for the subsidiary unit awards was \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2018.

Based on this assessment of fair value, we remeasured the Level 3 liabilities, and recorded less than \$0.1 million in general and administrative expense for the year ended December 31, 2018. We have not made any material changes in the accounting methodology used to determine the fair value of the subsidiary unit awards. We do not expect any material changes in the near term to the underlying assumptions used to determine the unobservable inputs used to calculate the fair value of the subsidiary unit awards as of December 31, 2018. However, if changes in these assumptions occur, and, should those changes be significant, we may be exposed to additional realized losses in general and administrative expense.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

We compensate our executive officers, board of directors, employees and consultants with stock-based compensation plans under our 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, or 2015 Plan. We record stock-based compensation expense based upon the award's grant date fair value and use an accelerated attribution method, net of actual forfeitures, in which compensation cost for each vesting tranche in an award is recognized ratably from the service inception date to the vesting date for that tranche. We estimate the fair value of each option granted on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which requires us to estimate the risk-free interest rate, expected term, expected stock price volatility and dividend yield. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon observed interest rates for constant maturity U.S. Treasury securities consistent with the expected term of our stock options. The expected term represents the period of time the stock options are expected to be outstanding and is based on the "simplified method." Under the "simplified method," the expected term of an option is presumed to be the mid-point between the vesting date and the end of the contractual term. We use the "simplified method" due to the lack of sufficient historical exercise data to provide a reasonable basis upon which to otherwise estimate the expected term of the stock options. Expected volatility is based on historical volatilities of our stock and publicly traded stock of comparable companies over the estimated expected term of the stock options.

We do not expect any material changes in the near term to the underlying assumptions used to calculate stock-based compensation expense for the year ended December 31, 2018. However, if changes in these assumptions occur, and, should those changes be significant, they could have a material impact on our stock-based compensation expense.

## **Business Combinations**

We are required to allocate the purchase price of acquired companies to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date based upon their estimated fair values. The net assets and results of operations of an acquired entity are included in our consolidated financial statements from the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Goodwill as of the acquisition date represents the excess of the purchase consideration of an acquired business over the fair value of the underlying net tangible and intangible assets acquired net of liabilities assumed. This allocation and valuation require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to long-lived and intangible assets.

Critical estimates in valuing intangible assets include, but are not limited to, estimates about future expected cash flows from customer contracts, customer lists, proprietary technology and non-competition agreements, the acquired company's brand awareness and market position, assumptions about the period of time the brand will continue to be used in our solutions, as well as expected costs to develop the in-process research and development into commercially viable products and estimated cash flows from the projects when completed, and discount rates. Our estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions we believe to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable. Assumptions may be incomplete or inaccurate, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur.

Other estimates associated with the accounting for these acquisitions may change as additional information becomes available regarding the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

During the measurement period, we may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Any adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period are recorded in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to earnings.

## Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Long-lived Assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of (1) the aggregate of the fair value of consideration transferred in a business combination, over (2) the fair value of assets acquired, net of liabilities assumed. Goodwill is allocated to our reporting units, which are our operating segments or one level below our operating segments. Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to annual impairment tests. We perform our annual impairment review of goodwill on October 1 and when a triggering event occurs between annual impairment tests. We test our goodwill at the reporting unit level. We perform either a qualitative analysis or a quantitative analysis every year depending on the changes to our goodwill balance as well as changes in our business and the economy. Qualitative factors we consider include, but are not limited to, macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, company specific events, changes in circumstances and market capitalization. The amount of goodwill impairment is calculated as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill.

For our 2018 annual impairment review, we performed a qualitative assessment for our Alarm.com reporting unit, our only reporting unit with a goodwill balance. Based on the results of our qualitative assessment, we determined that it was not more likely than not that the fair value of our reporting unit was less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. Therefore, we concluded that there was no goodwill impairment as of October 1, 2018. Our assessment was performed as of October 1, 2018, and we have determined there have been no triggering events from our assessment date through December 31, 2018.

## Intangible Assets and Long-lived Assets

Intangible assets are initially valued at fair value using generally accepted valuation methods appropriate for the type of intangible asset. Intangible assets with definite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives and are reviewed for impairment if indicators of impairment arise. The fair value of the intangible assets is compared with their carrying value and an impairment loss would be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value.

We evaluate the recoverability of our long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets are measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the future undiscounted cash flows the asset is expected to generate. If the asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of any impairment is measured as the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of the impaired asset.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, we determined there were no indicators of impairment of our intangible assets with definite lives or long-lived assets.

## Accounting for Income Taxes

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method as required by accounting standards codification, or ASC 740, "*Income Taxes*," which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that are included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

We record net deferred tax assets to the extent we believe these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such a determination, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, taxplanning strategies, and results of recent operations. During 2013, in connection with the EnergyHub acquisition, we acquired significant net operating losses, a deferred tax asset, which we recorded at its expected realizable value. Based on our historical and expected future taxable earnings, we believe it is more likely than not that we will realize all of the benefit of the existing deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. Accordingly, we have not recorded a valuation allowance as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

We are subject to income taxes in the United States and foreign jurisdictions based upon our business operations in those jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in evaluating uncertain tax positions. We record uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740-10 on the basis of a two-step process whereby (1) we determine whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on the technical merits of the position, and (2) with respect to those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, we recognize the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. We record interest and penalties as a component of our income tax provision.

## Impairment of Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for uncollectibility, if any. We accrue interest on notes receivable based on the contractual terms of the note. Outstanding notes receivable that are aged 30 days or more from the contractual payment date are considered past due. Notes receivable are evaluated for impairment at least quarterly. Impairment occurs when it is deemed probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan. We periodically assess our notes receivable for collectibility and impairment by considering internal factors such as payment status, collateral value, the probability of collecting payments when due and credit quality as well as external factors such as economic conditions. We do not accrue interest on notes receivable that are considered impaired or are greater than 90 days past due based on their contractual payment terms. Notes receivable may be placed on nonaccrual status earlier if, in management's opinion, a timely collection of the full principal and interest becomes uncertain. After a note receivable has been placed in nonaccrual status, interest will be recognized when cash is received. A note receivable may be returned to accrual status after all of the customer's delinquent balances of principal and interest have been settled, and collection of all remaining contractual amounts due is reasonably assured.

Based on our assessment of the collectibility of our Promissory Note provided to one of our suppliers as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, we recorded an impairment of \$3.3 million. Additionally, subsequent to December 31, 2018, we provided the supplier an additional \$3.1 million and accrued additional interest, increasing the outstanding principal and interest balance of the Promissory Note to \$6.6 million. The \$3.1 million provided in 2019 as well as additional funding we expect to provide will be assessed for impairment in future periods after considering the progress of the supplier's financial restructuring. If changes in the assumptions used to assess the collectibility and impairment of our notes receivable occur, and, should those changes be significant, they could have a material impact on our consolidated statements of operations.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 of our consolidated financial statements for information related to recently issued accounting standards.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

## Working Capital

The following table summarizes our cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net and working capital, for the periods indicated (in thousands):

Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	As of December 31,										
	20	18	2017	2016							
alents	\$	146,061 \$	96,329	\$	140,634						
et		49,510	40,634		29,810						
ital		152,793	119,433		150,485						

We define working capital as current assets minus current liabilities. Our cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2018 are available for working capital purposes. We do not enter into investments for trading purposes, and our investment policy is to invest any excess cash in short term, highly liquid investments that limit the risk of principal loss; therefore, our cash and cash equivalents are held in demand deposit accounts that generate very low returns.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2018, we had \$146.1 million in cash and cash equivalents. We consider all highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity from the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. To date, we have principally financed our operations through cash generated by operating activities and, to a lesser extent, through private and public equity financings.

We believe our existing cash and cash equivalents, together with our 2017 Facility, and our future cash flows from operating activities will be sufficient to meet our anticipated operating cash needs for at least the next 12 months. Over the next 12 months.

we expect our capital expenditure requirements to be approximately \$11.0 million, primarily related to the continued build out of our leased office space to support our increasing headcount, including entry into an amendment to expand the office space leased for our corporate headquarters, as well as purchases of computer software and equipment. On August 30, 2018, we reached an agreement in principle to settle a putative class action lawsuit filed against us and Alarm.com Incorporated in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. The tentative settlement was subject to the negotiation and execution of a definitive settlement agreement and Court approval. On October 25, 2018, we entered into a definitive settlement agreement, or the Settlement Agreement, with the plaintiffs. An initial payment of \$5.0 million was made by us to the settlement administrator on January 2, 2019, and the remaining payment of \$23.0 million shall take place ten business days after the effective date of the Settlement Agreement, which is five business days following the later of the following events: (1) the date upon which the time expires for filing a notice of appeal of the Court's Final Approval Order and Judgment, or (2) if there is an appeal or appeals of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, and the appellate court enters an order either dismissing the appeal(s) or affirming the Final Approval Order and Judgment without material modification, the date upon which the time expires for seeking review of that order.

In October 2018, we entered into a Promissory Note with one of our suppliers, which was amended in November 2018, January 2019 and February 2019 as a result of the supplier's financial restructuring. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance of the Promissory Note was \$3.4 million prior to any adjustments for impairment. The Promissory Note was funded by converting \$2.0 million of prepaid assets and a disbursement of \$1.3 million of cash. Based on our recoverability assessment, we believed it was probable that the Promissory Note was fully impaired as of December 31, 2018. Accordingly, an impairment of \$3.3 million and a reduction of \$0.1 million of paid-in-kind interest was recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2018. Subsequent to December 31, 2018, we provided the supplier additional funding of \$3.1 million and accrued additional interest, increasing the outstanding principal and interest balance of the Promissory Note to \$6.6 million. The \$3.1 million provided as well as additional funding we expect to provide will be assessed for impairment after considering the future progress of the supplier's financial restructuring.

Our future working capital and capital expenditure requirements will depend on many factors, including the rate of our revenue growth, the amount and timing of our investments in human resources and capital equipment, future acquisitions and investments, and the timing and extent of our introduction of new solutions and platform and solution enhancements. To the extent our cash and cash equivalents, together with our 2017 Facility, and cash flows from operating activities are insufficient to fund our future activities, we may need to borrow additional funds through our bank credit arrangements or raise funds from public or private equity or debt financings. If we raise additional funds through the incurrence of indebtedness, such indebtedness would likely have rights that are senior to holders of our equity securities and could contain covenants that restrict our operations. Any additional equity financing would be dilutive to our current stockholders.

#### Sources of Liquidity

Our 2017 Facility is a revolving credit facility with SVB, as administrative agent, and a syndicate of lenders to finance working capital and certain permitted acquisitions and investments. The 2017 Facility is available to us to refinance existing debt and for general corporate and working capital purposes including acquisitions, and has a current borrowing capacity of \$125.0 million. We have the option to increase the borrowing capacity of the 2017 Facility to \$175.0 million with the consent of the lenders.

As of December 31, 2018, \$67.0 million was outstanding under the 2017 Facility, no letters of credit were outstanding and \$58.0 million remained available for borrowing under the 2017 Facility. The 2017 Facility contains various financial and other covenants that require us to maintain a maximum consolidated leverage ratio and a fixed charge coverage ratio, and limit our capacity to incur other indebtedness, liens, make certain payments including dividends, and enter into other transactions without approval of the lenders. The 2017 Facility is secured by substantially all of our assets, including our intellectual property. As of December 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all covenants under the 2017 Facility. Our outstanding amounts under the 2017 Facility are due at maturity in October 2022. The 2017 Facility is discussed in more detail below under "Debt Obligations."

### Dividends

We did not declare or pay dividends in the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 or 2016. We cannot provide any assurance that we will declare or pay cash dividends on our common stock in the future. We currently anticipate that we will retain all of our future earnings, if any, for use in the operation and expansion of our business and we do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Additionally, our ability to pay dividends on our common stock is limited by restrictions under the terms of the agreements governing the 2017 Facility. Payment of future cash dividends, if any, will be at the discretion of the board of directors after taking into account various factors, including our financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs, the requirements of current or then-existing debt instruments and other factors the board of directors deems relevant.

#### Historical Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our cash flows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,									
		2018		2017		2016				
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	60,710	\$	57,187	\$	22,600				
Cash flows used in investing activities		(13,377)		(168,795)		(11,426)				
Cash flows from financing activities		2,399		67,303		1,102				

## Operating Activities

Cash flows from operating activities have typically been generated from our net income and by changes in our operating assets and liabilities, particularly from accounts receivable and inventory, adjusted for non-cash expense items such as amortization and depreciation, deferred income taxes and stock-based compensation.

For 2018, cash flows from operating activities were \$60.7 million, an increase of \$3.5 million from 2017, as the result of a \$13.6 million increase in cash from operating assets and liabilities partially offset by a \$7.7 million decrease in net income and a \$2.3 million decrease in non-cash items.

The \$13.6 million increase in cash from operating assets and liabilities was primarily due to the \$28.0 million expense recorded during 2018 for the agreement reached to settle the legal matter alleging violations of the TCPA, which was not paid as of December 31, 2018. This increase in cash from operating assets and liabilities was partially offset by a \$5.5 million increase in the change in inventory related to the purchase of long lead-time parts, a \$2.8 million settlement of the liability related to the subsidiary unit awards during 2018 and differences in timing of collection of receipts and payments of disbursements.

The \$2.3 million decrease in non-cash items was primarily due to a \$14.0 million increase in the change in deferred income taxes, primarily due to the increase in deferred income taxes resulting from the \$28.0 million expense recorded during 2018 for the agreement reached to settle the legal matter alleging violations of the TCPA. This decrease in non-cash items was partially offset by a \$6.0 million increase in stock-based compensation resulting from additional grants of stock options and restricted stock units during 2018. Additionally, there was a \$4.0 million increase in amortization and depreciation primarily due to the additional amortization of customer relationships, developed technology and trade name intangibles acquired from the Acquisition in the first quarter of 2017.

For 2017, cash flows from operating activities were \$57.2 million, an increase of \$34.6 million from 2016, as the result of a \$19.1 million increase in net income and a \$17.9 million increase in non-cash items, partially offset by a \$2.4 million reduction in cash from operating assets and liabilities.

The \$17.9 million increase in non-cash items was primarily due to an \$11.2 million increase in amortization and depreciation primarily due to the additional amortization of customer relationships, developed technology and trade name intangibles acquired from the Acquisition and the ObjectVideo Labs acquisition in the first quarter of 2017. Additionally, there was a \$3.4 million increase in stock-based compensation resulting from additional grants of stock options and restricted stock units during 2017, as well as a \$2.2 million increase in the change in deferred income taxes primarily due to a reduction in the carrying value of our net deferred tax assets resulting from the Tax Act. The \$2.4 million reduction in cash from operating assets and liabilities was primarily due to differences in timing of collection of receipts and payments of disbursement as well as a decrease in the change in our deferred rent balance resulting from the move to our corporate headquarters in 2016.

## Investing Activities

Our investing activities typically include acquisitions, capital expenditures, notes receivable issued to companies with offerings complementary to ours and proceeds from the repayment of those notes receivable. Our capital expenditures have primarily been for general business use, including leasehold improvements as we have expanded our office space to accommodate our growth in headcount, computer equipment used internally, and expansion of our network operations centers.

For 2018, our cash flows used in investing activities was \$13.4 million as compared to \$168.8 million in 2017. The \$155.4 million decrease in cash used in investing activities was primarily due to our payment of \$154.3 million, net of cash acquired, for our acquisitions in the first quarter of 2017.

For 2017, our cash flows used in investing activities was \$168.8 million as compared to \$11.4 million in 2016. The \$157.4 million increase in cash used in investing activities was primarily due to our payment of \$154.3 million, net of cash acquired, for our acquisitions in the first quarter of 2017. In addition, we issued \$8.0 million in loans to distribution partners in 2017 as

compared to \$3.1 million in 2016. These increases in cash used in investing activities were partially offset by a \$1.6 million increase in receipts of payments on notes receivable in 2017 as compared to 2016.

## Financing Activities

Cash generated by financing activities includes borrowings under credit facilities and proceeds from the issuance of common stock from employee stock option exercises and from our employee stock purchase plan. Cash used in financing activities typically includes repurchases of common stock and repayments of debt.

For 2018, cash flows from financing activities was \$2.4 million compared to \$67.3 million in 2017. The \$64.9 million decrease in cash flows from financing activities was primarily due to the \$64.3 million of net proceeds borrowed under the credit facilities during 2017 related to the Acquisition in March 2017.

For 2017, cash flows from financing activities was \$67.3 million compared to \$1.1 million in 2016. The \$66.2 million increase in cash flows from financing activities was primarily due to the \$139.0 million of proceeds borrowed under the credit facilities partially offset by repayments of \$74.7 million under the credit facilities that did not occur in 2016 related to the Acquisition in March 2017 and the refinancing of the 2014 Facility in October 2017.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

Presented below is information about our material contractual obligations and the periods in which those future payments are due as of December 31, 2018. Future events could cause actual payments to differ from these estimates. As of December 31, 2018, the following table summarizes our contractual obligations and the effect such obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flow in future periods (in thousands):

Contractual Obligations	1 Year	2 t	o 3 Years	4 t	o 5 Years	N	More Than 5 Years	Total
Debt:								
Principal payments	\$ _	\$	_	\$	67,000	\$	_	\$ 67,000
Interest payments <sup>1</sup>	3,093		6,194		2,364		_	11,651
Unused line fee payments	118		236		89		_	443
Operating lease commitments	7,044		14,142		13,067		14,838	49,091
Subsidiary unit award liabilities <sup>2</sup>	200		_		_		_	200
Other long-term liabilities	255		953		_		442	1,650
Other commitments <sup>3</sup>	894		311		_		_	1,205
Total contractual obligations	\$ 11,604	\$	21,836	\$	82,520	\$	15,280	\$ 131,240

<sup>(1)</sup> The 2017 Facility incurs interest at a variable rate. The projected variable interest payments assume no change in the Eurodollar Base Rate, or LIBOR, from December 31, 2018.

The commitment amounts in the table above are associated with contracts that are enforceable and legally binding and that specify all significant terms, including fixed or minimum services to be used, fixed, minimum or variable price provisions, and the approximate timing of the actions under the contracts. The table does not include obligations under agreements that we can cancel without a significant penalty.

As of December 31, 2018, we had no outstanding letters of credit under our 2017 Facility.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, including entities sometimes referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities that were established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. We do not engage in off-balance sheet financing arrangements. In addition, we do not engage in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents the current portion of our expected cash payments for our liability to repurchase subsidiary unit awards for our professional residential property management and vacation rental management subsidiary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents amounts due under multi-year, non-cancelable contracts with third-party vendors, as well as other commitments.

## **Debt Obligations**

On October 6, 2017, we entered into a \$125.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, or the 2017 Facility, with SVB, as administrative agent, PNC Bank, National Association, as documentation agent, and a syndicate of lenders. Upon entry into the 2017 Facility, we borrowed \$72.0 million, which was used to repay the previously outstanding balance under our previous credit facility. The 2017 Facility matures in October 2022 and includes an option to further increase the borrowing capacity to \$175.0 million with the consent of the lenders. Costs incurred in connection with the 2017 Facility were capitalized and are being amortized as interest expense over the term of the 2017 Facility. The 2017 Facility is secured by substantially all of our assets, including our intellectual property. During the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we repaid \$4.0 million and \$1.0 million of the outstanding balance of the 2017 Facility.

The outstanding principal balance on the 2017 Facility accrues interest at a rate equal to, at our option, either (1) LIBOR, plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio, or (2) the highest of (a) the Wall Street Journal prime rate, (b) the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50%, or (c) LIBOR plus 1.00% plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio. For the year ended December 31, 2018, we elected for the outstanding principal balance to accrue interest at LIBOR plus 1.50%, LIBOR plus 1.75%, LIBOR plus 2.00%, and LIBOR plus 2.50% when our consolidated leverage ratio is less than 1.00:1.00, greater than or equal to 1.00:1.00 but less than 2.00:1.00, greater than or equal to 2.00:1.00 but less than 3.00:1.00 and greater than or equal to 3.00:1.00, respectively. The 2017 Facility also carries an unused line commitment fee of 0.20%. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the effective interest rate on the credit facilities was 4.13%, 4.16% and 5.81%.

The carrying value of the 2017 Facility was \$67.0 million and \$71.0 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The 2017 Facility includes a variable interest rate that approximates market rates and, as such, we classified the liability as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy and determined that the carrying amount of the 2017 Facility approximated its fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. The 2017 Facility contains various financial and other covenants that require us to maintain a maximum consolidated leverage ratio not to exceed 3.50:1.00 and a consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio of at least 1.25:1.00. As of December 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants and there were no events of default. The 2017 Facility also contains customary conditions to borrowings and events of default and contains various negative covenants, including covenants that restrict our ability to dispose of assets, merge with or acquire other entities, incur indebtedness, incur encumbrances, make certain payments including dividends, make investments or engage in transactions with affiliates without approval of the lenders.

On November 30, 2018, we amended the 2017 Facility to incorporate the parameters that must be met for us to repurchase our outstanding common stock under the stock repurchase program authorized by our board of directors on November 29, 2018.

#### **Non-GAAP Measures**

We define Adjusted EBITDA as our net income before interest expense and other income, net, (benefit from) / provision for income taxes, amortization and depreciation, stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related expense and legal costs and settlement fees incurred in connection with non-ordinary course litigation and other disputes, particularly costs involved in ongoing intellectual property litigation. We do not consider these items to be indicative of our core operating performance. The non-cash items include amortization and depreciation expense, stock-based compensation expense related to stock options and other forms of equity compensation, including, but not limited to, the sale of common stock. We do not adjust for ordinary course legal expenses resulting from maintaining and enforcing our intellectual property portfolio and license agreements. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the table below for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP.

We have included Adjusted EBITDA in this report because it is a key measure that our management uses to understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends, to generate future operating plans, to make strategic decisions regarding the allocation of capital and to make investments in initiatives that are focused on cultivating new markets for our solutions. We also use certain non-GAAP financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA, as performance measures under our executive bonus plan. Further, we believe the exclusion of certain expenses in calculating Adjusted EBITDA facilitates comparisons of our operating performance on a period-to-period basis and, in the case of exclusion of acquisition-related expense and certain historical legal expenses, excludes items that we do not consider to be indicative of our core operating performance. Accordingly, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management and board of directors.

Our use of Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our financial results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are: (a) although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future, and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash capital expenditure requirements for such replacements or for new capital expenditure requirements; (b) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs; (c) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the potentially dilutive impact of equity-based compensation; (d) Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect tax

payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us; and (e) other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA or similarly titled measures differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these and other limitations, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA alongside our other GAAP-based financial performance measures, net income and our other GAAP financial results. The following table presents a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, for each of the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,									
		2018		2017		2016				
Adjusted EBITDA:										
Net income	\$	21,524	\$	29,251	\$	10,154				
Adjustments:										
Interest expense and other income, net		503		1,133		(323)				
(Benefit from) / provision for income taxes		(9,825)		2,990		4,227				
Amortization and depreciation expense		21,721		17,734		6,490				
Stock-based compensation expense		13,429		7,413		4,001				
Acquisition-related expense		_		5,895		11,098				
Litigation expense		45,729		7,212		13,387				
Total adjustments		71,557		42,377		38,880				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	93,081	\$	71,628	\$	49,034				

## ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily the result of fluctuations in interest rates, as well as to a lesser extent, foreign exchange rates and inflation.

#### Interest Rate Risk

We are primarily exposed to changes in short-term interest rates with respect to our cost of borrowing under our 2017 Facility with SVB. We monitor our cost of borrowing under our various facilities, taking into account our funding requirements, and our expectation for short-term rates in the future. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, an increase or decrease in the interest rate on our 2017 Facility with SVB by 100 basis points would increase or decrease our annual interest expense by approximately \$0.7 million.

### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Because substantially all of our revenue and operating expenses are denominated in U.S. dollars, we do not believe that our exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is material to our business, financial condition or results of operations. If a significant portion of our revenue and operating expenses becomes denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars, we may not be able to effectively manage this risk, and our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected by translation and by transactional foreign currency conversions.

### Inflation Risk

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. If our costs become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs through price increases. Our inability or failure to do so could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

# ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

# ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.

## Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related consolidated statements of operations, cash flows, and equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2018, including the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2018 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the COSO.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed the manner in which it accounts for revenues from contracts with customers in 2018.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company's consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

### Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP McLean, Virginia March 1, 2019

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2009.

## ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except share and per share data)

Year Ended December 31, 2018 2016 2017 Revenue: SaaS and license revenue \$ 291,072 236,283 173,540 Hardware and other revenue 129,422 102,654 87,566 Total revenue 420,494 338,937 261,106 Cost of revenue(1): Cost of SaaS and license revenue 44,933 35,610 30,229 Cost of hardware and other revenue 100,782 80,578 69,151 145,715 Total cost of revenue 116,188 99,380 Operating expenses: 55,902 43,490 38,980 Sales and marketing General and administrative 95,750 55,396 57,926 Research and development 89,204 72,755 44,272 6,490 Amortization and depreciation 21,721 17,734 Total operating expenses 262,577 189,375 147,668 12,202 33,374 14,058 Operating income Interest expense (2,918)(2,199)(190)Other income, net 2,415 1,066 513 Income before income taxes 11,699 32,241 14,381 (Benefit from) / provision for income taxes (9,825)2,990 4,227 Net income 21,524 29,251 10,154 Income allocated to participating securities (3)(13)(12)29,238 Net income attributable to common stockholders 21,521 10,142 Per share information attributable to common stockholders: Net income per share: Basic \$ 0.45 \$ 0.63 \$ 0.22 Diluted \$ 0.43 \$ 0.59 \$ 0.21 Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic 47,633,739 46,682,141 45,716,757 Diluted 49,692,184 49,153,948 47,875,522

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of amortization and depreciation shown in operating expenses below.

## ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share and per share data)

		December		r <b>31</b> ,	
		2018		2017	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	146,061	\$	96,329	
Accounts receivable, net		49,510		40,634	
Inventory, net		22,990		14,177	
Other current assets		9,502		12,796	
Total current assets		228,063		163,936	
Property and equipment, net		27,757		23,459	
Intangible assets, net		79,067		94,286	
Goodwill		63,591		63,591	
Deferred tax assets		28,952		18,444	
Other assets		13,555		7,925	
Total assets	\$	440,985	\$	371,641	
Liabilities and stockholders' equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	58,430	\$	29,084	
Accrued compensation		13,484		12,127	
Deferred revenue		3,356		3,292	
Total current liabilities		75,270		44,503	
Deferred revenue		7,820		9,386	
Long-term debt		67,000		71,000	
Other liabilities		13,306		13,925	
Total liabilities		163,396		138,814	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)					
Stockholders' equity					
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.		_		_	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 300,000,000 shares authorized; 48,103,038 and 47,215,720 shares issued; and 48,102,081 and 47,202,310 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.		481		472	
Additional paid-in capital		341,139		321,032	
Accumulated deficit		(64,031)		(88,677)	
Total stockholders' equity		277,589		232,827	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	440,985	\$	371,641	
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See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

Year Ended December 31, 2018 2017 2016 Cash flows from operating activities: \$ 21,524 \$ 29,251 \$ Net income 10,154 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: Provision for doubtful accounts 149 453 648 273 2,055 2,071 Reserve for product returns Provision for notes receivable 3,319 900 965 786 Amortization on patents and tooling 21,721 Amortization and depreciation 17,734 6,490 Amortization of debt issuance costs 108 97 103 Deferred income taxes (11,482)2,488 263 Change in fair value of contingent liability (230)Undistributed losses from equity investees 120 81 Stock-based compensation 7.413 13.429 4.001 Disposal of property and equipment 1,410 828 Changes in operating assets and liabilities (net of business acquisitions): Accounts receivable (9,298)(1,911)(11,181)Inventory (8,813)(3,335)(4,068)Other assets 115 (2,542)(837)Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities 30,615 3,774 10,458 Deferred revenue (1,502)(517)636 Other liabilities 314 3,225 (1,758)Cash flows from operating activities 60,710 57,187 22,600 Cash flows used in investing activities: Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired (154,289)Additions to property and equipment (11,015)(10,464)(9,055)Investment in cost and equity method investees (42)(139)Issuances of notes receivable (1,287)(8,000)(3,073)2,441 Receipt of payment on notes receivable 4,000 Purchases of patents and patent licenses (1,075)(1,600)Cash flows used in investing activities (13,377)(168,795)(11,426)Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from credit facility 139,000 Repayments of credit facility (4,000)(74,700)(438)Payments of debt issuance costs (131)Payments of long-term consideration for business acquisitions (417)(11) Repurchases of common stock (1) (9) Issuances of common stock from equity based plans 6,400 3,450 1,661 Cash flows from financing activities 2.399 67,303 1,102 Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 49,732 (44,305)12,276 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period 96,329 140,634 128,358 Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period 146,061 96,329 140,634

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Continued (in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2018		2017			2016
Supplemental disclosures:						
Cash paid for interest	\$	2,695	\$	2,010	\$	181
Cash (received from) / paid for income taxes, net of refunds		(2,052)		1,805		6,021
Noncash investing and financing activities:						
Assumed options from business acquisition		_		1,375		_
Cash not yet paid for capital expenditures		1,857		322		1,235
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial state	ements.					
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## ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. Consolidated Statements of Equity (in thousands)

	Prefer	red Sto	ock	Comm	on St	ock	ļ	dditional	_					Total
	Shares	Aı	mount	Shares	Α	mount		Paid-In Capital		easury Stock	A	ccumulated Deficit		Stockholders' Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2015	_	\$	_	45,485	\$	455	\$	297,781	\$	(42)	\$	(128,063)	\$	170,131
Common stock issued in connection with equity based plans	_		_	593		5		1,656		_		_		1,661
Vesting of common stock subject to repurchase	_		_	64		1		253		_		_		254
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_	_		_		4,001		_		_		4,001
Tax benefit from stock-based awards, net	_		_	_		_		5,048		_		_		5,048
Retirement of treasury stock	_		_	_		_		(42)		42		_		_
Net income	_		_	_		_		_		_		10,154		10,154
Balance as of December 31, 2016	_	\$		46,142	\$	461	\$	308,697	\$	_	\$	(117,909)	\$	191,249
Adoption of accounting standard on employee share based payments	_		_	_		_		31		_		(19)		12
Common stock issued in connection with equity based plans	_		_	1,045		11		3,439		_		_		3,450
Vesting of common stock subject to repurchase	_		_	15		_		77		_		_		77
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_	_		_		7,413		_		_		7,413
Stock options assumed from acquisition	_		_	_		_		1,375		_		_		1,375
Net income	_		_	_		_		_		_		29,251		29,251
Balance as of December 31, 2017	_	\$	_	47,202	\$	472	\$	321,032	\$	_	\$	(88,677)	\$	232,827
Adoption of accounting standard on revenue recognition	_		_	_		_		_		_		3,122		3,122
Common stock issued in connection with equity based plans	_		_	888		9		6,391		_		_		6,400
Vesting of common stock subject to repurchase	_		_	12		_		55		_		_		55
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_	_		_		13,661		_		_		13,661
Net income	_		_	_		_		_		_		21,524		21,524
Balance as of December 31, 2018	_	\$		48,102	\$	481	\$	341,139	\$	_	\$	(64,031)	\$	277,589
		_			_		_		_		_		_	

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 1. Organization

Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. (referred to herein as Alarm.com, the Company, or we) is the leading platform for the intelligently connected property. We offer a comprehensive suite of cloud-based solutions for the smart residential and commercial property, including interactive security, video monitoring, intelligent automation and energy management. Millions of property owners depend on our technology to intelligently secure, monitor and manage their residential and commercial properties. Our solutions are delivered through an established network of over 8,000 trusted service provider partners, who are experts at selling, installing and supporting our solutions. We derive revenue from the sale of our cloud-based Software-as-a-Service, or SaaS, services, license fees, software, hardware, activation fees and other revenue. Our fiscal year ends on December 31.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Principles of Consolidation

Our consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. Equity investments over which we are able to exercise significant influence but do not control the investee are accounted for using the equity method.

We determine whether we have a controlling financial interest in an entity by first evaluating whether the entity is a voting interest entity or a variable interest entity, or VIE. Voting interest entities are entities that have sufficient equity and provide equity investor voting rights that give them power to make significant decisions relating to the entity's operations. The usual condition for a controlling financial interest in a voting interest entity is ownership of a majority voting interest. In VIEs, a controlling financial interest is attained through means other than voting rights and the entities lack one or more of the characteristics of a voting entity.

We have unconsolidated equity investments in third-party businesses. Equity investments with readily determinable fair values are recorded at fair value. Equity investments without readily determinable fair values are recorded using the measurement alternative. Under the alternative, we measure investments without readily determinable fair values at cost, less impairment, adjusted for observable price changes from orderly transactions for identical or similar investments. We make a separate election to use the measurement alternative for each eligible investment, and reassess whether an investment qualifies for the alternative at each reporting period. Adjustments resulting from impairment, fair value, or observable price changes are recorded in other income, net in our consolidated statements of operations.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Our estimates, judgments and assumptions are continually evaluated based on available information and experience. Because of the use of estimates inherent in the financial reporting process, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates are used when accounting for revenue recognition, allowances for doubtful accounts, allowance for hardware returns, estimates of obsolete inventory, long-term incentive compensation, stock-based compensation, income taxes, legal reserves, contingent consideration and goodwill and intangible assets.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity from the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, we have invested \$117.4 million and \$65.6 million in cash equivalents in the form of money market funds with one financial institution, respectively. We consider these money market funds to be Level 1 financial instruments (see Note 9).

## Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are principally derived from sales to customers located in the United States and Canada. Substantially all of our sales in Canada are transacted in U.S. dollars. Revenue in countries outside of North America accounted for 2%, 1% and less than 1% of our total revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Accounts receivable balances related to service providers partners outside of North America were 4% as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. Our accounts receivable are stated at estimated realizable value. We utilize the allowance method to provide for doubtful accounts based on management's evaluation of the collectibility of the amounts due. Our estimate is based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of accounts receivable. Each of our service provider partners is evaluated for creditworthiness through a credit review process at the inception of the arrangement or if risk indicators arise during our arrangement at such other time. Our terms for hardware sales to our service provider partners and distributors typically allow for

returns for up to one year. We apply our estimate as a percentage of sales monthly, based on historical data, as a reserve against revenue to account for our provision for returns. We have not experienced write-offs for uncollectible accounts or sales returns that have differed significantly from our estimates.

#### Notes Receivable

Notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for uncollectibility, if any. We accrue interest on notes receivable based on the contractual terms of the note. Outstanding notes receivable that are aged 30 days or more from the contractual payment date are considered past due. Notes receivable are evaluated for impairment at least quarterly. Impairment occurs when it is deemed probable that we will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan. Factors considered in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting payments when due. We do not accrue interest on notes receivable that are considered impaired or are greater than 90 days past due based on their contractual payment terms. Notes receivable may be placed on nonaccrual status earlier if, in management's opinion, a timely collection of the full principal and interest becomes uncertain. After a note receivable has been placed in nonaccrual status, interest will be recognized when cash is received. A note receivable may be returned to accrual status after all of the customer's delinquent balances of principal and interest have been settled, and collection of all remaining contractual amounts due is reasonably assured.

In October 2018, we entered into a secured subordinate convertible promissory note, or Promissory Note, with one of our suppliers, which was amended in November 2018, January 2019 and February 2019 as a result of the supplier's financial restructuring. The outstanding receivable balance of the Promissory Note was \$3.4 million as of December 31, 2018, including paid-in-kind interest. We evaluated whether there was an impairment on the \$3.4 million Promissory Note and as part of our quarterly recoverability assessment, we considered financial data of the supplier, the collateralized assets securing the Promissory Note and our position as a secured creditor relative to other secured creditors of the supplier. Based on this assessment, we believed it was probable that the Promissory Note was fully impaired as of December 31, 2018. Accordingly, an impairment charge of \$3.3 million and a reduction of \$0.1 million of paid-in-kind interest was recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2018. The impairment charge was included in general and administrative expense in our consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018. See Note 8 for further details on the Promissory Note with the supplier.

Subsequent to December 31, 2018, we provided the supplier additional funding of \$3.1 million and accrued additional interest, increasing the outstanding principal and interest balance of the Promissory Note to \$6.6 million. The \$3.1 million provided as well as additional funding we expect to provide will be assessed for impairment after considering the future progress of the supplier's financial restructuring. Other than the \$3.4 million loan with the supplier in 2018, there were no allowances for uncollectibility on other notes receivable and there were no notes receivable in nonaccrual status as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. We will continue to evaluate the recoverability of the notes receivable in future periods.

#### Inventory

Our inventory, which is comprised of raw materials and finished goods, includes materials used to produce our wireless communications network enabled radios, video cameras, home automation system parts and peripherals, is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and is charged to cost of sales on a first in, first out, or FIFO, basis when the inventory is shipped from our manufacturer and received by our service provider partners. We periodically evaluate our inventory quantities for obsolescence based on criteria such as customer demand and changing technology and record an obsolescence write-off when necessary.

#### Internal-Use Software

We capitalize the costs directly related to the development of internal-use software for our platforms during the application development stage of the projects. Such costs primarily include payroll and payroll-related costs for engineers and product development employees directly associated with the development project. Our internal-use software is reported at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation begins once the project is ready for its intended use, which is usually when the code goes into production in weekly software builds on our platforms. We depreciate the asset on a straight-line basis over a period of three years, which is the estimated useful life. We update our software for our SaaS multi-tenant platforms on a weekly basis utilizing continuous agile development methods, which primarily consists of bug-fixes and user interface changes. We evaluate whether a project should be capitalized if it adds significant functionality to our platforms. Maintenance activities or minor upgrades are expensed in the period performed.

#### External Software

Costs incurred in researching and developing a computer software product that will be marketed and sold are charged to expense when incurred until technological feasibility is established. Technological feasibility is established upon completion of a detailed program design or, in its absence, completion of a working model (a beta version). After technological feasibility is established, certain payroll and payroll-related costs are capitalized for engineers and product development employees directly associated with the development project. Cost capitalization ceases when the product is available for general release. Our non-hosted software is typically developed in an agile environment with frequent revisions to product release features and functions. Agile development results in a short duration between completion of the detailed program design and beta release. Accordingly, as of December 31, 2018, we do not have any capitalized external software due to the shorter development cycle associated with agile development.

#### Revenue Recognition and Deferred Revenue

We derive our revenue from three primary sources: the sale of cloud-based SaaS services on our integrated Alarm.com platform, the sale of licenses and services on our non-hosted software platform, or Software platform, and the sale of hardware products. We sell our platform and hardware solutions to service provider partners that resell our solutions and hardware to residential and commercial property owners, who are the service provider partners' customers. Our subscribers consist of all of the properties maintained by those residential and commercial property owners to which we are delivering at least one of our solutions. We also sell our hardware to distributors who resell the hardware to service provider partners. We enter into contracts with our service provider partners that establish pricing for access to our platform solutions and for the sale of hardware. These contracts typically have an initial term of one year, with subsequent renewal terms of one year. Our service provider partners typically enter into contracts with our subscribers, which our service provider partners have indicated range from three to five years in length.

Our hardware includes cellular radio modules that enable access to our cloud-based platforms, as well as video cameras, image sensors and other peripherals. Our service provider partners may purchase our hardware in anticipation of installing the hardware in a residential or commercial property when they create a new subscriber account, or for use in existing subscriber properties. The purchase of hardware occurs in a transaction that is separate and typically in advance of the purchase of our platform services. The performance obligation is satisfied when the hardware is received by our service provider partner or distributor. Service provider partners transact with us to purchase our platform solutions and resell our solutions to a new subscriber, or to upgrade or downgrade the solutions of an existing subscriber, at which time the subscriber's access to our platform solutions is enabled and the delivery of the services commences. Our performance obligation related to providing our platform solutions is satisfied on a daily basis as the subscriber uses the platform services. The purchase of platform solutions and the purchase of hardware are separate transactions as revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. We generate all of our revenue from contracts with customers.

SaaS and license revenue associated with our contracts is invoiced and revenue is recognized at an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the performance completed to date. Additionally, the consideration received from hardware sales corresponds directly with the stand-alone selling price of the hardware. As a result, we have elected to use the practical expedient related to the amount of transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied performance obligations and therefore, we have not disclosed the total remaining revenue expected to be recognized on all contracts or the expected period over which the remaining revenue would be recognized for the current period or any period presented before January 1, 2018.

To determine the transaction price, we analyze all of the performance obligations included in the contract. We consider the terms of the contract and our customary business practices, which typically do not include financing components or non-cash consideration. We have variable consideration in the form of retrospective volume discounts, rebate incentives, restocking fees and assurance-type warranties. The significant inputs related to variable consideration include the volume and amount of products and services sold historically and expected to be sold in the future, the availability and performance of our services and the historical and expected number of returns. Depending on the type of variable consideration and its predictability, we may apply an "expected value" approach or a "most likely amount" approach. We estimate the variable consideration at the onset of a contract and include the variable consideration within the transaction price if it is probable that a significant reversal of the variable consideration would not occur in the future. When determining whether the amount of variable consideration included in the transaction price should be constrained, we look at the history of hardware purchased and subscribers added by our service provider partners to estimate the likelihood of those service provider partners obtaining the retrospective volume discounts and rebates. At times, our contracts include consideration payable to a customer in the form of fixed discounts or rebates. We record the consideration payable to a customer as a reduction to the transaction price resulting in a reduction to revenue over the service period.

If we enter into contracts that contain multiple promised services, we evaluate which of the promised services represent separate performance obligations based on whether or not the promised services are distinct and whether or not the services are

separable from other promises in the contract. If these criteria are met, then we allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations using the relative stand-alone selling price method at contract inception.

In determining the relative estimated selling prices, we consider market conditions, entity-specific factors and information about the customer or class of customer. Any discount within the contract is allocated proportionately to all of the separate performance obligations in the contract unless the terms of discount relate specifically to the entity's efforts to satisfy some but not all of the performance obligations.

For our standard service provider agreements, we have used a portfolio approach for purposes of revenue recognition, as each agreement has similar characteristics and we do not expect the effects of applying this approach would have a material impact on our financial statements as compared to assessing each agreement individually.

#### SaaS and License Revenue

We generate the majority of our SaaS and license revenue primarily from monthly fees charged to our service provider partners sold on a per subscriber basis for access to our cloud-based intelligently connected property platform and related solutions. Our fees per subscriber vary based upon the service plan and features utilized.

Under the terms of our contractual arrangements with our service provider partners, we bill a monthly fee to our service provider partners in advance of the month of service, with the exception of the initial partial month of service, which is paid in arrears. Due to the limited period of time between receipt of payment and delivery of service, we have not accounted for these advance payments as significant financing components. We typically transfer the promised SaaS services to our customers over time, which is evidenced by the fact that the customers receive and consume the benefits provided by our performance of the services as such services are rendered. As a result, we recognize revenue from SaaS services on a monthly basis as we satisfy our performance obligations. We have demonstrated that we can sell our SaaS offering on a stand-alone basis, as it can be sold separately from hardware and activation services. As there is neither a minimum required initial service term nor a stated renewal term in our contractual arrangements, we recognize revenue over the period of service, which is monthly. Our service provider partners typically incur and pay the same monthly fee per subscriber account for the entire period a subscriber account is active.

We offer multiple service level packages for our platform solutions including a range of solutions and a range of a la carte add-ons for additional features. The fee paid by our service provider partners each month for the delivery of our solutions is based on the combination of packages and add-ons enabled for each subscriber. We utilize tiered pricing plans where our service provider partners may receive prospective pricing discounts driven by volume.

We also generate SaaS and license revenue from the fees paid to us when we license our intellectual property to third parties for use of our patents. We bill a monthly fee to third parties based on the number of customers that were active during the prior month. We apply the usage-based royalty exception to recognize license revenue because the sole or predominant item to which the royalty relates is the license of intellectual property. Under the usage-based royalty exception, we recognize revenue on a monthly basis over the period of service. In addition, in certain markets our EnergyHub subsidiary sells its demand response service for an annual service fee, with pricing based on the number of subscribers or amount of aggregate electricity demand made available for a utility's or market's control.

## Software License Revenue

Our SaaS and license revenue also includes our software license revenue from monthly fees charged to service providers sold on a per subscriber basis for access to our Software platform. The non-hosted software for interactive security, automation and related solutions is typically deployed and operated by the service provider in its own network operations center. Our agreements for the Software platform solution typically include software and services, such as post-contract customer support, or PCS. Software sales that include multiple elements are typically allocated to the various elements using the relative standalone selling price method. We apply the usage-based royalty exception to recognize license revenue associated with software hosted by our customers because the predominant item to which the royalty relates is the license of intellectual property. Under the usage-based royalty exception, we recognize revenue on a monthly basis over the period during which the services are expected to be performed. Under the terms of our contractual arrangements with our service provider partners, we are entitled to payment of a monthly fee that is billed per subscriber for the month of service. Our software license revenue during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$41.3 million, \$29.7 million and \$0, respectively.

#### Hardware and Other Revenue

We generate hardware and other revenue primarily from the sale of video cameras and cellular radio modules that provide access to our cloud-based platforms and, to a lesser extent, the sale of other devices, including image sensors and peripherals. We primarily transfer hardware to our customers upon delivery to the customer, which corresponds with the time at which the customer obtains control of the hardware. As a result, we recognize hardware and other revenue as we satisfy our performance obligations, which occurs when the hardware is received by our service provider partner or distributor, net of a reserve for estimated returns. There are a few contracts in which we provide shipping and handling services to the customer after control of the hardware transfers to the customer. In these instances, we have elected to account for shipping and handling costs as activities performed to fulfill the promise to transfer hardware to the customer and not as a separate promised service.

Amounts due from the sale of hardware are payable in accordance with the terms of our agreements with our service provider partners or distributors, and are not contingent on resale to end-users, or to service provider partners in the case of sales of hardware to distributors. Payment for our hardware is typically due within 30 days from shipment, with the exception of certain hardware finance arrangements, which are paid over a 36-month period. Our distributors sell directly to our service provider partners under terms between the two parties.

When determining the amount of consideration we expect to be entitled to for the sale of our hardware, we estimate the variable consideration associated with customer returns. We record a reserve against revenue for hardware returns based on historical returns. For each of the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our reserve against revenue for hardware returns was 2% of hardware and other revenue. We evaluate our hardware reserve on a quarterly basis or if there is an indication of significant changes in return experience. Historically, our returns of hardware have not significantly differed from our estimated reserve. Additionally, we provide assurance-type warranties related to the intended functionality of the products and services provided and those warranties typically allow for the return of hardware up to one year past the date of sale. These warranties were not identified as separate performance obligations.

Hardware and other revenue may also include activation fees charged to some of our service provider partners for activation of a new subscriber account on our platforms, as well as fees paid by service provider partners for our marketing services. Our service provider partners use services on our platforms, such as support tools and applications, to assist in the installation of our solutions in subscriber properties. This installation marks the beginning of the service period on our platforms and, on occasion, we earn activation revenue for fees charged for this service. The activation fee is non-refundable, separately negotiated and specified in our contractual arrangements with our service provider partners and is charged to the service provider partner for each subscriber activated on our platforms. The decision whether to charge an activation fee is based in part on the expected number of subscribers to be added by our service provider partners and as a result, many of our largest service provider partners do not pay an activation fee. Activation fees are not offered on a standalone basis separate from our SaaS offering and are billed and received at the beginning of the arrangement. We record activation fees initially as deferred revenue and we recognize these fees ratably over the expected term of the subscribers' account which we estimate is ten years based on our annual attrition rate. The portion of these activation fees included in current and long-term deferred revenue as of our balance sheet date represents the amounts that will be recognized ratably as revenue over the following twelve months, or longer as appropriate, until the ten-year expected term is complete. The balance of deferred revenue for activation fees was \$9.2 million and \$10.5 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, which combines current and long-term balances.

## Cost of Revenue

Our cost of SaaS and license revenue primarily includes the amounts paid to wireless network providers and, to a lesser extent, the costs of running our network operations centers which are expensed as incurred, as well as patent and royalty costs in connection with technology licensed from third-party providers. Our cost of SaaS and license revenue also includes our cost of software license revenue, which primarily includes the payroll and payroll-related costs of the department dedicated to providing service exclusively to those service providers that host the Software platform. Our cost of software license revenue during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$1.7 million, \$1.2 million and \$0, respectively. Our cost of hardware and other revenue primarily includes cost of raw materials, tooling and amounts paid to our third-party manufacturer for production and fulfillment of our cellular radio modules and image sensors, and procurement costs for our video cameras, which we purchase from an original equipment manufacturer, and other devices. Our cost of hardware and other revenue also includes royalty costs in connection with technology licensed from third-party providers.

We record the cost of SaaS and license revenue as expenses are incurred, which corresponds to the delivery period of our services to our subscribers. We record the cost of hardware and other revenue when the hardware and other services are delivered to the service provider partner, which occurs when control of the hardware and other services transfers to the service provider partner. Our cost of revenue excludes amortization and depreciation.

#### Contract Asset and Contract Liability Balances

At contract inception, we assess the goods and services promised in our contracts with customers and identify a performance obligation for each distinct promise to transfer a good or service, or bundle of goods or services. To identify the performance obligations, we consider all of the goods or services promised in the contract, whether explicitly stated or implied based on customary business practices. We record a contract asset when we satisfy a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service. Contract assets can be conditional or unconditional depending on whether another performance obligation must be satisfied before payment can be received. We receive payments from our service provider partners based on the billing schedule established in our contracts. All of the accounts receivable presented in the balance sheet represent unconditional rights to consideration. We do not have any assets from contracts containing conditional rights and we do not have any assets from satisfied performance obligations that have not been invoiced

We recognize an asset related to the costs incurred to obtain a contract only if we expect to recover those costs and we would not have incurred those costs if the contract had not been obtained. We recognize an asset from the costs incurred to fulfill a contract if the costs (i) are specifically identifiable to a contract, (ii) enhance resources that will be used in satisfying performance obligations in future and (iii) are expected to be recovered. Our contract assets consist of capitalized commission costs. Based on the policy above, we capitalize a portion of our commission costs as an incremental cost of obtaining a contract. When calculating the incremental cost of obtaining a contract, we exclude any commission costs related to metrics that could be satisfied without obtaining a contract, including training-related metrics. We amortize our commission costs over a period of three years, which is consistent with the period over which the products and services related to the commission are transferred to the customer. The three-year period was determined based on our review of historical enhancements and upgrades to our products and services. We applied the portfolio approach to account for the amortization of contract costs as each contract has similar characteristics.

The current portion of capitalized commission costs is included in other current assets within our consolidated balance sheets. The non-current portion of capitalized commission costs is reflected in other assets within our consolidated balance sheets. We amortized capitalized commission costs of \$2.0 million during the year ended December 31, 2018. There were no amortized commission costs during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

We review the capitalized costs for impairment at least annually. Impairment exists if the carrying amount of the asset recognized from contract costs exceeds the remaining amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for providing the goods and services to which such asset relates, less the costs that relate directly to providing those good and services and that have not been recognized as an expense. We did not record an impairment loss on our capitalized commission costs or any other contract assets during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

The changes in our contract assets are as follows (in thousands):

	ar Ended ember 31,
	2018
Beginning of period balance	\$ _
Commission costs capitalized in period	4,864
Amortization of capitalized commission costs	 (1,983)
End of period balance	\$ 2,881

Contract liabilities include payments received in advance of performance under the contract, and are realized with the associated revenue recognized under the contract. All of the deferred revenue presented in the balance sheet represents contract liabilities resulting from advance cash receipts from customers or amounts billed in advance to customers from the sale of services. Changes in deferred revenue are due to our performance under the contract as well as to cash received from new contracts for which services have not been provided.

The changes in our contract liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2018		2017		
Beginning of period balance	\$	12,678	\$	12,625	
Revenue deferred in current period		3,954		6,844	
Revenue recognized from amounts included in contract liabilities		(5,456)		(6,791)	
End of period balance	\$	11,176	\$	12,678	

The revenue recognized from amounts included in contract liabilities primarily relates to prepayment contracts with customers as well as payments of activation fees.

#### Research and Development

Our research and development costs consist primarily of personnel and related expenses for our employees working on our product development and software and device engineering teams, including salaries, bonuses, stock-based compensation, benefits and other personnel costs. Our research and development of new products and services is a multidisciplinary effort across our product management, program management, software engineering, device engineering, quality engineering, configuration management and network operations teams. Also included are non-personnel costs, such as consulting and professional fees paid to third-party development resources. We invest substantial resources in research and development to enhance our platforms and applications, support our technology infrastructure, develop new capabilities and conduct quality assurance testing.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The accounting standard for fair value measurements provides a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures regarding fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or the exit price that would be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. This accounting standard established a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for similar assets and liabilities, either directly or indirectly; quoted prices in markets that are not active; and
  - Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity.

The carrying amount of financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximates fair value because of the short maturity and liquidity of those instruments.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis - in 2018, 2017 and 2016, we recorded liabilities for subsidiary unit awards and a contingent consideration liability related to acquisitions at fair value on a recurring basis.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis - We measure certain assets, including property and equipment, goodwill, intangible and long-lived assets, cost and equity method investments at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These assets are recognized at fair value when they are deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk consists principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivables. All of our cash and cash equivalents are held at financial institutions that management believes to be of high credit quality. Our cash and cash equivalent accounts may exceed federally insured limits at times. We have not experienced any losses on cash and cash equivalents to date. To manage accounts receivable risk, we evaluate the credit worthiness of our service provider partners and maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts. The majority of our accounts receivable balance is due from our service provider partners in North America. We assess the concentrations of credit risk with respect to accounts receivables based on one industry and geographic region and believe that our reserve for uncollectible accounts is appropriate based on our history and this concentration.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

We compensate our executive officers, board of directors, employees and consultants with stock-based compensation plans under our 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, or 2015 Plan. We record stock-based compensation expense based upon the award's grant date fair value and use an accelerated attribution method, net of actual forfeitures, in which compensation cost for each vesting tranche in an award is recognized ratably from the service inception date to the vesting date for that tranche. Our equity awards generally vest over five years and are settled in shares of our common stock. During 2018, 2017 and 2016, we recognized compensation expense of \$13.4 million, \$7.4 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, and associated income tax benefit of \$7.6 million, \$12.7 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, in connection with our stock-based compensation plans. We account for stock-based compensation arrangements with non-employees using a fair value approach. The fair value of these options is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model reflecting the same assumptions as applied to employee options in each of the reported periods, other than the expected life, which is assumed to be the remaining contractual life of the option.

Our Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or 2015 ESPP, allows eligible employees to purchase shares of our common stock at 90% of the fair market value of the closing price on the purchase date. The maximum number of shares of our common stock that a participant may purchase during any calendar year is limited to the lesser of 10% of the participant's base compensation for that year or the number of shares with a fair market value of \$15,000. The 2015 ESPP is considered compensatory for purposes of share-based compensation expense. Compensation expense is recognized for the amount of the discount, net of actual forfeitures, over the six-month purchase period.

### 401(k) Defined Contribution Plan

We adopted the Alarm.com Holdings 401(k) Plan, or the Plan, on April 30, 2009. All of our employees are eligible to participate in the Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2018, our discretionary match was 100% of employee contributions up to 10% of salary and up to a \$4,000 maximum match. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, our discretionary match was 100% of employee contributions up to 6% of salary and up to a \$3,000 maximum match. We recognized compensation expense of \$2.7 million, \$1.8 million and \$1.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 related to our matching contributions.

#### **Business Combinations**

We are required to allocate the purchase price of acquired companies to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date based upon their estimated fair values. The net assets and results of operations of an acquired entity are included in our consolidated financial statements from the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Goodwill as of the acquisition date represents the excess of the purchase consideration of an acquired business over the fair value of the underlying net tangible and intangible assets acquired net of liabilities assumed. This allocation and valuation require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to long-lived and intangible assets.

Critical estimates in valuing intangible assets include, but are not limited to, estimates about future expected cash flows from customer contracts, customer lists, proprietary technology and non-competition agreements, the acquired company's brand awareness and market position, assumptions about the period of time the brand will continue to be used in our solutions, as well as expected costs to develop the in-process research and development into commercially viable products and estimated cash flows from the projects when completed, and discount rates. Our estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions we believe to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable. Assumptions may be incomplete or inaccurate, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur.

Other estimates associated with the accounting for these acquisitions may change as additional information becomes available regarding the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

## Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Long-lived Assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of (1) the aggregate of the fair value of consideration transferred in a business combination, over (2) the fair value of assets acquired, net of liabilities assumed. Goodwill is allocated to our reporting units, which are our operating segments or one level below our operating segments. Goodwill is not amortized, but is subject to annual impairment tests. We perform our annual impairment review of goodwill on October 1 and when a triggering event occurs between annual impairment tests. We test our goodwill at the reporting unit level. We perform either a qualitative analysis or a quantitative analysis every year depending on the changes to our goodwill balance as well as changes in our business and the economy. Qualitative factors we consider include, but are not limited to, macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, company specific events, changes in circumstances and market capitalization. The amount of goodwill impairment is calculated as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill.

For our 2018 annual impairment review, we performed a quantitative assessment for our Alarm.com reporting unit, our only reporting unit with a goodwill balance. Based on the results of our qualitative assessment, we determined that it was not more likely than not that the fair value of our reporting unit was less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. Therefore, we concluded that there was no goodwill impairment as of October 1, 2018. Our assessment was performed as of October 1, 2018, and we have determined there have been no triggering events from our assessment date through December 31, 2018.

## Intangible Assets and Long-lived Assets

Intangible assets are initially valued at fair value using generally accepted valuation methods appropriate for the type of intangible asset. Intangible assets with definite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives. We evaluate the recoverability of our intangible assets with definite lives and long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of intangible assets with definite lives and long-lived assets are measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the future undiscounted cash flows the asset is expected to generate. If the asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of any impairment is measured as the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of the impaired asset.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, we determined there were no impairments of our intangible assets with definite lives or long-lived assets.

## **Advertising Costs**

We expense advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs totaled \$11.4 million, \$4.1 million and \$4.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Advertising costs are included within sales and marketing expenses on our consolidated statements of operations.

#### Accounting for Income Taxes

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method as required by accounting standards codification, or ASC 740, "Income Taxes," which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that are included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

We record net deferred tax assets to the extent we believe these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such a determination, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, taxplanning strategies, and results of recent operations. During 2013, in connection with the EnergyHub acquisition, we acquired significant net operating losses, a deferred tax asset, which we recorded at its expected realizable value. Based on our historical and expected future taxable earnings, we believe it is more likely than not that we will realize all of the benefit of the existing deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. Accordingly, we have not recorded a valuation allowance as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

We are subject to income taxes in the United States and foreign jurisdictions based upon our business operations in those jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in evaluating uncertain tax positions. We record uncertain tax positions in accordance with ASC 740-10 on the basis of a two-step process whereby (1) we determine whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on the technical merits of the position, and (2) with respect to those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, we recognize the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority. We record interest and penalties as a component of our income tax provision.

## Comprehensive Income

Our comprehensive income for each of the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was equal to our net income disclosed in the consolidated statements of operations.

### Earnings per Share, or EPS

Our basic net income per share attributable to common stockholders is calculated by dividing the net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period.

Our diluted net income per share attributable to common stockholders is calculated by giving effect to all potentially dilutive common stock when determining the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. For purposes of the diluted net

income per share calculation, options to purchase common stock, redeemable convertible preferred stock, restricted stock units and unvested shares issued upon the early exercise of options that are subject to repurchase are considered to be potential common stock.

We have issued securities other than common stock that participate in dividends ("participating securities"), and therefore utilize the two-class method to calculate net income per share. These participating securities include redeemable convertible preferred stock and unvested shares issued upon the early exercise of options that are subject to repurchase, both of which have non-forfeitable rights to participate in any dividends declared on our common stock. The two-class method requires a portion of net income to be allocated to the participating securities to determine the net income attributable to common stockholders. Net income attributable to the common stockholders is equal to the net income less dividends paid on redeemable convertible preferred stock and unvested shares with any remaining earnings allocated in accordance with the bylaws between the outstanding common and preferred stock as of the end of each period.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Adopted

Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606):

In May 2014, the Financing Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, and International Accounting Standards Board jointly issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," a new revenue recognition standard that provides a framework for addressing revenue issues, improves the comparability of revenue recognition practices across industries, provides useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosure requirements and simplifies the presentation of financial statements. From March to December 2016, amendments to Topic 606 were issued to clarify numerous accounting topics, including, but not limited to: (i) the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations, (ii) the identification of performance obligations, (iii) the licensing implementation guidance, (iv) the objective of the collectibility criterion, (v) the application of the variable consideration guidance and modified retrospective transition method, (vi) the way in which impairment testing is performed and (vii) the disclosure requirements for revenue recognized from performance obligations. This guidance permits the use of either a full retrospective method or a modified retrospective method. This guidance was effective beginning January 1, 2018.

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Topic 606 by applying the modified retrospective transition method to all of our contracts. Comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for the periods presented. The adoption of Topic 606 did not have a material impact on our revenue recognition policies, however, as a result of adopting the new standard, we changed our treatment of commissions paid to employees, which we previously expensed as incurred. Under the new standard, we capitalize a portion of our commission costs as an incremental cost of obtaining a contract and amortize our commission costs over a period of three years, which is consistent with the period over which the products and services related to the commission are transferred to the customer. Based on the results of our evaluation, the adoption of Topic 606 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Additionally, the cumulative effect to the opening balance sheet on January 1, 2018 from the adoption of Topic 606 was not material.

## Other Accounting Standards:

On May 10, 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718) - Scope of Modification Accounting," which amends the scope of modification accounting for share-based payment arrangements. The update provides guidance on the types of changes to the terms or conditions of share-based payment awards to which an entity would be required to apply modification accounting under Accounting Standards Codification, or ASC, Topic 718. Specifically, an entity would not apply modification accounting if the fair value, vesting conditions and classification of the awards are the same immediately before and after the modification. The amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. We adopted ASU 2017-09 during the first quarter of 2018 and the adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on our financial statements and related disclosures.

On January 5, 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, "Business Combinations (Topic 805) - Clarifying the Definition of a Business," which provides guidance to assist entities in evaluating when a set of transferred assets and activities is a business. To be considered a business, an acquisition would have to include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. We adopted ASU 2017-01 during the first quarter of 2018 and the adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on our financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Topic 825-10)" and in February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-03, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10)." These ASUs require entities to carry all investments in equity securities at fair

value and recognize any changes in fair value in net income. Under these standards, equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values are measured at cost minus impairment, if any, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or a similar investment of the same issuer. The guidance in ASU 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The guidance in ASU 2018-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. We adopted ASU 2016-01 and ASU 2018-03 in 2018 and the adoption of these ASUs did not have a material impact on our financial statements and related disclosures.

#### Not Yet Adopted

On June 16, 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)," which provides guidance designed to provide financial statement users with more information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments and other commitments to extend credit held by a reporting entity at each reporting date. When determining such expected credit losses, the guidance requires companies to apply a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. The amendment is effective on a modified retrospective basis for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently assessing the impact this pronouncement may have on our trade receivables and notes receivables.

On February 25, 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" or Topic 842, which requires lessees to recognize operating and financing lease liabilities and corresponding right-of-use assets on the balance sheet. The update also requires improved disclosures to help users of financial statements better understand the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. We plan to adopt Topic 842 effective January 1, 2019. The update must be adopted using a modified retrospective approach. In July 2018, the FASB amended the update to allow entities to apply the transition requirements of Topic 842 at the adoption date rather than at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. We plan to use this optional transition method, which will require us to record the effect of initially applying Topic 842 as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings on January 1, 2019.

We plan to use the package of practical expedients for the adoption of Topic 842, which will allow us not to reassess: (i) whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases, (ii) lease classification for any expired or existing leases and (iii) whether initial direct costs for any existing leases qualify for capitalization under Topic 842. Additionally, we plan to use the hindsight practical expedient when determining the lease term and assessing impairment of right-of-use assets. While we are still evaluating the impact the update will have on our consolidated financial statements, we estimate that the adoption of Topic 842 will result in the recognition of approximately \$28.4 million of leased right-of-use assets, \$1.1 million of property and equipment, \$29.4 million of lease liabilities, net of the reduction to deferred rent liability, and less than \$0.1 million as a reduction of accumulated deficit, within the consolidated balance sheets as of January 1, 2019. We do not expect the adoption of Topic 842 to have a material impact on our consolidated statements of operations.

On August 28, 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement," which provides guidance designed to improve the effectiveness of fair value measurement disclosures in notes to the financial statements. The update removes several existing disclosure requirements, including, but not limited to: (i) the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, (ii) the policy for timing of transfers between levels and (iii) the valuation processes for Level 3 fair value measurements. The update also adds additional disclosure requirements for public companies, including but not limited to: (i) the changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period and (ii) the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. The update also modifies and clarifies several existing disclosure requirements. The amendment in this update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The additional disclosure requirements and one of the modifications to an existing disclosure requirement should be applied prospectively while all other disclosure changes should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented upon the effective date. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently assessing the impact this pronouncement may have on our fair value measurement disclosures; however, this pronouncement is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 3. Accounts Receivable, Net

The components of accounts receivable, net are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,					
	2018		2017			
Accounts receivable	\$	52,850	\$	44,554		
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,425)		(1,449)		
Allowance for product returns		(1,915)		(2,471)		
Accounts receivable, net	\$	49,510	\$	40,634		

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, we recorded a provision for doubtful accounts of \$0.1 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, we recorded a \$0.3 million, \$2.1 million and \$2.1 million reserve for product returns in our hardware and other revenue, respectively. Historically, we have not experienced write-offs for uncollectible accounts or sales returns that have differed significantly from our estimates.

## Note 4. Inventory, Net

The components of inventory, net are as follows (in thousands):

	 December 31,				
	2018	2017			
Raw materials	\$ 6,396	\$ 7,484			
Finished goods	16,594	6,693			
Total inventory, net	\$ 22,990	\$ 14,177			

## Note 5. Property and Equipment, Net

Furniture and fixtures, computer software and equipment, leasehold improvements and real property are recorded at cost and presented net of depreciation. We record land at historical cost. During the application development phase, we record capitalized development costs in our construction in progress account and then reclass the asset to internal-use software when the project is ready for its intended use, which is usually when the code goes into production. Furniture and fixtures and computer software and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over lives ranging from three to five years. Internal-use software is amortized on a straight-line basis over a three-year period. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms or the asset lives. Real property is amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 years.

The components of property and equipment, net are as follows (in thousands):

December 31,			
201			2017
\$	4,102	\$	3,699
	16,228		11,624
	5,072		1,643
	3,790		4,605
	18,338		15,849
	707		502
	508		398
	48,745		38,320
	(20,988)		(14,861)
\$	27,757	\$	23,459
		\$ 4,102 16,228 5,072 3,790 18,338 707 508 48,745 (20,988)	2018 \$ 4,102 \$ 16,228 5,072 3,790 18,338 707 508 48,745 (20,988)

Depreciation expense related to property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$5.7 million, \$5.4 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. Amortization expense related to internal-use software of \$0.8 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.4 million was included in those expenses for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Within the Alarm.com segment, we disposed of and wrote off \$1.4 million and \$0.8 million of capitalized costs to research and development expenses within the consolidated statements of operations primarily related to the design of internal-use software that no longer met the requirements for capitalization during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. There were no disposals and write-offs of property and equipment that impacted the consolidated statements of operations during the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### Note 6. Acquisitions

## Connect and Piper Business Units from Icontrol Networks, Inc.

On March 8, 2017, in accordance with the asset purchase agreement we entered into with Icontrol Networks, Inc., or Icontrol, on June 23, 2016, we acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of the Connect line of business and all of the outstanding equity interests of the two subsidiaries through which Icontrol conducted its Piper line of business, or the Acquisition. Connect provides an interactive security and home automation platform for service providers. Piper provides an all-in-one video and home automation hub. We expect the addition of new technology infrastructure, talent, key relationships and hardware devices to help accelerate our development of intelligent, data-driven smart residential and commercial property services.

The cash consideration was \$148.5 million, after the estimated working capital adjustment, of which \$14.5 million was deposited in escrow and was released in accordance with the asset purchase agreement upon the finalization of indemnification obligations of lcontrol stockholders and the final determination of closing working capital. We used \$81.5 million of cash on hand and drew \$67.0 million under our senior line of credit with Silicon Valley Bank, or SVB, and a syndicate of lenders to fund the Acquisition.

The Acquisition also included non-cash consideration. In accordance with the terms of the asset purchase agreement, we were obligated to assume the Icontrol 2013 Equity Incentive Plan and Icontrol 2003 Stock Plan, or collectively, the Icontrol Plans, and converted the 2,001,387 unvested employee stock options into 70,406 Alarm.com stock options using a conversion ratio stated in the agreement to convert the original exercise price and number of options. The fair value of the unvested stock options on the date of the Acquisition was \$1.7 million calculated using a Black-Scholes model with a volatility and risk-free interest rate over the expected term of the options and the closing price of the Alarm.com common stock on the date of acquisition. We applied our graded vesting accounting policy to the fair value of these assumed options and determined \$1.4 million of the fair value was attributable to pre-combination services and was included as a component of total purchase consideration. The remaining \$0.3 million of the fair value was determined to be attributable to post-combination services and will be recognized over the remaining service periods of the stock options.

The table below sets forth the purchase consideration and the fair value allocation of the tangible and intangible net assets acquired (in thousands):

	Ma	rch 8, 2017
Calculation of Purchase Consideration:		
Cash paid, net of working capital adjustment	\$	148,500
Assumed stock options		1,375
Total consideration	\$	149,875
Estimated Tangible and Intangible Net Assets:	<del></del>	
Cash	\$	211
Accounts receivable		11,421
Current assets		883
Long-term assets		4,446
Customer relationships		93,260
Developed technology		4,770
Trade name		170
Current liabilities		(1,608)
Long-term liabilities		(288)
Goodwill		36,610
Total estimated tangible and intangible net assets	\$	149,875

Goodwill of \$36.6 million reflects the value of acquired workforce and synergies we expect to achieve from integrating support for Connect's security service providers and for the Software platform. The goodwill will be deductible for tax purposes. We allocated goodwill to reporting units based on expected benefit from our synergies, and have allocated the goodwill to the Alarm.com segment.

The purchase price allocation for the Acquisition was finalized during the third quarter of 2017. The final fair value of the assets and liabilities related to the Acquisition reflects an increase of \$0.1 million in tangible assets, net and a decrease of \$0.1 million in goodwill based on working capital adjustments identified by us.

### Fair Value of Net Assets Acquired and Intangibles

In accordance with ASC 805, the business units acquired in the Acquisition constituted a business and the assets and liabilities were recorded at their respective fair values as of March 8, 2017. We developed our estimate of the fair value of intangible net assets using a multi-period excess earnings method for customer relationships, the relief from royalty method for the developed technology and the relief from royalty method for the trade name.

#### Customer Relationships

We recorded the customer relationships intangible separately from goodwill based on determination of the length, strength and contractual nature of the relationship that Connect shared with its customers. We valued two groups of customer relationships using the multi-period excess earnings method, an income approach. We used several assumptions in the income approach, including attrition and renewal rate, margin and discount rate. We are amortizing the first customer relationship, valued at \$92.5 million, on an attribution basis derived from the discounted cash flows of the model over an estimated useful life of twelve years and the second group of customer relationships, valued at \$0.8 million, on the same basis, over an estimated useful life of four years.

#### Developed Technology

Developed technology primarily consists of intellectual property of proprietary software that is marketed for sale. The Software platform is software for interactive security, automation and related solutions that is typically deployed and operated by the service provider in its own network operations center. We valued the developed technology by applying the relief from royalty method, an income approach. We used several assumptions in the relief from royalty method, which included royalty rate and discount rate. We are amortizing the Connect developed technology, valued at \$4.4 million, on an attribution method based on the discounted cash flows of the model over an estimated useful life of three years. Other developed technologies, valued at \$0.3 million, were also acquired.

#### Trade Name

We determined that there was no fair value for the Connect trade name as the largest service provider partner for Connect had re-branded the interactive security and automation platform and marketed it under the service provider partner's own name. We valued the other trade names acquired using a relief from royalty method. We used several assumptions in the income approach, including royalty and discount rates. We are amortizing the other trade names, valued at \$0.2 million, on an attribution basis derived from the discounted cash flows of the model over an estimated useful life of three years.

#### Deferred Tax Asset

The equity interests in the subsidiaries we acquired provided for a carryover tax basis in goodwill and intangible assets that arose from a previous acquisition. We recorded a deferred tax asset of \$4.1 million that represents the excess of the carryover tax basis in those previously acquired goodwill and intangible assets over the fair value of goodwill and intangible assets we recorded on the date of the Acquisition.

## ObjectVideo

On January 1, 2017, in accordance with an asset purchase agreement, we acquired certain assets of ObjectVideo, Inc., or ObjectVideo, that constituted a business now called ObjectVideo Labs, LLC, or ObjectVideo Labs, including products, technology portfolio and engineering team. ObjectVideo is a pioneer in the fields of video analytics and computer vision with technology that extracts meaning and intelligence from video streams in real-time to enable object tracking, pattern recognition and activity identification. We anticipate that the ObjectVideo Labs engineering team's capabilities and expertise will accelerate our research and development of video services and video analytic applications. In addition, ObjectVideo Labs will continue to perform advanced research and engineering services for the federal government. The consideration included \$6.0 million of cash paid at closing.

The table below sets forth the purchase consideration and the fair value allocation of the tangible and intangible net assets acquired (in thousands):

	Janu	ary 1, 2017
Calculation of Purchase Consideration:		
Cash paid, net of working capital adjustment	\$	6,000
Estimated Tangible and Intangible Net Assets:		
Developed technology	\$	3,800
Current liabilities		(58)
Goodwill		2,258
Total estimated tangible and intangible net assets	\$	6,000

Goodwill of \$2.3 million reflects the value of acquired workforce and expected synergies from pairing ObjectVideo Labs' video analytics capabilities with our offerings. The goodwill will be deductible for tax purposes.

The purchase price allocation for the ObjectVideo Labs acquisition was finalized during the third quarter of 2017. The final fair value of the assets and liabilities related to the ObjectVideo Labs acquisition reflects an increase of \$0.4 million in developed technology and a decrease of \$0.4 million in goodwill as well as a corresponding change to amortization of the developed technology based on our use of the replacement cost method to value the developed technology.

Fair Value of Net Assets Acquired and Intangibles

In accordance with ASC 805, the assets and liabilities of ObjectVideo Labs we acquired were recorded at their respective fair values as of January 1, 2017, the date of the acquisition. We developed our estimate of the fair value of intangible assets using the replacement cost method for the developed technology.

#### Developed Technology

Developed technology recorded separately from goodwill consists of intellectual property such as proprietary software used internally for revenue producing activities. ObjectVideo Labs proprietary software consists of source code and video analytics testing programs used internally to provide video analytics consulting services and research and development to customers and for the SaaS Alarm.com platform. We valued the developed technology by applying the replacement cost method. We used several assumptions in this cost approach, which included analyzing costs that a company would expect to incur to recreate an asset of equivalent utility. We are amortizing the developed technology, valued at \$3.8 million, on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of two years which coincides with the rapidly developing technology of video analytics.

## Unaudited Pro Forma Information

The following unaudited pro forma data is presented as if the Acquisition and ObjectVideo Labs were included in our historical consolidated statements of operations beginning January 1, 2016. These pro forma results do not necessarily represent what would have occurred if all the business combinations had taken place on January 1, 2016, nor do they represent the results that may occur in the future.

This pro forma financial information includes our historical financial statements and those of our business combinations with the following adjustments: (i) we adjusted the pro forma amounts for income taxes, (ii) we applied interest expense as if the additional borrowing for the acquisitions were as of January 1, 2016, (iii) we adjusted for amortization expense assuming the fair value adjustments to intangible assets had been applied beginning January 1, 2016, and (iv) we adjusted for transaction fees incurred and reclassified them to January 1, 2016.

The pro forma adjustments were based on available information and upon assumptions that we believe are reasonable to reflect the impact of these acquisitions on our historical financial information on a supplemental pro forma basis, as follows (in thousands):

		Year Ended	rorma Decem	ber 31,	
	2017		2016		
Revenue	\$	350,007	\$	322,238	
Net income		33,191		6,173	
Net income per diluted share	\$	0.68	\$	0.13	

## **Business Combinations in Operations**

The operations of each of the business combinations discussed above were included in the consolidated financial statements as of each of their respective acquisition dates. The following table presents the revenue and earnings of the business combinations in the year of acquisition as reported within the consolidated financial statements (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2017				
Revenue	\$ 33,418				
Net loss	(4.072)				

For the Acquisition, we included the results of Connect's operations since its acquisition date in the Alarm.com segment and the results of Piper's operations since its acquisition date in the Other segment. We included the results of ObjectVideo Labs operations since its acquisition date in the Alarm.com segment.

## Note 7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

The changes in goodwill by reportable segment are outlined below (in thousands):

	AI	(	Other	Total		
Balance as of January 1, 2017	\$	24,723	\$	_	\$	24,723
Goodwill acquired		38,868		_		38,868
Balance as of December 31, 2017		63,591		_		63,591
Goodwill acquired		_		_		_
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	63,591	\$	_	\$	63,591

On January 1, 2017, we acquired ObjectVideo Labs and recorded \$2.3 million of goodwill in the Alarm.com segment. On March 8, 2017, in connection with the Acquisition, we recorded \$36.6 million of goodwill in the Alarm.com segment. There were no impairments of goodwill recorded during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 or 2016. As of December 31, 2018, the accumulated balance of goodwill impairments was \$4.8 million, which is related to our acquisition of EnergyHub in 2013.

The following table reflects changes in the net carrying amount of the components of intangible assets (in thousands):

	-	ustomer ationships	Developed echnology	Tra	de Name	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2017	\$	3,363	\$ 1,048	\$	157	\$ 4,568
Intangible assets acquired		93,260	8,570		170	102,000
Amortization		(8,097)	(4,086)		(99)	(12,282)
Balance as of December 31, 2017		88,526	 5,532		228	 94,286
Amortization		(11,262)	(3,854)		(103)	(15,219)
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	77,264	\$ 1,678	\$	125	\$ 79,067

We recorded \$15.2 million, \$12.3 million and \$1.8 million of amortization related to our intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. There were no impairments of long-lived assets during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

The following tables reflect the weighted-average remaining life and carrying value of finite-lived intangible assets (in thousands):

ח	ece	mh	۵r	31	2	Λ1	2

Gross Carrying Accumulated Amount Amortization		Net Carrying Value		Weighted- Average Remaining Life	
\$ 103,926	\$	(26,662)	\$	77,264	9.9
13,959		(12,281)		1,678	2.1
1,084		(959)		125	2.4
234		(234)		_	_
\$ 119,203	\$	(40,136)	\$	79,067	
	Carrying Amount  \$ 103,926	Carrying Amount         Ac An	Carrying Amount         Accumulated Amortization           \$ 103,926         \$ (26,662)           13,959         (12,281)           1,084         (959)           234         (234)	Carrying Amount         Accumulated Amortization           \$ 103,926         \$ (26,662)           13,959         (12,281)           1,084         (959)           234         (234)	Carrying Amount         Accumulated Amortization         Carrying Value           \$ 103,926         \$ (26,662)         \$ 77,264           13,959         (12,281)         1,678           1,084         (959)         125           234         (234)         —

#### December 31, 2017

	Gross Carrying Acc Amount Amo				Weighted- Average Remaining Life	
Customer relationships	\$ 103,926	\$	(15,400)	\$	88,526	10.8
Developed technology	13,959		(8,427)		5,532	2.1
Trade name	1,084		(856)		228	3.3
Other	234		(234)		_	_
Total intangible assets	\$ 119,203	\$	(24,917)	\$	94,286	

The following table reflects the future estimated amortization expense for intangible assets (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,	Amo	Amortization			
2019	\$	13,644			
2020		12,217			
2021		11,062			
2022		9,371			
2023		7,842			
2024 and thereafter		24,931			
Total future amortization expense	\$	79,067			

## Note 8. Other Assets

## Purchases of Patents and Patent Licenses

From time to time, we enter into agreements to purchase patents or patent licenses. The carrying value, net of amortization, of our purchased patents and patent licenses was \$2.9 million and \$2.4 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, \$0.5 million of patent costs were included in other current assets and \$2.4 million and \$1.9 million of patent costs were included in other assets, respectively. In October 2018, we purchased six patents for \$1.1 million, which increased our historical patent costs related to purchased patents and patent licenses to \$5.9 million. We are amortizing the patent costs over the estimated useful lives of the patents, which range from three years to twelve years. Patent cost amortization of \$0.5 million, \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million was included in cost of SaaS and license revenue in our consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Patent cost amortization of less than \$0.1 million was included in amortization and depreciation in our consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018. There was no amortization of patent costs included in amortization and depreciation during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

#### Loan to a Distribution Partner

In September 2016, we entered into dealer and loan agreements with a distribution partner. The dealer agreement enables the distribution partner to resell our SaaS services and hardware to their subscribers. Under the loan agreements, we agreed to loan the distribution partner up to \$4.0 million, collateralized by all assets owned by the distribution partner. The advance period for the loan was amended in August 2017 to begin each year on September 1 and end each year on December 31. Interest on the outstanding principal accrued at a rate per annum equal to the greater of 6.0% or the Eurodollar Base Rate, or LIBOR, plus 4.0%, as determined on the first date of each annual advance period. The repayment of principal and accrued interest was due in three installments beginning in July and ending in August following the advance period. The term date of the loan was August 31, 2019; however, the borrower had the option to extend the term of the loan for two successive terms of one year each.

In May 2018, the loan agreement with our distribution partner was amended to convert the entire \$4.0 million note receivable outstanding into a \$4.0 million term loan. The term loan matures on July 31, 2022 and requires annual principal repayments of \$1.0 million on July 31 of each year, commencing on July 31, 2019. The term loan also requires monthly interest payments, with interest accruing on the outstanding principal balance at a rate per annum equal to 6.0% through June 30, 2018 and a rate per annum equal to the LIBOR rate on the first of any interest period plus 7.0% beginning on July 1, 2018. As of December 31, 2018, \$1.0 million and \$3.0 million of the note receivable balance was included in other current assets and other assets in our consolidated balance sheets, respectively. As of December 31, 2017, the \$4.0 million note receivable balance was included in other current assets.

In April 2017, we entered into a subordinated credit agreement with an affiliated entity of the distribution partner and loaned the affiliated entity \$3.0 million, with a maturity date of November 21, 2022. Interest on the outstanding principal balance accrues at a rate of 8.5% per annum and requires monthly interest payments. The \$3.0 million loan receivable balance was included in other assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we recognized \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million of revenue from the distribution partners associated with these loans.

## Loan to a Supplier

In October 2018, we entered into a Promissory Note with one of our suppliers, which was amended in November 2018, January 2019 and February 2019 as a result of the supplier's financial restructuring. Under the Promissory Note, we agreed to provide the supplier up to \$6.6 million, collateralized by all assets owned by the supplier and subject to certain liens from another secured creditor. Interest on the outstanding principal is accrued at a rate per annum equal to 12.0%, of which 6.0% per annum is payable in cash and the remaining 6.0% per annum is payable in kind. The repayment of accrued interest is due quarterly beginning with the quarter ending March 31, 2019. The repayment of principal is due at the term date, which is the earlier of (i) October 3, 2023, (ii) the occurrence of a change of control, (iii) one day following the maturity day of the supplier's senior indebtedness or (iv) immediately upon the acceleration of the supplier's senior indebtedness.

As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance on the Promissory Note was \$3.4 million, including paid-in-kind interest, and was included in other assets in our consolidated balance sheets prior to any adjustments for impairment. The Promissory Note was funded by converting \$2.0 million of prepaid assets and a disbursement of \$1.3 million of cash. Based on our recoverability assessment, we believed it was probable that the Promissory Note was fully impaired as of December 31, 2018. Accordingly, an impairment of \$3.3 million and a reduction of \$0.1 million of paid-in-kind interest was recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2018. The impairment charge was included in general and administrative expense in our consolidated statements of operations. See Note 2 for further details on our recoverability assessment and subsequent agreements with the supplier.

#### Note 9. Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis as of December 31, 2018								
Fair value measurements in:	Level 1		L	Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets:									
Money market account	\$	117,392	\$	_	\$	_	\$	117,392	
Total	\$	117,392	\$	_	\$	_	\$	117,392	
Liabilities:									
Subsidiary unit awards	\$	_	\$	_	\$	385	\$	385	
Total	\$	_	\$	_	\$	385	\$	385	
		Fa	air Value M	easurements Decembe	on a Recu er 31, 2017		s of		
Fair value measurements in:		Level 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3		Total	
Assets:									
Money market account	\$	65,620	\$	_	\$	_	\$	65,620	
Total	\$	65,620	\$	_	\$	_	\$	65,620	
Liabilities:	<del></del>								
Subsidiary unit awards	\$		\$		\$	3,160	\$	3,160	
Total	\$		\$	_	\$	3,160	\$	3,160	

The following table summarizes the change in fair value of the Level 3 liabilities for subsidiary unit awards with significant unobservable inputs (in thousands):

	Inputs						
Beginning of period balance	d December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2017					
	\$ 3,160	\$	2,768				
Total losses included in earnings	27		392				
Settlements	(2,802)		_				
End of period balance	\$ 385	\$	3,160				

Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable

The money market account is included in our cash and cash equivalents in our consolidated balance sheets. Our money market assets are valued using quoted prices in active markets.

The liability for the subsidiary unit awards relates to agreements established with employees of our subsidiaries for cash awards contingent upon the subsidiary companies meeting certain financial milestones such as revenue, working capital, EBITDA and EBITDA margin. We account for these subsidiary awards using fair value and establish liabilities for the future payment for the repurchase of subsidiary units under the terms of the agreements based on estimating revenue, working capital, EBITDA and EBITDA margin of the subsidiary units over the periods of the awards through the anticipated repurchase dates. We estimated the fair value of each liability by using a Monte Carlo simulation model for determining each of the projected measures by using an expected distribution of potential outcomes. The fair value of each liability is calculated with thousands of projected outcomes, the results of which are averaged and then discounted to estimate the present value. At each reporting date until the respective payment dates, we will remeasure these liabilities, using the same valuation approach based on the applicable subsidiary's revenue and future collection of financed customer receivables, the unobservable inputs, and we will record any changes in the employee's compensation expense. Some of the awards are subject to the employees' continued employment and therefore recorded on a straight-line basis over the remaining service period. During the year ended December 31, 2018, we settled \$2.8 million of the liability related to the subsidiary unit awards. The remaining liability balances are included in either accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities or other liabilities in our consolidated balance sheets (see Note 11).

We monitor the availability of observable market data to assess the appropriate classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy. Changes in economic conditions or model-based valuation techniques may require the transfer of financial instruments from one fair value level to another. In such instances, the transfer is reported at the beginning of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. We also monitor the value of the investments for other-than-temporary impairment on a quarterly basis. No other-than-temporary impairments occurred during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

#### Note 10. Liabilities

The components of accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	Dec	December 31, 2017		
Accounts payable	\$	20,214	\$	17,008
Accrued expenses		34,557		4,301
Subsidiary unit awards		200		2,802
Other current liabilities		3,459		4,973
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	58,430	\$	29,084

The components of other liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	 December 31, 2018	De	December 31, 2017		
Deferred rent	\$ 11,656	\$	12,279		
Other liabilities	1,650		1,646		
Other liabilities	\$ 13,306	\$	13,925		

#### Note 11. Debt, Commitments and Contingencies

The debt, commitments and contingencies described below would require us, or our subsidiaries, to make payments to third parties under certain circumstances.

## Debt

On October 6, 2017, we entered into a \$125.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, or the 2017 Facility, with SVB, as administrative agent, PNC Bank, National Association, as documentation agent, and a syndicate of lenders. Upon entry into the 2017 Facility, we borrowed \$72.0 million, which was used to repay the previously outstanding balance under our previous credit facility. The 2017 Facility matures in October 2022 and includes an option to further increase the borrowing capacity to \$175.0 million with the consent of the lenders. Costs incurred in connection with the 2017 Facility were capitalized and are being amortized as interest expense over the term of the 2017 Facility. The 2017 Facility is secured by substantially all of our assets, including our intellectual property. During the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we repaid \$4.0 million and \$1.0 million of the outstanding balance of the 2017 Facility.

The outstanding principal balance on the 2017 Facility accrues interest at a rate equal to, at our option, either (1) LIBOR, plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio, or (2) the highest of (a) the Wall Street Journal prime rate, (b) the Federal Funds rate plus 0.50%, or (c) LIBOR plus 1.00% plus an applicable margin based on our consolidated leverage ratio. For the year ended December 31, 2018, we elected for the outstanding principal balance to accrue interest at LIBOR plus 1.50%, LIBOR plus 1.75%, LIBOR plus 2.00%, and LIBOR plus 2.50% when our consolidated leverage ratio is less than 1.00:1.00, greater than or equal to 2.00:1.00 but less than 3.00:1.00 and greater than or equal to 3.00:1.00, respectively. The 2017 Facility also carries an unused line commitment fee of 0.20%. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the effective interest rate on the credit facilities was 4.13%, 4.16% and 5.81%.

The carrying value of the 2017 Facility was \$67.0 million and \$71.0 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. The 2017 Facility includes a variable interest rate that approximates market rates and, as such, we classified the liability as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy and determined that the carrying amount of the 2017 Facility approximated its fair value as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. The 2017 Facility contains various financial and other covenants that require us to maintain a maximum consolidated leverage ratio not to exceed 3.50:1.00 and a consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio of at least

1.25:1.00. As of December 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants and there were no events of default.

On November 30, 2018, we amended the 2017 Facility to incorporate the parameters that must be met for us to repurchase our outstanding common stock under the stock repurchase program authorized by our board of directors on November 29, 2018 (see Note 12).

#### Commitments and Contingencies

Repurchase of Subsidiary Units

In 2011, we formed a subsidiary that offers to professional residential property management and vacation rental management companies technology solutions for remote monitoring and control of properties, including access control and energy management. Since its formation, we granted an award of subsidiary stock to the founder and president. The vesting of the award is based upon the subsidiary meeting certain minimum financial targets from the date of commercial availability, which was determined to be June 1, 2013, until the fourth anniversary. In 2016, we amended the term of the award, extending the valuation date for the first payment in cash to December 31, 2017, amending the financial targets and allowing for payments in cash based on the future collection of financed customer receivables from 2018 to 2020 that existed as of the valuation date. During 2018, we settled \$2.8 million of the liability related to the subsidiary unit awards. We recorded a liability of \$0.2 million in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities and \$0.2 million in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities and a liability of \$0.4 million in other liabilities related to this commitment in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018. We recorded a liability of \$2.8 million in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities and a liability of \$0.4 million in other liabilities related to this commitment in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017.

At each reporting date until the respective payment dates, we will remeasure these liabilities, and we will record any changes in fair value in general and administrative expense (see Note 9).

#### Leases

We lease office space and office equipment under non-cancelable operating leases with various expiration dates through 2026. We recognize rent expense for lease payments on a straight-line basis over the expected lease term and amortize tenant improvement allowances over the term of the lease. In August 2014, we signed a lease for new office space in Tysons, Virginia, where we relocated our headquarters in February 2016. The lease term ends in 2026 and includes a five-year renewal option, an \$8.0 million tenant improvement allowance and scheduled rent increases. During 2016, we entered into amendments to this lease which provided for 30,662 square feet of additional office space and an additional \$1.7 million in tenant improvement allowance. We took possession of the additional space in February 2017 and we were allowed to utilize the tenant improvement allowance for design prior to moving into the space. In October 2018, we entered into another amendment to the lease for our corporate headquarters, which provides for 23,493 square feet of additional office space and an additional \$1.1 million in tenant improvement allowance. We took possession of the additional space in November 2018 and have not utilized the tenant improvement allowance for the additional space. As of December 31, 2018, \$9.7 million of the total \$10.8 million tenant improvement allowance was utilized.

Rent expense was \$6.3 million, \$6.2 million and \$4.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The following table presents the future minimum lease payments under the non-cancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2018 (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,	Minimum L	ease Payments
2019	\$	7,044
2020		7,168
2021		6,974
2022		6,719
2023		6,348
2024 and thereafter		14,838
Total	\$	49,091

#### Indemnification Agreements

We have various agreements that may obligate us to indemnify the other party to the agreement with respect to certain matters. Generally, these indemnification provisions are included in contracts arising in the normal course of business. Although we cannot predict the maximum potential amount of future payments that may become due under these indemnification agreements, we do not believe any potential liability that might arise from such indemnity provisions is probable or material.

Letters of Credit

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, we had no outstanding letters of credit under the 2017 Facility.

Legal Proceedings

In September 2014, Icontrol Networks, Inc., or Icontrol, filed a Complaint in the United States District Court, District of Delaware, asserting that SecureNet Technologies, LLC, or SecureNet, infringes certain U.S. Patents owned by Icontrol, patents now owned by Alarm.com through a subsidiary. In March 2015, Icontrol voluntarily agreed to dismiss the case, reserving the right to refile. In September 2015, Icontrol refiled the case against SecureNet in the same district court alleging infringement of some of the same patents. In March 2017, Alarm.com acquired certain assets and intellectual property from Icontrol, including the patents in suit and the ongoing patent infringement lawsuit. The Court conducted a jury trial in February 2019, which resulted in a finding that upheld the validity of the patent claims in one of the patents at issue, but that SecureNet did not infringe certain claims of the three Icontrol patents in suit. Any appeal of the verdict will be due 30 days after the Court enters a final judgment.

On August 24, 2017, Alarm.com Incorporated and its wholly owned subsidiary ICN Acquisition, LLC, filed a patent infringement complaint against ipDatatel, in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas. The parties subsequently stipulated to transfer the case to the Southern District of Texas. The complaint seeks injunctive relief to stop the further sale of the infringing ipDatatel's products and systems, and damages for the infringement of Alarm.com's patents. The complaint asserts that the technology in the ipDatatel products infringe one or more claims of Alarm.com's patents: United States Patent Numbers 7,113,090; 7,633,385; 7,956,736; 8,478,871; and 9,141,276. If the litigation is successful, Alarm.com will be entitled to receive monetary damages, injunctive relief, and any other relief, including attorneys' fees, from ipDatatel. The Court has scheduled commencement of trial in August 2019. ipDatatel's motion for dismissal based on alleged patent ineligibility as to each patent in suit was denied without prejudice but ipDatatel renewed the motion. On July 26, 2018, ipDatatel answered the complaint by denying the patent infringement allegations and asserting several affirmative defenses, including invalidity and unenforceability. ipDatatel also asserted antitrust counterclaims based on alleged inequitable conduct in connection with the prosecution of one or more patents-in-suit. In September 2018, ipDataTel filed petitions for inter partes review of four of the patents-in-suit before the U.S. Patent Trial and Appeal Board, or PTAB. On October 19, 2018, the Court issued a claim construction which, among other things, determined that certain claim terms of two of the patents-in-suit were indefinite. Fact discovery is ongoing and opening expert reports are due in March 2019.

On April 25, 2017, Alarm.com Incorporated and its wholly owned subsidiary ICN Acquisition, LLC, filed a patent infringement complaint against Protect America, Inc., or Protect America, and SecureNet Technologies, LLC, or SecureNet, in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. The complaint seeks injunctive relief to stop the further sale of the infringing Protect America and SecureNet products and systems, and damages for the infringement of Alarm.com's patents. The complaint asserts that the technology in the Protect America and SecureNet Alarm Systems products infringe one or more claims of Alarm.com's patents: United States Patent Numbers 7,113,090; 7,633,385; 8,395,494; 8,493,202; 8,612,591; 8,860,804; and 9,141,276. If the litigation is successful, Alarm.com will be entitled to receive monetary damages, injunctive relief, and any other relief, including attorneys' fees, from Protect America and SecureNet. In June 2017, Alarm.com filed an amended complaint against Protect America only and voluntarily dismissed SecureNet from the suit, reserving the right to refile. In September 2017, Alarm.com voluntarily dismissed the amended complaint in the United States District Court of the Eastern District of Virginia and refiled a complaint against Protect America, with substantially the same allegations, in the United States District Court of the Eastern District of Texas. The parties subsequently stipulated to transfer the case to the Western District of Texas. The Court has scheduled a claim construction hearing for May 2019, but has not yet scheduled a jury trial.

On June 2, 2015, Vivint, Inc., or Vivint, filed a lawsuit against us in U.S. District Court, District of Utah, alleging that our technology directly and indirectly infringes six patents that Vivint purchased. Vivint is seeking permanent injunctions, enhanced damages and attorneys' fees. We answered the complaint on July 23, 2015. Among other things, we asserted defenses based on non-infringement and invalidity of the patents in question. On August 19, 2016, the U.S. District Court, District of Utah stayed the litigation pending inter partes review by the PTAB of five of the patents in suit. In March 2017, the PTAB issued final written decisions relating to two patents finding all challenged claims unpatentable. In May 2017, the PTAB issued final written decisions relating to the remaining three patents that found certain claims unpatentable, while certain other claims were not found to be unpatentable. Vivint appealed the decisions to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, or the Federal Circuit, and we cross-appealed. In July 2018, the Federal Circuit issued orders affirming the PTAB's March 2017 decisions that invalidated all challenged claims of two patents. The U.S. District Court, District of Utah lifted the stay on the litigation on June 26, 2017, with Vivint proceeding with its case on four of the six patents in its complaint. No trial date has been set. In September 2017, the U.S.

Patent and Trademark Office, or PTO, ordered ex parte reexaminations of certain claims of two of the remaining patents in suit, at our request. On October 30, 2018 and November 5, 2018, the PTO issued final office actions in the pending reexaminations rejecting all claims being examined as unpatentable over the prior art. On December 7, 2018, the U.S. District Court, District of Utah ordered that (i) litigation regarding the nine claims (from two patents) rejected by the PTO during the reexaminations be stayed until May 15, 2019 and (ii) a hearing on the parties' cross motions for claim construction and Alarm.com's motions for partial summary judgment as to invalidity and infringement be set for April 3, 2019. On December 20, 2018, the Federal Circuit issued an order regarding the inter partes review of three of the remaining patents in suit that vacated, reversed and remanded the PTAB's ruling with regard to the construction of a term ("communication device identification code") as requested by Alarm.com and affirmed the PTAB's May 2017 rulings invalidating certain of the Vivint patents in all other respects.

Should Vivint prevail in proving Alarm.com infringes one or more of its patent claims, we could be required to pay damages of Vivint's lost profits and/or a reasonable royalty for sales of our solution, enjoined from making, using and selling our solution if a license or other right to continue selling such elements is not made available to us or we are unable to design around such patents, and required to pay ongoing royalties and comply with unfavorable terms if such a license is made available to us. The outcome of the legal claim and proceeding against us cannot be predicted with certainty. We believe we have valid defenses to Vivint's claims. Based on currently available information, we determined a loss is not probable or reasonably estimable at this time.

On December 30, 2015, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against us in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, or the Court, alleging violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, or TCPA. The complaint does not allege that Alarm.com itself violated the TCPA, but instead seeks to hold us responsible for the marketing activities of one of our service providers as well as calls made by one of this service provider's sub-dealer agents under principles of agency and vicarious liability. On August 30, 2018, we reached an agreement in principle to settle the case for total cash consideration of \$28.0 million. On October 25, 2018, we entered into a definitive settlement agreement, or Settlement Agreement, and submitted it to the Court for approval. In entering into the definitive settlement agreement, we are making no admission of liability.

Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, among other things, (1) we agreed to pay total cash consideration of \$28.0 million into a settlement fund, (2) we agreed to implement certain business practice changes to increase awareness of TCPA compliance, (3) each party to the Settlement Agreement agreed to a mutual release of claims relating to any claim or potential claim relating to the marketing activities described in the complaint, and (4) each party covenanted not to sue the other with regard to the released claims. In addition, we have agreed to no longer allow the service provider identified in the litigation as purportedly violating the TCPA to continue activating new accounts for Alarm.com products and services after preliminary Court approval of the Settlement Agreement.

On December 19, 2018, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement and certified the class for settlement purposes. The Preliminary Approval Order provides that the administrator must commence the notice process no later than February 18, 2019. Class members will have sixty days from the commencement of notice to file claims, opt out of the settlement or object to the settlement. The Final Approval Hearing is currently scheduled for August 13, 2019.

We made an initial payment of \$5.0 million to the settlement administrator on January 2, 2019, and the remaining payment will take place ten business days after the effective date of the Settlement Agreement, which is five business days following the later of the following events: (1) the date upon which the time expires for filing a notice of appeal of the Court's Final Approval Order and Judgment; or (2) if there is an appeal or appeals of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, and the appellate court enters an order either dismissing the appeal(s) or affirming the Final Approval Order and Judgment without material modification, the date upon which the time expires for seeking review of that order. The release of claims includes all alleged damages incurred related to the lawsuit. Any attorneys' fees awarded by the Court and all costs of notice and claims administration will be paid from the settlement fund.

The \$28.0 million settlement is reflected in general and administrative expenses within our consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018. The unpaid amount of the settlement is reflected as an accrued expense in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities within our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018.

On August 14, 2017, Alarm.com filed a lawsuit against ABS Capital Partners, Inc., ABS Partners V, LLC, ABS Partners VII, LLC, and Ralph Terkowitz in the Delaware Court of Chancery, or the Chancery Court. On September 22, 2017, Alarm.com filed an amended complaint against ABS Capital Partners, Inc., ABS Partners V, LLC, and ABS Partners VII, LLC, alleging claims of misappropriation of trade secrets and misappropriation of confidential information. The amended complaint seeks damages, declaratory relief, and injunctive relief enjoining the defendants from using Alarm.com's trade secrets and confidential information to compete with Alarm.com. On October 6, 2017, the defendants filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit. On June 15, 2018, the Chancery Court dismissed our complaint. On July 13, 2018, Alarm.com filed a Notice of Appeal with the Delaware Supreme Court. On August 30, 2018, Alarm.com filed its Opening Brief in the Delaware Supreme Court. The defendants filed a response on October 1, 2018, and Alarm.com filed a reply on October 16, 2018. On February 6, 2019, the Supreme Court of Delaware

heard oral argument on the appeal, and on February 7, 2019, the Supreme Court of Delaware summarily affirmed the Chancery Court's dismissal of our complaint.

On March 29, 2018, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against us by Nick Fisher in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, alleging violations of the TCPA, and the Telemarketing and Consumer Fraud and Abuse Prevention Act, or TCFAPA. The complaint alleged that Alarm.com and another defendant, Nortek Security & Control LLC, violated the TCPA and TCFAPA through purportedly unauthorized telephone calls to Fisher, and sought to hold us responsible for the alleged calls, including under principles of agency and vicarious liability. The complaint sought monetary damages under the TCPA and TCFAPA, injunctive relief, and other relief, including attorneys' fees. We answered the complaint and filed a motion to dismiss the complaint on June 18, 2018. On November 1, 2018, the Court granted our motion to dismiss the complaint without prejudice as to plaintiff's claims alleging vicarious liability for violations of the TCPA, and with prejudice as to plaintiff's remaining claims.

In addition to the matters described above, we may be a party to litigation and subject to claims incident to the ordinary course of business, and we may be required to provide indemnification to certain of our service provider partners for certain claims regarding our solutions. Although the results of litigation and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, we currently believe that the final outcome of these ordinary course matters will not have a material adverse effect on our business.

Other than the preceding matters, we are not a party to any lawsuit or proceeding that, in the opinion of management, is reasonably possible or probable of having a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. We reserve for contingent liabilities based on ASC 450, "Contingencies," when it is determined that a liability, inclusive of defense costs, is probable and reasonably estimable. Litigation is subject to many factors that are difficult to predict, so there can be no assurance that, in the event of a material unfavorable result in one or more claims, we will not incur material costs.

#### Note 12. Stockholders' Equity

#### Authorized shares

We are authorized to issue two classes of stock, common stock and preferred stock. On June 9, 2015, the board of directors amended and restated our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, effective upon the closing of our IPO on July 1, 2015, and authorized us to issue up to 300,000,000 shares of common stock and 10,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock.

#### Common and Preferred Stock

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, there were 48,103,038 and 47,215,720 shares of common stock issued, and 48,102,081 and 47,202,310 shares of common stock outstanding, respectively. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, there were no preferred shares issued and outstanding. Each outstanding share of common stock is entitled to one vote per share.

## Stock Repurchase Program

On November 29, 2018, our board of directors authorized a stock repurchase program, under which we are authorized to purchase up to an aggregate of \$75.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock during the two-year period ending November 29, 2020. No shares of the Company's stock were repurchased under this program during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Year Ended December 31

## Note 13. Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense is included in the following line items in the consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

Stock-based compensation expense data:	2018		2017		2016			
Sales and marketing	\$ 1,196	\$	561	\$	536			
General and administrative	4,901		2,638		1,430			
Research and development	7,332		4,214		2,035			
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 13,429	\$	7,413	\$	4,001			

Voor Ended December 21

The following table summarizes the components of non-cash stock-based compensation expense (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2018		2017		2016
Stock options and assumed options	\$	3,511	\$	3,913	\$	3,783
Restricted stock units		9,770		3,366		141
Restricted stock awards		1		19		_
Employee stock purchase plan		147		115		77
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	13,429	\$	7,413	\$	4,001
Tax benefit from stock-based awards	\$	7,581	\$	12,719	\$	5,048

## 2015 Equity Incentive Plan

We issue stock options pursuant to our 2015 Plan. The 2015 Plan allows for the grant of stock options to employees and for the grant of nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, or RSUs, performance-based stock awards, and other forms of equity compensation to our employees, directors and non-employee directors and consultants.

In June 2015, our board of directors adopted and our stockholders approved our 2015 Plan pursuant to which we initially reserved a total of 4,700,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the 2015 Plan, which included shares of our common stock previously reserved for issuance under our Amended and Restated 2009 Stock Incentive Plan, or the 2009 Plan. The number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2015 Plan will automatically increase on January 1 each year, for a period of not more than ten years, commencing on January 1, 2016 through January 1, 2024, by 5% of the total number of shares of common stock outstanding on December 31 of the preceding calendar year, or a lesser number of shares as may be determined by the board of directors. As a result of the adoption of the 2015 Plan, no further grants may be made under the 2009 Plan. As of December 31, 2018, 7,455,706 shares remained available for future grant under the 2015 Plan.

#### Stock Options

Stock options under the 2015 Plan have been granted at exercise prices based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. Stock options under the 2009 Plan were granted at exercise prices as determined by the board of directors to be the fair market value of our common stock. Our stock options generally vest over a five-year period and each option, if not exercised or forfeited, expires on the tenth anniversary of the grant date.

Certain stock options granted under the 2015 Plan and previously granted under the 2009 Plan may be exercised before the options have vested. Unvested shares issued as a result of early exercise are subject to repurchase by us upon termination of employment or services at the original exercise price. The proceeds from the early exercise of stock options are initially recorded as a current liability and are reclassified to common stock and additional paid-in capital as the awards vest and our repurchase right lapses. There were 957 and 13,281 unvested shares of common stock outstanding subject to our right of repurchase as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We repurchased 107 and 1,492 of these unvested shares of common stock related to early exercised stock options in connection with employee terminations during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We recorded less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets for the proceeds from the early exercise of the unvested stock options as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

We account for stock-based compensation options based on the fair value of the award as of the grant date. We recognize stock-based compensation expense using the accelerated attribution method, net of actual forfeitures, in which compensation cost for each vesting tranche in an award is recognized ratably from the service inception date to the vesting date for that tranche.

We value our stock options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which requires the input of subjective assumptions, including the risk-free interest rate, expected term, expected stock price volatility and dividend yield. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon observed interest rates for constant maturity U.S. Treasury securities consistent with the expected term of our stock options. The expected term represents the period of time the stock options are expected to be outstanding and is based on the "simplified method." Under the "simplified method," the expected term of an option is presumed to be the mid-point between the vesting date and the end of the contractual term. We use the "simplified method" due to the lack of sufficient historical exercise data to provide a reasonable basis upon which to otherwise estimate the expected term of the stock options. Expected volatility is based on historical volatilities of our stock and publicly traded stock of comparable companies over the estimated expected term of the stock options.

There were 219,450, 252,100 and 653,900 stock options granted during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. We declared and paid dividends in June 2015 in anticipation of our IPO, which we closed on July 1, 2015. Subsequent to the IPO, we do not expect to declare or pay dividends on a recurring basis. As such, we assume that the dividend rate is 0%.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used for estimating the fair value of stock options granted:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016		
Volatility	41.9 - 60.8%	44.4 - 61.6%	47.6 - 50.6%		
Expected term	6.3 years	6.3 years	5.6 - 6.3 years		
Risk-free interest rate	2.3 - 3.0%	2.0 - 2.2%	1.3 - 1.9%		
Dividend rate	<b>-</b> %	—%	-%		

The following table summarizes stock option activity:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2017	2,686,976	\$ 10.67	6.4	\$ 72,823
Granted	219,450	40.27		
Exercised	(804,640)	6.39		32,738
Forfeited	(31,486)	17.21		
Expired	(12,500)	15.08		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2018	2,057,800	\$ 15.37	6.3	\$ 75,101
Vested and expected to vest as of December 31, 2018	2,058,757	\$ 15.37	6.3	\$ 75,139
Exercisable as of December 31, 2018	1,326,800	\$ 9.42	5.4	\$ 56,329

The weighted average grant date fair value for our stock options granted during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$19.43, \$14.95 and \$8.77, respectively. The total fair value of stock options vested during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$3.5 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$32.7 million, \$35.0 million and \$14.1 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2018, the total compensation cost related to nonvested awards not yet recognized was \$4.6 million, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.2 years. Cash received from exercises of stock options was \$5.2 million, \$2.6 million and \$1.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

## Stock Options Assumed from Acquisition

On March 8, 2017, we completed the Acquisition and assumed the Icontrol Plans. The assumed unvested stock options are exercisable for 70,406 shares of Alarm.com common stock. On March 15, 2017, we filed a Form S-8 Registration Statement related to the Acquisition. The registration also covers an additional 2,308,615 shares of common stock that were automatically added to the shares authorized for issuance under the 2015 Plan pursuant to an evergreen provision contained in the 2015 Plan and an additional 461,723 shares of common stock that were automatically added to the shares authorized for issuance under the 2015 ESPP, pursuant to an evergreen provision contained in the 2015 ESPP.

In accordance with the terms of the asset purchase agreement, we were obligated to assume the Icontrol Plans, and converted the 2,001,387 unvested employee stock options into 70,406 Alarm.com stock options using a conversion ratio stated in the agreement to convert the original exercise price and number of options. The fair value of the unvested stock options on the date of the Acquisition was \$1.7 million calculated using a Black-Scholes model with a volatility and risk-free interest rate over the expected term of the options and the closing price of the Alarm.com common stock on the date of acquisition. We applied our graded vesting accounting policy to the fair value of these assumed options and determined \$1.4 million of the fair value was attributable to precombination services and was included as a component of total purchase consideration. The remaining \$0.3 million of the fair value was determined to be attributable to post-combination services and will be recognized over the remaining service periods of the stock options.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used for estimating the fair value of stock options assumed from the Connect business unit of Icontrol:

	Year Ended December 31,
	2017
Volatility	42.7 - 44.4%
Expected term	2.5 - 5.0 years
Risk-free interest rate	1.4 - 2.0%
Dividend rate	<del>-</del> %

The following table summarizes the assumed stock option activity:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2017	41,639	\$ 5.88	7.2	\$ 1,327
Exercised	(17,603)	5.16		682
Forfeited	(1,666)	4.55		
Expired	(737)	4.48		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2018	21,633	\$ 6.61	6.5	\$ 979
Vested and expected to vest as of December 31, 2018	21,633	\$ 6.61	6.5	\$ 979
Exercisable as of December 31, 2018	15,142	\$ 5.94	6.3	\$ 696

The weighted average grant date fair value for the assumed stock options granted during the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$4.78. There were no new grants assumed under the Icontrol Plans in 2018. The total fair value of assumed stock options vested during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$0.1 million. The aggregate intrinsic value of assumed stock options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$0.7 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2018, the total compensation cost related to the nonvested awards not yet recognized was less than \$0.1 million, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.7 years. Cash received from exercises of stock options was \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

## Restricted Stock Awards

In March 2017, we assumed 1,622 stock options from Connect upon completion of the Acquisition, which were early exercised according to the provisions of the Icontrol Plans for which the employees had not yet provided service for the applicable vesting periods. We canceled those stock options and issued restricted stock awards, or RSAs, with no exercise price at the fair value of Alarm.com common stock upon the closing of the Acquisition and recorded less than \$0.1 million of compensation expense during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. There were no outstanding RSAs as of December 31, 2018. There were no repurchases of RSAs during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2016. We repurchased 750 RSAs in connection with employee terminations during the year ended December 31, 2017.

## Restricted Stock Units

There was an aggregate of 381,545, 534,146 and 61,482 RSUs granted to certain of our employees during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. The RSUs vest over a five-year period from the vesting commencement date, which is generally the grant date. We account for RSUs based on the fair value of the award as of the grant date. We recognize stock-based compensation expense using the accelerated attribution method, net of actual forfeitures, in which compensation cost for each vesting tranche in an award is recognized ratably from the grant date to the vesting date for that tranche. The condition for vesting of the RSUs is based on continued employment. As of December 31, 2018, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to RSU awards granted amounted to \$21.2 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.7 years.

The following table summarizes RSU activity:

	Number of RSUs	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2017	558,268	\$	34.71	\$ 21,075
Granted	381,545		43.03	
Vested	(36,051)		32.29	1,734
Forfeited	(32,010)		37.04	
Outstanding as of December 31, 2018	871,752	\$	38.37	\$ 45,218
Vested and expected to vest as of December 31, 2018	871,752	\$	38.37	\$ 45,218

## Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Our board of directors adopted our 2015 ESPP in June 2015. As of December 31, 2018, 2,030,995 shares have been reserved for future grant under the 2015 ESPP, with provisions established to increase the number of shares available on January 1 of each subsequent year for nine years. The annual automatic increase in the number of shares available for issuance under the 2015 ESPP is the lesser of 1% of each class of common stock outstanding as of December 31 of the preceding fiscal year, 1,500,000 shares of common stock, or such lesser number as determined by the board of directors. The 2015 ESPP allows eligible employees to purchase shares of our common stock at 90% of the fair market value, rounded up to the nearest cent, based on the closing price of our common stock on the purchase date. The maximum number of shares of our common stock that a participant may purchase during any calendar year shall not exceed such number of shares having a fair market value equal to the lesser of \$15,000 or 10% of the participant's base compensation for that year.

The 2015 ESPP is considered compensatory for purposes of share-based compensation expense due to the 10% discount on the fair market value of the common stock. For the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, an aggregate of 29,131, 25,616 and 31,797 shares were purchased by employees for which we recognized \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million of compensation expense, respectively. Compensation expense is recognized for the amount of the discount, net of actual forfeitures and voluntary withdrawals, over the six-month purchase period.

## Note 14. Earnings Per Share

## Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

The components of basic and diluted EPS are as follows (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2018		2017		2016
Net income	\$	21,524	\$	29,251	\$	10,154
Less: income allocated to participating securities		(3)		(13)		(12)
Net income attributable to common stockholders (A)	\$	21,521	\$	29,238	\$	10,142
Weighted average common shares outstanding — basic (B)	-	47,633,739		46,682,141		45,716,757
Dilutive effect of stock options, RSUs and RSAs		2,058,445		2,471,807		2,158,765
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted (C)		49,692,184		49,153,948		47,875,522
Net income per share:						
Basic (A/B)	\$	0.45	\$	0.63	\$	0.22
Diluted (A/C)	\$	0.43	\$	0.59	\$	0.21

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The following securities have been excluded from the calculation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding as the inclusion of these securities would have an anti-dilutive effect:

	fear Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016		
tock options	229,294	258,917	197,350		
SAs .	_	129	_		
RSUs	148,175	188,050	25,640		
Common stock subject to repurchase	957	13,281	29,835		

Participating securities are composed of certain stock options granted under the 2015 Plan, and previously granted under the 2009 Equity Incentive Plan, that may be exercised before the options have vested. Unvested shares have a non-forfeitable right to dividends. Unvested shares issued as a result of early exercise are subject to repurchase by us upon termination of employment or services at the original exercise price. The common stock subject to repurchase is no longer classified as participating securities when shares revert to common stock outstanding as the awards vest and our repurchase right lapses.

## Note 15. Significant Service Providers

During the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, our 10 largest revenue service provider partners accounted for 57%, 60% and 60% of our consolidated revenue. One of our service provider partners within the Alarm.com segment individually represented greater than 15% but not more than 20% of our revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. Another one of our service provider partners in the Alarm.com segment individually represented greater than 10% but not more than 15% of our revenue for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

One individual service provider partner in the Alarm.com segment represented more than 10% of accounts receivable as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

#### Note 16. Income Taxes

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, or the Tax Act, was signed into law on December 22, 2017. This legislation made significant changes in U.S. tax law, including a reduction in the corporate tax rate, changes to net operating loss carryforwards and carrybacks and a repeal of the corporate alternative minimum tax. The legislation reduced the U.S. corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%. As a result of the enacted Tax Act, we were required to revalue deferred tax assets and liabilities at the rate in effect when the deferred tax balances are scheduled to reverse. This revaluation resulted in an additional \$8.8 million of income tax expense and a corresponding reduction in the deferred tax asset which was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2017.

Additionally, on December 22, 2017, the Securities and Exchange Commission staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, or SAB 118, to address the application of U.S. GAAP in situations when a registrant does not have the necessary information available, prepared, or analyzed in reasonable detail to complete the accounting for certain income tax effects of the Tax Act. Specifically, SAB 118 provides a measurement period for companies to evaluate the impacts of the Tax Act on their financial statements. We completed the accounting for the tax effects of the Tax Act during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and decreased our provisional estimate from \$8.8 million to \$8.7 million.

The components of our income tax expense are as follows (in thousands):

	Yea	Year Ended December 31,					
	2018	2017	2016				
Current							
Federal	\$ 741	\$ 584	\$ 7,227				
State	653	(88)	1,829				
Foreign	263	6	_				
Total Current	1,657	502	9,056				
Deferred							
Federal	(8,821)	3,837	(4,283)				
State	(2,643)	(1,368)	(546)				
Foreign	(18)	19	_				
Total Deferred	(11,482)	2,488	(4,829)				
Total	\$ (9,825)	\$ 2,990	\$ 4,227				

The difference between the income tax expense at the federal statutory rate and income tax expense in the consolidated statements of operations is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2018	2017	2016		
Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %		
State income tax expense, net of federal benefits	(3.4)	0.1	4.9		
Nondeductible meals and entertainment	2.1	0.6	1.6		
Nondeductible employee fringe benefits	1.3	_	_		
Research and development tax credits	(48.7)	(16.1)	(10.8)		
Tax windfall benefits	(55.7)	(36.5)	_		
Change in tax rate due to tax reform	_	27.8	_		
Change in tax rate	(1.4)	(0.6)	(0.1)		
Other	0.8	(1.0)	(1.2)		
Effective rate	(84.0)%	9.3 %	29.4 %		
	<del></del> -				

The components of our net deferred tax assets (liabilities) are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2018	2017	
Deferred tax assets, non-current			
Provision for doubtful accounts	\$ 57	6 \$ 714	
Provision for notes receivable	82	9 —	
Accrued expenses	9,58	8 2,362	
Deferred revenue	2,22	6 2,455	
Deferred rent	3,33	4 3,384	
Stock-based compensation	6,06	4 3,613	
Acquisition costs	3,09	2 3,310	
Subsidiary unit compensation	13	8 1,413	
Equity investments	11	9 116	
Net operating losses	1,21	0 1,357	
Tax credits	5,14	0 2,546	
Intangible assets and prepaid patent licenses	75	8 156	
Other	15	8 160	
Total deferred tax assets, non-current	33,23	2 21,586	
Deferred tax liabilities, non-current			
Intangible assets and prepaid patent licenses	(1	2) (74)	
Depreciation	(3,39	3) (2,917)	
Sales commissions	(70	4) —	
Contingent liability	(17	2) (171)	
Total deferred tax liabilities, non-current	(4,28	1) (3,162)	
Net deferred tax assets, non-current	\$ 28,95	1 \$ 18,424	
•			

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized tax benefits (without related interest expense) is as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2018		2017		2016
Beginning balance	\$	1,973	\$	681	\$	506
Additions based on tax positions of the current year		857		718		197
Additions based on tax positions of prior year		147		373		79
Additions resulting from acquisitions		_		277		_
Decreases due to lapse of applicable statute of limitations		(176)		(76)		_
Decreases related to settlements of prior year tax positions		_				(101)
Ending balance	\$	2,801	\$	1,973	\$	681

Our effective income tax rates were (84.0)%, 9.3% and 29.4% for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Our effective tax rates were below the statutory rate primarily due to the tax windfall benefits from employee stock-based payment transactions and research and development tax credits claimed, partially offset by the impact of non-deductible meal and entertainment expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2018, state taxes also contributed to an effective tax rate that was below the statutory rate.

We recognize a valuation allowance if, based on the weight of available evidence, both positive and negative, it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of net deferred tax assets will not be realized. Based on our historical and expected future taxable earnings, we believe it is more likely than not that we will realize all of the benefit of the existing deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. Accordingly, we have not recorded a valuation allowance as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

We apply guidance for uncertainty in income taxes that requires the application of a more likely than not threshold to the recognition and de-recognition of uncertain tax positions. If the recognition threshold is met, this guidance permits us to recognize a tax benefit measured at the largest amount of the tax benefit that, in our judgment, is more likely than not to be

realized upon settlement. We recorded unrecognized tax benefits of \$0.8 million, \$1.0 million and \$0.2 million for research and development tax credits claimed during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. We also recorded an unrecognized tax benefit of \$0.3 million within our Canadian subsidiary related to an existing net operating loss acquired as part of the Acquisition in 2017.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, we accrued \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million of total interest related to unrecognized tax benefits, respectively. We recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

We are not aware of any events that make it reasonably possible that there would be a significant change in our unrecognized tax benefits over the next twelve months. Our cumulative liability for uncertain tax positions was \$2.8 million and \$2.0 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and if recognized, would reduce our income tax expense and the effective tax rate.

We file income tax returns in the United States and Canada. We are no longer subject to U.S. income tax examinations for years prior to 2015, with the exception that operating loss carryforwards generated prior to 2015 may be subject to tax audit adjustment. We are generally no longer subject to state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years prior to 2015.

As of December 31, 2018, we had federal net operating loss carryforwards of \$5.3 million, which are scheduled to begin to expire in 2030, As of December 31, 2018, we had state net operating loss carryforwards of \$2.0 million, which are scheduled to begin to expire in 2027. As of December 31, 2018, we had federal research and development tax credit carryforwards of \$4.3 million, which are scheduled to begin to expire in 2037. As of December 31, 2018, we had state research and development tax credit carryforwards of \$3.2 million, which are scheduled to begin to expire in 2021. The federal net operating loss carryforward arose in connection with the 2013 acquisition of EnergyHub. Utilization of net operating loss carryforwards may be subject to annual limitations due to ownership change limitations as provided by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

#### Note 17. Segment Information

We have two reportable segments:

- Alarm.com segment
- Other segment

Our chief operating decision maker is our chief executive officer. Management determined the operational data used by the chief operating decision maker is that of the two reportable segments. Management bases strategic goals and decisions on these segments and the data presented below is used to measure financial results.

Our Alarm.com segment represents our cloud-based and Software platforms for the intelligently connected property and related solutions that contributed 93%, 94% and 94% of our revenue for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. Our Other segment is focused on researching, developing and offering residential and commercial automation solutions and energy management products and services in adjacent markets. Inter-segment revenue includes sales of hardware between our segments.

Management evaluates the performance of its segments and allocates resources to them based on operating income (loss) as compared to prior periods and current performance levels. The reportable segment operational data is presented in the table below (in thousands):

#### Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Intersegment			
	 Alarm.com	 Other	 Alarm.com	Inters	egment Other	Total
SaaS and license revenue	\$ 278,013	\$ 13,059	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 291,072
Hardware and other revenue	 119,221	 20,316	(4,749)		(5,366)	129,422
Total revenue	 397,234	33,375	(4,749)		(5,366)	420,494
Operating income / (loss)	16,927	 (4,708)	(273)		256	12,202
Assets	482,666	19,629	(61,309)		(1)	440,985

#### Year Ended December 31, 2017

				Intersegment			
	Α	larm.com	Other	Alarm.com	Inters	egment Other	Total
SaaS and license revenue	\$	227,583	\$ 8,700	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 236,283
Hardware and other revenue		92,445	15,154	(2,945)		(2,000)	102,654
Total revenue		320,028	 23,854	 (2,945)		(2,000)	338,937
Operating income / (loss)		41,439	 (8,248)	 (175)		358	33,374
Assets		405,915	19,144	(53,267)		(151)	371,641

#### Year Ended December 31, 2016

				Intersegment			
	Α	larm.com	Other	Alarm.com	Inters	egment Other	Total
SaaS and license revenue	\$	168,732	\$ 4,808	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 173,540
Hardware and other revenue		79,049	14,018	(2,863)		(2,638)	87,566
Total revenue		247,781	 18,826	 (2,863)		(2,638)	261,106
Operating income / (loss)		21,282	 (7,229)	 (312)		317	 14,058

Our SaaS and license revenue for the Alarm.com segment included software license revenue of \$41.3 million, \$29.7 million and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. There was no software license revenue recorded for the Other segment during the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$21.4 million, \$17.4 million and \$6.3 million for the Alarm.com segment for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$0.3 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the Other segment for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Additions to property and equipment were \$11.7 million, \$9.3 million and \$5.7 million for the Alarm.com segment for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Additions to property and equipment were \$0.1 million, \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million for the Other segment for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

We derived substantially all revenue from North America for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016. Substantially all our long-lived assets were in North America as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

#### Note 18. Related Party Transactions

#### Installation Partner

Our installation partner in which we have a 48.2% ownership interest performs installation services for security dealers and also provides installation services for us and certain of our subsidiaries. We account for this investment using the equity method. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, our investment balance in our installation partner was \$0. During the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, we recorded \$0.4 million, \$0.7 million and \$1.3 million of cost of hardware and other revenue in connection with this installation partner. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the accounts payable balance to our installation partner was less than \$0.1 million. In September 2014, we loaned \$0.3 million to our installation partner under a secured promissory note that accrued interest at 8.0%. Interest was payable monthly with the entire principal balance plus accrued but unpaid interest due at maturity in September 2018.

#### Note 19. Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)

The following table shows selected unaudited quarterly consolidated statement of operations data for each of our eight most recently completed quarters. In the opinion of management, the information for each of these quarters has been prepared on the same basis as our audited financial statements and include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals, necessary for the fair statement of financial information in accordance with GAAP. Historical results are not necessarily indicative of results that may be achieved in future periods, and operating results for quarterly periods are not necessarily indicative of operating results for a full year. Further, information about the \$28.0 million expense recorded in general and administrative expense during the three months ended September 30, 2018, which relates to the agreement reached to settle the legal matter alleging violations of the TCPA and may affect the comparability of the quarterly financial data presented below, is included in Note 11. Information about the \$3.3 million expense recorded in general and administrative expense during the three months ended December 31, 2018, which relates to the impairment of the Promissory Note provided to one of our suppliers and may affect the comparability of the quarterly financial data presented below, is included in Note 2 and Note 8. The selected consolidated statements of operation data in amounts are presented below (in thousands, except per share data):

							Three Mor	iths I	Ended			
	Mar. 31, 2017	,	June 30, 2017	5	Sept. 30, 2017		Dec. 31, 2017		Mar. 31, 2018	June 30, 2018	Sept. 30, 2018	Dec. 31, 2018
Total revenue	\$ 74,194	\$	85,988	\$	89,962	\$	88,793	\$	92,756	\$ 104,488	\$ 111,848	\$ 111,402
Total cost of revenue	26,635		29,835		31,833		27,885		28,377	36,488	41,992	38,858
Net income / (loss)	3,963		9,865		15,103		320		10,515	10,733	(7,652)	7,928
Net income / (loss) per share:												
Basic	\$ 0.09	\$	0.21	\$	0.32	\$	0.01	\$	0.22	\$ 0.23	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.16
Diluted	\$ 0.08	\$	0.20	\$	0.31	\$	0.01	\$	0.21	\$ 0.22	\$ (0.16)	\$ 0.16
						110						

#### Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves (In thousands)

Description	 alance at jinning of Year		Additions Charged Against Revenue	Additions Charged to Other Accounts	De	eductions	 alance at d of Year
Year ended December 31, 2018							
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,449	\$	_	\$ 149	\$	(173)	\$ 1,425
Allowance for product returns	2,471		273	_		(829)	1,915
Allowance for notes receivable	_		_	3,319		_	3,319
Year ended December 31, 2017							
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,282	\$	_	\$ 453	\$	(286)	\$ 1,449
Allowance for product returns	2,314		2,055	_		(1,898)	2,471
Year ended December 31, 2016							
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,315	\$	_	\$ 648	\$	(681)	\$ 1,282
Allowance for product returns	2,116		2,071	_		(1,873)	2,314
		111					

#### ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

#### ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2018. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2018, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

#### Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018 based on the framework in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on the results of its evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2018. Our independent registered public accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, has audited our financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018. The report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is incorporated by reference to Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2018 that have materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and are effective at the reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

#### **ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

#### PART III.

We will file a definitive Proxy Statement for our Annual Meeting, or our 2019 Proxy Statement, with the SEC, pursuant to Regulation 14A, not later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year. Accordingly, certain information required by Part III has been omitted under General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K. Only those sections of the 2019 Proxy Statement that specifically address the items set forth herein are incorporated by reference.

#### ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by Item 10 is hereby incorporated by reference to the sections of our 2019 Proxy Statement under the captions "Information Regarding Committees of the Board Of Directors," "Election of Directors," "Executive Officers" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance."

We have adopted a written Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, or the Code of Conduct, applicable to all of our employees, executive officers and directors, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. A current copy of the Code of Conduct is available on the Investors section of our website, www.alarm.com, under "Corporate Governance." We intend to disclose on our website any amendments to, or waivers from, our Code of Conduct that are required to be disclosed pursuant to SEC rules.

#### **ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The information required by Item 11 is hereby incorporated by reference to the sections of our 2019 Proxy Statement under the captions "Executive Compensation" and "Director Compensation."

#### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by Item 12 is hereby incorporated by reference to the sections of our 2019 Proxy Statement under the captions "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information."

#### ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by Item 13 is hereby incorporated by reference to the sections of our 2019 Proxy Statement under the captions "Transactions with Related Persons" and "Independence of the Board of Directors."

#### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by Item 14 is hereby incorporated by reference to the section of our 2019 Proxy Statement under the caption "Principal Accountant Fees and Services."

#### PART IV.

#### ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

#### (a) The following documents are filed as part of this Annual Report:

- $(1) \ Consolidated \ Financial \ Statements \ and \ Reports \ of \ Independent \ Registered \ Public \ Accounting \ Firm$
- (2) Consolidated Financial Statement Schedule
  (3) Exhibits are incorporated herein by reference or are filed with this Annual Report as indicated below

#### (b) Exhibits

			Incorporated b	y Referenc	e
Exhibit	Description	Schedule / Form	File Number	Exhibit	File Date
<u>2.1</u>	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among the Registrant, EnergyHub Holdings, Inc. EnergyHub, Inc. and Shareholder Representative Services LLC, as stockholder representative, dated May 3, 2013	S-1	333-204428	2.1	May 22, 2015
<u>2.2</u>	Asset Purchase Agreement by and among ICN Acquisition, LLC, Icontrol Networks, Inc., the Seller Stockholders, Fortis Advisors LLC, and the Registrant as Guarantor, dated as of June 23, 2016	8-K	001-37461	2.1	June 23, 2016
<u>2.3</u>	Amendment No. 1 to Asset Purchase Agreement by and among ICN Acquisition, LLC, Icontrol Networks, Inc., the Seller Stockholders, Fortis Advisors LLC, and the Registrant as Guarantor, dated November 15, 2016	8-K	001-37461	2.1	November 16, 2016
<u>3.1</u>	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant	8-K	001-37461	3.1	July 2, 2015
<u>3.2</u>	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant	8-K	001-37461	3.2	July 2, 2015
<u>4.1</u>	Form of Common Stock Certificate of the Registrant	S-1	333-204428	4.1	May 22, 2015
<u>4.2</u>	Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement by and among the Registrant and certain of its stockholders, dated July 11, 2012	S-1	333-204428	4.2	May 22, 2015
<u>10.1</u>	Deed of Lease between Registrant and 8150 Leesburg Pike, L.L.C., dated April 21, 2009, as amended July 21, 2010, April 28, 2011, January 10, 2012, June 5, 2012, December 7, 2012, March 12, 2013 and May 29, 2013	S-1	333-204428	10.1	May 22, 2015
<u>10.2</u>	Deed of Office Lease Agreement between Registrant and Marshall Property LLC, dated August 8, 2014	S-1	333-204428	10.2	May 22, 2015
<u>10.3</u>	First Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and Marshall Property LLC, dated May 29, 2015	10-Q	001-37461	10.1	August 15, 2016
<u>10.4</u>	Second Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and Marshall Property LLC, dated October 19, 2015	10-Q	001-37461	10.2	August 15, 2016
<u>10.5</u>	Third Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and Marshall Property LLC, dated May 6, 2016	10-Q	001-37461	10.3	August 15, 2016
<u>10.6</u>	Fourth Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and Marshall Property LLC, dated September 15, 2016	10-Q	001-37461	10.3	November 14, 2016
<u>10.7</u>	Fifth Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and Marshall Property LLC, dated January 31, 2017	10-K	001-37461	10.7	March 16, 2017
<u>10.8*</u>	Sixth Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and TMG TMC 3, L.L.C., dated October 10, 2018				
<u>10.9†</u>	Amended and Restated 2009 Stock Incentive Plan, Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement and Form of Early Exercise Notice and Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement thereunder	S-1	333-204428	10.3	May 22, 2015
<u>10.10†</u>	2015 Equity Incentive Plan	10-Q	001-37461	10.1	August 14, 2015
<u>10.11†</u>	Form of Option Grant Package under 2015 Equity Incentive Plan	10-K	001-37461	10.10	February 28, 2018
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10.12†*	Form of RSU Notice and Agreement under 2015 Equity Incentive Plan				
<u>10.13†</u>	Form of Early Exercise Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement	10-K	001-37461	10.7	February 29, 2016
<u>10.14†</u>	2015 Employee Stock Purchase Plan	10-Q	001-37461	10.2	August 14, 2015
<u>10.15†</u>	Form of Indemnity Agreement by and between Registrant and each of its directors and executive officers	S-1/A	333-204428	10.9	June 11, 2015
<u>10.16†</u>	Offer Letter by and between the Registrant and Steve Valenzuela dated October 12, 2016	8-K	001-37461	10.1	November 14, 2016
10.17	Senior Secured Credit Facilities Credit Agreement by and among the Registrant, Alarm.com Incorporated, Silicon Valley Bank, Bank of America, N.A. and the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, dated May 8, 2014	S-1	333-204428	10.10	May 22, 2015
<u>10.18</u>	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement by and among the Registrant, Alarm.com Incorporated, Silicon Valley Bank, Bank of America, N.A. and the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, dated December 7, 2015	10-K	001-37461	10.12	February 29, 2016
<u>10.19</u>	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement by and among Alarm.com Holdings, Inc., Alarm.com Incorporated, Silicon Valley Bank and the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, dated August 10, 2016	10-Q	001-37461	10.4	August 15, 2016
10.20#	Alarm.com Dealer Program Agreement by and between the Registrant and Monitronics Funding LP, dated October 22, 2007, as amended by Amendment No. 1 dated January 15, 2008 and the Second Amendment dated February 23, 2013	S-1/A	333-204428	10.11	June 19, 2015
10.21#	Third Amendment to Alarm.com Dealer Program Agreement by and between the Registrant and Monitronics International, Inc.	10-K	001-37461	10.14	February 29, 2016
10.22#	Fourth Amendment to Alarm.com Dealer Program Agreement by and between the Registrant and Monitronics International, Inc., dated September 13, 2017	10-Q	001-37461	10.1	November 9, 2017
<u>10.23#</u>	Reformed Master Services Agreement by and between Alarm.com Incorporated and ADT LLC, effective as of August 19, 2016	10-Q	001-37461	10.2	November 14, 2016
10.24	Senior Secured Credit Facilities Credit Agreement by and among the Registrant, Alarm.com Incorporated, Silicon Valley Bank, Bank of America, N.A. and the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, dated October 6, 2017	10-Q	001-37461	10.2	November 9, 2017
<u>10.25*</u>	First Amendment to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities Credit Agreement by and among the Registrant, Alarm.com Incorporated, Silicon Valley Bank, Bank of America, N.A. and the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, dated November 30, 2018				
<u>10.26</u>	Indemnity Agreement by and between the Registrant and Michelle K. Lee, dated January 17, 2018	8-K	001-37461	10.1	January 23, 2018
10.27*	Class Action Settlement Agreement by and between Alarm.com Holdings, Inc., Alarm.com Incorporated, Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Mark Hankins and Philip J. Charvat, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated				
<u>21.1*</u>	Subsidiaries of the Registrant				
<u>23.1*</u>	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm				
<u>31.1*</u>	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
<u>31.2*</u>	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document				
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document				

101.DEF\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document 101.LAB\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document 101.PRE\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

#### ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

Not applicable.

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.
\*\* Furnished herewith.

<sup>†</sup> Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.
# Confidential treatment has been granted from the Securities and Exchange Commission as to certain portions of this document.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.

Date: March 1, 2019 By: /s/ Stephen Trundle

Stephen Trundle

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Stephen Trundle	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	March 1, 2019
Stephen Trundle	(Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ Steve Valenzuela	Chief Financial Officer	March 1, 2019
Steve Valenzuela	(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	
/s/ Timothy McAdam	Chairman of the Board of Directors	March 1, 2019
Timothy McAdam		
/s/ Donald Clarke	Director	March 1, 2019
Donald Clarke		
/s/ Michelle Lee	Director	March 1, 2019
Michelle Lee		
/s/ Darius G. Nevin	Director	March 1, 2019
Darius G. Nevin		
/s/ Hugh Panero	Director	March 1, 2019
Hugh Panero		
lal Maya Chatturals	Director	March 4, 2040
/s/ Mayo Shattuck	Director	March 1, 2019
Mayo Shattuck		

#### SIXTH AMENDMENT TO DEED OF OFFICE LEASE AGREEMENT

THIS SIXTH AMENDMENT TO DEED OF OFFICE LEASE AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") is made this 10<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2018 (the "Effective Date"), by and between TMG TMC 3, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company ("Landlord"), and ALARM.COM INCORPORATED, a Delaware corporation ("Tenant").

#### **RECITALS:**

- A. Landlord's predecessor-in-interest, Marshall Property LLC, and Tenant entered into that certain Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated August 8, 2014 (the "Original Lease"), as amended by that certain First Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated as of May 29, 2015, that certain Second Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated as of October 19, 2015, that certain Third Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated as of May 6, 2016, that certain Fourth Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated as of September 15, 2016, and that certain Fifth Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated as of January 31, 2017 (collectively, as amended, the "Lease"), whereby Tenant leased approximately 136,108 rentable square feet of office space on the first (1st), third (3rd), fifth (5th), eighth (8th), ninth (9th), tenth (10th), and eleventh (11th) floors, and known as Suite 1100 (collectively, the "Existing Premises"), in a building located at 8281 Greensboro Drive, Tysons, Virginia 22102 (the "Building").
- B. Landlord desires to lease to Tenant and Tenant desires to lease from Landlord, approximately 23,493 rentable square feet of office space located on the seventh (7th) floor of the Building (the "Third Expansion Premises"), which Third Expansion Premises is comprised of Suite 700 and Suite 750, as labeled on Exhibit A which is attached to and made a part hereof.
  - C. Landlord and Tenant desire to modify the Lease as set forth below.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the sum of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are acknowledged by Landlord and Tenant, Landlord and Tenant covenant and agree as follows:

1. Third Expansion Premises. Landlord hereby leases to Tenant and Tenant hereby leases from Landlord, the Third Expansion Premises. The Third Expansion Premises has been measured in accordance with the Building Owners and Managers Association Standard Method of Measurement (ANSI/BOMA Z65.1 1996). Notwithstanding anything in the Lease or in this Amendment to the contrary, except as provided in the immediately following sentence, Tenant is leasing the Third Expansion Premises in its as-is, but broom clean, condition with all furniture, equipment [other than the Existing Equipment (as hereinafter defined)] and personal property removed (the "Required Delivery Condition"). Tenant acknowledges that the prior tenant's equipment (the "Existing Equipment") may still be present in the phone closet located within the Third Expansion Premises as of the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date. Tenant shall have no liability for the repair, maintenance, or removal of the Existing Equipment, nor shall Tenant be liable for any interruption of service caused to the Existing Equipment while such Existing Equipment is located within the Third Expansion Premises. If applicable, Landlord shall coordinate with Tenant and the prior tenant to remove the Existing Equipment from the Third Expansion Premises within a reasonable period, but in no event later than November 1, 2018.

Except to the extent caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of Tenant, Landlord shall indemnify and save free and harmless Tenant from and against all losses and/or expenses, including reasonable legal fees and expenses, which Tenant may suffer or pay as the result of claims or lawsuits involving or in connection with the Existing Equipment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, Landlord's indemnification obligation pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence shall expire two (2) years after the Existing Equipment is removed from the Third Expansion Premises. Landlord shall ensure that all base Building systems serving the Third Expansion Premises are in good working order as of the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date. Tenant shall cause the Third Expansion Premises to be built out in accordance with the Work Agreement that is attached to and made a part hereof as Exhibit B.

- 2. <u>Term.</u> The term of the Lease with respect to the Third Expansion Premises shall commence on the date Landlord tenders possession of the Third Expansion Premises to Tenant in the Required Delivery Condition (the "Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date") and shall be coterminous with the term of the Lease (i.e., which is currently scheduled to expire on June 30, 2026). Landlord shall deliver possession of the entirety of the Third Expansion Premises within five (5) business days after the date the existing tenant of the Third Expansion Premises surrenders possession of the Third Expansion Premises to Landlord. For purposes of clarity, Landlord shall deliver the Third Expansion Premises in its entirety (i.e., Landlord shall not deliver Suite 700 or Suite 750 individually).
- 3. <u>Base Annual Rent.</u> In addition to the "Base Rent" (as defined in the Lease) with respect to the Existing Premises, Tenant covenants and agrees to pay Landlord Base Rent with respect to the Third Expansion Premises ("Third Expansion Premises Base Rent") as follows:

<u>Period</u>	Third Expansion Premises Base Rent	Third Expansion Premises Monthly Base Rent	Rent Per Rentable Square Foot
1/1/19* - 5/31/20	\$704,790.00 (annualized)	\$58,732.50	\$30.00
6/1/20 - 5/31/21	\$951,466.50	\$79,288.88	\$40.50
6/1/21 - 5/31/22	\$975,253.16	\$81,271.10	\$41.51
6/1/22 - 5/31/23	\$999,634.48	\$83,302.87	\$42.55
6/1/23 - 5/31/24	\$1,024,625.30	\$85,385.44	\$43.61
6/1/24 - 5/31/25	\$1,050,240.90	\$87,520.08	\$44.70
6/1/25 - 5/31/26	\$1,076,496.90	\$89,708.08	\$45.82
6/1/26 - 6/30/26	\$1,103,409.30	\$91,950.78	\$46.97

<sup>\*</sup>This Third Expansion Premises Rent Commencement Date (as hereinafter defined) is subject to change in accordance with the below paragraph.

The rent commencement date for the Third Expansion Premises (the "Third Expansion Premises Rent Commencement Date") shall be January 1, 2019, subject to delay as set forth in this paragraph. If Landlord does not deliver the entirety of the Third Expansion Premises to Tenant in the Required Delivery Condition by November 1, 2018 (the "Anticipated Delivery Date"), then Tenant shall be entitled to one (1) day of abatement of Third Expansion Premises Base Rent following the actual Third Expansion Premises Rent Commencement Date for each day following the Anticipated

Delivery Date that Landlord fails to deliver possession of the Third Expansion Premises to Tenant in the Required Delivery Condition.

Provided Tenant is not in Default (as defined in the Original Lease), commencing on the Third Expansion Premises Rent Commencement Date, Landlord agrees to abate the first seven (7) full monthly installments of Third Expansion Premises Base Monthly Rent that are payable under this Amendment (the "Abatement Period").

4. Tenant's Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share; Third Expansion Premises Base Years. In addition to paying Tenant's "Pro Rata Share" (as defined in the Lease) of increases in "Expenses" (as defined in the Lease) and "Taxes" (as defined in the Lease) with respect to the Existing Premises, Tenant shall pay its "Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share" (as defined below) of increases in Expenses over the Expenses for the "Third Expansion Premises Base Year" (as defined below) and Taxes over the Taxes for the Third Expansion Premises Base Year. As used herein, (a) "Tenant's Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share" shall mean 9.11% (i.e., based on a Total Rentable Area of the Building of 257,824 rentable square feet), and (b) the "Third Expansion Premises Base Year" for Expenses and Taxes shall mean calendar year 2019. Expenses for the Third Expansion Premises Base Year shall be grossed-up, as provided in Section 5.03.C. of the Original Lease, to reflect a ninety-five percent (95%) occupancy rate for the Building. Taxes for the Third Expansion Premises Base Year shall reflect actual Taxes assessed or imposed upon the Property or Landlord, as applicable, during the Third Expansion Premises Base Year. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, Tenant shall not be required to pay Tenant's Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share of Expenses or Taxes until the first anniversary of the Third Expansion Premises Rent Commencement Date. Commencement Date, and continuing throughout the term of the Lease, Tenant shall pay Tenant's Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share of increases in Expenses over the Expenses for the Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share of increases in Expenses over the Expenses for the Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share of increases in Expenses over the Expenses for the Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share of increases in Expenses over the Expenses for the Third Expansion Premises Pro Rata Share of increases in Expenses over the Expenses for the Third Expansion Premises Base Year (sub

#### 5. Parking.

(a) Parking Rights. In addition to Tenant's parking rights set forth in the Lease, from and after the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date, Landlord shall require that the garage operator offer to Tenant three (3) monthly parking contracts for every 1,000 square feet of rentable area of the Third Expansion Premises to park an automobile (collectively, the "Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights") in the Garage (as defined in the Original Lease) adjacent to the Building. The Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights shall (i) be unassigned, and (ii) be on a self-park or attendant parking basis (or a combination thereof), as determined by the garage operator. In addition to Tenant's Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights, as of the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date, Tenant shall have the right to contract for five (5) additional reserved spaces. Three (3) of the reserved spaces shall be located in a mutually agreeable area of the Garage (the "Reserved Garage Spaces"), and the other two (2) shall be located on the surface lot in front of the Building (the "Reserved Lot Spaces") in the location shown by two red boxes on Exhibit C attached hereto and incorporated herein. Despite the foregoing, (i) Landlord shall have the right, from time to time, upon prior written notice to Tenant to relocate the Reserved Lot Spaces to another location in the surface lot, but no more than once per calendar year (or more frequently if such relocation is necessary due to emergency repairs or life safety

work). If Tenant does not contract for the maximum number of Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights so allocated to it by the end of the Abatement Period, then Landlord (or Landlord's garage operator) shall have the right to use such unused Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights subject to the following sentence. If Tenant later elects to use all or any portion of the unused allocation of the Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights, Tenant shall notify Landlord in writing thereof and Landlord shall, within sixty (60) days after receipt of Tenant's notice, ensure that the entire unreserved allocation (or portion thereof that Tenant is electing to use) is again available to Tenant. For purposes of Section 28.I. of the Original Lease, "Tenant's Parking Share" shall include the Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights. Subject to availability, Tenant shall have the right to contract for additional parking (the "Additional Parking") on a month to month basis, which Additional Parking shall be subject to cancellation by Landlord or Tenant upon forty-five (45) days' prior written notice to the other party.

- (b) Parking Fees. The monthly parking rate for the Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights shall be the prevailing market rate charged from time to time by the garage operator for similar monthly parking contracts. As of the Effective Date, the current rate for each (i) unreserved parking contract is One Hundred Ten and 00/100 Dollars (\$110.00) per month, and (ii) reserved parking contract is Two Hundred Thirty and 00/100 Dollars (\$230.00) per month. Except as otherwise provided herein, contracts for the Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights shall be with the garage operator and shall contain the same terms as are usually contained in contracts with other similar office customers of the garage operator at the Building. If Tenant fails to pay any charges for its Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights within any applicable notice and cure period, then Landlord shall have the right to terminate Tenant's Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights with respect to those spaces for which Tenant has failed to pay within any applicable notice and cure periods, without legal process, and to remove Tenant, Tenant's vehicles or those of its employees, licensees or invitees from the Garage. For purposes of clarity, if Tenant fails to timely pay for its Third Expansion Premises Parking Rights, such failure shall not permit Landlord to terminate Tenant's parking rights otherwise set forth in the Lease or this Amendment for which Tenant is not required to pay a parking fee. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, provided Tenant is not in Default under the Lease (as amended by this Amendment) beyond the expiration of any applicable notice and cure period, Landlord shall abate (i) the parking fees for the Reserved Lot Spaces for the remainder of the current term of the Lease (i.e., through June 30, 2026), and (ii) the parking fees due under this Amendment until the expiration of the Abatement Period.
- (c) In the event Landlord elects, in its sole and absolute discretion, to redevelop the surface parking lot, Landlord shall have the right, upon at least ten (10) business days' written notice to Tenant, to relocate all of Tenant's reserved surface parking lot spaces into the Garage (nearest to the Building's entrance). Such relocation shall not occur until it is required for redevelopment in the area of Tenant's reserved surface parking lot spaces to commence.

#### 6. Notice Addresses.

(a) As of the Effective Date, Landlord's Notice Address is deemed to be:

TMG TMC 3, L.L.C. c/o The Meridian Group 3 Bethesda Metro Center, Suite 1400 Bethesda, Maryland 20814 Attention: Morgan Blackwood Patel with a copy to: Shulman, Rogers, Gandal, Pordy & Ecker, P.A. 12505 Park Potomac Avenue, 6th Floor Potomac, Maryland 20854 Attention: Douglas K. Hirsch, Esquire

Auention. Douglas R. Hilsen, Esquite

(b) As of the Effective Date, Tenant's Notice Address is deemed to be:

Alarm.com Incorporated 8281 Greensboro Drive Tysons, Virginia 22102 Attention: Daniel Ramos

With a copy to: Avison Young 8300 Greensboro Drive Suite 275 Tysons, VA 22102 Attention: William Evans

And a copy to: Cooley LLP 11951 Freedom Drive, Suite 1400 Reston, VA 20190 Attention: John G. Lavoie

- 7. <u>Termination Option.</u> Tenant's termination option contained in Section 1 of <u>Exhibit F</u> to the Original Lease shall remain in full force and effect. In the event that Tenant exercises its termination option under Section 1 of <u>Exhibit F</u> of the Original Lease and the leased space subject to the termination includes the Third Expansion Premises, then the amount in Section 1C(ii) (which is part of the calculation of the Termination Fee) shall be increased by the product of (a) seven multiplied by (b) the amount of the Third Expansion Premises Monthly Base Rent for the Third Expansion Premises for the last calendar month prior to the "Effective Termination Date" (as defined in the Lease) (i.e., the Termination Fee shall include seven (7) installments of the applicable Third Expansion Premises Monthly Base Rent, in lieu of (and not in addition to) one (1) installment of the applicable Third Expansion Premises Monthly Base Rent).
- 8. Office Sharing. As of the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date, Section 9.06(iii) of the Original Lease is hereby deleted and replaced with the following "(iii) the amount of the Premises subject to Office Sharing shall not exceed a rentable square footage equal to one (1) full floor of the Premises at any one time."
- 9. <u>Contingency.</u> This Amendment is contingent upon Landlord entering into a termination agreement with the current tenant of Suite 700 (which space is part of the Third Expansion Premises), which termination agreement shall be acceptable to Landlord in its sole and absolute discretion. In the event the contingency is not fully satisfied within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date, Landlord and Tenant shall each have the right, in their sole discretion to send the other party a written notice

which terminates this Amendment. In the event either party so terminates this Amendment, the Amendment shall be of no further force or effect and the Lease shall continue in full force and effect.

- 10. <u>Brokers.</u> Landlord and Tenant each represents and warrants to the other that, except for CBRE ("Landlord's Broker") and Avison Young ("Tenant's Broker"), it has not dealt with any broker in connection with this Amendment. Landlord and Tenant shall indemnify and hold the other harmless from and against any claims for brokerage or other commission arising by reason of its breach of the aforesaid representation and warranty. Pursuant to a separate written agreement between Landlord and Tenant's Broker, Landlord shall pay Tenant's Broker a commission in connection with this Amendment.
- 11. <u>Definitions.</u> From and after the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date, except where the context plainly requires otherwise, (a) the term "Premises" shall mean the Existing Premises and the Third Expansion Premises, and (b) all references in the Lease to "Premises" shall mean the Existing Premises and the Third Expansion Premises. Except where the context plainly requires otherwise, all capitalized terms that are not defined in this Amendment shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Lease.
- 12. <u>Estoppel.</u> To induce Landlord to enter into this Amendment, Tenant hereby represents and warrants to Landlord that as of the date of this Amendment:
  - (a) Tenant is in possession of the entire Existing Premises;
  - (b) Tenant has not assigned the Lease or sublet any portion of the Existing Premises;
- (c) The Lease is unmodified (except as otherwise expressly set forth to the contrary in this Amendment) and is in full force and effect;
- (d) To Tenant's knowledge, Tenant has no claims against Landlord arising under or in connection with the Lease, and, to Tenant's knowledge, Tenant has no set off or defenses against the enforcement of any right or remedy of Landlord under the Lease; and
- (e) To Tenant's knowledge, Landlord is not in default of any of its obligations under the Lease and, to Tenant's knowledge, no event has occurred and no condition exists which, with the giving of notice or the lapse of time, or both, will constitute a default by Landlord under the Lease.
- 13. <u>Governing Documents.</u> Except as expressly modified by this Amendment, the Lease shall remain unchanged and continue in full force in accordance with its terms. In the event of any conflict between the terms and conditions of the Lease and the terms and conditions of this Amendment, the terms and conditions of this Amendment shall govern and control.
- 14. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Amendment may be executed in (2) or more counterparts copies, all of which counterparts shall have the same force and effect as if all parties hereto had executed a single copy of this Amendment.
  - 15. <u>Incorporation of Recitals.</u> The recitals set forth above are incorporated in and made a part of this Amendment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Amendment as of the day and year first above written.

WITNESS/ ATTEST:	LANDLORD:						
	TMG TM	MC 3 L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company					
/s/ Sage Bree	By:	/s/ David Cheek					
	Name:	David Cheek					
	Title:	President					
/s/ Sage Bree	Ву:	/s/ Mark D. King					
	Name:	Mark D. King					
	Title:	CFO/COO					
WITNESS/ ATTEST:	TENAN'	Т:					
	ALARM	I.COM INCORPORATED, a Delaware corporation					
/s/ Nicola Murphy	By:	/s/ Daniel Ramos					
	Name:	Daniel Ramos					
	Title:	Senior Vice President					
		Page 7					

## EXHIBIT A

## THIRD EXPANSION PREMISES

Page 8

#### **EXHIBIT B**

#### WORK AGREEMENT

This Exhibit is attached to and made a part of that certain Sixth Amendment to Deed of Office Lease Agreement dated as of October 10, 2018 (the "Amendment"), by and between TMG TMC 3 L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company ("Landlord"), and ALARM.COM INCORPORATED, a Delaware corporation ("Tenant"). Terms used but not defined in this Exhibit shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the "Lease" (as defined in the Amendment).

- 1. <u>Tenant's Authorized Representative</u>. Tenant designates Alex Texier ("Tenant's Authorized Representative") as the person authorized to initial all plans, drawings, change orders and approvals pursuant to this Exhibit. Landlord shall not be obligated to respond to or act upon any such item until such item has been initialed by Tenant's Authorized Representative.
- As-Is. Landlord is leasing the Third Expansion Premises to Tenant in the condition described in Section 1 of the Amendment. All of the work to be performed in initially finishing and completing the Third Expansion Premises shall be performed by Tenant pursuant to this Exhibit B and pursuant to all other applicable provisions of the Lease including, without limitation, insurance, damage and indemnification provisions, and such work shall be deemed to be Alterations for all purposes of the Lease. Tenant's taking of possession of the Third Expansion Premises shall constitute Tenant's acknowledgment that the Third Expansion Premises are in the condition required by the Amendment and that all obligations of Landlord have been fully satisfied. Tenant intends to demolish Suite 750 (which currently comprises part of the Third Expansion Premises). In the event Tenant elects to demolish Suite 750, it shall provide Landlord with a written notice so advising Landlord of its election (the "Demolition Notice"). Within fourteen (14) days after its receipt of the Demolition Notice, Landlord shall have the right, at no cost to Tenant, to enter the Third Expansion Premises and to remove the brand new doors, glass panels and other improvements in Suite 750 and to reuse the same. If Landlord removes such doors, glass panels, and/or other improvements, Landlord shall not be required to pay Tenant for such items. If Landlord fails to so remove the foregoing items within said fourteen (14) day period, then Tenant shall have the right to use, remove, or otherwise take such actions as desired with respect to said items. Landlord agrees to cooperate with Tenant and coordinate Landlord's removal of said items in order to minimize interference with or disruption to Tenant's Work (as hereinafter defined).

#### 3. <u>Costs</u>.

- (a) Tenant shall pay all expenses incurred in connection with Tenant's Work over and above the "Construction Allowance" (as defined below) as follows.
- (b) Landlord shall pay to Tenant the sum of One Million Fifty Seven Thousand One Hundred Eighty Five and 00/100 Dollars (\$1,057,185.00) (the "Construction Allowance") as a reimbursement to Tenant for the costs of performing alterations and improvements to the Third Expansion Premises (the "Tenant's Work"), including the cost of preparing design and construction documents and mechanical and electrical plans, and construction management and specialty consultant fees in connection with the Tenant's Work. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, Tenant may apply no more than twenty percent (20%) of the Construction Allowance towards soft costs in connection with Tenant's Work (including, but not limited to, architectural and engineering services, signage,

construction management and specialty consultant fees, cabling and wiring, security, cost of telecommunications equipment and installation, costs of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and moving costs). Landlord shall be permitted to receive a construction supervisory fee in the amount of one percent (1%) of the total hard costs of the Tenant's Work, which amount may be deducted from the amount of the Construction Allowance. As part of such construction supervisory fee, upon Tenant's prior written request (which must be received within a reasonable time period prior to any such meeting), a Landlord representative shall be available to participate in Tenant's weekly progress meeting in connection with Tenant's Work. The Construction Allowance shall be paid by Landlord to Tenant in accordance with the provisions of Section 3(c) below. Despite the foregoing, Tenant shall pay all costs of performing the Tenant's Work that are in excess of the Construction Allowance. In addition to the Construction Allowance, Landlord shall provide to Tenant a "test fit" allowance of up to Twelve Cents per rentable square foot in the Third Expansion Premises.

(c) Periodically (but not more often than once per calendar month), Tenant shall deliver to Landlord an invoice from contractors or materialmen who have supplied labor or materials for Tenant's Work for which disbursement is then being requested. Such invoice shall contain (or be accompanied by) a certification by Tenant's architect substantially in the form of A.I.A. Document G702 "Application and Certificate for Payment" that the labor or materials for which Tenant is seeking reimbursement has been satisfactorily performed or delivered to the Third Expansion Premises in accordance with the Final Construction Drawings (as defined below). Within forty-five (45) days after receiving any such invoice (and certifications), Landlord shall pay to Tenant the amount that is set forth in such invoice; provided: (A) such request is accompanied by a copy of the invoice for such expenses marked "paid"; (B) copies of all contracts, bills, vouchers, change orders and other information relating to the expenses for which reimbursement is being sought as may be reasonably requested by Landlord shall be made available to Landlord by Tenant; (C) the work and materials for which payment is requested are performed in accordance with the working drawings approved by Landlord as evidenced by the G702 document referenced above; (D) the work for which payment is requested has been performed by a contractor approved by Landlord; (E) the work and materials for which payment is requested have been physically incorporated into the Third Expansion Premises, free of any security interest, lien or encumbrance; and (F) Tenant delivers to Landlord lien waivers from all contractors and materialmen for the work or materials for which such draw payment is being made (which lien waivers may be contingent only on payment of the amount then being requisitioned). Each payment made by Landlord hereunder with respect to payments to Tenant's general contractor and subcontractors shall be subject to retainage of ten percent (10%); provided, however, if Tenant's requisition request includes a ten percent (10%) retainage per its agreement with the general contractor (or the agreement with the subcontractor, as applicable), the payment shall not be subject to an additional ten percent (10%) retainage. Upon completion of the Tenant's Work, Tenant shall provide to Landlord (i) a valid non-residential use permit for the Third Expansion Premises, and (ii) a certificate of completion from Tenant's architect with respect to the Tenant's Work.

Landlord shall pay the retainage to Tenant within forty-five (45) days after the last to occur of the following: (A) final completion of all of the Tenant's Work in accordance with the terms of the Lease (as amended by the Amendment), (B) the certificate of Tenant's architect that the Tenant's Work has been installed in accordance with the Final Construction Drawings, (C) receipt of releases of lien from all contractors and materialmen who supplied labor or materials for the Tenant's Work (which lien waivers may be contingent only on payment of the amount then being requisitioned, and within twenty (20) days after Landlord makes such payment, Tenant shall obtain full, final and unconditional

lien waivers), and (D) Landlord's receipt of paid invoices evidencing that Tenant has actually paid to materialmen, vendors, consultants, and contractors who have supplied materials, services, or labor for the Tenant's Work an amount equal to or in excess of the Construction Allowance. If the Construction Allowance is not fully utilized by the date which occurs eighteen (18) months after the Third Expansion Premises Commencement Date, the unused portion of the Construction Allowance shall be retained by Landlord.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, in the event that Landlord fails to timely make a disbursement of the Construction Allowance, and such disbursement (or portion thereof) is not subject to a legitimate good-faith dispute by Landlord, Tenant shall have the right to offset the subject disbursement of the Construction Allowance against the Rent next payable by Tenant under the Lease (after the rent abatement periods set forth in the Amendment and application of any Rent Credit as provided herein); provided, however, that Tenant first provides Landlord with an additional notice which shall set forth in bold capital letters the following statement: "IF LANDLORD FAILS TO DISBURSE FUNDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION ALLOWANCE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF THIS NOTICE, THEN TENANT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO OFFSET THE SUBJECT DISBURSEMENT OF THE CONSTRUCTION ALLOWANCE AGAINST RENT" and such failure by Landlord to make such disbursement of the Construction Allowance continues for more than ten (10) days after Landlord receives such additional notice. The foregoing provision shall be deemed null and void and shall be deemed deleted from this Amendment upon the full disbursement of the Construction Allowance as provided herein. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, in no event however shall Tenant offset an amount more than twenty percent (20%) of the payment due to Landlord, but Tenant may carry forward any excess to apply toward future payments until fully applied. Any portion of the Construction Allowance that is offset as aforesaid is deemed to have been funded, and in all events Tenant must use the amount offset for the items to which the Construction Allowance may be applied.

#### 4. Schedule.

- (a) Tenant shall submit to Landlord a final space plan and all specifications, details, finishes (including, without limitation, paint and carpet selections), elevations and sections, all as approved by Tenant, for Landlord's written approval (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed with respect to any plans and specifications to the interior of the Demised Premises (i) which do not adversely affect the mechanical, electrical, plumbing, life safety or heating, ventilation and airconditioning system serving the Building, and (ii) which do not adversely affect the structure of the Demised Premises or the Building). Such space plan shall indicate partition and space layout and proposed fixturing, door location, special equipment types, materials and colors, reflected ceiling plan (including lighting, materials and sprinkler heads), floor load requirements exceeding fifty (50) pounds per square foot live load, telephone and electrical outlet locations.
- (b) Tenant shall submit to Landlord final architectural and engineering working drawings approved by Tenant for Landlord's written approval, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed. Such architectural working drawings shall include: master legend, construction and floor plan, reflected ceiling plan, telephone and electrical outlet layout and usage system, finish plan, sign, window and storefront details (if any), and all architectural details, elevations, specifications and finishes necessary to construct the Third Expansion Premises. Said drawings, when approved by Landlord, are referred to herein as the "Final Construction Drawings."

- Approval. All plans and drawings (and changes thereto) shall be subject to Landlord's written approval. Landlord shall not unreasonably withhold, condition, or delay its consent to such plans and drawings. Such approval shall not constitute either (a) approval of any delay caused by Tenant or a waiver of any right or remedy that may arise as a result of such delay, or (b) Landlord's representation that such approved plans, drawings or changes comply with all applicable governmental laws, codes, orders, rules or regulations. Any deficiency in design or construction, although same had prior approval of Landlord, shall be solely the responsibility of Tenant. All materials and equipment furnished by Tenant shall be new or like-new and all work shall be done in a good and workmanlike manner. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any alterations or improvements which connect into the Base Building Systems (as defined in the Lease), or which are made to the exterior of the Third Expansion Premises or the Building, or which are visible from the exterior of the Third Expansion Premises or the Building shall be subject to Landlord's prior written approval, in its sole and absolute discretion. To the extent that Landlord does not have a third party review the plans and drawings (or changes thereof) provided by Tenant in connection with Tenant's Work, Landlord shall advise Tenant within seven (7) business days after receiving any request for such approval (including receipt of such reasonable plans and drawings) whether or not Landlord approves such plans and drawings (or changes thereof) (or if disapproval, the specific reasons for such disapproval). If Landlord does hire a third party to review any such plans and drawings (or changes thereto), then the time period for reviewing such plans and drawings (or changes thereto) shall be extended from seven (7) business days to ten (10) business days. In the event Tenant is required to resubmit plans or drawings (or changes thereto) for approval, Landlord shall respond to such resubmitted plans and drawings (or changes thereto) within five (5) business days after Tenant's submission of a complete set thereof. If Landlord fails to respond to a submission of plans and drawings (or changes thereto) within the time frames set forth above, and Landlord also fails to respond to Tenant within three (3) business days after Landlord's receipt of a second written request for Landlord's approval (which second request states in bold capital letters that the request will be deemed approved if Landlord fails to respond within the three (3) business day period) then, Landlord shall be deemed to have approved the same as submitted, however such "deemed approval" concept shall not apply with respect to improvements affecting the base Building structure or the Base Building Systems.
- 6. <u>Change Orders.</u> All additional expenses attributable to any change order requested by Tenant and approved by Landlord, shall to the extent that it would cause the total construction costs to exceed the Construction Allowance, be payable by Tenant. If the cost of the Tenant's Work exceeds the Construction Allowance, Tenant shall be entitled to the Construction Allowance in accordance with the terms hereof, but each individual disbursement of the Construction Allowance shall be disbursed in the proportion that the Construction Allowance bears to the total cost for the Tenant's Work, less a ten percent (10%) retainage (per Section 3(c) of this Exhibit B).

#### 7. General Requirements.

- (a) Tenant construction shall proceed only on the basis of approved drawings. Changes that occur during actual construction that differ from the approved drawings will require alterations at Tenant's expense to restore compliance with approved drawings, unless otherwise approved by Landlord, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed. No drawings are considered "approved" unless they bear Landlord's signature of approval.
- (b) Landlord shall have no obligation or responsibility to Tenant in respect of minor deviations in the actual dimensions of the Third Expansion Premises. Tenant shall have the affirmative

obligation to conduct an on-site verification of all measurements and dimensions prior to letting any contracts for the performance of Tenant's Work and prior to ordering the fabrication of any trade fixtures.

- (c) Following Landlord's approval of the Final Construction Drawings, but prior to commencement of construction of Tenant's Work, Tenant shall submit the following:
  - 1. Names of all contractors and subcontractors (all of which shall be subject to Landlord's approval);
  - 2. Proof of financial ability;
  - 3. Tenant insurance coverage;
  - 4. Copy of building permit(s);
  - 5. The then-current completion schedule from Tenant's general contractor; and
  - 6. Proof of utility application/deposit to Landlord.
- 8. <u>Performance of Tenant's Work.</u> Tenant will perform and complete Tenant's Work in compliance with such reasonable rules and regulations as Landlord may make.
- 9. <u>Completion of Tenant's Work.</u> Promptly following completion of Tenant's Work, Tenant, at its sole cost and expense and without cost to Landlord shall:
- (a) Furnish evidence satisfactory to Landlord that all of Tenant's Work has been completed and paid for in full (and such work has been accepted by Landlord), that any and all liens therefor that have been or might be filed have been discharged of record (by payment, bond, order of a court of competent jurisdiction or otherwise) or waived, and that no security interests relating thereto are outstanding;
- (b) Furnish to Landlord all certifications and approvals with respect to Tenant's Work that may be required from any governmental authority and any board of fire underwriters or similar body for the use and occupancy of the Third Expansion Premises;
- (c) Furnish Landlord with one (1) set of mylar transparent reproducible "as built" drawings of the Third Expansion Premises, together with a CD-ROM which contains such as built drawings; and
- (d) Furnish an affidavit from Tenant's architect certifying that all work performed in the Third Expansion Premises is in accordance with the working drawings and specifications approved by Landlord.
- 10. <u>Work Standards.</u> All of Tenant's Work shall be done and installed in compliance with all applicable laws and with the overall design and construction standards of the Building. Landlord's approval of the Final Construction Drawings shall evidence Landlord's agreement that the Tenant's

Work is in line with the overall design and construction standards of the Building, provided that Tenant's Work is completed in compliance with the Final Construction Drawings.

- 11. Permits. As expeditiously as reasonably possible, Tenant shall file all applications, plans and specifications, pay all fees and obtain all permits, certificates and other approvals required by the jurisdiction in which the Building is located and any other authorities having jurisdiction in connection with the commencement and completion of Tenant's Work, and diligently and in good faith pursue same so that all permits and approvals are issued as soon as reasonably practicable. If minor modifications are at any time required by government authorities to any such plans or specifications, then Tenant shall make such modifications. Tenant shall permit Landlord to assist Tenant in obtaining all such permits and other items. Tenant shall obtain a Certificate of Occupancy and all other approvals required for Tenant to use and occupy the Third Expansion Premises and to open for business to the public. Copies of all building permits/occupancy permits are to be forwarded to Landlord.
- 12. <u>Contractor Insurance.</u> Tenant's contractors and subcontractors shall be required to provide the following types of insurance:
- (a) <u>Builder's Risk Insurance.</u> At all times during the period between the commencement of construction of Tenant's Work and the date on which Tenant opens the Third Expansion Premises for business with the public with a valid certificate of occupancy in place, Tenant shall maintain, or cause to be maintained, casualty insurance in Builder's Risk Form covering Landlord, Landlord's architects, Landlord's contractor or subcontractors, Tenant and Tenant's contractors, as their interest may appear, against loss or damage by fire, vandalism, and malicious mischief and other such risks as are customarily covered by the so-called "broad form extended coverage endorsement" upon all Tenant's Work in place and all materials stored at the site of Tenant's Work, and all materials, equipment, supplies and temporary structures of all kinds incident to Tenant's Work and builder's machinery, tools and equipment, all while forming a part of, or on the Third Expansion Premises, or when adjacent thereto, while on drives, sidewalks, streets or alleys, all on a completed value basis for the full insurable value at all times. Said Builder's Risk Insurance shall contain an express waiver of any right of subrogation by the insurer against Landlord, its agents, employees and contractors.
- (b) <u>Worker's Compensation.</u> At all times during the period of construction of Tenant's Work, in addition to the insurance requirements under Section 15(c) of the Lease, Tenant's contractors and subcontractors shall maintain in effect statutory worker's compensation as required by the jurisdiction in which the Building is located.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the provisions of this Section 12 shall be applicable to the making of any Alterations to the Existing Premises and/or the Third Expansion Premises.

13. Contractor Liability. Tenant assumes the responsibility and liability for any and all injuries or death of any or all persons, including Tenant's contractors and subcontractors, and their respective employees, and for any and all damages to property caused by, or resulting from or arising out of any act or omission on the part of Tenant. Tenant's contractors or subcontractors, in the prosecution of Tenant's Work, and with respect to such work, agree to indemnify and save free and harmless Landlord from and against all losses and/or expenses, including reasonable legal fees and expenses which they may suffer or pay as the result of claims or lawsuits due to, because of, or arising out of any and all such injuries or death and/or damage, whether real or alleged; and Tenant and Tenant's contractors and/or subcontractors or their respective insurance companies shall assume and defend at their own expense all such claims or lawsuits. Tenant agrees to insure this assumed liability in its policy of Broad Form

Commercial General Liability insurance and the certificate of insurance or copy of the policy that Tenant will present to Landlord shall so indicate such contractual coverage.

- 14. <u>Coordination.</u> Tenant's Work shall be coordinated with any other work being performed by Landlord and other tenants in the Building so that Tenant's Work will not unreasonably interfere with or delay the completion of any other construction work in the Building.
- 15. <u>Loads.</u> No item shall be mounted on or hung from the interior or exterior of the Building by Tenant without Landlord's prior written approval, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed if mounted inside the Third Expansion Premises. If Tenant desires to mount or hang anything, Tenant shall notify Landlord of the loads involved and shall pay all costs involved (subject to application of the Construction Allowance as permitted by this Exhibit B).
- 16. <u>Ducts.</u> Tenant shall permit Landlord or its agent to install, maintain, repair and replace in the ceiling space and/or under the concrete slab, adjacent to demising partitions and free standing columns, electrical, water or other lines and/or ducts that may be required to serve the common areas or others in the Building.
- 17. <u>Contractor Responsibilities</u>. As between Landlord and Tenant, it shall be Tenant's responsibility to cause each of Tenant's contractors and subcontractors to:
- (a) Maintain continuous protection of any premises adjacent to the Third Expansion Premises in such a manner (including the use of lights, guardrails, barricades and dust proof partitions where required) as to prevent any damage to the Building or any adjacent premises by reason of the performance of Tenant's Work.
- (b) Secure all parts of Tenant's Work against accident, storm, and any other hazard. However, no barricades or other protective device shall extend more than two (2) feet beyond the Third Expansion Premises. In addition to the foregoing, Tenant's barricade or other protective device, if any, shall be attractive in appearance, shall extend across the frontage and full height of the Third Expansion Premises and shall be of materials approved by Landlord, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed.
- (c) Comply strictly with the Rules and Regulations and Procedures set forth in Exhibit B Schedule I, and Tenant agrees to be responsible for any violations thereof. Remove and dispose of, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, at least daily and more frequently as Landlord may reasonably direct, all debris and rubbish caused by or resulting from Tenant's Work, and upon completion, to remove all temporary structures, surplus materials, debris and rubbish of whatever kind remaining on any part of the Building or in proximity thereto which was brought in or created in the performance of Tenant's Work (including stocking refuse). If at any time Tenant's contractors and subcontractors shall neglect, refuse or fail to remove any debris, rubbish, surplus materials, or temporary structures in accordance with this paragraph, Landlord at its sole option may remove the same at Tenant's expense without prior notice.
- (d) Use only the Third Expansion Premises for the performance of Tenant's Work. Entry into areas unrelated to the performance of Tenant's Work is prohibited.

(e) Warrants that the work done by it will be free from any defects in workmanship and materials for a period of not less than one (1) year from the date of completion thereof, except for those inherent in the quality of the Tenant's Work that the Final Construction Drawings require or permit. Tenant shall also require that any such contractors and subcontractors shall be responsible for the replacement or repair without charge for any and all work done or furnished by or through such contractors or subcontractors which becomes defective within one (1) year after completion; provided, however, Tenant shall not be in default if Tenant elects to perform the required replacement or repair. The contractor's warranty may exclude remedy for damage or defect caused by abuse, alterations to the Tenant's Work not executed by the contractor, improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or normal wear and tear and normal usage. Replacement or repair of such work shall include, without charge, all expenses and damages in connection with such removal, replacement, or repair of all or any part of such work, or any part of the Building which may have been damaged or disturbed thereby. All warranties or guarantees in connection with the Tenant's Work (to the extent such warranties or guarantees are for items which are to remain the property of Landlord following the expiration of the term of the Lease or earlier termination of the Lease) shall be contained in the contract or subcontract, which shall provide that said guarantees or warranties either shall be issued in the name of Tenant and Landlord, or shall be transferable to Tenant and Landlord. Tenant covenants to give to Landlord any commercially reasonable assignment or other assurance necessary to provide a right of direct enforcement.

#### **EXHIBIT "B"**

#### **SCHEDULE I**

The following are rules and procedures to be followed by contractors when working in or around the Third Expansion Premises or Building:

- 1. Provide a trash can with a lid to dispose of lunches and food. Trash <u>must not</u> be allowed to accrue in the open lease spaces. This is to avoid fire and rodent hazards.
- 2. Access into spaces under construction must be limited to one door. If an unfinished lease space has two doors, one must be locked. Passage can occur through the door most convenient to the freight elevator and should have a temporary foot mat.
- 3. No access to the Building's interior lobby or corridors will be permitted at any time.
  - 4. All unused entry doors to vacant areas must be closed at all times and locked.
- 5. Construction employees must conduct themselves as mature gentlemen and ladies when working in tenant occupied spaces and all public spaces.
  - 6. Loud radios are prohibited in all work areas.
  - 7. Noisy operations such as chopping, etc. are to be done after hours, unless prior consent is given.
- 8. All work performed outside of normal working hours must be coordinated with the Building manager for security reasons. No one will be allowed access without prior permission.
- 9. Every effort must be made to avoid unreasonable disturbance of any other tenant's normal business operations. Punch list corrections must be performed only with the Tenant's permission, in advance. If an operation underway is unreasonably disturbing a tenant of the Building, it must be discontinued immediately and performed outside of normal business hours.

## EXHIBIT C

## RESERVED LOT SPACES

# ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT GRANT NOTICE (2015 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN)

Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"), pursuant to its 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), hereby awards to Participant a Restricted Stock Unit Award for the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock ("Restricted Stock Units") set forth below (the "Award"). The Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions as set forth in this notice of grant (this "Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice") and in the Plan and the Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (the "Award Agreement"), both of which are attached hereto and incorporated herein in their entirety. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in the Plan or the Award Agreement. In the event of any conflict between the terms in the Award and the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control.

Participant:					
Date of Grant:					
Vesting Commence	ment Date:				
Number of Restricte	ed Stock Units/Shares:				
Grant Date Fair Val	ue:				
Vesting Schedule:	The shares subject to the Award shall vest as follows: []				
ssuance Schedule:	Subject to any change on a Capitalization Adjustment, one share of Common Stock will be issued for each Restricted Stock Unit that vests at the time set forth in Section 6 of the Award Agreement.				
Forfeiture:	This Award is subject to the forfeiture provisions of Section 10 of the Award Agreement.				
Mandatory Sale To Cover Withholding Taxes:	As a condition to acceptance of this award, to the fullest extent permitted under the Plan and applicable law, withholding taxes will be satisfied through the sale of a number of the shares subject to the Award as determined in accordance with Section 12 of the Award Agreement and the remittance of the cash proceeds to the Company. Under the Award Agreement, the Company shall make payment from the cash proceeds of this sale directly to the appropriate taxing authorities in an amount equal to the taxes required to be withheld. The mandatory sale of shares to cover withholding taxes is imposed by the				

Company on the Participant in connection with the receipt of this Award.

Additional Terms/Acknowledgements: Participant acknowledges receipt of, and understands and agrees to, this Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice, the Award Agreement and the Plan. Participant further acknowledges that as of the Date of Grant, this Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice, the Award Agreement and the Plan set forth the entire understanding between Participant and the Company regarding the acquisition of the Common Stock pursuant to the Award specified above and supersede all prior oral and written agreements on the terms of this Award with the exception, if applicable, of (i) the written employment agreement or offer letter agreement entered into between the Company and Participant specifying the terms that should govern this specific Award, and (ii) any compensation recovery policy that is adopted by the Company or is otherwise required by applicable law.

By accepting this Award, Participant acknowledges having received and read the Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice, the Award Agreement and the Plan and agrees to all of the terms and conditions set forth in these documents. Participant consents to receive Plan documents by electronic delivery and to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company.

 Signature		Signature	
	Date:		

#### ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC. 2015 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

Pursuant to the Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice (the "Grant Notice") and this Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (the "Agreement"), Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") has awarded you ("Participant") a Restricted Stock Unit Award (the "Award") pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Company's 2015 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") for the number of Restricted Stock Units/shares indicated in the Grant Notice. Capitalized terms not explicitly defined in this Agreement or the Grant Notice shall have the same meanings given to them in the Plan. The terms of your Award, in addition to those set forth in the Grant Notice, are as follows.

- 1. GRANT OF THE AWARD. This Award represents the right to be issued on a future date one (1) share of Common Stock for each Restricted Stock Unit that vests on the applicable vesting date(s) (subject to any adjustment under Section 3 below) as indicated in the Grant Notice. As of the Date of Grant, the Company will credit to a bookkeeping account maintained by the Company for your benefit (the "Account") the number of Restricted Stock Units/shares of Common Stock subject to the Award. This Award was granted in consideration of your services to the Company.
- 2. VESTING. Subject to the limitations contained herein, your Award will vest, if at all, in accordance with the vesting schedule provided in the Grant Notice, provided that vesting will cease upon the termination of your Continuous Service. Upon such termination of your Continuous Service, the Restricted Stock Units/shares of Common Stock credited to the Account that were not vested on the date of such termination will be forfeited at no cost to the Company and you will have no further right, title or interest in or to such underlying shares of Common Stock.
- 3. NUMBER OF SHARES. The number of Restricted Stock Units/shares subject to your Award may be adjusted from time to time for Capitalization Adjustments, as provided in the Plan. Any additional Restricted Stock Units, shares, cash or other property that becomes subject to the Award pursuant to this Section 3, if any, shall be subject, in a manner determined by the Board, to the same forfeiture restrictions, restrictions on transferability, and time and manner of delivery as applicable to the other Restricted Stock Units and shares covered by your Award. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 3, no fractional shares or rights for fractional shares of Common Stock shall be created pursuant to this Section 3. Any fraction of a share will be rounded down to the nearest whole share.
- 4. SECURITIES LAW COMPLIANCE. You may not be issued any Common Stock under your Award unless the shares of Common Stock underlying the Restricted Stock Units are either (i) then registered under the Securities Act, or (ii) the Company has determined that such issuance would be exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Your Award must also comply with other applicable laws and regulations governing the Award, and you shall not receive such Common Stock if the Company determines that such receipt would not be in material compliance with such laws and regulations.
- 5. TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS. Prior to the time that shares of Common Stock have been delivered to you, you may not transfer, pledge, sell or otherwise dispose of this Award or the shares issuable in respect of your Award, except as expressly provided in this Section 5. For example, you may not use shares that may be issued in respect of your Restricted Stock Units as security for a loan. The

restrictions on transfer set forth herein will lapse upon delivery to you of shares in respect of your vested Restricted Stock Units.

- (a) Death. Your Award is transferable by will and by the laws of descent and distribution. At your death, vesting of your Award will cease and your executor or administrator of your estate shall be entitled to receive, on behalf of your estate, any Common Stock or other consideration that vested but was not issued before your death.
- **(b) Domestic Relations Orders.** Upon receiving written permission from the Board or its duly authorized designee, and provided that you and the designated transferee enter into transfer and other agreements required by the Company, you may transfer your right to receive the distribution of Common Stock or other consideration hereunder, pursuant to a domestic relations order or marital settlement agreement that contains the information required by the Company to effectuate the transfer. You are encouraged to discuss the proposed terms of any division of this Award with the Company General Counsel prior to finalizing the domestic relations order or marital settlement agreement to verify that you may make such transfer, and if so, to help ensure the required information is contained within the domestic relations order or marital settlement agreement.

#### 6. DATE OF ISSUANCE.

- (a) The issuance of shares in respect of the Restricted Stock Units is intended to comply with Treasury Regulations Section 1.409A-1(b)(4) and will be construed and administered in such a manner. Subject to the satisfaction of the withholding obligations set forth in this Agreement, in the event one or more Restricted Stock Units vests, the Company shall issue to you one (1) share of Common Stock for each Restricted Stock Unit that vests on the applicable vesting date(s) (subject to any adjustment under Section 3 above). The issuance date determined by this paragraph is referred to as the "Original Issuance Date".
- **(b)** If the Original Issuance Date falls on a date that is not a business day, delivery shall instead occur on the next following business day.
- (c) The form of delivery (e.g., a stock certificate or electronic entry evidencing such shares) shall be determined by the Company.
- 7. **DIVIDENDS.** You shall receive no benefit or adjustment to your Award with respect to any cash dividend, stock dividend or other distribution that does not result from a Capitalization Adjustment.
- **8. RESTRICTIVE LEGENDS.** The shares of Common Stock issued under your Award shall be endorsed with appropriate legends as determined by the Company.
- 9. EXECUTION OF DOCUMENTS. You hereby acknowledge and agree that the manner selected by the Company by which you indicate your consent to your Grant Notice is also deemed to be your execution of your Grant Notice and of this Agreement. You further agree that such manner of indicating consent may be relied upon as your signature for establishing your execution of any documents to be executed in the future in connection with your Award.

#### 10. FORFEITURE FOR DETRIMENTAL ACTIVITY

- (a) <u>Definition of Detrimental Activity.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, you shall not engage in any Detrimental Activity prior to, or during the two (2) year period following the termination of your Continuous Service (the "*Restricted Period*"). For purposes of this Section 10, "*Detrimental Activity*" shall mean: (i) to perform, provide, or attempt to perform or provide, wireless and web-enabled security system technology or wireless health solutions that is competitive with any product or service offered by the Company ("*Conflicting Services*") within the Restricted Territory or assist any other company to perform or provide Conflicting Services within the Restricted Territory; (ii) to induce, or attempt to induce, any employee of the Company to be employed or perform services for you or any company that is competitive to the Company; or (iii) to solicit, divert, take away, contact, call upon, accept business from, or service any current or prospective customer, dealer or partner of the Company for the purpose of providing any wireless and web-enabled security system technology or wireless health solution that competes with any product or service then offered by the Company. For purposes of this Section 10, "*Restricted Territory*" means the geographic territory serviced by you within the last twelve (12) months of your employment with the Company.
- **(b)** Forfeiture and Clawback. If you engage in any Detrimental Activity during the Restricted Period without the Company's express written consent, the Company shall have the right to cause a forfeiture of your rights under this Award and/or a clawback of proceeds you receive in connection with this Award, including, but not limited to, the right to: (i) cancel any portion of the Award prior to settlement, (ii) cause a forfeiture of any Common Stock acquired by you upon the settlement of this Award, and (iii) with respect to the period commencing twelve (12) months prior to and ending two (2) years following the termination of your Continuous Service, require you to pay over to the Company any consideration paid to you upon the sale, transfer or other transaction involving this Award or the sale of shares of Common Stock received upon settlement of this Award, in such manner and on such terms and conditions as may be required, and the Company shall be entitled to set-off against the amount of any such proceeds any amount owed to you by the Company to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- (c) Remedies Cumulative. The right of the Company to cancel your Award and demand a return of any shares of Common Stock and/or consideration paid to you pursuant to your Award, to the extent permitted by law, is cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given to the Company at law or in equity, including rights to injunctive relief. In addition, you and the Company agree that this Section 10 does not supersede and shall in no way limit the application of any Invention Assignment and Restrictive Covenants Agreement between you and the Company entered into in connection with your employment with the Company, and should be interpreted consistently with any such agreement.
- (d) Reform. In the event that a court finds this Section 10, or any of its restrictions, to be ambiguous, unenforceable, or invalid, you and the Company agree that the court will read the Agreement as a whole and interpret the restriction(s) at issue to be enforceable and valid to the maximum extent allowed by law. If the court declines to enforce this Section 10 in the manner provided in the preceding sentence, you and the Company agree that this Section 10 will be automatically modified to provide the Company with the maximum protection of its business interests allowed by law and you agree to be bound by this Section 10 as modified.

#### 11. AWARD NOT A SERVICE CONTRACT.

- (a) Nothing in this Agreement (including, but not limited to, the vesting of your Award or the issuance of the shares subject to your Award), the Plan or any covenant of good faith and fair dealing that may be found implicit in this Agreement or the Plan shall: (i) confer upon you any right to continue in the employ of, or affiliation with, the Company or an Affiliate; (ii) constitute any promise or commitment by the Company or an Affiliate regarding the fact or nature of future positions, future work assignments, future compensation or any other term or condition of employment or affiliation; (iii) confer any right or benefit under this Agreement or the Plan unless such right or benefit has specifically accrued under the terms of this Agreement or Plan; or (iv) deprive the Company of the right to terminate you at will and without regard to any future vesting opportunity that you may have.
- (b) The Company has the right to reorganize, sell, spin-out or otherwise restructure one or more of its businesses or Affiliates at any time or from time to time, as it deems appropriate (a "reorganization"). Such a reorganization could result in the termination of your Continuous Service, or the termination of Affiliate status of your employer and the loss of benefits available to you under this Agreement, including but not limited to, the termination of the right to continue vesting in the Award. This Agreement, the Plan, the transactions contemplated hereunder and the vesting schedule set forth herein or any covenant of good faith and fair dealing that may be found implicit in any of them do not constitute an express or implied promise of continued engagement as an employee or consultant for the term of this Agreement, for any period, or at all, and shall not interfere in any way with the Company's right to conduct a reorganization.

#### 12. WITHHOLDING OBLIGATIONS.

(a) On each vesting date, and on or before the time you receive a distribution of the shares underlying your Restricted Stock Units, and at any other time as reasonably requested by the Company in accordance with applicable tax laws, you agree to make adequate provision for any sums required to satisfy the federal, state, local and foreign tax withholding obligations of the Company or any Affiliate that arise in connection with your Award (the "Withholding Taxes"). The Company shall arrange a mandatory sale (on your behalf pursuant to your authorization under this section and without further consent) of the shares of Common Stock acquired upon vesting of your Restricted Stock Units in an amount necessary to satisfy the Withholding Taxes and shall satisfy the Withholding Taxes by withholding from the proceeds of such sale (the "Mandatory Sell to Cover"). You hereby acknowledge and agree that the Company shall have the authority to administer the Mandatory Sell to Cover arrangement in its sole discretion with a registered broker-dealer that is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (a "FINRA Dealer") as the Company may select as the agent who will sell on the open market at the then prevailing market price(s), as soon as practicable on or after each date on which your Restricted Stock Units vest, the number (rounded up to the next whole number) of the shares of Common Stock to be delivered to you in connection with the vesting of the Restricted Stock Units sufficient to generate proceeds to cover (A) the Withholding Taxes that you are required to pay pursuant to the Plan and this Award Agreement as a result of the vesting of the Restricted Stock Units (or shares being issued thereunder, as applicable) and (B) all applicable fees and commissions due to, or required to be collected by, the Agent with respect thereto any remaining funds shall be remitted to you.

- **(b)** If, for any reason, such Mandatory Sell to Cover does not result in sufficient proceeds to satisfy the Withholding Taxes, the Company or an Affiliate may, in its sole discretion, satisfy all or any portion of the Withholding Taxes relating to your Award by any of the following means or by a combination of such means: (i) withholding from any compensation otherwise payable to you by the Company or an Affiliate; (ii) causing you to tender a cash payment (which may be in the form of a check, electronic wire transfer or other method permitted by the Company); or (iii) withholding shares of Common Stock from the shares of Common Stock issued or otherwise issuable to you in connection with your Restricted Stock Units with a fair market value (measured as of the date shares of Common Stock are issued to you) equal to the amount of such Withholding Taxes; provided, however, that the number of such shares of Common Stock so withheld will not exceed the amount necessary to satisfy the Company's required tax withholding obligations using the minimum statutory withholding rates for federal, state, local and foreign tax purposes, including payroll taxes, that are applicable to supplemental taxable income; and to the extent necessary to qualify for an exemption from application of Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, if applicable, such share withholding procedure will be subject to the express prior approval of the Company's Compensation Committee.
- (c) Unless the tax withholding obligations of the Company and/or any Affiliate are satisfied, the Company shall have no obligation to deliver to you any Common Stock.
- (d) In the event the Company's obligation to withhold arises prior to the delivery to you of Common Stock or it is determined after the delivery of Common Stock to you that the amount of the Company's withholding obligation was greater than the amount withheld by the Company, you agree to indemnify and hold the Company harmless from any failure by the Company to withhold the proper amount.
- (e) You acknowledge that the Mandatory Sell to Cover is imposed by the Company on you pursuant to the terms of the Award. Out of an abundance of caution, your agreement to the Mandatory Sell to Cover by means of your acceptance of this Award is also intended, to the extent necessary, to meet the requirements of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act. Accordingly, you agree that if you have signed the Grant Notice at a time when you are in possession of material non-public information, (1) you may inform the Company in writing that you are not in agreement with the Mandatory Sell to Cover within five business days following the date you first cease to be in possession of material non-public information and (2) if you do not so inform the Company as described in (1), your agreement to the Mandatory Sell to Cover shall become effective on the date you first cease to be in possession of material non-public information following the date you signed the Grant Notice.
- 13. TAX CONSEQUENCES. The Company has no duty or obligation to minimize the tax consequences to you of this Award and shall not be liable to you for any adverse tax consequences to you arising in connection with this Award. You are hereby advised to consult with your own personal tax, financial and/or legal advisors regarding the tax consequences of this Award and by signing the Grant Notice, you have agreed that you have done so or knowingly and voluntarily declined to do so. You understand that you (and not the Company) shall be responsible for your own tax liability that may arise as a result of this investment or the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 14. UNSECURED OBLIGATION. Your Award is unfunded, and as a holder of a vested Award, you shall be considered an unsecured creditor of the Company with respect to the Company's obligation, if any, to issue shares or other property pursuant to this Agreement. You shall not have voting

or any other rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the shares to be issued pursuant to this Agreement until such shares are issued to you pursuant to Section 6 of this Agreement. Upon such issuance, you will obtain full voting and other rights as a stockholder of the Company. Nothing contained in this Agreement, and no action taken pursuant to its provisions, shall create or be construed to create a trust of any kind or a fiduciary relationship between you and the Company or any other person.

NOTICES. Any notice or request required or permitted hereunder shall be given in writing to each of the other parties hereto and shall be deemed effectively given on the earlier of (i) the date of personal delivery, including delivery by express courier, or delivery via electronic means, or (ii) the date that is five (5) days after deposit in the United States Post Office (whether or not actually received by the addressee), by registered or certified mail with postage and fees prepaid, addressed at the following addresses, or at such other address(es) as a party may designate by ten (10) days' advance written notice to each of the other parties hereto:

**COMPANY:** Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.

Attn: Stock Administrator 8281 Greensboro Drive Tysons, Virginia 22102

**PARTICIPANT:** Your address as on file with the Company at the time

notice is given

- **16. HEADINGS**. The headings of the Sections in this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not be deemed to constitute a part of this Agreement or to affect the meaning of this Agreement.
- PERSONAL DATA. You understand that your employer, if applicable, the Company, and/or its Affiliates hold certain personal information about you, including but not limited to your name, home address, telephone number, date of birth, social security or equivalent tax identification number, salary, nationality, job title, and details of your option (the "Personal Data"). Certain Personal Data may also constitute "Sensitive Personal Data" or similar classification under applicable local law and be subject to additional restrictions on collection, processing and use of the same under such laws. Such data include but are not limited to Personal Data and any changes thereto, and other appropriate personal and financial data about you. You hereby provide express consent to the Company or its Affiliates to collect, hold, and process any such Personal Data and Sensitive Personal Data. You also hereby provide express consent to the Company and/or its Affiliates to transfer any such Personal Data and Sensitive Personal Data outside the country in which you are employed or retained, including transfers to the United States. The legal persons for whom such Personal Data are intended are the Company and any broker company providing services to the Company in connection with the administration of the Plan.
- 18. GOVERNING PLAN DOCUMENT. Your Award is subject to all the provisions of the Plan, the provisions of which are hereby made a part of your Award, and is further subject to all interpretations, amendments, rules and regulations which may from time to time be promulgated and adopted pursuant to the Plan. Your Award (and any compensation paid or shares issued under your Award) is subject to recoupment in accordance with The Dodd–Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer

Protection Act and any implementing regulations thereunder, any clawback policy adopted by the Company and any compensation recovery policy otherwise required by applicable law. No recovery of compensation under such a clawback policy will be an event giving rise to a right to voluntarily terminate employment upon a resignation for "good reason," or for a "constructive termination" or any similar term under any plan of or agreement with the Company.

- 19. CHOICE OF LAW; FORUM SELECTION; WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. The interpretation, performance and enforcement of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia without regard to such state's conflicts of laws rules. Any legal action or other legal proceeding relating to this Agreement or the enforcement of any provision of this Agreement may be brought or otherwise commenced in any state and federal court located in Fairfax County, Virginia. You expressly and irrevocably consent and submit to the jurisdiction of each state and federal court located in Fairfax County, Virginia (and each appellate court located in the Commonwealth of Virginia), in connection with any such legal proceeding. YOU IRREVOCABLY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL IN CONNECTION WITH ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE ENFORCEMENT OF ANY PROVISION OF THIS AGREEMENT.
- **20. WAIVER.** The failure of the Company or any successor or assign, or you, to enforce at any time any provision of this Agreement shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provision or of any other provision hereof.
- 21. EFFECT ON OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS. The value of the Award subject to this Agreement shall not be included as compensation, earnings, salaries, or other similar terms used when calculating benefits under any employee benefit plan (other than the Plan) sponsored by the Company or any Affiliate except as such plan otherwise expressly provides. The Company expressly reserves its rights to amend, modify, or terminate any or all of the employee benefit plans of the Company or any Affiliate.
- **SEVERABILITY**. If all or any part of this Agreement or the Plan is declared by any court or governmental authority to be unlawful or invalid, such unlawfulness or invalidity shall not invalidate any portion of this Agreement or the Plan not declared to be unlawful or invalid. Any Section of this Agreement (or part of such a Section) so declared to be unlawful or invalid shall, if possible, be construed in a manner which will give effect to the terms of such Section or part of a Section to the fullest extent possible while remaining lawful and valid.
- 23. OTHER DOCUMENTS. You acknowledge receipt of and/or the right to receive a document providing the information required by Rule 428(b)(1) promulgated under the Securities Act, which includes the Plan prospectus. In addition, you acknowledge receipt of the Company's policy permitting certain individuals to sell shares only during certain "window" periods and the Company's insider trading policy, in effect from time to time.
- **24. AMENDMENT.** This Agreement may not be modified, amended or terminated except by an instrument in writing, signed by you and by a duly authorized representative of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement may be amended solely by the Board by a writing which specifically states that it is amending this Agreement, so long as a copy of such amendment is delivered to you, and provided that, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan, no such amendment materially adversely affecting your rights hereunder may be made without your written consent. Without limiting the foregoing, the Board reserves the right to change, by written notice to you, the provisions

of this Agreement in any way it may deem necessary or advisable to carry out the purpose of the Award as a result of any change in applicable laws or regulations or any future law, regulation, ruling, or judicial decision, provided that any such change shall be applicable only to rights relating to that portion of the Award which is then subject to restrictions as provided herein.

**25. COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 409A OF THE CODE**. This Award is intended to comply with the "short-term deferral" rule set forth in Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(b)(4). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if it is determined that the Award fails to satisfy the requirements of the short-term deferral rule and is otherwise deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, and if you are a "Specified Employee" (within the meaning set forth in Section 409A(a)(2)(B)(i) of the Code) as of the date of your "separation from service" (within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-1(h) and without regard to any alternative definition thereunder), then the issuance of any shares that would otherwise be made upon the date of the separation from service or within the first six (6) months thereafter will not be made on the originally scheduled date(s) and will instead be issued in a lump sum on the date that is six (6) months and one day after the date of the separation from service, with the balance of the shares issued thereafter in accordance with the original vesting and issuance schedule set forth above, but if and only if such delay in the issuance of the shares is necessary to avoid the imposition of adverse taxation on you in respect of the shares under Section 409A of the Code. Each installment of shares that vests is intended to constitute a "separate payment" for purposes of Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-2(b)(2).

#### 26. MISCELLANEOUS.

- (a) The rights and obligations of the Company under your Award shall be transferable by the Company to any one or more persons or entities, and all covenants and agreements hereunder shall inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the Company's successors and assigns.
- **(b)** You agree upon request to execute any further documents or instruments necessary or desirable in the sole determination of the Company to carry out the purposes or intent of your Award.
- (c) You agree that you will not sell, dispose of, transfer, make any short sale of, grant any option for the purchase of, or enter into any hedging or similar transaction with the same economic effect as a sale with respect to any shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Company held by you, for a period of 180 days following the effective date of a registration statement of the Company filed under the Securities Act or such longer period as the underwriters or the Company will request to facilitate compliance with FINRA Rule 2711 or NYSE Member Rule 472 or any successor or similar rules or regulation (the "Lock-Up Period"). You further agree to execute and deliver such other agreements as may be reasonably requested by the Company or the underwriters that are consistent with the foregoing or that are necessary to give further effect thereto. In order to enforce the foregoing covenant, the Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to your shares of Common Stock until the end of such period. You also agree that any transferee of any shares of Common Stock (or other securities) of the Company held by you will be bound by this Section 16(c). The underwriters of the Company's stock are intended third party beneficiaries of this Section 16(c) and will have the right, power and authority to enforce the provisions hereof as though they were a party hereto.

- (d) You acknowledge and agree that you have reviewed your Award in its entirety, have had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to executing and accepting your Award and fully understand all provisions of your Award.
- (e) This Agreement shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules, and regulations, and to such approvals by any governmental agencies or national securities exchanges as may be required.
- (f) All obligations of the Company under the Plan and this Agreement shall be binding on any successor to the Company, whether the existence of such successor is the result of a direct or indirect purchase, merger, consolidation, or otherwise, of all or substantially all of the business and/or assets of the Company.

\* \* \* \* \*

This Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement shall be deemed to be signed by the Company and the Participant upon the signing by the Participant of the Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice to which it is attached.

#### FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

This First Amendment to Credit Agreement (this "Amendment") dated as of November 30, 2018, is by and among ALARM.COM INCORPORATED, a Delaware corporation ("Alarm"), ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC., a Delaware corporation ("Holdings", and together with Alarm, individually and collectively, jointly and severally, the "Borrower"), the several banks and other financial institutions or entities party hereto (each a "Lender" and, collectively, the "Lenders"), SILICON VALLEY BANK ("SVB"), as the Issuing Lender and the Swingline Lender, and SVB, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the Lenders (in such capacities, the "Administrative Agent").

#### WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Borrower, the Lenders, the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Lender and the Swingline Lender are party to that certain Credit Agreement dated as of October 6, 2017 (as amended, modified, supplemented or restated and in effect from time to time, the "Credit Agreement"). All capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein, shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Credit Agreement; and

**WHEREAS**, the parties to the Credit Agreement have agreed to modify and amend certain additional terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement, subject to the terms and conditions of this Amendment.

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Amendment to Section 7.6 of the Credit Agreement</u>. Section 7.6 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended by (a) deleting "and" at the end of clause (c) thereof, (b) deleting the period at the end of clause (d) thereof and inserting a semicolon in lieu thereof, (c) deleting the period at the end of clause (e) thereof and inserting "; and" in lieu thereof, and (d) inserting the following new clause (f) immediately after clause (e):
  - "(f) so long as no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, Holdings may repurchase its Capital Stock pursuant to a stock repurchase plan approved by Holdings' board of directors; <u>provided</u> that (i) on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any such repurchase, the Consolidated Leverage Ratio does not exceed 3.25:1.00, (ii) on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any such repurchase, the Borrower and its Subsidiaries shall be in pro forma compliance with the covenant set forth in <u>Section 7.1(a)</u>, (iii) immediately after giving effect to any such repurchase, the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash and Cash Equivalents of the Loan Parties subject to a first priority perfected Lien in favor of the Administrative Agent shall be at least \$25,000,000 and (iv) the aggregate amount of repurchases made pursuant to this clause (f) during the term of this Agreement shall not exceed \$75,000,000."
- 2 . <u>Conditions Precedent to Effectiveness</u>. This Amendment shall not be effective until each of the following conditions precedent has been fulfilled to the satisfaction of the Administrative Agent:

- a. This Amendment shall have been duly executed and delivered by the respective parties hereto and the Administrative Agent shall have received a fully executed copy hereof.
- b. All necessary consents and approvals to authorize this Amendment shall have been obtained by the applicable Loan Parties.
- c. No Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing.
- d. After giving effect to this Amendment, the representations and warranties herein and in the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct, (i) to the extent qualified by materiality, in all respects, and (ii) to the extent not qualified by materiality, true and correct in all material respects, in each case, on and as of the date hereof, as though made on such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date, in which case they shall be true and correct in all respects or all material respects, as applicable, as of such earlier date).
- e. There shall not have occurred since December 31, 2017 any event or condition that has had or could be reasonably expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect.
- f. The Administrative Agent shall have received the fees, costs and expenses required to be paid pursuant to <u>Section 4</u> of this Amendment (including the reasonable and documented fees and disbursements of legal counsel required to be paid thereunder which have been invoiced to the Borrower prior to the date hereof).
- g. All other documents and legal matters in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Amendment shall have been delivered, executed, or recorded and shall be in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent, in its sole discretion.
- 3. Representations and Warranties. The Borrower hereby represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders as follows:
- (a) This Amendment is, and each other Loan Document to which it is or will be a party, when executed and delivered by each Loan Party that is a party thereto, will be the legally valid and binding obligation of such Loan Party, enforceable against such Loan Party in accordance with its respective terms, except as enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws relating to or limiting creditors' rights generally and equitable principals (whether enforcement is sought by proceedings in equity or at law).
- (b) The representations and warranties set forth in this Amendment, the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment and after giving effect hereto, and the other Loan Documents to which it is a party are, (i) to the extent qualified by materiality, true and correct in all respects, and (ii) to the extent not qualified by materiality, true and correct in all material respects, in each case, on and as of the date hereof, as though made on such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date, in which case such representations and warranties shall have been true and correct in all respects or all material respects, as applicable, as of such earlier date).

(c) The execution and delivery by each Loan Party of this Amendment, the performance by such Loan Party of its obligations hereunder and the performance of the Borrower under the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, (i) have been duly authorized by all necessary organizational action on the part of such Loan Party and (ii) will not (A) violate any provisions of the certificate of incorporation or formation or organization or by-laws or limited liability company agreement or limited partnership agreement of such Loan Party or (B) constitute a violation by such Loan Party of any applicable material Requirement of Law.

Each Loan Party acknowledges that the Administrative Agent and the Lenders have acted in good faith and have conducted in a commercially reasonable manner their relationships with each Loan Party in connection with this Amendment and in connection with the other Loan Documents. Each Loan Party understands and acknowledges that the Administrative Agent and the Lenders are entering into this Amendment in reliance upon, and in partial consideration for, the above representations, warranties, and acknowledgements, and agrees that such reliance is reasonable and appropriate.

- 4. <u>Payment of Costs and Expenses</u>. The Borrower shall pay to the Administrative Agent all reasonable costs and out-of-pocket expenses of every kind in connection with the preparation, negotiation, execution and delivery of this Amendment and any documents and instruments relating hereto or thereto (which costs include, without limitation, the reasonable and documented fees and expenses of any attorneys retained by the Administrative Agent).
- 5. Choice of Law. THIS AMENDMENT AND THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES HEREUNDER SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND SHALL BE CONSTRUED AND ENFORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. Each party hereto submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the State and Federal courts in the Southern District of the State of New York; provided, however, that nothing in the Credit Agreement as amended by this Amendment shall be deemed to operate to preclude the Administrative Agent or any Lender from bringing suit or taking other legal action in any other jurisdiction to realize on the Collateral or any other security for the Obligations, or to enforce a judgment or other court order in favor of such Agent or such Lender. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EACH PARTY HERETO WAIVES ITS RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL OF ANY CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION ARISING OUT OF OR BASED UPON THIS AMENDMENT, THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS OR ANY CONTEMPLATED TRANSACTION, INCLUDING CONTRACT, TORT, BREACH OF DUTY AND ALL OTHER CLAIMS. EACH PARTY HERETO ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THIS WAIVER IS A MATERIAL INDUCEMENT TO ENTER INTO A BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP, THAT EACH HAS ALREADY RELIED ON THIS WAIVER IN ENTERING INTO THIS AMENDMENT, AND THAT EACH WILL CONTINUE TO RELY ON THIS WAIVER IN ITS RELATED FUTURE DEALINGS. EACH PARTY HERETO FURTHER WARRANTS AND REPRESENTS THAT IT HAS REVIEWED THIS WAIVER WITH ITS LEGAL COUNSEL AND THAT IT KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES ITS JURY TRIAL RIGHTS FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH LEGAL COUNSEL.
- 6. <u>Counterpart Execution</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties on separate counterparts, each of which, when executed and delivered, shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute but one and the same Amendment. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Amendment by telefacsimile

or by e-mail transmission of an Adobe file format document (also known as a PDF file) shall be equally as effective as delivery of an original executed counterpart of this Amendment.

#### 7. Effect on Loan Documents.

- The amendments set forth herein shall be limited precisely as written and shall not be deemed (a) to be a forbearance, (a) waiver, or modification of any other term or condition of the Credit Agreement or of any Loan Documents or to prejudice any right or remedy which the Administrative Agent may now have or may have in the future under or in connection with the Loan Documents; (b) to be a consent to any future consent or modification, forbearance, or waiver to the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document, or to any waiver of any of the provisions thereof; or (c) to limit or impair the Administrative Agent's right to demand strict performance of all terms and covenants as of any date. Each Loan Party hereby ratifies and reaffirms its obligations under the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which it is a party and agrees that none of the amendments or modifications to the Credit Agreement set forth in this Amendment shall impair such Loan Party's obligations under the Loan Documents or the Administrative Agent's rights under the Loan Documents. Each Loan Party hereby further ratifies and reaffirms the validity and enforceability of all of the Liens heretofore granted, pursuant to and in connection with the Guarantee and Collateral Agreement or any other Loan Document to the Administrative Agent on behalf and for the benefit of the Secured Parties, as collateral security for the obligations under the Loan Documents, in accordance with their respective terms, and acknowledges that all of such Liens, and all collateral heretofore pledged as security for such obligations, continues to be and remain collateral for such obligations from and after the date hereof. Each Loan Party acknowledges and agrees that the Credit Agreement and each other Loan Document is still in full force and effect and acknowledges as of the date hereof that such Loan Party has no defenses to enforcement of the Loan Documents. Each Loan Party waives any and all defenses to enforcement of the Credit Agreement as amended hereby and each other Loan Document that might otherwise be available as a result of this Amendment of the Credit Agreement. To the extent any terms or provisions of this Amendment conflict with those of the Credit Agreement or other Loan Documents, the terms and provisions of this Amendment shall control.
- (b) To the extent that any terms and conditions in any of the Loan Documents shall contradict or be in conflict with any terms or conditions of the Credit Agreement, after giving effect to this Amendment, such terms and conditions are hereby deemed modified or amended accordingly to reflect the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement as modified or amended hereby.
  - (c) This Amendment is a Loan Document.
- 8. Entire Agreement. This Amendment constitutes the entire agreement between the Loan Parties and the Lenders pertaining to the subject matter contained herein and supersedes all prior agreements, understandings, offers and negotiations, oral or written, with respect hereto and no extrinsic evidence whatsoever may be introduced in any judicial or arbitration proceeding, if any, involving this Amendment. All of the terms and provisions of this Amendment are hereby incorporated by reference into the Credit Agreement, as applicable, as if such terms and provisions were set forth in full therein, as applicable. All references in the Credit Agreement to "this Agreement", "hereto", "hereof", "hereunder" or words of like import shall mean the Credit Agreement as amended hereby.
- 9. <u>Severability</u>. The provisions of this Amendment are severable, and if any clause or provision shall be held invalid or unenforceable in whole or in part in any jurisdiction, then such invalidity

or unenforceability	shall affect	only such claus	e or provision,	or part thereof,	in such	jurisdiction	and shall	not in any	manner	affect
such clause or prov	ision in any	other jurisdiction	, or any other	clause or provision	on in thi	s Amendmei	nt in any ju	risdiction.		

[Signature pages follow.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of the undersigned has caused this First Amendment to Credit Agreement to be duly executed and delivered by its proper and duly authorized officer as of the date set forth below.

#### **BORROWER:**

#### ALARM.COM INCORPORATED

By: /s/ Daniel Ramos

Name: Daniel Ramos

Title: Senior Vice President

#### ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Daniel Ramos

Name: Daniel Ramos

Title: Senior Vice President

Signature page 1 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:**

#### SILICON VALLEY BANK,

as the Administrative Agent

By: /s/ Will Deevy

Name: Will Deevy

Title: <u>Director</u>

Signature page 2 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

#### LENDERS:

#### SILICON VALLEY BANK,

as Issuing Lender, Swingline Lender and as a Lender

By: /s/ Will Deevy

Name: Will Deevy

Title: <u>Director</u>

Signature page 3 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

#### BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,

as a Lender

By: <u>/s/ Monica Sevila</u>

Name: Monica Sevila

Title: Senior Vice President

Signature page 4 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

### PNC BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,

as a Lender

By: /s/Troy Pierce

Name: Troy Pierce

Title: Vice President

Signature page 5 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

## JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.,

as a Lender

By: /s/ Daglas P Panchal

Name: <u>Daglas P Panchal</u>

Title: Executive Director

Signature page 6 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

#### Acknowledged and Agreed:

#### **GUARANTORS:**

#### POINTCENTRAL, LLC

By: /s/ Jeffrey Bedell

Name: Jeffrey Bedell

Title: Vice President

#### ENERGYHUB, INC.

By: /s/ Seth Frader-Thompson

Name: Seth Frader-Thompson

Title: President

#### ALARM.COM INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LLC

By: /s/ Daniel Ramos

Name: Daniel Ramos

Title: SVP, Alarm.com Incorporated, Manager

#### **BUILDING 36 TECHNOLOGIES, LLC**

By: /s/ Jeffrey Bedell

Name: Jeffrey Bedell

Title: Manager

Signature page 7 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

#### JTT INVESTMENT PARTNERS, LLC

By: /s/ William J. Ching

Name: William J. Ching

Title: Authorized Signatory

#### SECURITYTRAX LLC

By: /s/ Daniel Ramos

Name: Daniel Ramos

Title: SVP, Alarm.com Incorporated, Manager

#### ICN ACQUISITION, LLC

By: /s/ Daniel Ramos

Name: Daniel Ramos

Title: Secretary

#### ICONTROL NETWORKS CANADA, INC.

By: /s/ Daniel Ramos

Name: Daniel Ramos

Title: Secretary

Signature page 8 to First Amendment to Credit Agreement

Chiharu Sekino, SBN #306589 Email: csekino@sfmslaw.com SHEPHERD, FINKELMAN, MILLER & SHAH, LLP

1230 Columbia Street, Suite 1140 San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 235-2416

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Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com

Jennifer Rust Murray, Admitted Pro Hac Vice Email: jmurray@terrellmarshall.com Elizabeth A. Adams, SBN #290029

Email: eadams@terrellmarshall.com TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC

936 North 34th Street, Suite 300

Seattle, Washington 98103 Telephone: (206) 816-6603 Facsimile: (206) 319-5450

[Additional Counsel Appear on Signature Page]

Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA OAKLAND DIVISION

ABANTE ROOTER AND PLUMBING, INC., MARK HANKINS, and PHILIP J.

CHARVAT, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

ALARM.COM INCORPORATED, and ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC.,

Defendants.

NO. 4:15-cv-06314-YGR

#### CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

#### JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Complaint Filed: December 30, 2015

Honorable Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers

DATE:

TIME:

LOCATION: Oakland Courthouse Courtroom 1 - 4th Floor

#### **CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT**

This class action settlement agreement ("Agreement" or "Settlement Agreement") is entered as of October 23, 2018, between Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Mark Hankins, and Philip J. Charvat ("Plaintiffs"), individually and on behalf of the Settlement Class defined below, and Alarm.com Incorporated and Alarm.com Holdings ("Alarm.com"). Plaintiffs and Alarm.com are collectively referred to as the "Parties."

#### **RECITALS**

- A. On December 30, 2015, Plaintiffs filed a class action complaint against Alarm.com, alleging Alarm.com was liable for telemarketing calls made on its behalf by certain of its dealers in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §§ 227 (the "TCPA"). (Dkt. 1)
- B. On February 26, 2016, Alarm.com filed its Answer and Affirmative Defenses, denying all liability and asserting various defenses. (Dkt. 35.)
- C. The Parties then engaged in class, merits, and expert discovery. Plaintiffs propounded interrogatories and document requests and took thirteen depositions, including Fed.
- R. Civ. P. 30(b)(6) depositions, expert depositions, and depositions of Alarm.com dealer Alliance Security, Inc. Defendants propounded written discovery to, and deposed, all three Plaintiffs.
- D. Plaintiffs filed their motion for class certification on March 7, 2017, which the Court granted. (Dkt. 126.) The parties engaged in additional fact and expert discovery aimed at identifying the class. Notice was sent to the class and sixteen class members opted out. (Dkt. 187.)

- E. Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment on May 1, 2018. (Dkt. 195.) Plaintiffs responded to Defendants' motion and filed their own cross-motion for summary judgment. The Court denied both parties' motions on August 3, 2018. (Dkt. 242.)
- F. On December 7, 2016, the Parties participated in a full-day mediation with Hon.

  James F. Holderman (Ret.) of JAMS Chicago. On November 9, 2017 the Parties participated in a second mediation, this time with Hon. Morton Denlow (Ret.) also of JAMS Chicago. Again, the case did not settle. After the Court denied the parties' cross-motions for summary judgment, the parties engaged in further settlement discussions while they actively prepared for trial.
- G. Alarm.com has at all times denied and continues to deny any wrongdoing and has denied and continues to deny that it violated the TCPA or is liable for others' purported violations of the TCPA, including those of any of its authorized dealers or such dealers' sub- dealers or lead generators, or committed any other wrongful act or violation of law.
- H. Plaintiffs' counsel have conducted an extensive investigation of the facts and law underlying the claims asserted in the litigation, including through formal discovery and consultation with their own experts. Plaintiffs' theories and evidence have been tested at class certification, summary judgment, and as they prepared for trial, which was scheduled to commence on October 9, 2018. Based on their evaluation, in consideration of all the circumstances and after serious arms' length settlement negotiations, Plaintiffs and their counsel believe that the terms and conditions of this Agreement are fair, reasonable, and adequate for the Settlement Class, and that it is in the best interests of the Settlement Class to settle the Released Claims pursuant to the terms and provisions of this Agreement.
  - I. The Parties agree that the Settlement was reached in good faith, following arms' length bargaining.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties, along with their counsel, in consideration of the benefits flowing from the Settlement Agreement set forth herein, agree to the Settlement, subject to Court approval, upon the following terms and conditions.

#### **AGREEMENT**

#### 1. **DEFINITIONS**

As used in this Settlement Agreement, the following terms have the meanings specified below:

1.1 "Claim Form" means the form that Settlement Class Members may fill out and submit by U.S. Mail or online in substantially the form(s) as those attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit 1">Exhibit 1</a>, which includes (a) the Claim Form attached to the Postcard Notice, (b) a downloadable Claim Form available on the Settlement

Website, and (c) the electronically-fillable Claim Form Settlement Class Members may submit through the Settlement Website.

- 1.2 "Claim Period" begins the date Publication Notice is first made and Online Media Notice begins, which shall also be the date the Postcard Notice and Email Notice is sent and ends sixty days later.
  - 1.3 "Class Counsel" means:

Brian Glasser John W. Barrett BAILEY & GLASSER LLP 209 Capitol St. Charleston, WV 25301

Beth E. Terrell Jennifer Rust Murray TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC 936 N 34th Street, Suite 300 Seattle, WA 98103 Edward A. Broderick Anthony I. Paronich BRODERICK & PARONICH, P.C. 99 High St., Suite 304 Boston, MA 02110

Matthew P. McCue
THE LAW OFFICE OF MATTHEW P. MCCUE
1 South Avenue, Suite 3
Natick, MA 01760

- 1.4 "Class Representatives" means Philip J. Charvat, Abante Rooter and Plumbing Inc., and Mark Hankins.
- 1.5 "Complaint" means the class action complaint filed in this action on December 30, 2015, Dkt. 1.
- 1.6 "Court" means the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.
- 1.7 "Effective Date" means the date five business days following the later of the following events: (i) the date upon which the time expires for filing a notice of appeal of the Court's Final Approval Order and Judgment; or (ii) if there is an appeal or appeals of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, and the appellate court enters an order either dismissing the appeal(s) or affirming the Final Approval Order and Judgment without material modification, the date upon which the time expires for seeking review of that order.
- **1.8** "Email Notice" means the notice that is to be emailed to each Settlement Class Member, and whose name and email address can be located from records obtained during this litigation, in substantially the form of Exhibit 2 hereto, as provided in Section 4.2(b). Email Notice also will include a reminder notice that will be sent no later than thirty days before the

expiration of the Claim Period to all Settlement Class members for whom a valid email is available and who have not submitted a claim.

1.9 "Fee Award" means the total amount of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses awarded by the Court to Class

Counsel.

1.10 "Final Approval Hearing" means the hearing before the Court where the Parties will request that the Court enter the

Final Approval Order and Judgment, approve the Settlement Agreement, and approve the Fee Award and the Service Awards to the

Class Representatives.

1.11 "Final Approval Order and Judgment" means a document substantially in the form of Exhibit 3, or in such form as

may be ordered by the Court, to be entered by the Court

following the Final Approval Hearing.

1.12 "Service Award" means any amount the Court awards to Plaintiffs to recognize their efforts and risks in prosecuting

this litigation on behalf of the Settlement Class.

1.13 "Long Form Notice" means the notice of this Settlement Agreement and Final Approval Hearing, which is to be

provided to the Settlement Class in accordance with this Agreement and substantially in the form of Exhibit 4, or in such form as

may be ordered by the

Court.

1.14 "Alarm.com's Counsel" means:

Martin W. Jaszczuk
Daniel I. Schlessinger
Margaret M. Schuchardt
Seth H. Corthell
JASZCZUK P.C.
311 South Wacker Drive, Suite 3200
Chicago, Illinois 60606

# Craig S. Primis, P.C. Judson D. Brown, P.C. KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP 655 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005

Kasey C. Townsend
Susan J. Welde
MURCHISON & CUMMING, LLP
275 Battery Street, Suite 850 San Francisco, California 94111

- **1.15** "Alliance" means Alliance Security, Inc. or any of Alliance Security, Inc.'s sub-dealers, independent business operators, vendors, lead generators, or agents.
- 1.16 "Notice Deadline" means the deadline for the Settlement Administrator to commence notice by mailing the Postcard Notice, sending Email Notice, beginning Online Media Notice, and publishing the Publication Notice pursuant to the Notice Plan.
  The Notice Deadline will be no later than sixty business days following entry of the Preliminary Approval Order.
- 1.17 "Notice Plan" means the plan for disseminating notice to members of the Settlement Class of the Settlement Agreement and of the Final Approval Hearing, as developed by the Settlement Administrator and approved by the Parties and set forth in greater detail in Section 4 herein.
- 1.18 "Objection/Exclusion Deadline" means the date by which (1) a written objection to this Settlement Agreement, or (2) a written request for exclusion, must be postmarked. The Objection/Exclusion Deadline is sixty days after the Publication Notice is posted, Online Media Notice begins, and the Postcard Notice and Email Notice are sent.

- **1.19 "Online Media Notice"** means the notice given by the placement of advertisements on various Internet and social media sites as provided for in Section 4.2(d) below and in substantially the form as that attached as Exhibit 5.
- 1.20 "Postcard Notice" means the notice with tear-off claim form that is to be mailed to each Settlement Class Member whose name and address can be located and for whom an email address was not located or whose email was returned undeliverable, in substantially the form of Exhibit 1(a), or in such form as may be ordered by the Court.
- 1.21 "Preliminary Approval Order" means the document substantially in the form of Exhibit 6 or such other order as may be entered by the Court for purposes of preliminarily approving the Settlement Agreement and certifying the Settlement Class solely for settlement purposes.
- **1.22** "Publication Notice" means the notice that will be published in print publications as set forth in Section 4 herein and in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit 7, or in such form as may be ordered by the Court.
- 1.23 "Released Claims" means any and all claims, causes of action, suits, obligations, debts, demands, agreements, promises, liabilities, damages, losses, controversies, costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees of any nature whatsoever, against any Released Party, whether based on any federal law, state law, common law, territorial law, foreign law, contract, rule, statute, regulation, or equity, whether known or unknown, suspected, or unsuspected, asserted or unasserted, foreseen or unforeseen, actual or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, punitive or compensatory, as of the date of the Final Approval Order, that arise out of or relate in any way to telemarketing calls received on or after December 30, 2011 through the date of Final Approval Order placed by Alliance either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have

resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice, (b) to a residential telephone number using an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry and who received more than one such call within any twelve- month period.

- **1.24** "Released Parties" means Alarm.com, Inc. and Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. and each of their parents, subsidiaries, predecessors, successors, assigns, officers, directors, shareholders, employees, insurers, and attorneys.
  - **1.25** "Settlement" means the compromise and settlement described in this Agreement.
- 1.26 "Settlement Administration Expenses" means the expenses incurred by the Settlement Administrator in providing notice pursuant to the Notice Plan approved by the Court, processing claims, and mailing checks for Settlement Class Members.
  Settlement Administration Expenses shall be paid from the Settlement Fund.
- **1.27** "Settlement Administrator" means KCC, the independent company that the parties have selected to notify the Settlement Class of the Settlement as described in Section 4 of this Agreement and administer the Settlement.
- 1.28 "Settlement Class" means all persons who, from December 30, 2011 through the date of Final Approval, received a telemarketing call made by Alliance either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice,
  - (b) to a residential telephone number using an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular

or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry and who received more than one such call within any twelvemonth period. Persons who: (1) provided their telephone numbers to Alarm.com prior to receiving calls from Alliance or (2) previously excluded themselves from the Class are not Settlement Class Members.

- 1.29 "Settlement Class Member" means any person who is included within the definition of the Settlement Class and who has not submitted a valid request for exclusion.
- 1.30 "Settlement Class Recovery" means the amount of the Settlement Fund available for distribution to the Settlement Class Member claimants, after payment of Settlement Administration Expenses, the Fee Award to Class Counsel (together with litigation expenses) and any approved Service Award to the Class Representatives.
- **1.31** "Settlement Fund" means the amount of \$28,000,000 that Alarm.com has agreed to pay pursuant to the terms of this Settlement Agreement, as set forth in Section 2.1.
- 1.32 "Settlement Website" means the website to be created by the Settlement Administrator containing full details and information about the Settlement, including this Agreement, the Complaint, the Answer, the Preliminary Approval Order, Class Counsel's fee petition, a printable Claim Form, and the Long Form Notice.

#### 2. SETTLEMENT RELIEF

2.1 Settlement Fund. Alarm.com agrees to pay into a Settlement Fund to be created and maintained by the Settlement Administrator, the amount of \$28,000,000 in total and complete satisfaction of all obligations under this Agreement. The Settlement Fund will be used to pay the claims of all Settlement Class Members under this Agreement, Settlement Administration Expenses, any Service Awards to the Class Representatives, and any Fee Award

to Class Counsel (including any litigation expenses awarded). Under no circumstances will Alarm.com have any further payment obligations under this Agreement.

2.2 Funding of Settlement Fund. Alarm.com will make payments to the Settlement Fund as follows: within ten business days following entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, Alarm.com will transfer \$5,000,000 to the Settlement Administrator (via wire instructions to be provided by the Settlement Administrator to Alarm.com). The Settlement Administrator will hold those amounts in escrow until such time as the Settlement Administrator is authorized to pay those funds, including for any authorized upfront notice costs and other costs of administration, pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, or as otherwise ordered by the Court. Interest shall accrue to the benefit of the Settlement Class but in the event the Settlement does not receive final approval, Alarm.com shall be entitled to return of the balance of the Settlement Fund after payment of notice and administration expenses incurred to that point.

Following this initial payment, Alarm.com shall pay the remainder of the \$28,000,000 settlement payment to the Settlement Administrator (via the Settlement Administrator's wire instructions), within ten business days following the Effective Date.

#### 2.3 Distribution of the Settlement Fund

- (a) As soon as practicable, but no later than thirty days after the Effective Date, the Settlement Administrator shall make the following payments:
  - (i) any Fee Award and litigation expenses, Service Awards, to Class Counsel, by any means agreed upon by Class Counsel;
  - (ii) any remaining Settlement Administration expenses, by any means requested by the Settlement Administrator; and

- (iii) individual payments to Settlement Class Members ("Individual Settlement Payments"), by mailing checks to the address of each Settlement Class Member who submitted a timely and valid Claim Form.
- (b) The amount of the Individual Settlement Payments will depend upon the number of Settlement Class members who submit a valid and timely Claim Form. Each Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid claim form will receive a pro rata share of the Settlement, which will be determined by the following formula: Net Settlement Fund (Settlement Fund minus the Fee Award, Service Award, and Settlement Administration Expenses) divided by the total number of timely and valid Claim Forms.
- (c) All payments issued to Settlement Class Members via check will state on the face of the check that the check will become void unless cashed within 120 days after the date of issuance.
- (d) To the extent that any checks to Settlement Class Members remain uncashed after the void date, if it is administratively feasible, the Settlement Administrator shall distribute the funds associated with those checks to Settlement Class Members who cashed their check from the first distribution on a *pro rata* basis. The Settlement Administrator shall make this second distribution within thirty (30) days after the "stale date" of the checks distributed through the first distribution. Settlement Class Members will have 120 days to cash any check received through the second distribution. Any remaining funds, including to the extent a second distribution is not administratively feasible, shall be distributed as a *cy pres* award to National Consumer Law Center which is a non-profit dedicated to protecting consumers from unwanted telemarketing calls. The Settlement Administrator will contact the Parties' counsel within five

- (5) days following the stale date of checks mailed through the second distribution, or, alternatively if a second distribution is not administratively feasible, within five (5) days following the stale date of checks mailed through the first distribution, to inform them that the distributions are complete. At that time, the Parties' counsel will provide the Settlement Administrator with instructions for sending any residual funds to the designated cy pres recipients.
- 2.4 Changes to Business Practices. Alarm.com will implement business practice changes to increase awareness of TCPA compliance. These changes include enhanced TCPA training for Alarm.com employees, changes to Alarm.com's contractual terms with its service providers, and promotion of enhanced awareness of TCPA compliance among service providers. In addition, Alliance Security, Inc. will not be permitted to market or activate new accounts with Alarm.com products or services on a prospective basis effective within ninety (90) days of the Preliminary Approval Order.

#### 3. RELEASE OF CLAIMS

3.1 Plaintiffs and each Settlement Class Member hereby release, resolve, relinquish and discharge each of the Released Parties from the Released Claims.

Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Members further agree that they will not institute any action or cause of action or claims, known or unknown, fixed or contingent, which they have or claim to have in any state or federal court.

Plaintiffs and each Settlement Class Member further covenant not to sue the Released Parties, and each of them, on or for any of the Released Claims.

**3.2** Upon the Effective Date, Settlement Class Members will waive and release any and all provisions, rights and benefits conferred either (a) by Section 1542 of the California Civil

Code, or (b) by any law of any state or territory of the United States, or principle of common law, which is similar, comparable, or equivalent to Section 1542 of the California Civil Code, with respect to the claims released pursuant to Section 3.1 above. Section 1542 of the California Civil Code reads:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR.

Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Members may hereafter discover facts in addition to or different from those they now know or believe to be true with respect to the subject matter of the Released Claims, but upon the Effective Date, shall be deemed to have, and by operation of the Final Approval Order and Judgment shall have, fully, finally, and forever settled and released any and all of the claims released pursuant to the Released Claims whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or non-contingent, which now exist, or heretofore have existed upon any theory of law or equity now existing or coming into existence in the future, including, but not limited to, conduct that is negligent, intentional, with or without malice, or a breach of any duty, law or rule, without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of such different or additional facts. However, the Settlement Agreement is not intended to and does not prohibit a Settlement Class Member from responding to inquiries posited by federal, state or local agencies and/or law enforcement, even if the inquiries relate to the Released Claims. Similarly, the Settlement Agreement is not intended to and does not prohibit a Settlement Class Member from bringing his or her concerns to federal, state or local agencies and/or law enforcement, even if those inquiries relate to the

Released Claims, provided that a Settlement Class Member is not attempting to revive any Released Claim.

- 3.3 The Parties intend that this Settlement Agreement will fully and finally dispose of Plaintiffs' and Settlement Class Members' claims against Alarm.com, which shall be dismissed with prejudice, along with any and all Released Claims against the Released Parties. The Settlement Agreement does not resolve claims against anyone else, including Alliance.
- 3.4 Upon the Effective Date, Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Members, shall be deemed to have, and by operation of law and of the Final Approval Order have, fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged all Released Claims against the Released Parties.

#### 4. NOTICE TO THE CLASS

4.1 As soon as practicable but no later than sixty days following entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, the Settlement Administrator shall cause the Publication Notice, Online Media Notice, and Email Notice to be made and, where addresses are available, the Postcard Notice to be mailed, to Settlement Class Members. Such notice shall comport with Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and be effectuated pursuant to the Notice Plan set forth in Section 4.2, the costs of which shall be deemed part of the Settlement Administration Expenses, and which shall be paid from the Settlement Fund. The Parties expressly agree that the initial out-of-pocket costs of the Publication Notice and Notice Postcard shall be paid from the initial payment provided for in Section 2.2, and that once incurred such out-of-pocket costs shall not be refundable in the event of termination of this Settlement or the failure of this Settlement to become effective.

- **4.2** The Notice Plan, which was developed in consultation with the Settlement Administrator, includes the following:
- (a) *Identifying the Settlement Class*. During the litigation, Plaintiffs obtained from Alliance Security, Inc. and certain of its vendors or sub-dealers calling records identifying approximately 1,215,993 telephone numbers associated with potential Settlement Class members. The Settlement Administrator will use contact information, including emails, contained within the calling records and has or will use standard industry practices to locate contact information for the Settlement Class Members whose information is not in the calling records, including, but not limited to, reverse lookups.
- (b) *Emailed Notice*. As soon as practicable but no later than sixty days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, the Settlement Administrator shall send the Email Notice to Settlement Class Members for whom an email address was located in the calling records.
- (c) Mailed Notice. As soon as practicable but no later than sixty days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, the Settlement Administrator shall send the Postcard Notice via first class mail to all Settlement Class Members for whom a mailing address could be obtained. The Settlement Administrator also shall send a Postcard Notice to any Settlement Class member for whom a postal address can be located who was initially sent an Email Notice and the Email Notice bounced back. Before sending the Postcard Notice, the Settlement Administrator shall update the postal address using the National Change of Address database. If a Postcard Notice is returned with a forwarding address, the Settlement Administrator shall promptly re- mail the Postcard Notice to the updated address. If a Postcard Notice is returned undeliverable, the Settlement Administrator shall perform one "skip trace" to try to find a good address.

- (d) Media Notice. As soon as practicable but no later than sixty days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, the Settlement Administrator will commence a media campaign designed to reach over 70% of Settlement Class members. The media campaign will include the placement of targeted ads in selected publications and on widely-used Internet and social media sites.
- (e) Settlement Website. As soon as practicable but no later than sixty days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, this Agreement, Plaintiffs' Complaint, Defendants' Answer, and the Long Form Notice shall be made available on a website, which shall be obtained, created, and administered by the Settlement Administrator (the "Settlement Website") and shall include the ability to submit a Claim Form online. The Long Form Notice on the Settlement Website shall be substantially in the form attached hereto, or in such form as may be ordered by the Court. The Email Notice, Postcard Notice, Publication Notice, and Online Media Notice will refer Settlement Class Members to the Settlement Website.
- (f) *Email reminder*. The Settlement Administrator will send an email no later than thirty days before the expiration of the Claim Period to all Settlement Class Members for whom an email address is available and who have not submitted claims. The email will remind Settlement Class Members to submit claims and the date to do so.
- **4.3** Any member of the Settlement Class may object to this Agreement by filing with the Court a written statement that includes: his or her full name; address; telephone number where he or she may be contacted; the telephone number or numbers that he or she maintains were called; all grounds in detail for the objection, with factual and legal support for each stated ground; the identity of any witnesses he or she may call to testify; copies of any exhibits that he or she intends to introduce into evidence at the Final Approval Hearing; a statement of the

identity (including name, address, phone number and email) of any lawyer who will be representing the individual with respect to any objection, and a statement of whether he or she intends to appear at the Final Approval Hearing with or without counsel. Such objection must be filed with the Court with a postmark date on or before the Objection/Exclusion Deadline.

Consistent with the changes to Federal Rule Civil Procedure 23(e) which become effective December 1, 2018, any
Settlement Class Member who objects to the Settlement must (a) state with specificity the grounds for the objection; and (b) specify
whether the objection applies only to the objector, to a specific subset of the Settlement Class, or to the entire Settlement Class. In
addition, any payment or other consideration given to an objector or objector's counsel for: (a) forgoing or withdrawing an objection,
or (b) forgoing, dismissing, or abandoning an appeal from a judgment approving a class settlement shall require Court approval.

Any member of the Settlement Class who fails to timely file a written objection in accordance with the terms of this subsection shall not be permitted to object to this Agreement at the Final Approval Hearing, and shall be foreclosed from seeking any review of this Agreement by appeal or other means and shall be deemed to have waived his or her objections and be forever barred from making any such objections.

4.4 Any member of the Settlement Class may request to be excluded ("opt-out") from the Settlement Class by sending, by first class mail, a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator postmarked on or before the Objection/Exclusion Deadline. The request for exclusion must include the name of this action, *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. v. Alarm.com*, the Settlement Class member's full name, address, and telephone number where he or she may be contacted, the telephone number(s) which he or she maintains was called, and a statement that the member of the Settlement Class submitting the request wishes to be excluded

from the Settlement of this litigation, and personally signed by the member of the Settlement Class submitting the request. A request to be excluded that does not include all of the foregoing information, or that is not sent to the Settlement Administrator, or that is not postmarked within the time specified, shall be considered deficient. If an exclusion request is deemed deficient in that it lacks a signature or any of the information required by this paragraph, the Settlement Administrator will provide the Settlement Class Member with an opportunity to cure the deficiency by sending an email or letter describing the deficiency and informing the Settlement Class Member that he or she has fifteen days to correct the issue. If the Settlement Class member does not cure the deficiency within the specified time, that person shall be a Settlement Class Member and shall be bound as a Settlement Class Member by the Agreement, if approved. If a member of the Settlement Class submits both a Claim Form and a request for exclusion, the former shall govern and any request for exclusion will be treated as having been withdrawn. The Settlement Administrator will provide a list of those members of the Settlement Class who have requested exclusion each week with its weekly reports, along with copies of each request received, and a final list of everyone who has requested exclusion no later than thirty-five business days after the Objection/Exclusion Deadline.

Any member of the Settlement Class who submits a timely and valid exclusion request shall not: (i) be bound by the Final Approval Order and Judgment; (ii) be entitled to relief under this Settlement Agreement; (iii) gain any rights by virtue of this Agreement; or (iv) be entitled to object to any aspect of this Agreement. So-called "mass" or "class" opt-outs shall not be allowed.

#### 5. CLAIMS AND DEFICIENCY PROCESS

- 5.1 A Settlement Class Member must submit a Claim Form in order to make a claim, either by mail or online. To be valid, the Claim Form must contain the full name, mailing address of the Settlement Class Member, and the telephone number at which he or she can be reached. The Claim Form must also include the telephone number(s) the Settlement Class Member maintains received allegedly unlawful calls from Alliance. Claim Forms submitted by mail must be post-marked by the last day of the Claim Period. Claim Forms submitted through the Settlement Website must be submitted on or before the last day of the Claim Period. The Settlement Class Member must sign the claim form, verifying that all information on the form is accurate and that the Settlement Class Member received allegedly unlawful calls from Alliance.
- 5.2 No later than twenty (20) days after the close of the Claim Period, the Settlement Administrator will complete a review of each claim that is submitted within the Claim Period. If the claim is timely, sets forth the information required in Section 5.1, is signed (by written or electronic signature), is not duplicative of a previously approved claim, and there is no indicia that the claim was fraudulently submitted, then the Settlement Administrator will approve the claim. If a claim is denied as deficient in that it lacks a signature or any of the information required in Section 5.1 or due to indicia that the claim was fraudulently submitted, the Settlement Administrator will within five days after completing the deficiency review provide the Settlement Class Member with an opportunity to cure the deficiency by sending an email or letter describing the deficiency and informing the Settlement Class Member that he or she has fifteen days to correct the issue. If the Settlement Administrator determines a claim is deficient due to fraud, the Settlement Class Member will be provided an opportunity to submit additional proof that calls meeting the class definition were received, such as billing records or call

recordings. The Settlement Administrator will provide reports weekly to the Parties' counsel on the number of claims that are received, the number that were denied, the number found to be deficient, and the number that were approved as well as the number of requests for exclusion and objections received, along with copies of both. If there are any disputes over the validity of a claim, the Parties' counsel will attempt to resolve such disputes between themselves, and if not successful, the disputes will be promptly presented to the Court for resolution.

5.3 Each Settlement Class Member will be entitled to submit only one claim, regardless of the number of the calls claimed to be received on any cellular or residential telephone. For informational purposes only, each Settlement Class member whose telephone number appears in the data Plaintiffs obtained during the litigation will be able to learn the number of calls the data shows he or she received by visiting the Settlement Website and following the directions. The Settlement Website also will include information for Settlement Class members whose telephone numbers do not appear in the data regarding ways to determine the number of calls they received.

#### 6. SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION

- **6.1** The Settlement Administrator retained by the Parties shall have the following duties:
  - a. Identify physical addresses for Settlement Class members through reverse lookups as set forth in Section 4 above;
- b. Prepare the Email, Long Form, Postcard, Online Media and Publication Notices, in substantially the form as those attached to this Agreement as approved by the Court;
- c. Design and implement the Notice Plan set forth in Section 4 such that it complies with Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 and due process;

- d. Create and maintain the Settlement Website;
- e. Establish a dedicated toll-free number with interactive voice recognition and available live operators;
- f. Process, log, and review exclusion requests for deficiencies and address deficiencies with those requesting exclusion and providing them with an opportunity to cure, as provided for in Section 4.4;
- g. Process, log, and review claims for deficiencies and/or fraud, and address deficiencies with claimants providing them with an opportunity to cure, as provided for in Section 5.2;
- h. Calculate Settlement Class Member awards and distribute awards to Settlement Class Members who file valid claims, maintain a bank account to contain the Settlement Fund, maintain all required records, make a second distribution as provided for in Section 2.3(c), if necessary, and distribute any funds remaining from uncashed checks to the National Consumer Law Center;
- i. Provide the Parties with weekly reports regarding the status of the Notice Plan, and number of claims, exclusion requests, and objections received;
  - j. Maintain copies of exclusion requests and objections; and
  - k. Provide declarations to the Court in support of preliminary and final settlement approval.
- 6.2 The Settlement Administrator shall, under the supervision of the Court, administer the relief provided by this Settlement Agreement by completing its duties in a reasonable, cost effective, and timely manner. The Settlement Administrator shall maintain reasonably detailed records of its activities under this Agreement. The Settlement Administrator shall maintain all

such records as are required by applicable law and in accordance with its normal business practices, including but not limited to a summary of work performed by the Settlement Administrator, and an accounting of all amounts paid from the Settlement Fund to Settlement Class Members. Such records will be provided to Class Counsel and Alarm.com's Counsel and to the Court along with the motion for final approval.

- **6.3** In the exercise of its duties outlined in this Agreement, the Settlement Administrator shall have the right to reasonably request additional information from the Parties or any Settlement Class Member.
- **6.4** The Settlement Administrator, with approval by the Parties, shall be responsible for compliance with the applicable provisions of the Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA"), including the notice requirements in 28 U.S.C. § 1715.
- 6.5 As soon as practicable after the conclusion of the Settlement Administrator's obligations to provide notice and administer the settlement but no later than twenty (20) days after the deadline for Settlement Class Members to cure any deficient claims or exclusion requests as set forth above, the Settlement Administrator shall provide Class Counsel and Alarm.com's Counsel with an appropriate declaration outlining compliance with those obligations. The declaration will include final tallies of valid claims, exclusion requests, and objections as well as a statement of the total expenses incurred by the Settlement Administrator as of that date.

# 7. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL ORDER AND FINAL APPROVAL ORDER AND JUDGMENT

7.1 Within the time frame established by the Court, Plaintiffs shall submit this Agreement together with its Exhibits to the Court and shall move the Court for entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, which shall, among other things, preliminarily approve this

Settlement Agreement, certify the Settlement Class for settlement purposes only, appoint Plaintiffs' counsel as Class Counsel and Plaintiffs as the Class Representatives, and set a date for a Final Approval Hearing, which shall be scheduled no earlier than 205 days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, in order to comply with the requirements of CAFA and to provide sufficient time for the Settlement Administrator to execute the Notice Plan.

- 7.2 Alarm.com does not oppose the certification of the Settlement Class for settlement purposes only. Certification of a Settlement Class shall not be deemed a concession that certification of a class is otherwise appropriate. Alarm.com preserves its arguments that a litigation class could not be properly certified pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23. If this Agreement is not approved by the Court or is otherwise terminated or voided, the certification of the Settlement Class shall be void and there will be no waiver, estoppel or preclusive effect given to this Agreement in any litigated proceedings.
- 7.3 Class Counsel shall submit to the Court evidence and legal argument to support the Final Approval Order and Judgment, which shall (among other things):
- (a) find that the Court has personal jurisdiction over all Settlement Class Members and that the Court has subject matter jurisdiction to approve the Agreement, including all Exhibits hereto;
- (b) grant final approval of the Settlement Agreement and likewise approve the Settlement as fair, reasonable and adequate as to, and in the best interests of Settlement Class Members; direct the Parties and their counsel to implement the Agreement according to its terms and provisions; and declare the Agreement to be binding on, and have preclusive effect on, all pending and future lawsuits or other proceedings maintained by or on behalf of Plaintiffs and the Releasing Parties;

- (c) find that the Notice Plan implemented pursuant to the Agreement:
  (1) constituted the best practicable notice under the circumstances; (2) constituted notice that is reasonably calculated to apprise members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of this litigation, their right to object to or exclude themselves from the proposed Settlement, and to appear at the Final Approval Hearing; (3) is reasonable and constitutes due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all entities and individuals entitled to receive notice; and (4) meets all applicable requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution, and the rules of the Court;
- (d) find that the Class Representatives and Class Counsel adequately represented the Settlement Class for purposes of entering into and implementing the Agreement;
- (e) dismiss Alarm.com from the action (including, without limitation, all individual claims, class claims, Plaintiff claims, Settlement Class Member claims, and Released Claims asserted therein against the Released Parties) on the merits and with prejudice, without fees or costs to either Alarm.com or Plaintiffs except as expressly provided in the Settlement Agreement;
- (f) approve and incorporate the Releases set forth herein and forever discharge the Released Parties from the Released Claims as set forth herein; and
- (g) without affecting the finality of the Final Approval Order and Judgment for purposes of appeal, retain jurisdiction as to all matters relating to administration, consummation, enforcement, and interpretation of the Settlement Agreement and the Final Approval Order and Judgment, and for any other necessary purpose; and
  - (h) set forth any other provisions, as the Court deems necessary and just.

#### 8. CLASS COUNSEL'S FEE AWARD AND PLAINTIFFS' SERVICE AWARDS

- **8.1** Class Counsel shall apply to the Court for the Fee Award of up to 30% of the Settlement Fund of \$28,000,000, plus out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by Class Counsel in this litigation, which are currently estimated to be \$300,000. Nothing in this Agreement requires Alarm.com or its counsel to take any position with respect to any motion or request made as contemplated by this Section. If the Fee Award entered by the Court is less than that sought by Class Counsel, the difference will become part of the Settlement Class Recovery.
- 8.2 Class Counsel shall file their motion for attorneys' fees and litigation costs and expenses thirty days before the Exclusion/Objection deadline. The Settlement Administrator shall post Class Counsel's fee petition to the Settlement Website within twenty-four hours of filing the fee petition with the Court.
- **8.3** The amount of the Fee Award approved by the Court shall be paid to Class Counsel from the Settlement Fund, and subject to the terms of this Settlement, no later than thirty days after the Effective Date.
- **8.4** Class Counsel shall apply to the Court for Service Awards for the Class Representatives in an amount to be determined and approved by the Court in its sole discretion. Class Counsel intends to request that Plaintiffs be awarded \$10,000 each. If the Service Awards entered by the Court are less than those sought by Class Counsel, the difference will become part of the Settlement Class Recovery.
- **8.5** The Service Awards, if approved by the Court, shall be paid by the Settlement Administrator from the Settlement Fund, no later than thirty days after the Effective Date.

# 9. CONDITIONS OF SETTLEMENT, EFFECT OF DISAPPROVAL, CANCELLATION OR TERMINATION

- 9.1 This Settlement Agreement shall not become effective unless and until each of the following events has occurred:
  - (a) This Agreement has been signed by Plaintiffs, Alarm.com, and Class

Counsel;

- (b) The Court has entered the Preliminary Approval Order; and
- (c) The Court has entered the Final Approval Order and Judgment, following notice to the Settlement Class and a Final Approval Hearing, or a final approval order and judgment substantially consistent with this Agreement; and
  - (d) All appeals have been resolved or the time for filing any appeal has run.
- 9.2 If this Agreement is terminated or is not approved by the Court or an order approving the Agreement is reversed on appeal, the Parties shall be restored to their respective positions as of the date of the signing of this Agreement. In such event, any Final Approval Order and Judgment or other order entered by the Court in accordance with the terms of this Agreement shall be treated as vacated, *nunc pro tunc*, and the Parties shall be returned to the *status quo ante* with respect to the litigation as if this Agreement had never been entered into. If the termination or failure to become effective occurs before the Preliminary Approval Order is entered, the Parties agree that Alarm.com shall have no obligation to make any payment to the escrow account and that any sums on deposit in the escrow account shall be returned to Alarm.com. If the termination or failure to be approved occurs after the initial payment, provided for in Section 2.2, above, has been made to the Settlement Administrator and charges have been incurred, then any sums not necessary for incurred expenses, or already expended upon notice at the time of the termination or failure to be approved shall be returned to Alarm.com.

#### 10. DEFENDANTS' OPTION TO TERMINATE

10.1 Defendants have the option to terminate this Settlement Agreement and thereby render the Settlement Agreement null and void, if (a) the Court fails to give preliminary approval to this Settlement Agreement or any aspect of the Settlement, or fails to give final approval to this Settlement Agreement or any aspect of the Settlement; (b) the Court modifies the Agreement, the proposed Preliminary Approval Order or proposed Final Approval Order in a way that Alarm.com reasonably considers to be material; (c) the number of valid and timely requests for exclusion (opt-outs) by individuals equals or exceeds two percent (2%) of the total number of individuals in the Settlement Class who are sent Email or Postcard Notice as provided in Section 4.2, above; or (d) upon such other grounds as may be agreed to by the Parties or permitted by the Court. Defendants' option to terminate shall be communicated in writing to Class Counsel within seven days after receiving a report of the numbers of opt-outs certified by the Settlement Administrator following the last date for members of the Settlement Class to opt- out.

## 11. NO ADMISSION OF LIABILITY

11.1 Alarm.com has denied and continues to deny any liability or wrongdoing of any kind with respect to the claims that are or could have been alleged in the Complaint. Alarm.com has denied and continues to deny that it violated the TCPA or is liable for others' purported violations of the TCPA, including those of any of its authorized dealers or such dealers' sub- dealers or lead generators, or committed any other wrongful act or violation of law. Alarm.com has never used outbound telemarketing to market or sell its products and services directly to end customers. Alarm.com denies that it is responsible for, or that it controls via an agency relationship, the marketing and sales efforts of independent companies who are Alarm.com

service providers. It is specifically understood and agreed that this Agreement does not constitute and is not to be construed as an admission by Alarm.com of: (a) any fact or liability;

(b) any violation of any federal, state, local or common law, statute, policy or regulation, including but not limited to the Telephone Consumer Protection Act and all other Released Claims; (c) the commission by Alarm.com of any other actionable wrong; and (d) the appropriateness of class certification for purposes other than settlement.

# 12. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 12.1 The Parties: (a) acknowledge that it is their intent to consummate this Settlement Agreement; and (b) agree to cooperate to the extent reasonably necessary to effectuate and implement all terms and conditions of this Agreement. Class Counsel and Alarm.com's Counsel agree to cooperate with one another in seeking Court approval of the Preliminary Approval Order, the Settlement Agreement, and the Final Approval Order and Judgment, and to agree upon and execute all such other documentation as may be reasonably required to obtain final approval of the Agreement.
- 12.2 The Class Representatives agree, as of the Effective Date, that they will not disparage, denigrate, or defame Alarm.com or any other of the Released Parties as defined herein. Alarm.com agrees, as of the Effective Date, that its officers and directors will not disparage, denigrate, or defame the Class Representatives. Any disputes regarding compliance with this provision will be resolved through mediation at a location agreed upon by the parties.
- 12.3 To the extent that either side desires to issue a press release, they may only do so subject to the prior approval of the other party. No press release or other public statements shall include statements disparaging either side, or statements suggesting that the Defendant has been found to have violated any law, or that the settlement amounts to an admission of liability.

- 12.4 The Parties intend this Settlement Agreement to be a final and complete resolution of all disputes between them with respect to the Released Claims and this litigation.
- 12.5 The Parties have relied upon the advice and representation of their respective counsel concerning their respective legal liability for the claims hereby released. The Parties have read and understand fully this Agreement and have been fully advised as to its legal effect by their respective counsel and intend to be legally bound by the same.
- 12.6 The Settlement and this Agreement represent a negotiated compromise, and regardless whether the Effective Date occurs or the Settlement Agreement is terminated, neither this Agreement nor the Settlement, nor any act performed or document executed pursuant to or in furtherance of this Agreement or the Settlement:
- (a) is, may be deemed, or shall be used, offered or received against the Released Parties, or each or any of them, as an admission, concession, or evidence of the validity of any Released Claims, the truth of any fact alleged by a Class Representative, the deficiency of any defense that has been or could have been asserted in the litigation, the violation of any law or statute, or of any alleged wrongdoing, liability, negligence, or fault of the Released Parties, or any of them;
- (b) is, may be deemed, or shall be construed against Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class, or each or any of them, or against the Released Parties, or each or any of them, as an admission, concession, or evidence that the consideration to be given hereunder represents an amount equal to, less than or greater than that amount that could have or would have been recovered after trial; and
- (c) is, may be deemed, or shall be construed against Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class, or each or any of them, or against the Released Parties, or each or any of them,

as an admission, concession, or evidence that any of Plaintiffs' or the Settlement Class's claims are with or without merit or that damages recoverable would have exceeded or would have been less than any particular amount.

- 12.7 Unless the context of this Agreement requires otherwise, the plural includes the singular, the singular includes the plural, and "including" has the inclusive meaning of "including without limitation." The words "hereof", "herein", "hereby", "hereunder", and other similar terms of this Agreement refer to this Agreement as a whole and not exclusively to any particular provision of this Agreement. All pronouns and any variations thereof will be deemed to refer to masculine, feminine, or neuter, singular, or plural, as the identity of the person or persons may require.
- 12.8 The waiver by one Party of any breach of this Agreement by any other Party shall not be deemed as a waiver of any other prior or subsequent breaches of this Agreement.
  - 12.9 Except as otherwise provided herein, each Party shall bear its own costs and attorneys' fees.
- 12.10 Each counsel or Party executing this Settlement Agreement, any of its Exhibits, or any related settlement documents on behalf of any party hereto hereby warrants and represents that such party has the full authority to do so and has the authority to take appropriate action required or permitted to be taken pursuant to the Agreement to effectuate its terms.
- 12.11 Plaintiffs hereby warrant and represent that they have not assigned any claim, right, or interest relating to the Released Claims to any other person or party and are fully entitled to release same.
- **12.12** This Agreement may be executed by the Parties in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together shall constitute one and the same

instrument. Facsimile signatures or scanned and e-mailed signatures shall be treated as original signatures and shall be binding.

- 12.13 Neither this Settlement Agreement nor any of its provisions nor any of the referenced documents (including but not limited to drafts of the Settlement Agreement, the Preliminary Approval Order or the Final Judgment and Order), negotiations, or proceedings relating in any way to the Settlement shall be construed as or deemed to be evidence of an admission or concession by any person, including the Defendants; and shall not be offered or received in evidence, or subject to discovery, in this or any other action except in proceedings brought to enforce the terms of this Settlement Agreement or except as may be required expressly by law or court order. The provisions of this Section shall be binding regardless of whether this Settlement Agreement is approved by the Court, is terminated, or otherwise fails to become effective or whether the Settlement is rendered void for any reason.
- 12.14 This Settlement Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of the Parties hereto and the Released Parties.
- 12.15 This Settlement Agreement is deemed to have been prepared by counsel for all Parties, as a result of arms' length negotiations among the Parties. Whereas all Parties have contributed substantially and materially to the preparation of this Agreement, it shall not be construed more strictly against one party than another.
- 12.16 By signing below, Class Representatives and Class Counsel hereby represent that as of the date of the execution of this Agreement, they are not aware of any other claims held by them or by their clients against Alarm.com based upon allegations of violations of the any federal or state law regarding telemarketing calls.

- **12.17** This Settlement Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.
- 12.18 The Parties agree that the Court will retain jurisdiction over any disputes regarding the interpretation or implementation of this Agreement and the Settlement memorialized herein. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Settlement Agreement to be executed.

# For Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class:

Date:	October 24, 2018
Date:	October 25, 2018
Date:	October 24, 2018
Date:	October 25, 2018
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Date:	October 24, 2018
Date	October 25, 2018
Date.	October 23, 2018
	Date:  Date:

# For Alarm.com Incorporated and Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.

/s/ Martin Jaszczuk	Date:	October 25, 2018	
Martin Jaszczuk Jaszczuk P.C.			
/s/ Craig Primis	Date:	October 25, 2018	
Craig Primis Kirkland & Ellis LLP			

—EXHIBIT 1—

# SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - EXHIBIT 1(a) (POSTCARD NOTICE)

# A COURT AUTHORIZED THIS LEGAL NOTICE

If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security or third parties hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in the purchase of Alarm.com goods or services, you may be entitled to benefits under a class action settlement.

Alarm.com Settlement Administrator

P.O. Box 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

First-Class Mail US Postage Paid Permit #\_\_\_

## «Barcode»

Postal Service: Please do not mark barcode

Claim ID #:

A2T-«ClaimID»-«MailRec»

A settlement has been reached in a class «First1» «Last1» action lawsuit, Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. v. Alarm.com Inc. (U.S. District Court N.D. Cal.), where Plaintiffs allege that Alarm.com's dealer «Addr1» Alliance Security or third parties hired «City», «St» by Alliance (collectively "Alliance") placed: (1) autodialed or pre-recorded calls and (2) calls to numbers on the National Do Not Call Registry. Alarm.com denies any wrongdoing.

«CO» «Addr2» «Zip» «Country»

Complete and return the enclosed claim form by April 16, 2019 to receive a cash payment.

<Barcode>

Signature:

Print Name:

#### Alarm.com Telemarketing Settlement Claim Form

Fill out each section of this form, sign where indicated, carefully tear at perforation, and mail. Forms must be postmarked by April 16, 2019. You may also complete your Claim Form online at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com

Part 1: Claimant Identification. Complete this section.
Name (First,
Last):
Street Address:
City: State: ZIP Code:
Country (if not USA):
Contact Phone #: ()
Email Address:
Telephone #(s) at which calls were received: (); ()
Part II: Claim. <u>Unique Identifier</u> : «ClaimID»
I affirm I received one or more calls at the number(s) listed above on or after December 30, 2011 from Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in the purchase of Alarm.com goods or services.
<b>Part III: Certification.</b> I certify that that the foregoing information is true and correct.

# SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - EXHIBIT 1(a) (POSTCARD NOTICE)

#### WHO IS A CLASS MEMBER?

You may be in the Settlement Class if, on or after December 30, 2011, you received from Alliance Security or third parties hired by Alliance an automated telemarketing call on your cell phone or a telemarketing call to your residential line using an artificial or prerecorded voice or if you received multiple calls in a twelve-month period to a number listed on the National Do Not Call Registry. Records obtained through this case indicate that you may have received one or more of these calls. You are NOT a class member if you previously excluded yourself from this case or provided your telephone number to Alarm.com prior to receiving such calls.

#### SETTLEMENT TERMS

Alarm.com will pay \$28,000,000 into a fund that will cover: (1) cash payments to eligible Settlement Class Members who submit claims; (2) attorneys' fees to Class Counsel not to exceed \$8,400,000 (30% of the fund) plus litigation costs of up to \$300,000, as approved by the Court; (3) court-approved service awards to Plaintiffs Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Hankins, and Charvat of \$10,000 each; and (4) the costs of administering the settlement. Class Counsel estimate you will receive between \$95 and \$143, which is less than the \$500 to \$1,500 per call you might receive if Plaintiffs had won at trial. The amount you will receive under the Settlement will depend on the number of Settlement Class members who submit claims and could be less.

#### YOUR RIGHTS AND OPTIONS

<u>Submit a Claim Form</u>. To receive a cash award, fill out the attached Claim Form, carefully tear off at the perforation, and drop it in the mail. You may also submit a Claim Form electronically on the Settlement Website: www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can only submit one claim regardless of the number of calls you may have received. Your Claim Form must be postmarked or submitted electronically no later than April 16, 2019.

**Opt Out**. You may also exclude yourself from the Settlement and keep your right to sue Alarm.com on your own by sending a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator postmarked by April 16, 2019. If you do not exclude yourself, you will be bound by the settlement and give up your right to sue Alarm.com regarding the settled claims. Please visit the Settlement Website for more details.

Object. If you do not opt out, you have the right to object to the proposed settlement. Objections must be signed, filed with the Court, postmarked by April 16, 2019, provide the reasons for the objection, and specify if the objection applies only to the objector, to a specific subset of the class, or to the entire class. Visit the Website for more details. Do Nothing. If you do nothing, you will not receive any payment and will lose the right to sue Alarm.com about the Released Claims. You will be considered part of the Settlement Class, and you will be bound by the Court's decisions.

Attend the Final Approval Hearing. The Court has set a hearing to decide whether the settlement should be approved on July 30, 2019at 2:00 p.m. at the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Courtroom One 4th Floor, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612. All persons who timely object to the settlement by April 16,2019 may ask to appear at the Final Approval Hearing.

You can find more details about the settlement on the website: www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com or by calling toll free 1-855-256-2243. PLEASE DO NOT TELEPHONE THE COURT OR THE CLERK'S OFFICE TO INQUIRE ABOUT THIS SETTLEMENT OR THE CLAIMS PROCESS

	First-Class Mail US Postage Paid Permit #
Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702	

# SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 1(b)

Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al., Case No. 3:15-cv-06314 YGR

#### **CLAIM FORM**

To receive benefits from this Settlement, your Claim Form must be electronically submitted or postmarked on or before April 16, 2019. You may submit your completed and signed Claim Form online at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com or by mail to the following address:

#### Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 505304 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

You must complete all sections and sign below in order to receive any benefits from this Settlement.

By submitting a claim, you are attesting that you received on or after December 30, 2011, (1) an automated or pre-recorded telemarketing call on your cell phone, or (2) a call using a prerecorded voice to your residential line, or (3) multiple calls in a twelve-month period to a residential or cellular number on the National Do Not Call list and those calls were placed by Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance promoting Alarm.com's products or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service. Do not submit more than one Claim Form. Submitting more than one Claim Form will not increase your compensation under the Settlement Agreement.

First Name	MI	Last Name	
Business Name (If ap	oplicable)		
Street Address			<u> </u>
City	State	ZIP	ZIP4 (optional)
Contact Phone Num	ber		
Email Address			
	at which you received ca sale of Alarm.com's prod		d parties that promoted or could
Class Member ID fro	om email or postcard not	ice (if you did not receive such a	a notice, leave this blank):
I declare that I have	accurately filled out this	form.	
Signatu	ıre:		Date:

# — EXHIBIT 2—

#### SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 2 EMAIL NOTICE

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security, Inc. or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in the purchase of Alarm.com goods or services, you could get a payment from a class action settlement.

#### Click Here For A Downloadable Claim Form Click Here To Access An Electronic Claim Form

Why did I get this Notice? You received this notice because a proposed settlement of a class action lawsuit filed against Alarm.com has been reached in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California (*Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.*, Case No. 4:15-cv-06314) (the "Settlement").

You may be in the Settlement Class because on or after December 30, 2011 you may have received from Alliance Security, Inc. or one of its subdealers, independent business operators, vendors, lead generators, or agents (collectively "Alliance") without your permission: (a) automated telemarketing calls to your cellular telephone; (b) telemarketing calls using an artificial or pre-recorded voice to your cellular telephone or residential line; or (c) two or more telemarketing calls within any twelve-month period to a telephone number that was registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry, where the calls promoted Alarm.com goods or services or could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service. Records obtained through this case indicate that you may have received one or more of these calls. You are not a member of the Settlement Class if you previously received a notice of this class action and excluded yourself. You also are not a member of the Settlement Class if you provided your telephone number to Alarm.com before you received the allegedly unlawful calls from Alliance.

The Court authorized this Notice because you have a right to know about the proposed Settlement and your options before the Court decides whether to approve the Settlement. Because your rights will be affected by this Settlement, it is extremely important that you read this Notice carefully.

What is this lawsuit about? Plaintiffs brought this lawsuit alleging that Alarm.com's dealer, Alliance Security, Inc., violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. ("TCPA") by making or retaining others to make automated telemarketing calls promoting Alarm.com's goods or services to cellular telephones, and making calls using an artificial or prerecorded voice to a residential line, and making calls to telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without the prior permission of the people contacted. Under the TCPA, a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls that were placed using a prerecorded messages or automated telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were placed

willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded, up to \$1,500. Alarm.com denies all allegations of wrongdoing in the lawsuit. The Court did not decide in favor of the Plaintiffs or Alarm.com. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement. That way, they avoid the cost of a trial, and the people affected will get compensation.

What are the terms of the Settlement? Alarm.com will pay \$28,000,000 into a fund that will cover: (1) cash payments to eligible persons in the Settlement Class who submit claim forms; (2) attorneys' fees to Class Counsel, in an amount not to exceed 30% of the Settlement Fund or \$8,400,000 as approved by the Court; (3) Class Counsel's out-of-pocket expenses currently estimated to be \$300,000 as approved by the Court; (4) court-approved Service Awards in the amount of \$10,000 each to Plaintiffs Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Hankins, and Charvat; and (5) the costs of administering the Settlement. Your share of the fund will depend on a number of factors, including the number of claim forms that Settlement Class Members submit. Class Counsel estimate each Settlement Class Member will receive between \$95 and \$143.

#### YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT

<u>Submit a claim form.</u> To get a cash payment, you must submit a claim form. You may submit a claim form online by going to the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com and following the instructions. You may also request a paper copy of the claim form by calling the Settlement Administrator toll-free at 1-855-256-2243 or downloading it. You must mail your paper claim form to P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702. Your claim form must be postmarked or received through the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com by April 16, 2019.

## Click Here For A Downloadable Claim Form Click Here To Access An Electronic Claim Form

**Exclude yourself.** To exclude yourself from the settlement, you must send a letter by mail saying that you want to be excluded from the *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.* settlement. You must sign the letter and include the following statement: "I request to be excluded from the Settlement in the Alarm.com action." Your request for exclusion must include your full name, address, and telephone number at which you may be contacted; the telephone number(s) which you maintain was unlawfully called; and must be personally signed by you. You must mail your exclusion request postmarked no later than **April 16, 2019** to the following address:

Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

If you submit a valid exclusion request, you will not get a payment, and you cannot object to the Settlement. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in this lawsuit.

Object. If you remain a Settlement Class Member, you may object to the Settlement by writing to the Court by no later than April 16, 2019. Additional details on how to object to the Settlement are contained in the detailed notice which is available on the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. Please note that the Court cannot change the terms of the Settlement. The Court can only approve or deny the Settlement.

Go to the Fairness Hearing. The Court will hold a hearing on July 30, 2019 at 2:00 p.m. to decide whether to approve the Settlement, including the amount of attorneys' fees and costs to be paid to Class Counsel and the amount of Service Awards to be paid to the Class Representatives. It is not necessary for you to appear at the hearing, but you may attend at your own expense. The hearing will be held at the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, located at 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, in Courtroom One on the Fourth Floor.

**Note:** The date and time of the fairness hearing are subject to change by Court Order. Any changes will be posted at the Settlement Website, www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can also monitor case activity and for changes to the dates and time of the fairness hearing by accessing the Court docket in this case through the Court's Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) system at https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov, or by visiting the office of the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Court holidays.

**Do Nothing.** If you do nothing, you will be legally bound by the settlement but you will not get a settlement payment.

Further information regarding the Settlement is available at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You may also contact the Settlement Administrator toll-free at 1-855-256-2243 or by writing to: Alarm.com Settlement Administrator, P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702.

The United States District Court for the Northern District of California has ordered this email notice to be sent. If you wish to UNSUBSCRIBE from future email messages from the Settlement Administrator with regard to this Settlement, please click on this **link**.

Click Here For A Downloadable Claim Form Click Here To Access An Electronic Claim Form

— EXHIBIT 3—

1 2	Chiharu Sekino, SBN #306589 Email: csekino@sfms SHEPHERD, FINKELMAN, MILLER & SHAH, LLP	law.com
3	1230 Columbia Street, Suite 1140 San Diego, California 92101	
4	Telephone: (619) 235-2416 Facsimile: (866) 300-7367	
5	Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com	
6	Jennifer Rust Murray, Admitted Pro Hac Vice Email: jmurray@terrellmarshall.com	
7	Elizabeth A. Adams, SBN #290029 Email: eadams@terrellmarshall.com	
8	TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC 936 North 34th Street, Suite 300	
9	Seattle, Washington 98103 Telephone: (206) 816-6603	
10	Facsimile: (206) 319-5450	
11		
12	[Additional Counsel Appear on Signature Page]	
13		
14	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Clas.	S
15	UNITED STATES DIST	
16	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRI OAKLAND DI	
17	ABANTE ROOTER AND PLUMBING,	NO 4.15 06214 VGB
18	INC., MARK HANKINS, and PHILIP J. CHARVAT, individually and on behalf of all	NO. 4:15-cv-06314-YGR [PROPOSED] FINAL APPROVAL ORDER
19	others similarly situated,	
20	Plaintiffs,	JURY TRIAL DEMAND
21	v.	
22	ALARM.COM INCORPORATED, and	Complaint Filed: December 30, 2015
23	ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC.,	Honorable Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers
		DATE:
24	Defendants,	TIME: LOCATION: Oakland Courthouse
25	-	Courtroom 1 - 4th Floor
26		
27		

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2	This matter came before the Court upon consideration of Plaintiffs' Motion for Final
3	Approval of Class Action Settlement and Class Counsel's Motion for an Award of Fees, Costs,
4	and Class Representative Service Awards. After considering the motions and the declarations
	and exhibits submitted with the motions, the Court enters this Final Approval Order and
5	Judgment ("Final Approval Order"), which constitutes a final adjudication on the merits of all
6	claims of the Class. It is <b>HEREBY ORDERED</b> that the motions are <b>GRANTED</b> , the Class is
7	certified, the Settlement Agreement is finally approved, Class Counsel are awarded \$
8	in fees and \$in costs, and Service Awards are approved in the amount of \$for each
9	Plaintiff (\$total).
10	WHEREAS, on or about, the Parties filed the Settlement Agreement (Docket No.
11	) which sets forth the terms and conditions of the Settlement and release of certain claims
12	(i.e., the Released Claims) against Alarm.com and all other Released Parties ("Settlement");
13	WHEREAS, Plaintiffs and Class Counsel have filed motions, pursuant to Rule 23 of the
14	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, for orders finally approving the Agreement, which will dismiss
15	this Action with prejudice, and granting Class Counsel's request for an award of fees and costs,
16	and Service Awards to the Plaintiffs;
17	WHEREAS, the Court preliminary approved the Settlement on(Docket No.
18	), and Notice was given to Settlement Class members pursuant to that Preliminary Approval
19	Order;
20	WHEREAS, the Court has reviewed and considered all papers filed in support of and in
21	opposition to the Settlement, and all exhibits thereto, and has held a hearing after notice to the
22	Settlement Class was sent in order to confirm that the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and
23	adequate, and to determine whether the Final Approval Order should be entered in this Action
24	pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the Amended Agreement ("Final Approval
25	Hearing") on <b>MONTH DAY 2019</b> , at which time the Parties and all interested persons were
26	heard in support of and in opposition to the Settlement; and
27	neare in support of and in opposition to the settlement, and

1	WHEREAS, upon consideration of the above, the Court finds that the Settlement is fair,
2	adequate, and reasonable to the Class, within the authority of the Parties, and the result of
3	extensive arm's length negotiations.
4	THEREFORE, the following is HEREBY ORDERED:
5	1. The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this Action and personal
6	
7	jurisdiction over the Parties and the Class. The definitions and provisions of the Settlement
8	Agreement are incorporated in this Order as though fully set forth herein.
9	2. Pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and for the
	purposes of settlement only, the Class is certified as follows:
10	All persons who, from December 30, 2011 through the date of Final
11	Approval, received a telemarketing call made by Alliance Security or any of Alliance's sub-dealers, Independent Business Operators,
12	vendors, lead generators, or agents (defined as "Alliance") either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in
13	the installation of a security system that could use or
14	include any Alarm.com product or service (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or
15	an artificial or prerecorded voice, (b) to a residential telephone line using an artificial or prerecorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential
	telephone number registered on the national Do Not Call
16	Registry and who received more than one such call within any twelve- month period. Persons who provided their telephone
17	numbers to Alarm.com prior to receiving calls from Alliance are not Settlement Class Members. Class Members who previously
18	excluded themselves from the Class are not Settlement Class Members.
19	Members.
20	
21	3. For purposes of settlement, the Court appoints Plaintiffs "Class Representatives."
22	4. For purposes of settlement, the Court appoints the attorneys at Broderick &
	Paronich, P.C., Terrell Marshall Law Group PLLC, The Law Offices of Matthew P. McCue, and
23	Bailey & Glasser, LLP as Class Counsel.
24	5. With respect to the Settlement Class, this Court finds, for settlement purposes
25	only, that: (a) the Settlement Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable;
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27	(b) there are questions of law or fact common to the Settlement Class; (c) the claims of the Class

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Representatives, identified above, are typical of the claims of the Settlement Class; (d) the Class Representatives will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Settlement Class; (e) the questions of law or fact common to the members of the Settlement Class predominate over the questions affecting only individual members, and (f) certification of the Settlement Class is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The Court further finds that: (g) the members of the Settlement Class have a limited interest in individually prosecuting the claims at issue; (h) it is desirable to concentrate the claims in this forum; and (i) it is unlikely that there will be difficulties encountered in administering this Settlement.

If the Settlement terminates for any reason, the certification of the Settlement Class shall be automatically vacated, null and void, and this Action shall revert to its status immediately prior to the execution of the Settlement Agreement.

- 6. The Court finds that the notice given to members of the Settlement Class pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement fully and accurately informed Settlement Class members of all material elements of the Settlement and constituted valid, sufficient, and due notice to all such members. The notice fully complied with due process, Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and with all other applicable law.
- Those who timely submitted valid requests for exclusion are excluded from the
   Settlement Class and are not bound by this Final Approval Order.
- 8. The Court finally approves this Settlement, and finds that it is in all respects fair, reasonable, and adequate and in the best interest of the Settlement Class Members. The Parties dispute the validity of the claims in the Action, and their dispute underscores not only the uncertainty of the outcome but also why the Court finds the Settlement Agreement to be fair, reasonable, and adequate. Had they continued to litigate, Settlement Class members faced the challenge of convincing a jury that Alarm.com should be held responsible for telephone calls placed by one of its independent dealers. They also would have faced the challenge of surviving

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2	an appeal of	the Court's summary judgment and class certification orders, and any other rulings
3	rendered duri	ing trial. Class Counsel have reviewed the Settlement Agreement and find it to be in
4	the best interes	est of Settlement Class members. For all these reasons, the Court finds that the
5	uncertainties	of continued litigation in both the trial and appellate courts, as well as the expense
	associated wi	ith it, weigh in favor of Settlement approval.
6 7	9.	The Parties, their counsel, and the Settlement Administrator shall fulfill their
	obligations as	nd duties under the Settlement Agreement.
9	10.	The Court dismisses with prejudice this Action, the Released Claims, and the
	Released Part	ties, and adjudges that the Released Claims are released against the Released
10	Parties.	
11	12.	The Court adjudges that Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class Members are deemed
12	to have fully,	finally, completely, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged the
13	Released Cla	ims against the Released Parties.
14	13.	Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class Members are permanently enjoined and barred
15	from asserting	g, initiating, prosecuting, or continuing any of the Released Claims against the
16	Released Part	ties.
17	14.	The Settlement Administrator executed the Notice Plan according to the terms of
18	the Settlemen	at Agreement. The notices apprised the Settlement Class members of the pendency
19	of the litigation	on; of all material elements of the proposed Settlement, including but not limited to
20	the relief affo	orded the Settlement Class under the Settlement Agreement; of the res judicata
21	effect on mer	mbers of the class and of their opportunity to object to, comment on, or opt out of,
22	the Settlemen	at; of the identity of Class Counsel and Class Counsel's contact information; and of
23	the right to ap	ppear at the Final Approval Hearing. The Notice Plan prescribed by the Settlement
24	Agreement w	vas reasonable and provided due and adequate notice of these proceedings and of the
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matters set forth therein, including the terms of the Settlement Agreement, to all parties entitled

to such notice. The notice given to members of the Settlement Class satisfied the requirements

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2	of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and the requirements of constitutional due process. The
3	notices were reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise Settlement Class members
	of the pendency of this Action, all material elements of the Settlement, and their opportunity to
4	exclude themselves from, object to the Settlement, and appear at the final fairness hearing. The
5	Court has afforded a full opportunity to all Settlement Class Members to be heard. Accordingly,
6	the Court determines that all members of the Settlement Class, except those who timely excluded
7	themselves from the Class, are bound by this Final Approval Order.
8	15. Within ten (10) days after the filing of the proposed Settlement Agreement in the
9	Court, a notice of the proposed Settlement was served upon the appropriate state official of each
10	State in which a Settlement Class member resides and upon the Attorney General of the United
11	States. The Court finds that the notice provided satisfied the requirements of 28 U.S.C. § 1715(b)
12	and that more than ninety (90) days have elapsed since the required notice was provided, as
13	required by 28 U.S.C. § 1715(d).
14	16. The Court approves payment of attorneys' fees in the amount of \$and costs to
15	Class Counsel in the amount of \$ These amounts shall be taken out of the Settlement Fund
16	that is paid by Alarm.com pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement. The Court finds
17	these amounts to be appropriate and reasonable in light of the work performed by Class Counsel
18	and the benefits obtained by the Class Members. In addition, the Court finds that the Settlement
19	Agreement was negotiated at arms' length and without collusion.
20	17. In the event that settlement payments exceed the threshold amounts that must be
21	reported to the Internal Revenue Service by means of a Form 1099, Class Counsel, and the
22	Settlement Administrator, will take all necessary and reasonable steps to obtain W-9's from
23	claimants and to comply with applicable IRS regulations on issuing 1099's without a social

security number or tax entity identification number, and shall take all reasonable and necessary

steps to avoid imposition of IRS penalties against the Settlement Fund, including, but not limited

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	THAL MIROVAE ORDER
1	to limiting payments below the reportable threshold and/or withholding of taxes and any
2	applicable penalties.
3	18. The Court approves the service fee payment of \$for each Class
4	Representative and specifically finds that amount to be reasonable in light of the service
5	
6	performed by the Class Representatives for the class. This amount shall be paid from the
7	Settlement Fund in accordance with the terms of the Settlement Agreement. Any service award
8	will be reported as "other income" in Box 3 of the Form 1099-MISC.
9	19. Neither this Final Approval Order nor the Settlement Agreement is an admission
	or concession by Alarm.com or any of the other Released Parties of the validity of any claims or
10	of any liability or wrongdoing or of any violation of law. This Final Approval Order and the
11	Settlement Agreement do not constitute a concession and shall not be used as an admission or
12	indication of any wrongdoing, fault or omission by Alarm.com or any of the other Released
13	Parties or any other person in connection with any transaction, event or occurrence, and neither
14	this Final Approval Order nor the Settlement Agreement nor any related documents in this
15	proceeding, nor any reports or accounts thereof, shall be offered or received in evidence in any
16	civil, criminal, or administrative action or proceeding, other than such proceedings as may be
17	necessary to consummate or enforce this Final Approval Order, the Settlement Agreement, and
18	all releases given thereunder, or to establish the affirmative defenses of <i>res judicata</i> or collateral
19	estoppel barring the pursuit of claims released in the Settlement Agreement. This Final Approval
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21	Order also does not constitute any opinion or position of the Court as to the merits of the claims
22	and defenses related to this Action.
23	20. Upon the Effective Date, the Class Representatives and each Settlement Class
24	Member will be deemed to have completely released and forever discharged the Released Parties

20. Upon the Effective Date, the Class Representatives and each Settlement Class Member will be deemed to have completely released and forever discharged the Released Parties from the Released Claims. Released Claims means any and all claims, causes of action, suits, obligations, debts, demands, agreements, promises, liabilities, damages, losses, controversies, costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees of any nature whatsoever, against any Released Party,

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2	whether based on any federal law, state law, common law, territorial law, foreign law, contract,
3	rule, statute, regulation, or equity, whether known or unknown, suspected, or unsuspected,
4	asserted or unasserted, foreseen or unforeseen, actual or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated,
5	punitive or compensatory, as of the date of the Final Approval Order, that arise out of or relate in
	any way to telemarketing calls received on or after December 30, 2011 through the date of Final
6	Approval Order placed by Alliance either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that
7 8	could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any
9	Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic
10	telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice, (b) to a residential telephone
11	number using an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential number
12	registered on the national Do Not Call Registry where more than one such call was received
13	within any twelve-month period.
14	21. As of the Effective Date, Settlement Class Members also will waive and release
15	any and all provisions, rights and benefits conferred either (a) by Section 1542 of the California
16	Civil Code, or (b) by any law of any state or territory of the United States, or principle of
17	common law, which is similar, comparable, or equivalent to Section 1542 of the California Civil
18	Code, with respect to the claims released pursuant to Section 3.1 above. Section 1542 of the
19	California Civil Code reads: A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS
20	WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF
21	EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR
22	HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR.
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	22. Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Members may hereafter discover facts in
24	addition to or different from those they now know or believe to be true with respect to the
25	subject matter of the Released Claims, but upon the Effective Date, shall be deemed to have,
26	and by operation of the Final Approval Order and Judgment shall have, fully, finally, and
27	forever settled and released any and all of the Released Claims whether known or unknown,

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2	suspected or unsuspected, contingent or non-contingent, which now exist, or heretofore have
3	existed upon any theory of law or equity now existing or coming into existence in the future,
4	including, but not limited to, conduct that is negligent, intentional, with or without malice, or a
5	breach of any duty, law or rule, without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of
6	such different or additional facts. However, the Settlement Agreement is not intended to and
	does not prohibit a Settlement Class Member from responding to inquiries posited by federal,
7	state or local agencies and/or law enforcement, even if the inquiries relate to the Released
8	Claims.
9	23. If the Effective Date does not occur because this Order is reversed on appeal or
10	for any other reason, the Parties shall be returned to the status quo ex ante, for all litigation
11	purposes, as if no Settlement had been negotiated or entered into and thus this Final Approval
12	Order and all other findings or stipulations regarding the Settlement shall be automatically void,
13	vacated, and treated as if never filed.
14	24. The Court retains jurisdiction to consider all further matters arising out of or
15	connected with the Settlement, including the implementation and enforcement of the Settlement
16	Agreement.
17	25. There wereobjections to the Settlement. They are all overruled.
18	26. The Court finds that no justifiable reason exists for delaying entry of this Final
19	, , ,
20	Approval Order and, good cause appearing, it is expressly directed that this Final Approval
21	Order and separate Judgment be entered as final and appealable and the case dismissed with
22	prejudice.
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1 2	HEREFORE, the Clerk of the Court is HEREBY ORDERED to enter this Final
3	Approval Order and Judgment.
4	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED.
5	DATED this_day of, 2019.
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8	UNITED STATES JUDGE
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# SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 3 FINAL APPROVAL ORDER

# 1 <u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>

2			
3	I, Beth E. Terrell, hereby certify that on October 1, 2018, I electronically filed the		
4	foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of		
5	such filing to the following:		
	W G T 1 GDN #152002		
6	Kasey C. Townsend, SBN #152992 Email: ktownsend@murchisonlaw.com		
7	Susan J. Welde, SBN #205401 Email: swelde@murchisonlaw.com		
8	MURCHISON & CUMMING, LLP 275 Battery Street, Suite 850		
9	San Francisco, California 94111 Telephone: (415) 524-4300		
10	Telephone. (413) 324-4300		
11	Martin W. Jaszczuk, Admitted Pro Hac Vice		
12	Email: mjaszczuk@jaszczuk.com  Margaret M. Schuchardt, Admitted Pro Hac Vice		
13	Email: mschuchardt@jaszczuk.com Seth H. Corthell, <i>Admitted Pro Hac Vice</i>		
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	Email: dschlessinger@jaszczuk.com		
15	JASZCZUK P.C. 311 South Wacker Drive, Suite 1775		
16	Chicago, Illinois 60606 Telephone: (312) 442-0311		
17			
18	Craig S. Primis, Admitted Pro Hac Vice		
19	Email: craig.primis@kirkland.com KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP		
20	655 Fifteenth Street, N.W.		
21	Washington, DC 20005 Telephone: (202) 879-5921		
22	Facsimile: (202) 879-5200		
23	Attorneys for Defendants Alarm.com Incorporated and Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.		
24			
25			
26			
27			

# SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 3 FINAL APPROVAL ORDER

1	DATED this 1st day of October, 2018.		
2	TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC 3		
<ul><li>4</li><li>5</li><li>6</li></ul>		By: /s/ Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com 936 North 34th Street, Suite 300 Seattle, Washington 98103-8869	
7		Telephone: (206) 816-6603 Facsimile: (206) 319-5450	
8	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
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— EXHIBIT 4—

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al. Case No. 4:15-cv-06314

If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or that could have resulted in the purchase of Alarm.com's goods or services, you may be entitled to a cash payment under a class action settlement.

A federal court authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

- Alarm.com has agreed to pay \$28,000,000 into a fund from which eligible persons or entities who file claims will receive cash
  awards after deducting settlement administration expenses, any court-awarded service awards, and court-awarded attorneys' fees
  and costs.
- The settlement resolves a lawsuit involving individuals or entities who, on or after December 30, 2011 through the date of entry of the Final Approval Order, received a telemarketing call placed by Alliance Security, Inc. or third parties hired by Alliance promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (b) to a residential telephone number through the use of an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry more than once within any twelve-month period. Persons who previously excluded themselves from this class action or provided their telephone number to Alarm.com before receiving calls from Alliance are not members of the Settlement Class.
- Court-appointed lawyers for the class ("Class Counsel") will ask the Court for a payment of up to \$8,400,000 from the fund as
  attorneys' fees, which is equal to 30% of the fund. In addition, Class Counsel will ask the Court to reimburse them for the out-ofpocket expenses they paid to investigate the facts, litigate the case, and negotiate the settlement, which shall not exceed
  approximately \$300,000.
- Alarm.com denies all allegations of wrongdoing in the lawsuit. As part of the proposed settlement, Alarm.com does not admit to any wrongdoing and continues to deny the allegations against it.
- The two sides disagree on whether Plaintiffs and the class could have won at trial.
- Your legal rights are affected whether you act or don't act. Read this Notice carefully.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:		
SUBMIT A CLAIM FORM BY April 16, 2019	This is the only way to receive a payment.	
EXCLUDE YOURSELF BY April 16, 2019	Get no payment. This is the only option that allows you to ever be part of any other lawsuit against Alarm.com about the legal claims in this case.	
OBJECT BY April 16, 2019	Write to the Court explaining why you don't like the settlement.	
ATTEND A HEARING ON April 16, 2019	Ask to speak in Court about the fairness of the settlement.	
Do Nothing	Get no payment. Give up rights.	

#### **BASIC INFORMATION**

#### 1. What is this Notice and why should I read it?

The purpose of this Notice is to let you know that a proposed settlement has been reached in the class action lawsuit entitled *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.*, Case No. 4:15- cv-06314, pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. You have legal rights and options that you may act on before the Court decides whether to approve the proposed settlement. Because your rights will be affected by this settlement, it is extremely important that you read this Notice carefully. This Notice summarizes the settlement and your rights under it.

#### 2. What is this lawsuit about?

In a class action, one or more people, called class representatives, sue on behalf of people who have similar claims. All of these people are a class, or class members. One court resolves the issues for all class members, except those who exclude themselves from the class.

The class representatives brought this lawsuit alleging that Alarm.com's dealer, Alliance Security, Inc., violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. ("TCPA") by making or retaining others to make automated telemarketing calls promoting Alarm.com's goods or services to cellular telephones, and making calls using an artificial or pre-recorded voice to a residential line, and calling telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without the prior permission from the

people contacted. Under the TCPA, a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls that were placed using a prerecorded messages or automated telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone numbers registered on the National Do- Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were placed willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded up to \$1,500.

The Court has preliminarily certified a class for settlement purposes only (the "Settlement Class"). U.S. District Court Judge Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers (the "Court") is in charge of this class action.

Alarm.com denies that it made any telemarketing calls to consumers or that it should be held liable for calls that Alliance or other third parties made.

#### THE SETTLEMENT

#### 3. Why is there a settlement?

The Court did not decide in favor of the Plaintiffs or Alarm.com. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement. That way, they avoid the cost of a trial, and the people affected will get compensation. The class representatives and their attorneys think the settlement is best for the Settlement Class.

#### WHO IS IN THE SETTLEMENT?

# 4. How do I know if I am part of the settlement?

You are in the Settlement Class if, on or after December 30, 2011, you received a telemarketing call promoting Alarm.com's goods or services from Alliance or third parties hired by Alliance:

- (1) On a cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or artificial or prerecorded voice; or
- (2) On a residential telephone using an artificial or prerecorded voice; or
- (3) Two or more times within a twelve-month period on a cellular or residential telephone number that was on the National Do-Not-Call Registry.

You are NOT part of the Settlement Class if you previously excluded yourself from this class action or you provided your telephone number to Alarm.com before receiving calls from Alliance. The Settlement Class also does not include any persons who validly request exclusion from the Settlement Class, as described under Question 10. A person who does not exclude him or herself is a "Settlement Class Member."

If you have questions about whether you are part of the Settlement Class, you may call 1-855-256-2243 or visit www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com for more information.

### THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS - WHAT YOU GET

# 5. What does the settlement provide?

Alarm.com has agreed to pay \$28,000,000 to be divided among all Settlement Class Members who send in a valid Claim Form after any fees, costs, service awards, and settlement administration expenses have been deducted.

#### 6. How much will my payment be?

Your share of the settlement will depend on the number of Claim Forms that Class Members submit and other factors. Class Counsel estimate you will receive approximately \$95–\$143 but this is only an estimate.

#### HOW YOU GET A PAYMENT – SUBMITTING A CLAIM FORM

#### 7. How do I make a claim?

To qualify for payment, you must submit a Claim Form by April 16, 2019. You may submit a Claim Form online by going to the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com and following the instructions. If you received a postcard with an attached claim form, simply complete the Claim Form, tear it off at the perforated line, and mail. You also may download a paper Claim Form on the Settlement Website or call the Settlement Administrator at 1-855-256-2243 to request a paper Claim Form. Claim Forms sent by mail must be postmarked by April 16, 2019 and mailed to:

Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box. 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

# 8. When will I get my payment?

The Court will hold a hearing on July 30, 2019 to decide whether to approve the settlement. If the settlement is approved, appeals may still follow. It is always uncertain whether these appeals can be resolved, and resolving them can take more than a year. Please be patient.

# 9. What am I giving up to get a payment or stay in the Settlement Case?

Unless you exclude yourself, you are staying in the Settlement Class and you will be a Settlement Class Member. That means you can't sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Alarm.com regarding the claims that are the subject of the settlement. If the settlement is approved and becomes final and not subject to appeal, then you and all Settlement Class Members release all "Released Claims" against all "Released Parties." It also means that all of the Court's orders will apply to you and legally bind you.

The Settlement Agreement (available at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com) describes the claims you are releasing (the "Released Claims") and against whom you are releasing claims ("Released Parties") in detail, so read it carefully. To summarize, the Release includes claims that arise out of Alliance's allegedly improper use of an "automatic telephone dialing system" or an "artificial or prerecorded voice" to make telemarketing calls promoting Alarm.com's goods or services to cellular and residential phones without the recipients' consent. The Release also includes claims that Alliance called telephone numbers on the National Do-Not-Call Registry at least twice within a twelve-month period without the recipients' prior express written consent. Under the TCPA a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls that were placed using a prerecorded messages or automated telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone number registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were placed willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded, up to \$1,500.

The Settlement Agreement is between Plaintiffs and Alarm.com only. By participating in the settlement, you <u>are not releasing</u> any claims for damages you may have against anyone else, including Alliance.

#### EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT

If you don't want a payment from this settlement and you want to keep the right to sue or continue to sue Alarm.com, then you must take steps to remove yourself from the Settlement Class. This is called excluding yourself—or is sometimes referred to as "opting out" of the Settlement Class.

# 10. How do I exclude myself from the settlement?

To exclude yourself from the settlement, you must send a letter saying that you want to be excluded from the *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.* settlement. You must sign the letter and include the following statement: "I request to be excluded from the settlement in the Alarm.com action." You must also include your full name, address, telephone number where you may be contacted, the telephone numbers you maintain were called, and your signature. Your exclusion request must be postmarked no later than April 16, 2019, and must be mailed to:

Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box. 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

You cannot exclude yourself on the phone or by fax or email. If you ask to be excluded, you will not get any payment, and you cannot object to the settlement. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in this lawsuit.

#### 11. If I don't exclude myself, can I sue Alarm.com for the same thing later?

No. Unless you exclude yourself, you give up any right to sue Alarm.com for the claims that this settlement resolves. If you already have a lawsuit that may relate to the claims being released as part of this class settlement, you should speak to your lawyer in that case immediately. You must exclude yourself from this Settlement Class to continue your own lawsuit. Remember, the exclusion deadline is April 16, 2019.

# 12. If I exclude myself, can I get anything from this settlement?

No. If you exclude yourself, do not submit a claim to ask for a payment.

### THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU

#### 13. Do I have a lawyer in this case?

The Court has appointed Terrell Marshall Law Group, Bailey & Glasser LLP, Broderick & Paronich, P.C., and The Law Office of Matthew P. McCue to represent you and other Settlement Class Members. These lawyers are called Class Counsel. You will not be charged for these lawyers. If you want to be represented by your own lawyer, you may hire one at your own expense.

#### 14. How will the lawyers be paid?

Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve payment of up to \$8,400,000 to them for attorneys' fees, which is 30% of the Settlement Fund, together with \$300,000 to cover out-of-pocket expenses. This payment would pay Class Counsel for their time investigating the facts, litigating the case, and negotiating the settlement. Class Counsel also will request the following service awards for the Plaintiffs: Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc.: \$10,000, Mark Hankins: \$10,000, Philip J. Charvat: \$10,000. The Court may award less than these amounts.

#### OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT

#### 15. How do I object to the settlement?

If you are a Settlement Class Member and you do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you can object to the settlement if you don't like any part of it. You may give reasons why you think the Court should not approve it. The Court will consider your views. The Court cannot change the terms of the Settlement. The Court can only approve or deny the Settlement. To object, you must file a written objection with the Court, stating that you object to the settlement in *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.* The written objection must include your name, address and telephone number where you can be contacted, the telephone number(s) that you maintain were called; a statement of all grounds for your objection with the factual and legal support for each stated ground; the identity of any witnesses you may call to testify; copies of any exhibits you intend to introduce as evidence at the Final Approval Hearing; a statement of the identity (including name, address, phone number and email) of any lawyer who will be representing you with respect to your objection; a statement of whether you intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing; and a statement regarding whether your objection applies to just you, a subset of the Settlement Class, or the entire Settlement Class. You must file the objection with the Court, so that it is postmarked no later than April 16, 2019.

Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.

Case No. 4:15-cv-06314

Clerk of the Court

U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California

1301 Clay Street, Suite 400 S

Oakland, CA 94612

# 16. What's the difference between objecting and excluding myself from the settlement?

Objecting simply means telling the Court that you don't like something about the settlement. You can object only if you stay in the Settlement Class. Excluding yourself from the Settlement Class is telling the Court that you don't want to be part of the Settlement Class. If you exclude yourself, you have no basis to object because the case no longer affects you.

#### THE COURT'S FAIRNESS HEARING

# 17. When and where will the Court hold a hearing on the fairness of the settlement?

The Court will hold the final fairness hearing at 2:00 p.m. on July 30, 2019, before the Honorable Yvonne Gonzales Rogers at the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, Courtroom One, 4th Floor, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612. The purpose of the hearing is for the Court to determine whether the settlement is fair, reasonable, adequate, and in the best interests of the class. At the hearing, the Court will hear any objections and arguments concerning the fairness of the proposed settlement, including those related to the amount requested by Class Counsel for attorneys' fees and expenses and the service award to the class representatives. After the hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve the

settlement. We do not know how long these decisions will take.

**Note:** The date and time of the fairness hearing are subject to change by Court Order. Any changes will be posted at the Settlement Website, www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can also monitor case activity and for changes to the dates and time of the fairness hearing by accessing the Court docket in this case through the Court's Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) system at https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov, or by visiting the office of the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Court holidays.

#### 18. Do I have to come to the hearing?

No. Class Counsel will answer any questions the Court may have. But you are welcome to come to the hearing at your own expense. If you send an objection, you don't have to come to Court to talk about it. As long as your written objection was filed and mailed on time, and meets the other criteria described in the Settlement Agreement, the Court will consider it. You may also pay a lawyer to attend, but you don't have to.

### 19. May I speak at the hearing?

If you do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you may ask the Court for permission to speak at the hearing concerning any part of the proposed Settlement Agreement. If you file an objection (*see* Question 15, above) and intend to appear at the hearing, you must state your intention to do so in your objection. You cannot speak at the hearing if you exclude yourself or if you fail to state your intention to do so in your objection.

#### IF YOU DO NOTHING

#### 20. What happens if I do nothing at all?

If you do nothing, you'll get no money from this settlement. But, unless you exclude yourself, you won't be able to start a lawsuit, continue with a lawsuit, or be part of any other lawsuit against Alarm.com relating to the claims released in this case.

#### **GETTING MORE INFORMATION**

#### 21. Are there more details about the settlement?

This Notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the Settlement Agreement. You may review the Settlement Agreement on the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can also get a copy of the Settlement Agreement by contacting [COMPLETE CONTACT INFORMATION FOR ONE OF PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL]

# 22. How do I get more information?

You can call 1-855-256-2243 toll free or write to Alarm.com Settlement Administrator, P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702; or visit the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com, where you will find answers to common questions about the settlement, a Claim Form, plus other information to help you determine whether you are a member of the Settlement Class.

You can learn the number of calls that calling records obtained in this litigation show you received by visiting the Settlement Website and following the instructions. If information regarding the number of calls is not available, the Settlement Website also provides additional information about how to determine the number of calls you received.

# PLEASE DO <u>NOT</u> CONTACT THE COURT, THE JUDGE, OR THE DEFENDANT WITH QUESTIONS ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT OR CLAIMS PROCESS.

# —EXHIBIT 5—



www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com

File a Claim

www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com









Alarm.com, Inc. Class Action Settlement alarmtcpaclassaction.com If you received a telephone call from Alliance Security or related third parties that prom...





—EXHIBIT 6—

1 2	SHEPHERD, FINKELMAN, MILLER & SHAH, LLP 1230 Columbia Street, Suite 1140		
3	San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 235-2416		
4			
5	Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com		
6	Jennifer Rust Murray, Admitted Pro Hac Vice Email: jmurray@terrellmarshall.com		
7	Elizabeth A. Adams, SBN #290029 Email: eadams@terrellmarshall.com		
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13	[Additional Counsel Appear on Signature Page]		
14	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Clas	S	
15 16	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
	17 ABANTE F	ROOTER AND PLUMBING,	
	INC., MAR	RK HANKINS, and PHILIP J.	NO. 4:15-cv-06314-YGR [PROPOSED] ORDER
	18 CHARVAT, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,		GRANTING
			PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR
	19		PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS
	• 7		ACTION SETTLEMENT
	20	Plaintiffs,	
	21 v.		
		OM INCORPORATED, and	
	ALARM.Co	OM HOLDINGS, INC.,	
	23		
2.5	24	Defendants.	
25			
26	Plaintiffs Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Mark l	Hankins, and Philip J. Charvat	

("Plaintiffs") on behalf of themselves and a proposed Settlement Class and Alarm.com

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1 Incorporated and Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. ("Alarm.com") (Plaintiffs and Alarm.com together 2 constitute the "Parties") have entered into a Settlement Agreement. 3 Plaintiffs have moved for, and Alarm.com has indicated that it does not oppose entry of 4 this order, which (a) conditionally certifies the Settlement Class (as defined below) for settlement 5 purposes only; (b) appoints the Settlement Administrator; (c) provides for notice of the 6 Settlement Agreement to Settlement Class members in accordance with the terms of the 7 Settlement Agreement; (d) establishes procedures for objecting to, and opting out of, the 8 proposed Settlement Agreement; (e) describes procedures for submitting claims; and (f) sets a 9 date for hearing to finally approve the Settlement Agreement ("Final Approval Hearing"). 10 The Court has considered the terms of the Settlement Agreement in light of the issues 11 presented by the pleadings, the record in this case, the complexity of the proceedings, the 12 absence of any evidence of collusion between the Parties, and the experience of Class Counsel, 13 and is preliminarily satisfied that the Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The 14 Court also is satisfied that the plan for sending notice of the Settlement to the Settlement Class is 15 adequate, sufficiently informs Settlement Class members of the Settlement's terms and of the 16 conditional certification of the Settlement Class, and satisfies the requirements set forth in 17 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and due process. 18 THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED THAT: 19 The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this Action and personal 1. 20 jurisdiction over the Parties and the conditionally certified Settlement Class, as defined below. 21 2. This Order incorporates by reference the definitions in the Settlement Agreement, 22 and all capitalized terms used in this Order will have the same meanings as set forth in the 23 Settlement Agreement, unless otherwise defined in this Order. 24 3. The Parties have agreed to and the Court provisionally certifies the following 25 "Settlement Class" for purposes of settlement:

All persons who, from December 30, 2011 through the date of Final

Approval, received a telemarketing call made by Alliance Security or any

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1	of Alliance's sub-dealers, Independent Business Operators, vendors, lead
2	generators, or agents (defined as "Alliance") either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security
2	system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service (a) to a
3	cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, (b) to a residential telephone line
4	using an artificial or prerecorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential
5	telephone number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry and who received more than one such call within any twelve-month period. Persons
6	who provided their telephone numbers to Alarm.com prior to receiving calls from Alliance are not Settlement Class Members. Class Members who previously
7	excluded themselves from the Class are not Settlement Class Members.
8	
9	
10	4. Based on the Court's review of the Settlement Agreement (Dkt. #), the
11	Motion for Preliminary Approval (Dkt. #), Plaintiffs' supporting memorandum (Dkt.
	#), declarations of Plaintiffs' counsel (Dkt. ##), the declaration of Plaintiffs (Dkt.
12	#), and the declaration of the Settlement Administrator (Dkt. #), the Court finds that
13	conditional certification of the Settlement Class for settlement purposes only is appropriate under
14	Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 because the Class is so numerous that joinder would be
15	impracticable, the Action presents common issues of law and fact that predominate over any
16	
17	individual questions, Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the Settlement Class members' claims,
18	Plaintiffs and their counsel are adequate representatives of the Settlement Class, and a class
	action would be superior to thousands of individual lawsuits.
19	5. Based on the Court's review of the Settlement Agreement, the Motion for
20	Preliminary Approval, the supporting memoranda, declarations of counsel, argument of counsel,
21	and the entire record, the Court finds that the Settlement Agreement is fair, reasonable, and
22	adequate. Plaintiffs' motion to preliminarily approve the Settlement Agreement and certify the
23	
24	Class is granted. The Court appoints Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Mark Hankins, and
25	Philip Charvat as Class Representatives and Bailey & Glasser, LLP, Broderick & Paronich, P.C.,
26	Terrell Marshall Law Group PLLC, and The Law Offices of Matthew P. McCue as Class
20	Counsel.

### **SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 6** DER

	PROPOSED PRELIMINARY APPROVAL ORDER
6.	The Court appoints KCC as Settlement Administrator, which shall fulfill the
functions, du	ties, and responsibilities of the Settlement Administrator as set forth in the
Settlement Ag	greement and this Order. By accepting this appointment, the Settlement
Administrator	r has agreed to the Court's jurisdiction solely for purposes of enforcement of the
Settlement Ac	dministrator's obligations under the Settlement Agreement.
7.	The Settlement Administrator shall cause the Notice Plan to be commenced on or
efore sixty (	60) days after the entry of the Preliminary Approval Order.
8.	The Court finds that the method of providing notice to Settlement Class members
pecified in se	ection 4.2 of the Settlement Agreement and the manner of providing for exclusion
equests and	objections to the Settlement specified in sections 4.3 and 4.4 are reasonable and
ppropriate, a	and satisfy the requirements of due process and the Federal Rules of Civil
Procedure.	
9.	The Court directs the Settlement Administrator to file with the Court no later than
wenty (20) d	ays before the Final Approval Hearing a sworn declaration containing the
nformation s	et forth in section 6.1.1 of the Settlement Agreement. This information includes (a)
confirmation	that the Email and Postcard Notices were sent to Settlement Class members as
ection 6.1 re	quires; (b) confirmation that the Publication Notices were timely published in
accordance w	rith the Notice Plan; (c) a tally of persons who opted out of the Settlement Class
oursuant to se	ection 4.4; (d) a tally of objections received; (e) confirmation that the Settlement
Administrator	r timely reviewed all claims for deficiencies and fraud in accordance with the
Settlement Ag	greement; (f) a tally of the total number of valid claims submitted; and (g)
onfirmation	that the Settlement Administrator complied with 28 U.S.C. § 1715 by serving
notice of the	settlement upon the various state attorneys general and any other appropriate
officials.	

If the Effective Date does not occur, the Parties will return to the status quo ex

ante, for all litigation purposes, as if no settlement had been negotiated or entered into and thus

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10.

1	this Order and all other findings or stipulations regarding the Settlement, including but not
2	limited to, certification of the Settlement Class will be automatically void, vacated, and treated as
3	if never filed.
4 5	11. The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing on to finally determine
6	whether the prerequisites for class certification and treatment under Rule 23(a) and (b) of the
7	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure are met; to determine whether the Settlement Agreement is fair,
8	reasonable, and adequate, and should be approved by the Court; to determine whether the Final
9	Approval Order and Judgment should be entered; to consider the application for attorneys' fees
10	and expenses of Class Counsel; to consider the application for Service Awards to the Class
11	Representatives; and to rule on any other matters that the Court may deem appropriate. At the
12	Final Approval Hearing, the Court may enter the Final Approval Order and Judgment in
13	accordance with the Settlement Agreement that will adjudicate the rights of Settlement Class
14	Members.
15	12. Any interested person who has not opted out of the Settlement Class may appear
16	at the Final Approval Hearing to show cause why the proposed Settlement Agreement should or
17	should not be approved as fair, reasonable, and adequate; provided, however, that no person shall
18	be heard or entitled to contest the approval of the Amended Settlement unless that person has
19	filed with the Court a written objection and any supporting papers or briefs on or before
20	Pursuant to the Court's Procedural Guidelines for Class Action Settlements, the Court will scan
21	all objections into the electronic case docket and the parties will receive electronic notices of
22	filing. The Court will consider all properly submitted objections. Any Settlement Class Member
23	who does not submit an objection in the manner provided above shall be deemed to have waived
24	any objection to the Settlement Agreement and shall forever be foreclosed from making any
25	objection to class certification of the Settlement Agreement, to the fairness, adequacy or
26	reasonableness of the Settlement Agreement, and to any attorneys' fees, cost reimbursements, or
	Service Awards to the named Plaintiffs approved by the Court.

1	
2	13. Class Counsel's request for approval of attorneys' fees, litigation costs, and
	Service Awards shall be filed on or before, which is thirty days before the deadline for
3	Settlement Class members to opt out or object to the Settlement Agreement. This deadline
4	complies with the requirements set forth in In re Mercury Interactive Corp., 618 F.3d 988, 994
5	(9th Cir. 2010).
6	14. All memoranda, declarations, responses to objections, and other evidence in
7 8	support of the request for final approval of the Settlement Agreement shall be filed on or before
9	·
.0	15. All proceedings in this Action other than those that are necessary to carry out, or
	incidental to carrying out, the terms and conditions of this Order are stayed and suspended until
1	further order of the Court.
.2	16. Pending entry of the Final Approval Order and Judgment, Plaintiffs, Settlement
4	Class members, and any person or entity allegedly acting on behalf of the Settlement Class,
5	either directly, representatively, or in any other capacity, are preliminarily enjoined from
	commencing or prosecuting against the Released Parties any action or proceeding in any court or
. 6	tribunal asserting any of the Released Claims; provided, however, that this injunction shall not
. 8	apply to individual claims of any Settlement Class Members who timely exclude themselves in a
9	manner that complies with this Order. This injunction is necessary to protect and effectuate the
	Settlement Agreement, this Order, and the Court's flexibility and authority to effectuate this
20	Settlement Agreement and to enter judgment when appropriate, and is ordered in aid of the
21	Court's jurisdiction and to protect its judgments pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1651(a).
22	17. The Court retains jurisdiction over the Action and all matters arising out of or
23	connected with the proposed Settlement Agreement. The Court reserves the right to adjourn or
24	continue the date of the Final Approval Hearing without further notice to Settlement Class
25	members, and retains jurisdiction to consider all further applications arising out of or connected

1	with the Settlement Agreement. The Court may approve or modify the Settlement Agreement		
2	without further notice to Settlement Class members.		
3	18. The following timeline will govern proceeding	gs through the Final Approval	
4	Hearing:		
5			
6	DEADLINE	EVENT	
7	Ten business days after entry of this Order	Alarm.com makes initial payment to KCC	
8	Sixty business days after entry of this Order	Deadline to commence Notice Plan	
9	Thirty days before the Exclusion/Objection deadline	Deadline for Class Counsel to file fee petition and request for service awards	
10	Sixty days after the Settlement Administrator commences Notice Plan	Deadline for Settlement Class Members to submit claims, exclusion requests, and objections	
11	Sixty-five days after the Objection/Exclusion/Claim deadlin	a Dandling to file responses to objections, motion for	
12	Sixty-five days after the Objection/Exclusion/Claim deading	final approval, and declaration from Settlement Administrator	
13	At the court's convenience but no earlier than 205 days after entry of this order	er Final Approval Hearing	
14			
15			
16	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED.		
17			
18	DATED thisday of, 2018.		
19			
20	HONORABLE	YVONNE GONZALEZ ROGERS	
21	UNITED STATES JUDGE		
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 2 I, Beth E. Terrell, hereby certify that on October 1, 2018, I electronically filed the 3 foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of 4 such filing to the following: 5 Kasey C. Townsend, SBN #152992 6 Email: ktownsend@murchisonlaw.com 7 Susan J. Welde, SBN #205401 Email: swelde@murchisonlaw.com 8 MURCHISON & CUMMING, LLP 275 Battery Street, Suite 850 9 San Francisco, California 94111 Telephone: (415) 524-4300 10 Martin W. Jaszczuk, Admitted Pro Hac Vice 11 Email: mjaszczuk@jaszczuk.com Margaret M. Schuchardt, Admitted Pro Hac Vice 12 Email: mschuchardt@jaszczuk.com Seth H.Corthell, Admitted Pro Hac Vice 13 Email: scorthell@jaszczuk.com Daniel I. Schlessinger, Admitted Pro Hac Vice 14 Email: dschlessinger@jaszczuk.com JASZCZUK P.C. 15 311 South Wacker Drive, Suite 1775 Chicago, Illinois 60606 16 Telephone: (312) 442-0311 17 Craig S. Primis, Admitted Pro Hac Vice Email: craig.primis@kirkland.com KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP 18 655 Fifteenth Street, N.W. 19 Washington, DC 20005 Telephone: (202) 879-5921 20 Facsimile: (202) 879-5200 21 Attorneys for Defendants Alarm.com Incorporated and Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. 22 23 24 25 26

27

1	DATED this 1st day of October, 2018.	
2	TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC	
<ul><li>3</li><li>4</li><li>5</li><li>6</li><li>7</li></ul>	By: /s/ Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181  Attorneys for Plaintiffs	Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181 Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com 936 North 34th Street, Suite 300 Seattle, Washington 98103-8869 Telephone: (206) 816-6603 Facsimile: (206) 319-5450
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— EXHIBIT 7—

#### **EXHIBIT 7-PUBLICATION NOTICE**

#### LEGAL NOTICE

If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in Alarm.com's goods or services, you may be entitled to benefits under a class action settlement.

THIS NOTICE MAY AFFECT YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS.
PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

#### WHAT IS THIS LAWSUIT ABOUT?

Several individuals ("Plaintiffs") have sued Alarm.com in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California (Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al., Case No. 4:15-cv-06314). Plaintiffs allege that Alarm.com's dealer, Alliance Security, Inc. ("Alliance") violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. (the "TCPA"), by making or causing others to make on Alliance's behalf automated telemarketing calls (i.e., using an automatic telephone dialing system and/or an artificial or prerecorded voice) that either promoted Alarm.com's goods or services or could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service to cell and residential phone numbers and by making or causing others to make on Alliance's behalf calls to cell and residential phone numbers previously registered on the national Do-Not-Call registry. Plaintiffs allege they are entitled to receive between \$500 and \$1,500 for each unlawful call they received. Alarm.com denies these allegations.

#### WHO IS A SETTLEMENT CLASS MEMBER?

You may be part of the Settlement Class if you have received a telemarketing call made by Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice,

(b) to a residential telephone number through the use of an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry more than once within any twelve-month period. Records obtained through this case indicate that you may have received one or more of these calls. You are NOT part of the Settlement Class if you previously excluded yourself from this class action or you provided your telephone number to Alarm.com before receiving calls from Alliance.

#### WHAT ARE THE TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT?

Alarm.com will pay \$28,000,000 into a Settlement Fund for: (1) cash payments to eligible Settlement Class Members who submit timely and valid Claim Forms; (2) attorneys' fees of up to \$8,400,000 to Class Counsel; (3) out-of-pocket litigation costs and expenses up to \$300,000; (4) service awards to the lead Plaintiffs of up to \$10,000 each; and (5) settlement administration costs. Each Settlement Class Member's share of the settlement fund will depend on a number of factors, including the number of claims made. Class Counsel estimates each Settlement Class Member will receive \$95 to \$143.

#### WHAT ARE MY OPTIONS?

Persons in the Settlement Class may: (1) submit a Claim Form (if eligible) at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com or call 1-855-256-2243 to request a paper Claim Form; (2) exclude themselves from the Settlement by April 16, 2019 or they will not be able to pursue their own claims against Alarm.com in the future; (3) object to the Settlement by April 16, 2019; (4) go to the Final Approval Hearing on July 30, 2019; or (5) do nothing.

This Notice is a summary only. Persons in the Settlement Class may obtain more information at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. They may also contact the Settlement Administrator toll-free at 1-855-256-2243 or by writing to: Alarm.com Settlement Administrator, P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702.

1	Chiharu Sekino, SBN #306589 Email: csekino@sfmslaw.com		
2	SHEPHERD, FINKELMAN, MILLER & SHAH, LL	P	
2	1230 Columbia Street, Suite 1140		
3	San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 235-2416		
4	Facsimile: (866) 300-7367		
5	Beth E. Terrell, SBN #178181		
6	Email: bterrell@terrellmarshall.com Jennifer Rust Murray, Admitted Pro Hac Vice		
U	Email: jmurray@terrellmarshall.com		
7	Elizabeth A. Adams, SBN #290029		
0	Email: eadams@terrellmarshall.com TERRELL MARSHALL LAW GROUP PLLC		
8	936 North 34th Street, Suite 300		
9	Seattle, Washington 98103		
1.0	Telephone: (206) 816-6603		
10	Facsimile: (206) 319-5450		
11			
12			
12	[Additional Counsel Appear on Signature Page]		
13	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Cla	uss.	
14	33		
15	UNITED STATES DIS	TRICT COURT	
	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTR		
16	OAKLAND DIVISION		
17	ABANTE ROOTER AND PLUMBING,		
	INC., MARK HANKINS, and PHILIP J.	NO. 4:15-cv-06314-YGR	
18	CHARVAT, individually and on behalf of all	ADDENDUM TO SETTLEMENT	
	others similarly situated,	AGREEMENT	
19			
20	Plaintiffs,	JURY TRIAL DEMAND	
20	riamuns,	JOKT TRIAL DEMAND	
21	v.		
		Complaint Filed: December 30, 2015	
22	ALARM.COM INCORPORATED, and		
	ALARM.COM HOLDINGS, INC.,	Honorable Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers	
23			
		DATE:	
24	Defendants,	TIME:	
		LOCATION: Oakland Courthouse	
25		Courtroom 1 - 4th Floor	
2.			
26			
2.7			

# ADDENDUM TO CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

	1. This addendum to class action settlement agreement ("Addendum" or
2	"Addendum to Settlement Agreement") is entered as of December 6, 2018, between Abante
3	Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Mark Hankins, and Philip J. Charvat ("Plaintiffs"), individually and
4	
5	on behalf of the Settlement Class defined below, and Alarm.com Incorporated and Alarm.com
6	Holdings ("Alarm.com"). Plaintiffs and Alarm.com are collectively referred to as the "Parties."
7	2. On October 23, 2018, the Parties entered into a Class Action Settlement
8	Agreement (the "Agreement" or "Settlement Agreement"), which was previously filed with the
9	Court as Doc. 273-1.
	3. The Parties agree to revise Section 5.3 of the Agreement to allow each Settlement
10	Class Member to submit one claim for each cellular or residential telephone number on which he
11	or she claims to have received a telemarketing call made by Alliance either promoting
12	Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system
13	that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number
14	through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice,
15	(b) to a residential telephone number using an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular
16	or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry and who received more
17	than one such call within any twelve-month period.
18	4. Section 5.3 is revised as follows (revised text in redline):
19	<b>5.3</b> Each Settlement Class Member will be entitled to submit
20	only one claim for each cellular or residential number on which calls
21	were claimed to be received, regardless of the number of calls
22	claimed to be received on <u>each</u> cellular or residential telephone. For
23	
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	informational purposes only, each Settlement	Class member whose					
	telephone number appears in the data Plaintiff	s obtained during the					
	litigation will be able to learn the number of ca	alls the data shows he					
	or she received by visiting the Settlement Web	site and following the					
directions. The Settlement Website also will include information for							
Settlement Class members whose telephone numbers do not appear							
in the data <del>regarding ways</del> to determine the number of calls they							
	received.						
5.	In order to effectuate this revision, the Parties agree to	revised versions of Exs.					
1(a) (Postcard Notice), 1(b) (Downloadable Claim Form), 2 (Email Notice), 4 (Long Form							
Notice), 7 (Publication Notice), which are attached hereto with track changes in redline.							
6. All other terms in the Settlement Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.							
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Addendum to Settlement							
Agreement to be executed.							
Fa	or Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class:						
18							
	/s/ Philip J. Charvat	Date: December 6, 2018					
19	Philip J. Charvat						
20							
_		Date: December 6, 2018					
	/s/ Fred Heidarpour	Date: December 6, 2018					
23	Fred Heidarpour on behalf of Abante Rooter						
24	And Plumbing, Inc.						
25 /	/s/ John Barrett	Date: December 7, 2018					
_							
26	Bailey & Glasser LLP						
	•						
	1(a N 6. IN Ag  18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Settlement Class members whose telephone not in the data regarding ways to determine the nurreceived.  5. In order to effectuate this revision, the Parties agree to 1(a) (Postcard Notice), 1(b) (Downloadable Claim Form), Notice), 7 (Publication Notice), which are attached hereto 6. All other terms in the Settlement Agreement shall refund to be executed.  For Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class:  18  /s/ Philip J. Charvat  19  /s/ Mark Hankins  20  /s/ Mark Hankins  21  /s/ Fred Heidarpour  23  Fred Heidarpour on behalf of Abante Rooter And Plumbing, Inc.  24  25  /s/ John Barrett  John Barrett					

1	/s/ Beth E. Terrell	Date: December 6, 2018
	Beth E. Terrell	
2	Terrell Marshall Law Group PLLC	
3	/s/ Edward Broderick	Date: December 6, 2018
	Edward Broderick	
4	Broderick & Paronich, P.C.	
5	/s/ Matthew P. McCue	Date: December 6, 2018
_	Matthew P. McCue	
6	The Law Office of Matthew P. McCue	
7		
7		
8	For Alarm.com Incorporated and Alarm.com Holdin	gs, Inc.:
9		
	/s/ Martin Jaszczuk	Date: December 6, 2018
10	Martin Jaszczuk	
11	Jaszczuk P.C.	
11		
12		
	/s/ Craig Primis	Date: December 6, 2018
13	Craig Primis	
	Kirkland & Ellis LLP	
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# — REVISED EXHIBIT 1a —

## SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - EXHIBIT 1(a) (POSTCARD NOTICE)

A COURT AUTHORIZED Alarm.com Settlement First-Class THIS LEGAL NOTICE Administrator Mail US Postage Paid P.O. Box 505034 Permit # Louisville, KY 40233-9702 If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security or third parties hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted «Barcode» in the purchase of Alarm.com goods or services, you may be entitled to benefits under Postal Service: Please do not mark barcode a class action settlement. Claim ID #: A2T-«ClaimID»-«MailRec» A settlement has been reached in a class action «First1» «Last1» lawsuit, Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. v. «CO» Alarm.com Inc. (U.S. District Court N.D. Cal.). «Addr2» where Plaintiffs allege that Alarm.com's dealer «Addr1» Alliance Security or third parties hired by «City», «St» «Zip» Alliance (collectively "Alliance") placed: (1) autodialed or pre-recorded calls and (2) calls to «Country» numbers on the National Do Not Call Registry. Alarm.com denies any wrongdoing. Complete and return the enclosed claim form by April 16, 2019 to receive a cash payment. <Barcode> **Alarm.com Telemarketing Settlement Claim Form** Fill out each section of this form, sign where indicated, carefully tear at perforation, and mail. Forms must be postmarked by April 16, 2019. You may also complete your Claim Form online at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. If you received calls on more than three telephone numbers you will need to submit additional Claim Forms. Part I: Claimant Identification. Complete this section. Name (First, Last): Street Address: City: ZIP Code: Country (if not USA):\_\_\_ Contact Phone #: (\_\_\_\_\_\_ Email Address: Part II: Claim. <u>Unique Identifier</u>: «ClaimID» I affirm I received one or more calls at the number(s) listed above on or after December 30, 2011 from Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in the purchase of Alarm.com goods or services. Part III: Certification. I certify that that the foregoing information is true and correct. Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_/\_\_/ Print Name:

## SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT - EXHIBIT 1(a) (POSTCARD NOTICE)

#### WHO IS A CLASS MEMBER?

You may be in the Settlement Class if, on or after December 30, 2011, you received from Alliance Security or third parties hired by Alliance an automated telemarketing call on your cell phone or a telemarketing call to your residential line using an artificial or prerecorded voice or if you received multiple calls in a twelve-month period to a number listed on the National Do Not Call Registry. Records obtained through this case indicate that you may have received one or more of these calls. You are NOT a class member if you previously excluded yourself from this case or provided your telephone number to Alarm.com prior to receiving such calls.

#### SETTLEMENT TERMS

Alarm.com will pay \$28,000,000 into a fund that will cover: (1) cash payments to eligible Settlement Class Members who submit claims; (2) attorneys' fees to Class Counsel not to exceed \$8,400,000 (30% of the fund) plus litigation costs of approximately \$525,000 pp to \$300,000, as approved by the Court; (3) court-approved service awards to Plaintiffs Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Hankins, and Charvat of \$10,000 each; and (4) the costs of administering the settlement. Under the TCPA, a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls placed using a prerecorded voice or automatic telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone numers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. Class Counsel estimate you will receive between \$949.5 and \$14214.3, which is less than the \$500 to \$1,500 per call you might receive if Plaintiffs had won at trial. The amount you will receive under the Settlement will depend on the number of Claim Forms that Class Members submit and other factors on the number of Settlement Class members who submit claims and could be less. Actual payments will be calculated based on the total number of telephone numbers that received qualifying phone calls.

#### YOUR RIGHTS AND OPTIONS

<u>Submit a Claim Form.</u> To receive a cash award, fill out the attached Claim Form, carefully tear off at the perforation, and drop it in the mail. You may also submit a Claim Form electronically on the Settlement Website: www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can only submit one claim regardless of the number of ealls you may have received per telephone number at which you received calls. Your Claim Form must be postmarked or submitted electronically no later than April 16, 2019.

**Opt Out.** You may also exclude yourself from the Settlement and keep your right to sue Alarm.com on your own by sending a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator postmarked by April 16, 2019. If you do not exclude yourself, you will be bound by the settlement and give up your right to sue Alarm.com regarding the settled claims. Please visit the Settlement Website for more details.

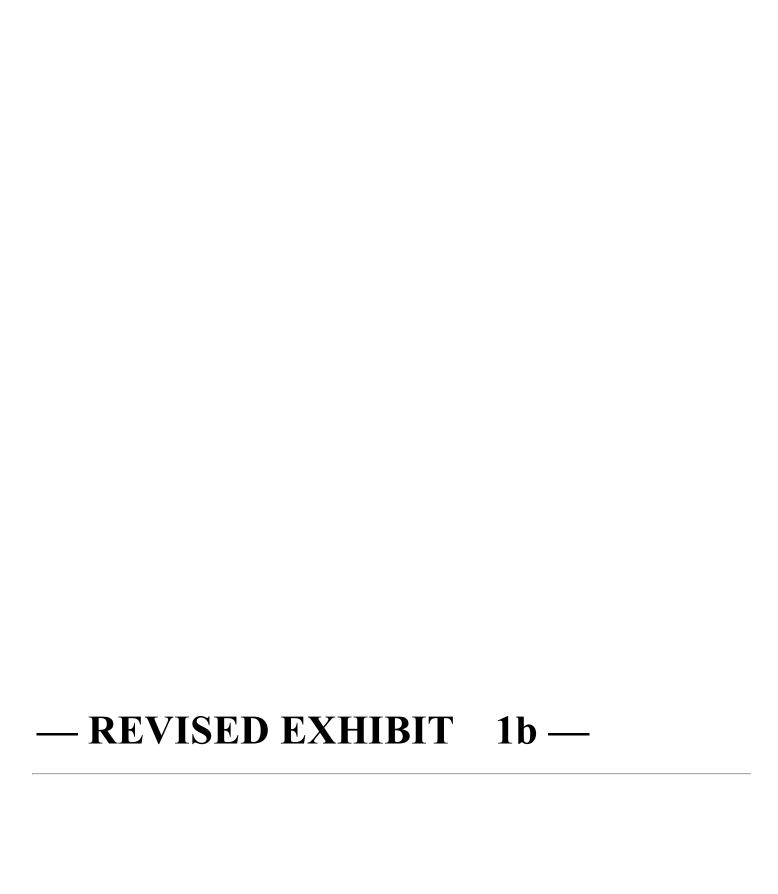
Object. If you do not opt out, you have the right to object to the proposed settlement. Objections must be signed, filed with the Court, postmarked by April 16, 2019, provide the reasons for the objection, and specify if the objection applies only to the objector, to a specific subset of the class, or to the entire class. Visit the Website for more details.

**<u>Do Nothing.</u>** If you do nothing, you will not receive any payment and will lose the right to sue Alarm.com about the Released Claims. You will be considered part of the Settlement Class, and you will be bound by the Court's decisions.

Attend the Final Approval Hearing. The Court has set a hearing to decide whether the settlement should be approved on July 30, 2019 at 2:00 p.m. at the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Courtroom One 4th Floor, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612. All persons who timely object to the settlement by April 16, 2019 may ask to appear at the Final Approval Hearing.

You can find more details about the settlement on the website: www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com or by calling toll free 1-855-256-2243. PLEASE DO NOT TELEPHONE THE COURT OR THE CLERK'S OFFICE TO INQUIRE ABOUT THIS SETTLEMENT OR THE CLAIMS PROCESS.

	First-Class Mail US Postage Paid Permit #
Alarm.com Settlement Administrator	
P.O. Box 505034	
Louisville, KY 40233-9702	



#### SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 1(b)

Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al., Case No. 3:15-cv-06314 YGR

#### **CLAIM FORM**

To receive benefits from this Settlement, your Claim Form *must* be electronically submitted or postmarked on or before April 16, 2019. You may submit your completed and signed Claim Form online at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com or by mail to the following address:

#### Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 505304 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

You must complete all sections and sign below in order to receive any benefits from this Settlement.

By submitting a claim, you are attesting that you received on or after December 30, 2011, (1) an automated or pre-recorded telemarketing call on your cell phone, or (2) a call using a prerecorded voice to your residential line, or (3) multiple calls in a twelve-month period to a residential or cellular number on the National Do Not Call list and those calls were placed by Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance promoting Alarm.com's products or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service. Do not submit more than one Claim Form. Submitting more than one Claim Form will not increase your compensation under the Settlement Agreement You may can submit aone claim for each telephone number at which you received calls placed by Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance promoting Alarm.com's products or services.

First Name	MI	Last Name	<u>—</u>			
First Name	MH	Last Name				
Business Name (If applicable	e)					
Street Address			<u> </u>			
City	State	ZIP	ZIP4 (optional)			
Contact Phone Number(s)						
Email Address						
Telephone Number(s) at which	ch calls were receive	<u>:d:</u>				
1. ( ) - ;						
<del></del>	<u>2. ( ) - ;</u>					
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could have resulted in the sa	le of Alarm.com's pr	oducts or services. If you receive	Alliance or related third parties and that promoted or red calls to multiple telephone numbers, please list all mbers, you will need to file an additional Claim Form.			
Class Member ID from email	or postcard notice (	if you did not receive such a no	tice, leave this blank):			
I declare that I have accurate	ly filled out this for	n.				
Signature:			Date:			

# — REVISED EXHIBIT 2—

#### SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT EXHIBIT 2 EMAIL NOTICE

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security, Inc. or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in the purchase of Alarm.com goods or services, you could get a payment from a class action settlement.

#### Click Here For A Downloadable Claim Form Click Here To Access An Electronic Claim Form

<u>Why did I get this Notice</u>? You received this notice because a proposed settlement of a class action lawsuit filed against Alarm.com has been reached in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California (*Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.*, Case No. 4:15-cv-06314) (the "Settlement").

You may be in the Settlement Class because on or after December 30, 2011 you may have received from Alliance Security, Inc. or one of its subdealers, independent business operators, vendors, lead generators, or agents (collectively "Alliance") without your permission: (a) automated telemarketing calls to your cellular telephone; (b) telemarketing calls using an artificial or pre-recorded voice to your cellular telephone or residential line; or (c) two or more telemarketing calls within any twelve-month period to a telephone number that was registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry, where the calls promoted Alarm.com goods or services or could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service. Records obtained through this case indicate that you may have received one or more of these calls. You are not a member of the Settlement Class if you previously received a notice of this class action and excluded yourself. You also are not a member of the Settlement Class if you provided your telephone number to Alarm.com before you received the allegedly unlawful calls from Alliance.

The Court authorized this Notice because you have a right to know about the proposed Settlement and your options before the Court decides whether to approve the Settlement. Because your rights will be affected by this Settlement, it is extremely important that you read this Notice carefully.

What is this lawsuit about? Plaintiffs brought this lawsuit alleging that Alarm.com's dealer, Alliance Security, Inc., violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. ("TCPA") by making or retaining others to make automated telemarketing calls promoting Alarm.com's goods or services to cellular telephones, and making calls using an artificial or pre-recorded voice to a residential line, and making calls to telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without the prior permission of the people contacted. Under the TCPA, a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls that were placed using a prerecorded messages or automated telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were

placed willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded, up to \$1,500. Alarm.com denies all allegations of wrongdoing in the lawsuit. The Court did not decide in favor of the Plaintiffs or Alarm.com. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement. That way, they avoid the cost of a trial, and the people affected will get compensation.

What are the terms of the Settlement? Alarm.com will pay \$28,000,000 into a fund that will cover: (1) cash payments to eligible persons in the Settlement Class who submit claim forms; (2) attorneys' fees to Class Counsel, in an amount not to exceed 30% of the Settlement Fund or \$8,400,000 as approved by the Court; (3) Class Counsel's out-of-pocket expenses currently estimated to be approximately \$525,000\$300,000, as approved by the Court; (4) court-approved Service Awards in the amount of \$10,000 each to Plaintiffs Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., Hankins, and Charvat; and (5) the costs of administering the Settlement. Your share of the fund will depend on a number of factors, including the number of claim forms that Settlement Class Members submit. Class Counsel estimate each Settlement Class Member will receive between \$9495 and \$142143. Actual payments will be calculated based on the total number of telephone numbers that received qualifying phone calls.

#### YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT

<u>Submit a claim form.</u> To get a cash payment, you must submit a claim form. You may submit a claim form online by going to the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com and following the instructions. You may also request a paper copy of the claim form by calling the Settlement Administrator toll-free at 1-855-256-2243 or downloading it. You must mail your paper claim form to P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702. Your claim form must be postmarked or received through the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com by April 16, 2019.

#### Click Here For A Downloadable Claim Form Click Here To Access An Electronic Claim Form

**Exclude yourself.** To exclude yourself from the settlement, you must send a letter by mail saying that you want to be excluded from the *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.* settlement. You must sign the letter and include the following statement: "I request to be excluded from the Settlement in the Alarm.com action." Your request for exclusion must include your full name, address, and telephone number at which you may be contacted; the telephone number(s) which you maintain was unlawfully called; and must be personally signed by you. You must mail your exclusion request postmarked no later than **April 16, 2019** to the following address:

Alarm.com Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702 If you submit a valid exclusion request, you will not get a payment, and you cannot object to the Settlement. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in this lawsuit.

Object. If you remain a Settlement Class Member, you may object to the Settlement by writing to the Court by no later than April 16, 2019. Additional details on how to object to the Settlement are contained in the detailed notice which is available on the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. Please note that the Court cannot change the terms of the Settlement. The Court can only approve or deny the Settlement.

Go to the Fairness Hearing. The Court will hold a hearing on July 30, 2019 at 2:00 p.m. to decide whether to approve the Settlement, including the amount of attorneys' fees and costs to be paid to Class Counsel and the amount of Service Awards to be paid to the Class Representatives. It is not necessary for you to appear at the hearing, but you may attend at your own expense. The hearing will be held at the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, located at 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, in Courtroom One on the Fourth Floor.

**Note:** The date and time of the fairness hearing are subject to change by Court Order. Any changes will be posted at the Settlement Website, www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can also monitor case activity and for changes to the dates and time of the fairness hearing by accessing the Court docket in this case through the Court's Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) system at https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov, or by visiting the office of the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Court holidays.

**Do Nothing.** If you do nothing, you will be legally bound by the settlement but you will not get a settlement payment.

Further information regarding the Settlement is available at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You may also contact the Settlement Administrator toll-free at 1-855-256-2243 or by writing to: Alarm.com Settlement Administrator, P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702.

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The United States District Court for the Northern District of California has ordered this email notice to be sent. If you wish to UNSUBSCRIBE from future email messages from the Settlement Administrator with regard to this Settlement, please click on this **link**.

Click Here For A Downloadable Claim Form Click Here To Access An Electronic Claim Form

# — REVISED EXHIBIT 4—

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc., et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al., Case No. 4:15-cv-06314

# If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security or one of Alliance Security's agents, promoting Alarm.com's goods or services, you may be entitled to benefits under a class action settlement.

A federal court authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

- Alarm.com has agreed to pay \$28,000,000 into a fund from which eligible persons or entities who file claims will receive cash awards, estimated to be approximately \$9495 to \$142143 per elaim person or entity after deducting settlement administration expenses, any court-awarded service awards, and court-awarded attorneys' fees and costs.
- The settlement resolves a lawsuit involving individuals or entities who, on or after December 30, 2011 through the date of entry of the Final Approval Order, received a telemarketing call promoting Alarm.com's goods or services made by Alliance Security, Inc. or third parties hired by Alliance: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (b) to a residential telephone number through the use of an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry more than once within any twelve-month period. Persons who previously excluded themselves from this class action or provided their telephone number to Alarm.com before receiving calls from Alliance are not members of the Settlement Class.
- Court-appointed lawyers for the class ("Class Counsel") will ask the Court for a payment of \$8,400,000 from the fund as attorneys' fees, which is equal to 30% of the fund. In addition, Class Counsel will ask the Court to reimburse them for the out-of-pocket expenses they paid to investigate the facts, litigate the case, and negotiate the settlement, which amount to \$525,000.
- Alarm.com denies all allegations of wrongdoing in the lawsuit. As part of the proposed settlement, Alarm.com does not admit to any wrongdoing and continues to deny the allegations against it.
- The two sides disagree on whether Plaintiffs and the class could have won at trial.
- Your legal rights are affected whether you act, or don't act. Read this Notice carefully.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:		
SUBMIT A CLAIM FORM BY April 16, 2019	This is the only way to receive a payment.	
EXCLUDE YOURSELF BY April 16, 2019	Get no payment. This is the only option that allows you to ever be part of any other lawsuit against Alarm.com about the legal claims in this case.	
Овјест ву Аргіl 16, 2019	Write to the Court explaining why you don't like the settlement.	
ATTEND A HEARING ON April 16, 2019	Ask to speak in Court about the fairness of the settlement.	
DO NOTHING	Get no payment. Give up rights.	

#### **BASIC INFORMATION**

#### 1. What is this Notice and why should I read it?

The purpose of this Notice is to let you know that a proposed settlement has been reached in the class action lawsuit entitled *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al., Case No. 4:15-cv-06314*, pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California. You have legal rights and options that you may act on before the Court decides whether to approve the proposed settlement. Because your rights will be affected by this settlement, it is extremely important that you read this Notice carefully. This Notice summarizes the settlement and your rights under it.

#### 2. What is this lawsuit about?

In a class action, one or more people, called class representatives, sue on behalf of people who have similar claims. All of these people are a class, or class members. One court resolves the issues for all class members, except those who exclude themselves from the class.

The class representatives brought this lawsuit alleging that Alarm.com's dealer, Alliance Security, Inc. violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. ("TCPA") by making or retaining others to make automated telemarketing calls promoting Alarm.com's goods or services to cellular telephones, and making calls using an artificial or pre-recorded voice to a residential line, and calling telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without the prior permission from the people contacted. Under the TCPA a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls that were placed using a prerecorded messages or automated telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone number registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were placed willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded up to \$1,500.

The Court has certified a class for settlement purposes only (the "Settlement Class"). U.S. District Court Judge Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers (the "Court") is in charge of this class action.

Alarm.com denies that it made any telemarketing calls or that it should be held liable for calls that Alliance made.

#### THE SETTLEMENT

#### 3. Why is there a settlement?

The Court did not decide in favor of the Plaintiffs or Alarm.com. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement. That way, they avoid the cost of a trial, and the people affected will get compensation. The class representatives and their attorneys think the settlement is best for the Settlement Class.

#### WHO IS IN THE SETTLEMENT?

#### 4. How do I know if I am part of the settlement?

You are in the "Settlement Class" if, on or after December 30, 2011, you received a telemarketing call promoting Alarm.com's goods or services from Alliance or third parties hired by Alliance:

(1) On a cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or artificial or prerecorded voice; or

- (2) On a residential telephone using an artificial or prerecorded voice; or
- (3) Two or more times within a twelve-month period on a cellular or residential telephone number that was on the National Do-Not-Call Registry.

You are NOT part of the Settlement Class if you previously excluded yourself from this class action or you provided your telephone number to Alarm.com before receiving calls from Alliance. The Settlement Class also does not include any persons who validly request exclusion from the Settlement Class, as described under Question 10. A person who does not exclude him or herself is a "Settlement Class Member."

If you have questions about whether you are part of the Settlement Class, you may call 1-855-256-2243 or visit www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com for more information.

#### THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS - WHAT YOU GET

#### 5. What does the settlement provide?

Alarm.com has agreed to pay \$28,000,000 to be divided among all Settlement Class Members who send in a valid Claim Form after any fees, costs, service awards, and settlement administration expenses have been deducted.

#### 6. How much will my payment be?

Each Class Member is entitled to submit a Claim Form indicating the telephone number or numbers at which they Class Member received calls. Your share of the settlement will depend on the number of telephone numbers at which you received calls, the total number of Claim Forms that Class Members submit, the total number of telephone numbers at which Class Members received calls, and other factors. Class Counsel estimate you will receive approximately \$9493 to \$142143 but this is only an estimate. Actual payments will be calculated based on the total number of telephone numbers that received qualifying phone calls and according to the following formula: (net Settlement Fund/total telephone numbers at which Class Members claimed to have received calls x number of telephone numbers at which individual claimant received calls).

#### HOW YOU GET A PAYMENT - SUBMITTING A CLAIM FORM

#### 7. How do I make a claim?

To qualify for payment, you must submit a Claim Form by April 16, 2019. You may submit a Claim Form online by going to the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com and following the instructions. If you received a postcard with an attached claim form, simply complete the Claim Form, tear it off at the perforated line, and mail. You also may download a paper Claim Form on the Settlement Website or call the Settlement Administrator at 1-855-256-2243 to request a paper Claim Form. Claim Forms sent by mail must be postmarked by April 16, 2019 and mailed to:

Alarm.com Settlement Settlement Administrator P.O. Box. 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

#### 8. When will I get my payment?

The Court will hold a hearing on July 30, 2019 to decide whether to approve the settlement. If the settlement is approved, appeals may still follow. It is always uncertain whether these appeals can be resolved, and resolving them can take more than a year. Please be patient.

#### 9. What am I giving up to get a payment or stay in the Settlement Case?

Unless you exclude yourself, you are staying in the Settlement Class and you will be a Settlement Class Member. That means you can't sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Alarm.com regarding the claims that are the subject of the settlement. If the settlement is approved and becomes final and not subject to appeal, then you and all Settlement Class Members release all "Released Claims" against all "Released Parties." It also means that all of the Court's orders will apply to you and legally bind you.

The Settlement Agreement (available at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com) describes the claims you are releasing (the "Released Claims") and against whom you are releasing claims ("Released Parties") in detail, so read it carefully. To summarize, the Release includes claims that arise out of: (1) Alliance's improper use of an "automatic telephone dialing system" or an "artificial or prerecorded voice" to make telemarketing calls promoting Alarm.com's goods or services to cellular and residential phones without the recipients' consent. The Release also includes claims that Alliance called telephone numbers on the National Do-Not-Call Registry twice within a twelve-month period without the recipients' prior express written consent. Under the TCPA a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls that were placed using a prerecorded messages or automated telephone dialing system without the person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone number registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were placed willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded up to \$1,500.

The Settlement Agreement is between Plaintiffs and Alarm.com only. By participating in the settlement, you <u>are not releasing</u> any claims for damages you may have against anyone else, including Alliance.

#### **EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT**

If you don't want a payment from this settlement and you want to keep the right to sue or continue to sue Alarm.com, then you must take steps to remove yourself from the Settlement Class. This is called excluding yourself—or is sometimes referred to as "opting out" of the Settlement Class.

#### 10. How do I exclude myself from the settlement?

To exclude yourself from the settlement, you must send a letter saying that you want to be excluded from the *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc.et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.* settlement. You must sign the letter and include the following statement: "I request to be excluded from the settlement in the Alarm.com action." You must also include your full name, address, telephone number where you may be contacted, the telephone numbers you maintain were called, and your signature. Your exclusion request must be postmarked no later than April 16, 2019, and must be mailed to:

Alarm.com Settlement Settlement Administrator P.O. Box 505034 Louisville, KY 40233-9702

You cannot exclude yourself on the phone or by fax or email. If you ask to be excluded, you will not get any payment, and you cannot object to the settlement. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in this lawsuit.

#### 11. If I don't exclude myself, can I sue Alarm.com for the same thing later?

No. Unless you exclude yourself, you give up any right to sue Alarm.com for the claims that this settlement resolves. If you already have a lawsuit that may relate to the claims being released as part of this class settlement, you should speak to your lawyer in that case immediately. You must exclude yourself from this Settlement Class to continue your own lawsuit. Remember, the exclusion deadline is April 16, 2019.

### 12. If I exclude myself, can I get anything from this settlement?

No. If you exclude yourself, do not submit a claim to ask for a payment.

#### THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU

#### 13. Do I have a lawyer in this case?

The Court has appointed Bailey & Glasser LLP, Terrell Marshall Law Group, Broderick & Paronich, P.C., and The Law Office of Matthew P. McCue to represent you and other Settlement Class Members. These lawyers are called Class Counsel. You will not be charged for these lawyers. If you want to be represented by your own lawyer, you may hire one at your own expense.

#### 14. How will the lawyers be paid?

Class Counsel will ask the Court to approve payment of up to \$8,400,000 to them for attorneys' fees, which is 30% of the Settlement Fund, together with \$525,000 to cover out-of-pocket expenses. This payment would pay Class Counsel for their time investigating the facts, litigating the case, and negotiating the settlement. Class Counsel also will request the following service awards for the Plaintiffs: Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc.: \$10,000, Mark Hankins: \$10,000, Philip J. Charvat: \$10,000. The Court may award less than these amounts.

#### **OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT**

#### 15. How do I object to the settlement?

If you are a Settlement Class Member and you do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you can object to the settlement if you don't like any part of it. You may give reasons why you think the Court should not approve it. The Court will consider your views. The Court cannot change the terms of the Settlement. The Court can only approve or deny the Settlement. The long form notice make clear that the Court can only approve or deny the Settlement, not change the terms of the Settlement. To object, you must file a written objection with the Court, stating that you object to the settlement in *Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.* The written objection must include your name, address and telephone number where you can be contacted, the telephone number(s) that you maintain were called; a statement of all grounds for your objection with the factual and legal support for each stated ground; the identity of any witnesses you may call to testify; copies of any exhibits you intend to introduce as evidence at the Final Approval Hearing; a statement of the identity (including name, address, phone number and email) of any lawyer who will be representing you with respect to your objection; a statement of whether you intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing; and a statement regarding whether your objection applies to just you, a subset of the Settlement Class, or the entire Settlement Class. You must file the objection with the Court, so that it is received by the Court no later than April 16, 2019

Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al.

Case No. 4:15-cv-06314

Clerk of the Court

U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California

1301 Clay Street, Suite 400 S

Oakland, CA 94612

#### 16. What's the difference between objecting and excluding myself from the settlement?

Objecting simply means telling the Court that you don't like something about the settlement. You can object only if you stay in the Settlement Class. Excluding yourself from the Settlement Class is telling the Court that you don't want to be part of the Settlement Class. If you exclude yourself, you have no basis to object because the case no longer affects you.

#### THE COURT'S FAIRNESS HEARING

#### 17. When and where will the Court hold a hearing on the fairness of the settlement?

The Court will hold the final fairness hearing at 2:00 p.m. on July 30, 2019, before the Honorable Yvonne Gonzales Rogers at the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, Courtroom One, 4th Floor, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612. The purpose of the hearing is for the Court to determine whether the settlement is fair, reasonable, adequate, and in the best interests of the class. At the hearing, the Court will hear any objections and arguments concerning the fairness of the proposed settlement, including those related to the amount requested by Class Counsel for attorneys' fees and expenses and the service award to the class representatives. After the hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve the settlement. We do not know how long these decisions will take.

**Note:** The date and time of the fairness hearing are subject to change by Court Order. Any changes will be posted at the Settlement Website, www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can also monitor case activity and for changes to the dates and time of the fairness hearing by accessing the Court docket in this case through the Court's Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER) system at https://ecf.cand.uscourts.gov, or by visiting the office of the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, CA 94612, between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding Court holidays.

#### 18. Do I have to come to the hearing?

No. Class Counsel will answer any questions the Court may have. But you are welcome to come to the hearing at your own expense. If you send an objection, you don't have to come to Court to talk about it. As long as your written objection was filed and mailed on time, and meets the other criteria described in the Settlement Agreement, the Court will consider it. You may also pay a lawyer to attend, but you don't have to.

#### 19. May I speak at the hearing?

If you do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you may ask the Court for permission to speak at the hearing concerning any part of the proposed Settlement Agreement. If you file an objection (*see* Question 15, above) and intend to appear at the hearing, you must state your intention to do so in your objection. You cannot speak at the hearing if you exclude yourself or if you fail to state your intention to do so in your objection.

#### IF YOU DO NOTHING

#### 20. What happens if I do nothing at all?

If you do nothing, you'll get no money from this settlement. But, unless you exclude yourself, you won't be able to start a lawsuit, continue with a lawsuit, or be part of any other lawsuit against Alarm.com about the claims released in this case.

#### **GETTING MORE INFORMATION**

#### 21. Are there more details about the settlement?

This Notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the Settlement Agreement. You may review the Settlement Agreement on the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. You can also get a copy of the Settlement Agreement by contacting [COMPLETE CONTACT INFORMATION FOR ONE OF PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL]

#### 22. How do I get more information?

You can call 1-855-256-2243 toll free or write to Alarm.com Settlement Administrator, P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702; or visit the Settlement Website at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com, where you will find answers to common questions about the settlement, a Claim Form, plus other information to help you determine whether you are a member of the Settlement Class.

You can learn the number of calls that calling records obtained in this litigation show you received by visiting the Settlement Website and following the instructions. If information regarding the number of calls is not available, the Settlement Website also provides additional information about how to determine the number of calls you received.

## PLEASE DO <u>NOT</u> CONTACT THE COURT, THE JUDGE, OR THE DEFENDANT WITH QUESTIONS ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT OR CLAIMS PROCESS.



#### **EXHIBIT 7-PUBLICATION NOTICE**

#### LEGAL NOTICE

# If you received telemarketing calls from Alliance Security or a third party hired by Alliance that promoted or could have resulted in Alarm.com's goods or services, you may be entitled to benefits under a class action settlement.

THIS NOTICE MAY AFFECT YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

#### WHAT IS THIS LAWSUIT ABOUT?

Several individuals ("Plaintiffs") have sued Alarm.com in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California (Abante Rooter and Plumbing, Inc. et al. v. Alarm.com Incorporated et al., Case No. 4:15-cv-06314). Plaintiffs allege that Alarm.com's dealer, Alliance Security, Inc. ("Alliance") violated the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq. (the "TCPA"), by making or causing others to make on Alliance's behalf automated telemarketing calls (i.e., using an automatic telephone dialing system and/or an artificial or prerecorded voice) that either promoted Alarm.com's goods or services or could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service to cell and residential phone numbers and by making or causing others to make on Alliance's behalf calls to cell and residential phone numbers previously registered on the national Do-Not-Call registry. Under the TCPA, a person is entitled to receive \$500 for calls to calls placed to telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. A person is entitled to receive up to \$500 per call for calls placed to telephone numbers registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry without that person's consent. If the person proves the calls were placed willfully, the person is entitled to triple the amount awarded up to \$1,500. Alarm.com denies it violated the TCPA.

#### WHO IS A SETTLEMENT CLASS MEMBER?

You may be part of the Settlement Class if you have received a telemarketing call made by Alliance or a third party hired by Alliance either promoting Alarm.com's goods or services or that could have resulted in the installation of a security system that could use or include any Alarm.com product or service: (a) to a cellular telephone number through the use of an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or pre-recorded voice,

(b) to a residential telephone number through the use of an artificial or pre-recorded voice, or (c) to a cellular or residential number registered on the national Do Not Call Registry more than once within any twelve-month period. Records obtained through this case indicate that you may have received one or more of these calls. You are NOT part of the Settlement Class if you previously excluded yourself from this class action or you provided your telephone number to Alarm.com before receiving calls from Alliance.

#### WHAT ARE THE TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT?

Alarm.com will pay \$28,000,000 into a Settlement Fund for: (1) cash payments to eligible Settlement Class Members who submit timely and valid Claim Forms; (2) attorneys' fees of up to \$8,400,000 to Class Counsel; (3) out-of-pocket litigation costs and expenses of approximately \$525,000 up to \$300,000; (4) service awards to the lead Plaintiffs of up to \$10,000 each; and (5) settlement administration costs. Each Settlement Class Member's share of the settlement fund will depend on a number of factors, including the number of claims made. Class Counsel estimates each Settlement Class Member will receive \$9495 to \$142143. Actual payments will be calculated based on the total number of telephone numbers that received qualifying phone calls.

#### WHAT ARE MY OPTIONS?

Persons in the Settlement Class may: (1) submit a Claim Form (if eligible) at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com or call 1-855-256-2243 to request a paper Claim Form; (2) exclude themselves from the Settlement by April 16, 2019 or they will not be able to pursue their own claims against Alarm.com in the future; (3) object to the Settlement by April 16, 2019 (4) go to the Final Approval Hearing on July 30, 2019; or (5) do nothing.

This Notice is a summary only. Persons in the Settlement Class may obtain more information at www.AlarmTCPAClassAction.com. They may also contact the Settlement Administrator toll-free at 1-855-256-2243 or by writing to: Alarm.com Settlement Administrator, P.O. Box 505034, Louisville, KY 40233-9702.

#### Subsidiaries of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.

Name Jurisdiction of Incorporation

Alarm.com Incorporated Delaware Alarm.com International Holdings, LLC Delaware Building 36 Technologies, LLC Delaware EnergyHub, Inc. Delaware HAW Ventures, LLC Delaware ICN Acquisition, LLC Delaware IControl Networks Canada, Inc. Delaware JTT Investment Partners, LLC Georgia ObjectVideo Labs, LLC Delaware Onabridge Technologies, LLC Delaware PointCentral, LLC Delaware SecurityTrax, LLC Delaware ADC Advance, LLC Delaware ADC International B.V. Netherlands Alarm.com, S. de R.L. de C.V Mexico EnergyHub Canada ULC Canada IControl Networks Canada ULC Canada

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 333-216728, 333-209829, and 333-205245) of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. of our report dated March 1, 2019, relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP McLean, Virginia March 1, 2019

## CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Stephen Trundle, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report:
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2019 /s/ Stephen Trundle

Stephen Trundle
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

## CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I. Steve Valenzuela, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report:
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2019 /s/ Steve Valenzuela

Steve Valenzuela

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to the requirement set forth in Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. §1350), Stephen Trundle, President and Chief Executive Officer of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") and Steve Valenzuela, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2018, to which this Certification is attached as Exhibit 32.1 (the "Annual Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and
- (2) The information contained in the Annual Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

In Witness Whereof, the undersigned have set their hands hereto as of the 1st day of March, 2019.

/s/ Stephen Trundle

Stephen Trundle

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Steve Valenzuela

Steve Valenzuela

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

This certification accompanies the Form 10-K to which it relates, is not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Alarm.com Holdings, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (whether made before or after the date of the Form 10-K), irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.