NEWMONT

Jefferies Global Industrial and A&D Conference

August 10, 2011



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This presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbor created by those sections and other applicable laws. Those forward-looking statements include (without limitation) estimates and expectations of, and statements regarding: (i) the Company’s strategy and plans; (ii) future equity gold and equity copper production; (iii) future operating, sales and other costs; (iv) future capital expenditures; (v) project returns; (vi) project start dates, ramp up, life, pipeline timelines and expansion opportunities; (vii) potential ounces or tons of reserves, NRM and potential resources; (viii) exploration pipeline, potential or upside, opportunities, growth; (ix) dividend payments and increases; (x) future liquidity; and (xi) other financial outlook for the Company’s operations and projects. Those forward-looking statements include (without limitation) statements that use forward-looking terminology such as “may”, “will”, “expect”, “predict”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “continue”, “potential”, “target”, “goal”, “opportunity”, “outlook”, or the negative or other variations of those terms or comparable terminology. Estimates or expectations of future events or results are based upon certain assumptions, which may prove to be incorrect. Those assumptions include (without limitation): (i) there being no significant change to current geotechnical, metallurgical, hydrological and other physical conditions; (ii) permitting, development, operations and expansion of the Company’s projects being consistent with current expectations and mine plans; (iii) political developments in any jurisdiction in which the Company conducts business being consistent with its current expectations; (iv) certain exchange rate assumptions for the Australian dollar to the U.S. dollar, as well as the other exchange rates being approximately consistent with current levels; (v) certain price assumptions for gold, copper and oil; (vi) prices for key supplies being approximately consistent with current levels and such supplies otherwise being available on bases consistent with the Company’s current expectations; and (vii) the accuracy of our current mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates and exploration information. Where the Company expresses or implies an expectation or belief as to future events or results, that expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and is believed to have a reasonable basis. However, forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by the “forward-looking statements”. Those risks, uncertainties and other factors include (without limitation): (i) gold and other metals price volatility; (ii) currency fluctuations; (iii) increased capital and operating costs, and scarcity of and competition for required labor and supplies; (iv) variances in oregrade or recovery rates from those assumed in mining plans: (v) operating or technical difficulties; (vi) political and operational risks in the countries in which we operate; and (vii) governmental regulation and judicial outcomes. For a more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors, see the Company’s 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 24, 2011, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as well as the Company’s other SEC filings. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, given that they involve risks and uncertainties. The Company does not undertake any obligation to release publicly revisions to any forward-looking statement except as may be required under applicable securities laws. Investors should not assume that any lack of update to a previously issued forward-looking statement constitutes a reaffirmation of that statement. Continued reliance on forward-looking statements is at investors' own risk. In addition, certain of the statements in this presentation are based on assumptions or methodologies (such as commodity prices) or subject to cautionary statements that are discussed in notes found at the end of this presentation.

Building on Strong Operating Performance

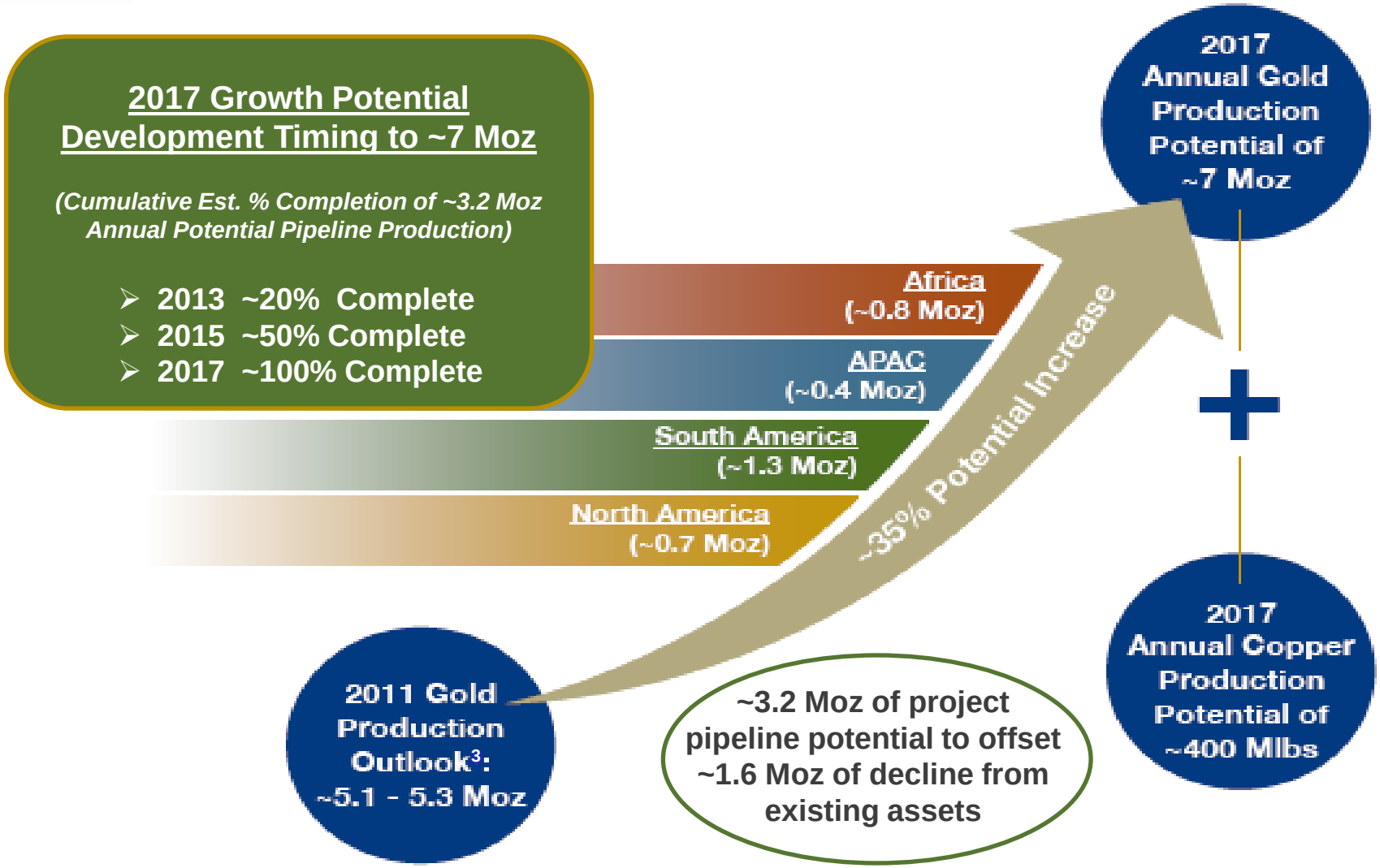
Newmont Offers a Compelling Combination of Growth, Returns and Exploration Upside

	Attributable Basis
Production Growth	• Gold production growth potential to ~7 Moz by 2017 (~35%)[1] • Copper production expected to double over same period
Project Returns	• Competitive returns across the pipeline
Exploration Upside	• Potential to add equivalent of 94 Moz Au and 9.4 Blbs over the next decade[2]
Balance Sheet Strength	• Substantial liquidity and operating cash flow to fund growth and return capital to shareholders
Gold Price-Linked Dividend	• Industry leading dividend yield, tied to the gold price

End Notes for this presentation are on slides 29 and 30.

Production Growth

~35% Growth Potential by 2017



A Focus on Execution and Project Returns

Competitive Project Returns Across the Portfolio

Four Strategic Priorities in Each Region



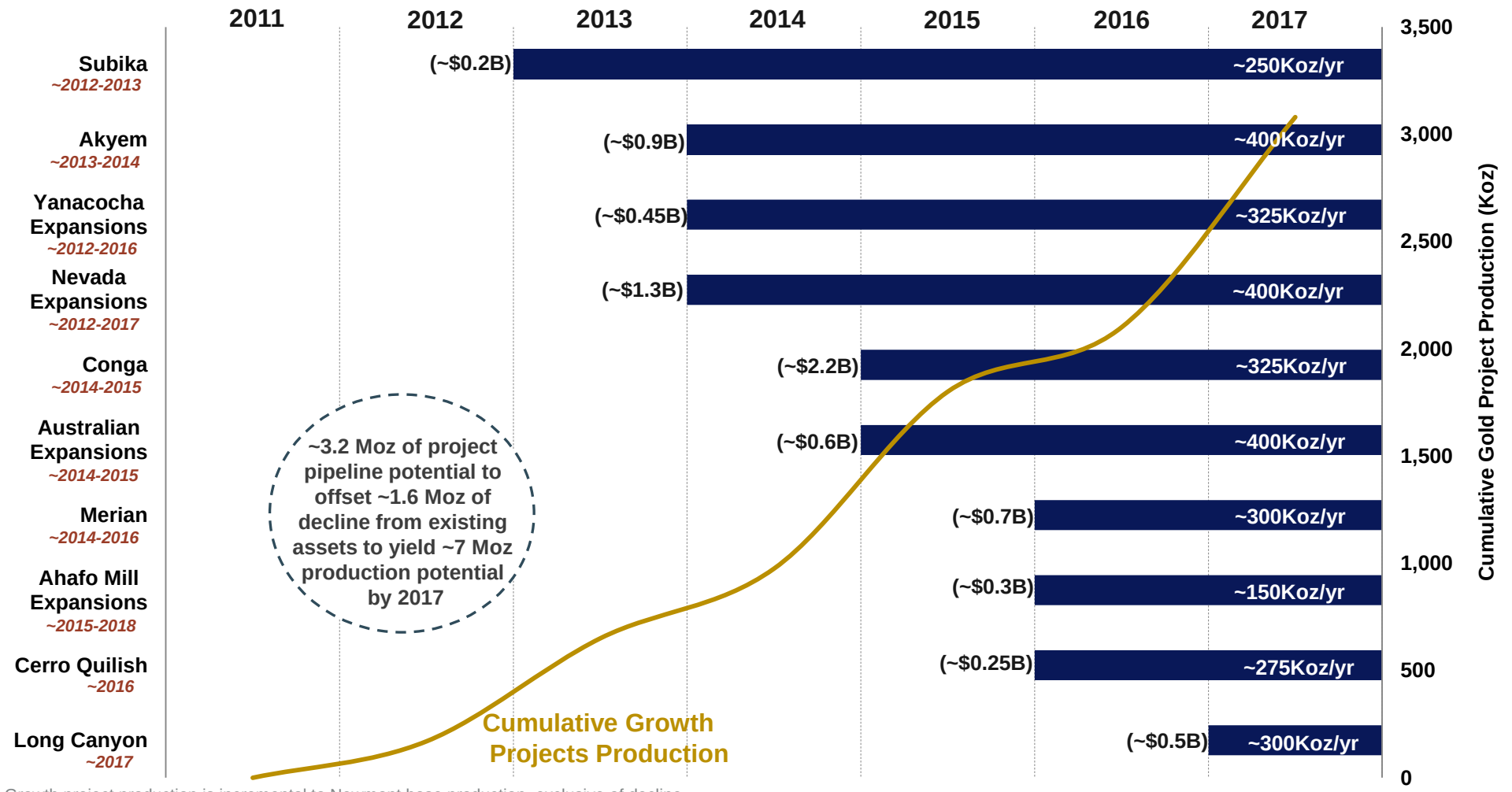
N. America
- Nevada Expansions
- Long Canyon
- Hope Bay
- Sleeping Giants

Asia Pacific
- Australian Expansions
- Boddington Wingspan
- Batu Phase 7
- Elang

S. America
- Conga
- Merian, Suriname
- Yanacocha Expansions
- Cerro Quilish

Africa
- Akyem
- Subika Expansion
- Ahafo Expansion
- Nimba

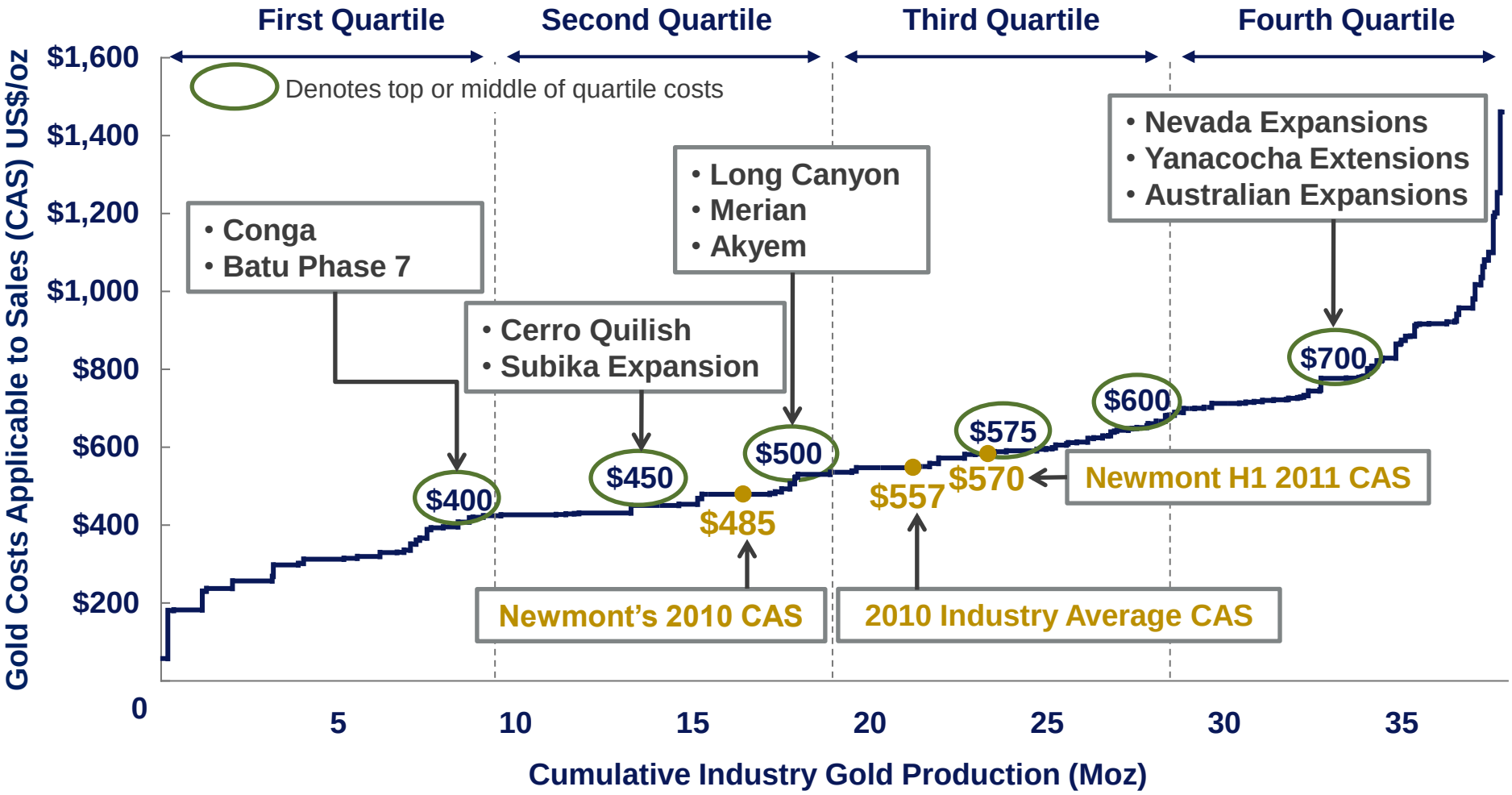
Indicative Project Development Timeline[4]



Growth project production is incremental to Newmont base production, exclusive of decline.
Graph reflects midpoint of estimated guidance. Initial estimated development capital included in parentheticals.

Operating Cost Estimates

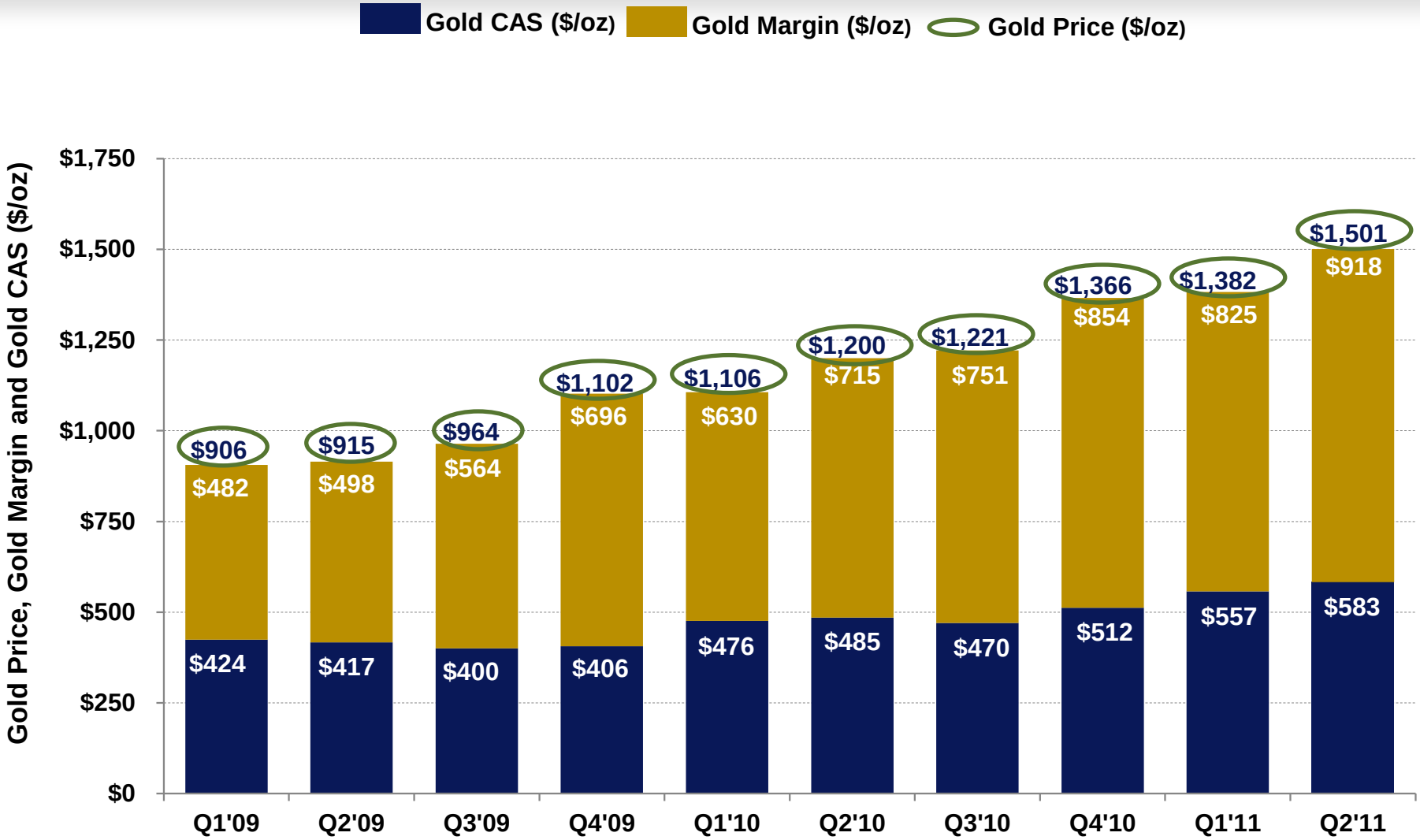
Relative Position on GFMS CAS Cost Curve



Source: GFMS 2010
Conga and Batu Phase 7 shown on a co-product basis.

Gold Margin Expansion

90% Increase in Gold Margin Since Q1'09 On a 66% Increase in Gold Price



Exploration Upside

Strong Pipeline to Support the Reserve Base in the Growth Plan

Potential to add more than equivalent of current Gold and Copper reserves over the next decade		Non Reserve Mineralization[5]	Reserves
Pre-scoping	Scoping	Pre-feasibility	Feasibility
Long Canyon Boddington Fimiston Elang Mike Fiberline Greater Phoenix La Carpa TRJV Copper Basin	Greater Gold Quarry Leeville/Turf Hope Bay Tanami Yanacocha Verde Chaquicocha UG Subika UG	Gold Quarry Leeville/Turf Phoenix Boddington Tanami Ahafo Yanacocha Cerro Quilish	

Region	Gold (Moz)	Copper (Blb)
Africa	17.20	-
APAC	31.41	6.12
North America	33.49	1.64
South America	11.40	1.66

37.5 Moz Au
3.7 Blb Cu

93.5 Moz Au
9.4 Blb Cu

Financial Strength and Flexibility:
Strong Balance Sheet and Operating Cash Flows

- ✓ ~$1.1B in Attributable Cash (net of Fronteer acquisition)[6]
- ✓ ~$1.8B in Marketable Securities
- ✓ ~$2.2B in Revolver Capacity[7]
- ✓ ~$5-$6B in Additional Leverage Capacity[8]

~$10.1-$11.1B

(Numbers as of June 30, 2011)

+

- ✓ Strong Operating Cash Flows in Current Price Environment [9]

=

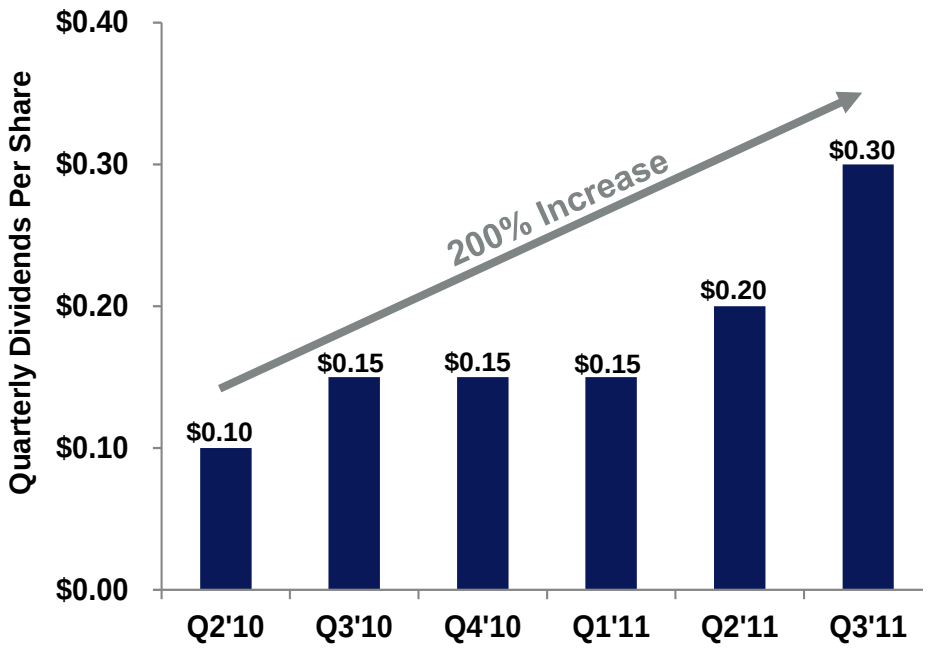
Internal Funding Capacity For:

- ✓ Aggressively developing Project Pipeline
- ✓ Increased exploration funding
- ✓ Gold-price linked dividend

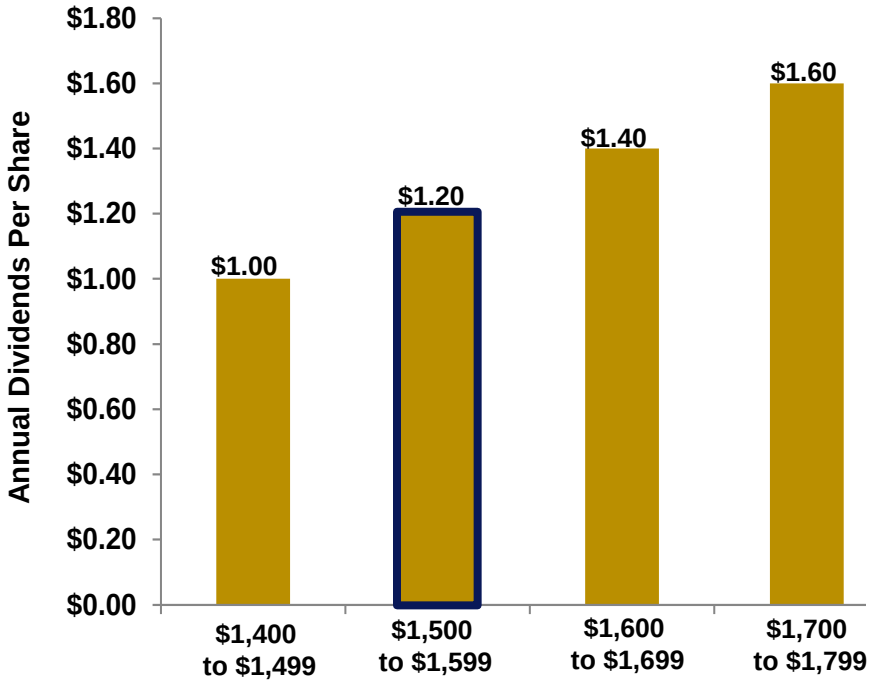
Gold Price-Linked Dividend[10]

Ongoing Commitment to Returning Capital to Shareholders

Actual Quarterly Dividend Declared



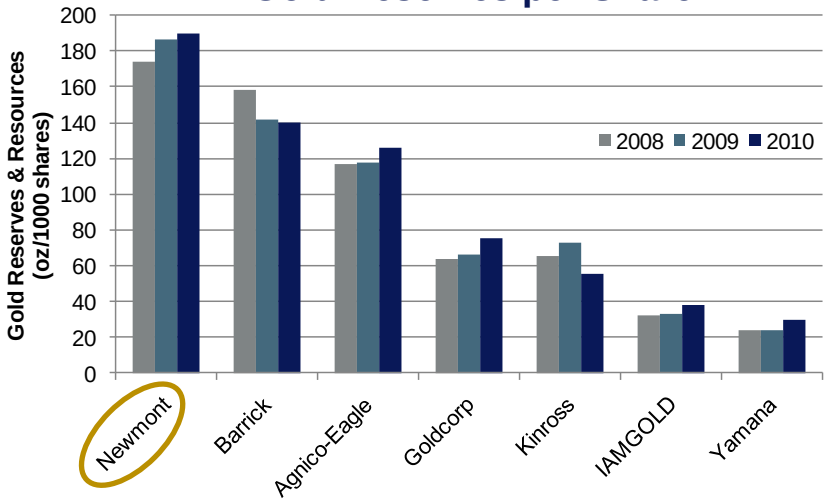
Indicative Annual Gold Price-Linked Dividend
(Based on Trailing Qtr Avg. Realized Gold Price)



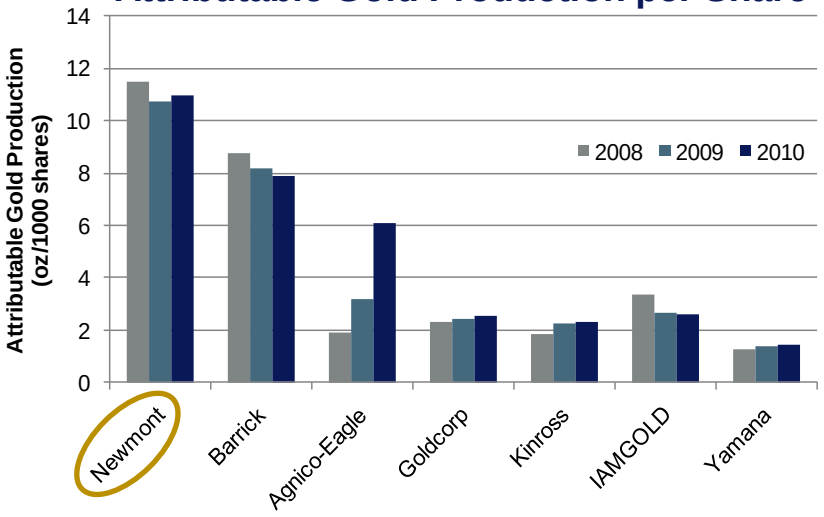
Industry leading returns of and on capital[11]

Execution & Discipline Delivering Per Share Leadership

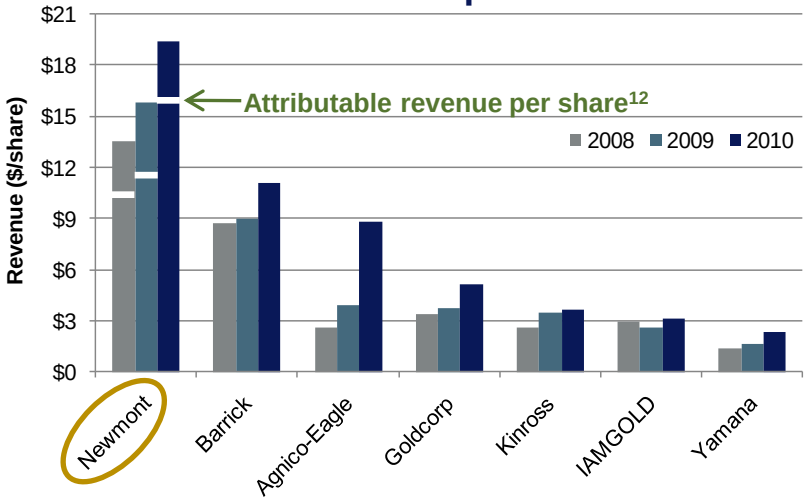
Gold Reserves per Share



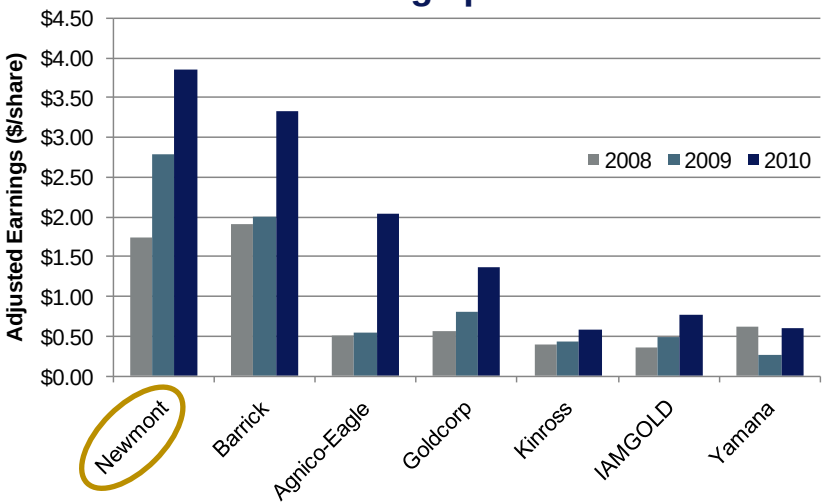
Attributable Gold Production per Share



Revenue per Share

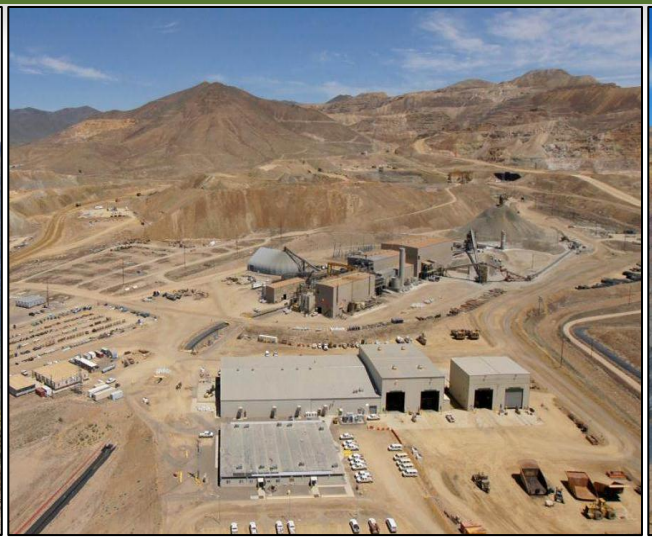


Earnings per Share



Newmont






- ✓ Solid operating results for the quarter and first half
- ✓ Two key growth projects approved
- ✓ Growth plan advancing
- ✓ Outlook for 2011 maintained
- ✓ Quarterly Dividend increased 100% from a year ago

Appendix



Gold – Bullish and Bearish Arguments

Outlook: Ten Bullish Arguments

1. Global fiscal and monetary reflation: PIIGS, US, etc.
2. Inflation in the EM's: boosts "Chindia" demand
3. Global imbalances: dollar fundamentally weak
4. Global FX reserves "excessive": diversification
5. Central banks buying gold: huge attitude change
6. Gold not in a bubble: room to rise
7. Mine supply up only modestly: "peak" gold?
8. Investment demand: ETF, India, China positive
9. Commodity price cycle: many years to run (BRIC)
10. Geopolitical environment: positive

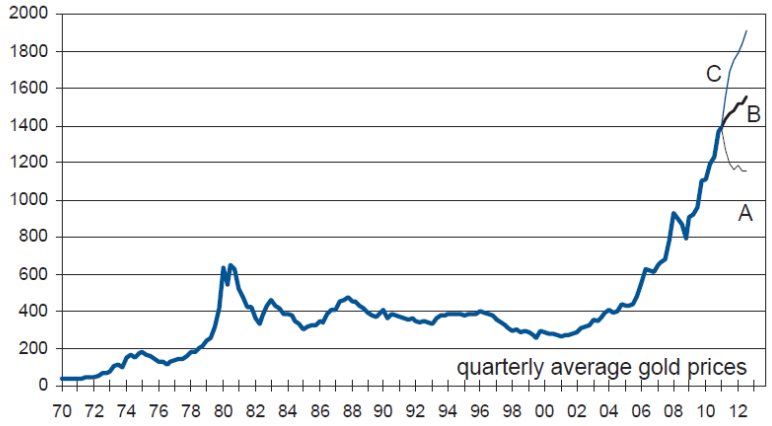
DUNDEEWEALTH

Outlook: Seven Bearish Arguments

1. Policy "exit strategies": in China, India … US?
2. Strong dollar: against the euro … flight to safety?
3. Liquidity of last resort: for Greece, Italy, …, Japan?
4. Resolution to EU debt crisis: The €500bn ESM and fiscal retrenchment boosts confidence
5. Equity markets continue to rally strongly: investment interest in gold wanes
6. Dehedging finished: hedging to recommence
7. Chinese recession: commodity demand will decline

DUNDEEWEALTH

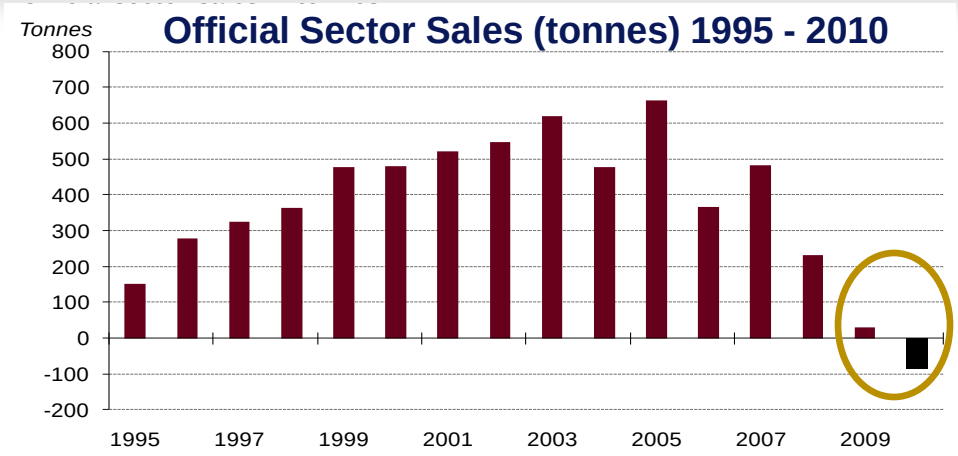
Gold Price Scenarios
April 1, 2011

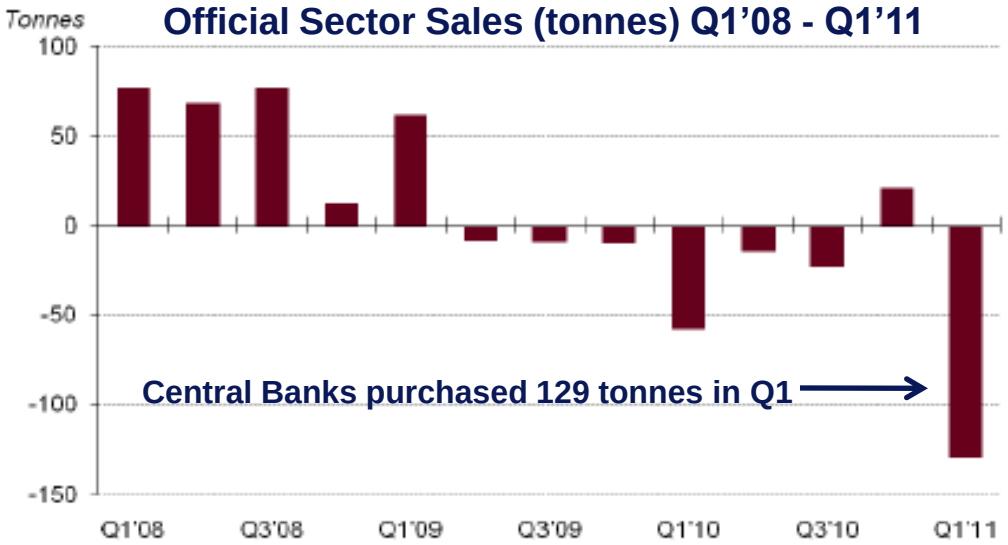


B (P50) = $1,546 in 2012

Source: Dundee Wealth Economics, April, 2011.

Gold – Central Banks Continue to Buy Gold



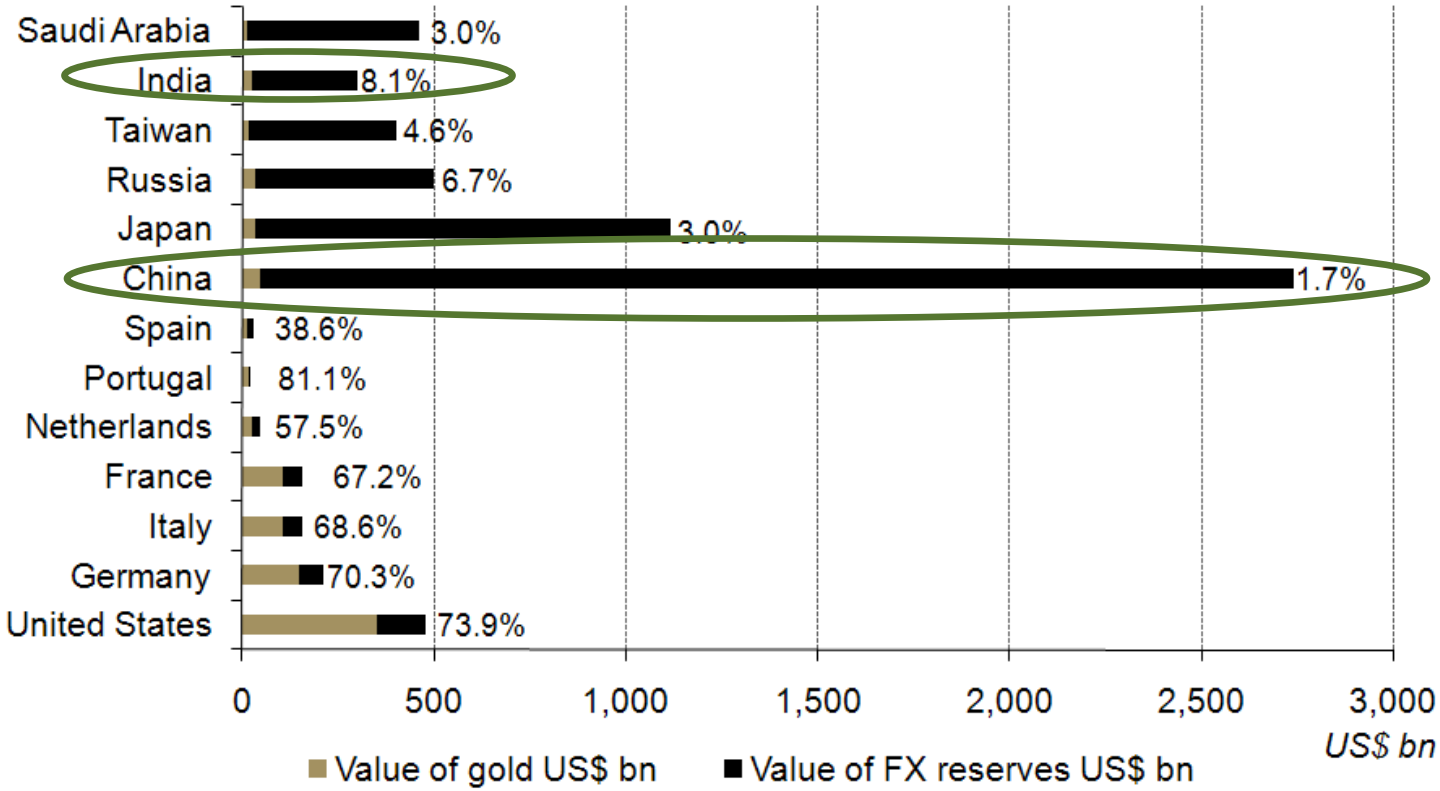


- Q1'11 – trend of central bank buying still in tact
- Recent trend of central banks to restore a prior balance between gold and currency reserves
- Central banks in emerging countries remain underweight in their holdings of gold
- Central banks will play an increasingly supportive role in demand as they continue to diversify their reserves

Source: World Gold Council.

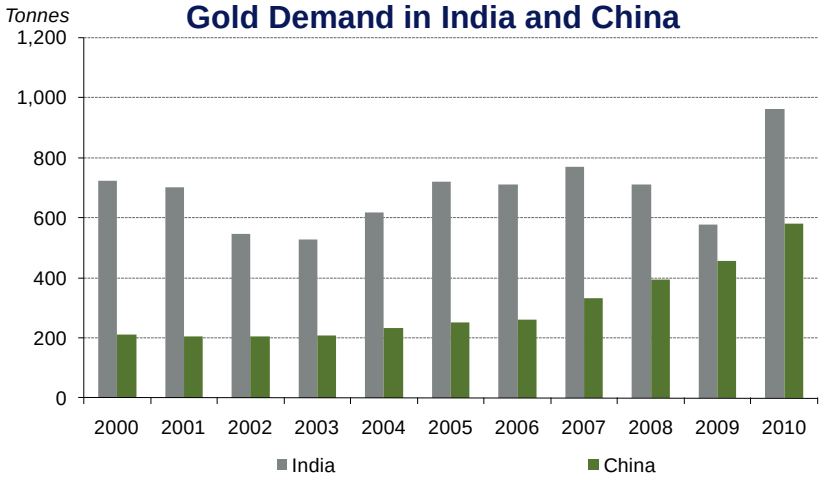
Gold - Central Banks Still Have Room to Diversify

Total Central Bank Reserves and Gold Holdings (gold as a % of total)



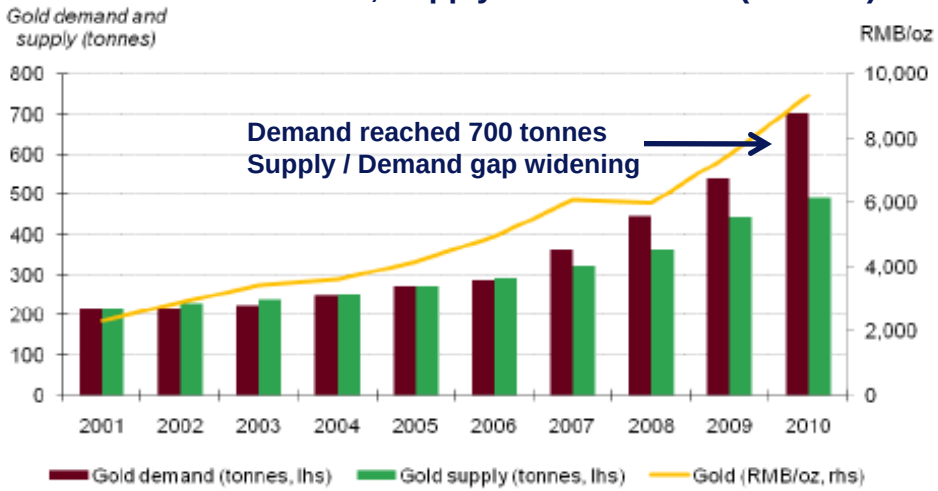
Source: IMF IFS, WGC.

Gold – Strong Demand from India and China



"We believe Chinese gold demand could double within the next decade. However, given the recent momentum in Chinese gold demand, we would not be surprised to see this result achieved much sooner." (World Gold Council)

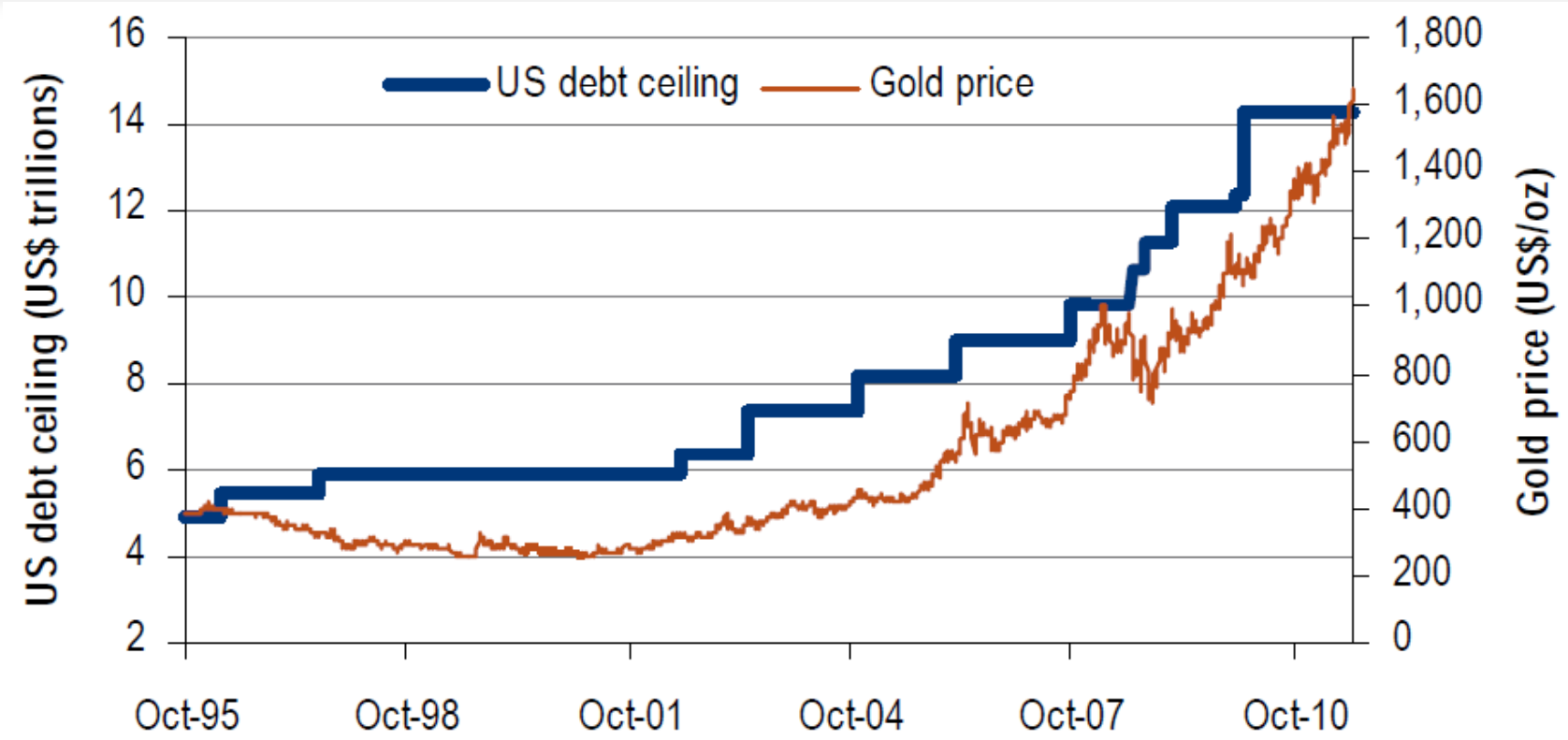
Chinese Gold Demand, Supply and Gold Price (RMB/oz)



- Rising income levels in China plus near-term inflationary expectations support investment in gold as an asset class
- Chinese consumers are high savers and looking to gold to protect their wealth

Source: GFMS, World Gold Council.

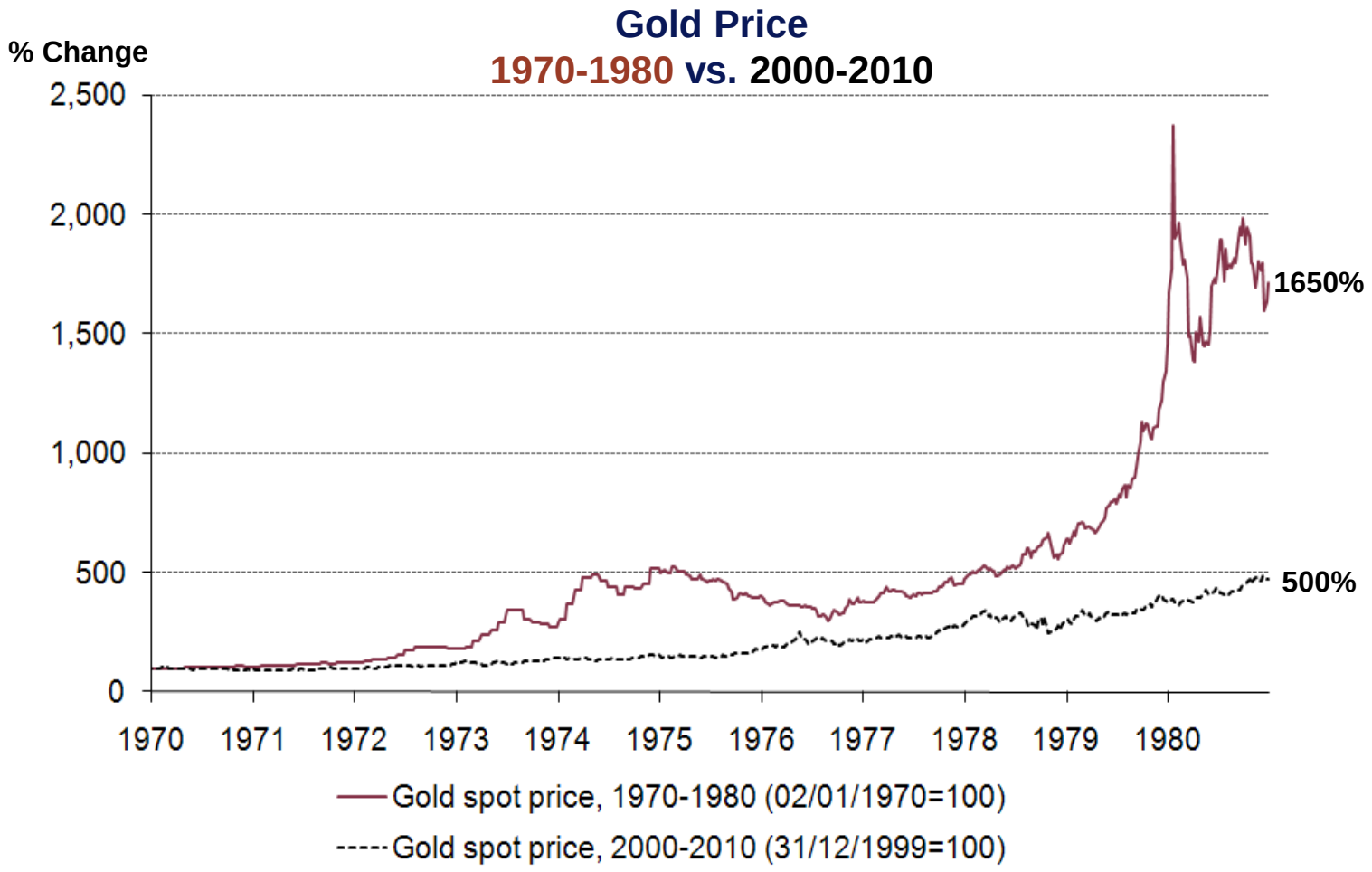
Gold – Gold Price rises with the U.S. Debt Ceiling



- Each time the debt ceiling has been raised bullion has moved increasingly higher
- With the debt ceiling now at $16.4 trillion (up ~$2.1 trillion), the chart indicates that bullion could be heading to $1,800/oz

Source: Bloomberg, BoA-Merrill Lynch

Gold - Current Gold Bull Market Not a Bubble



Source: LBMA, World Gold Council.

2011 Outlook[3]

Region	2011 Outlook Attributable Production *(Kozs, Mlbs)*	2011 Outlook Consolidated CAS *($/oz, $/lb)*	2011 Outlook Consolidated Capital Expenditures	2011 Outlook Attributable Capital Expenditures
Nevada	1,800 - 1,900	$565 - $615	$460 - $520	$460 - $520
La Herradura	180 - 200	$480 - $510	$70 - $80	$70 - $80
Hope Bay	-	-	$70 - $100	$70 - $100
North America	***1,980 - 2,100***	***$560 - $600***	***$600 - $700***	***$600 - $700***
Yanacocha	675 - 725	$500 - $550	$310 - $400	$160 - $200
La Zanja	40 - 50	n/a	-	-
Conga	-	-	$550 - $700	$300 - $360
South America	***715 - 775***	***$500 - $550***	***$900 - $1,100***	***$460 - $560***
Boddington – Gold	750 - 800	$580 - $620	$210 - $255	$210 - $255
Other Australia/NZ	1,000 - 1,050	$700 - $770	$230 - $265	$230 - $265
Batu Hijau – Gold [a]	110 - 140	$400 - $440	$210 - $230	$95 - $110
Asia Pacific	***1,860 - 1,990***	***$600 - $675***	***$650 - $750***	***$535 - $595***
Ahafo	550 - 590	$485 - $535	$175 - $200	$175 - $200
Akyem	-	-	$300 - $375	$300 - $375
Africa	***550 - 590***	***$485 - $535***	***$450 - $545***	***$475 - $575***
Corporate/Other			$30 - $40	$30 - $40
Total Gold	***5,100 - 5,300***	***$560 - $590 [b,c]***	***$2,700 - $3,000***	***$2,100 - $2,500***
Boddington – Copper	70 - 80	$1.80 - $2.20	-	-
Batu Hijau – Copper [a]	120 - 140	$1.10 - $1.30	-	-
Total Copper	***190 - 220***	***$1.25 - $1.50***		

Description	2011 Outlook Consolidated Expenses ($M)
General & Administrative	$190 - $200
Interest Expense	$235 - $245
DD&A	$1,025 - $1,035
Exploration Expense	$335 - $345
Advanced Projects & R&D	$400 - $450
Tax Rate	26% - 30%
Assumptions	
Gold Price ($/ounce)	$1,450
Copper Price ($/pound)	$4.00
Oil Price ($/barrel)	$110
Australian Dollar Exchange Rate	1.05

[a] *Assumes Batu Hijau economic interest of 48.5% for 2011*

[b] *2011 Outlook Attributable CAS is $570 - $600*

[c] *2011 Outlook Net Attributable CAS (by-product basis) is $485 - $515*

Additional 7% divestiture remains pending. See end note 3.

Attributable Proven, Probable and Combined Gold Reserves

Attributable Proven, Probable, and Combined Gold Reserves[1]

Deposits/Districts by Reporting Unit	Newmont Share	December 31, 2010										December 31, 2009		
		Proven Reserves			Probable Reserves			Proven and Probable Reserves			Metallurgical Recovery	Proven + Probable Reserves		
		Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Gold (000 ozs)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Gold (000 ozs)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Gold (000 ozs)		Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Gold (000 ozs)
North America														
Carlin Open Pits, Nevada[2]	100%	36,600	0.064	2,340	226,900	0.040	8,980	263,500	0.043	11,320	75%	259,300	0.044	11,400
Carlin Underground, Nevada	100%	5,800	0.272	1,570	8,800	0.330	2,910	14,600	0.307	4,480	88%	9,700	0.311	2,990
Midas, Nevada[3]	100%	200	0.394	100	300	0.264	90	500	0.319	190	95%	700	0.425	300
Phoenix, Nevada	100%	0		0	329,800	0.018	6,090	329,800	0.018	6,090	73%	285,000	0.020	5,670
Twin Creeks, Nevada	100%	11,400	0.097	1,110	46,400	0.071	3,280	57,800	0.076	4,390	79%	50,200	0.077	3,850
Turquoise Ridge, Nevada[4]	25%	1,400	0.458	640	1,700	0.456	770	3,100	0.457	1,410	92%	2,600	0.507	1,360
Nevada In-Process[5]	100%	28,500	0.022	610	0		0	28,500	0.022	610	62%	33,800	0.021	730
Nevada Stockpiles[6]	100%	33,900	0.077	2,630	2,800	0.028	80	36,700	0.074	2,710	78%	29,500	0.075	2,210
Total Nevada		117,800	0.076	9,000	616,700	0.036	22,200	734,500	0.042	31,200	78%	670,800	0.042	28,510
La Herradura, Mexico [7]	44%	44,600	0.023	1,010	61,100	0.021	1,280	105,700	0.022	2,290	66%	93,200	0.019	1,780
TOTAL NORTH AMERICA		**162,400**	**0.062**	**10,010**	**677,800**	**0.035**	**23,480**	**840,200**	**0.040**	**33,490**	**77%**	**764,000**	**0.040**	**30,290**
SOUTH AMERICA														
Conga, Peru[8]	51.35%	0		0	317,200	0.019	6,080	317,200	0.019	6,080	79%	317,200	0.019	6,080
Yanacocha Open Pits[9]	51.35%	23,500	0.028	650	118,800	0.032	3,790	142,300	0.031	4,440	70%	131,500	0.036	4,750
Yanacocha In-Process[5]	51.35%	21,300	0.025	540	0		0	21,300	0.025	540	74%	26,400	0.025	660
Total Yanacocha, Peru		44,800	0.027	1,190	118,800	0.032	3,790	163,600	0.030	4,980	71%	157,900	0.034	5,410
La Zanja, Peru[10]	46.94%	10,100	0.018	180	10,500	0.016	160	20,600	0.017	340	66%	18,800	0.018	340
TOTAL SOUTH AMERICA		**54,900**	**0.025**	**1,370**	**446,500**	**0.022**	**10,030**	**501,400**	**0.023**	**11,400**	**75%**	**493,900**	**0.024**	**11,830**
Asia Pacific														
Batu Hijau Open Pit[11]	48.50%	168,800	0.014	2,420	124,600	0.006	700	293,400	0.011	3,120	78%	368,800	0.010	3,780
Batu Hijau Stockpiles[6][11]	48.50%	0		0	170,700	0.004	610	170,700	0.004	610	69%	193,800	0.004	720
Total Batu Hijau, Indonesia	48.50%	168,800	0.014	2,420	295,300	0.004	1,310	464,100	0.008	3,730	76%	562,600	0.008	4,500
Boddington, Western Australia	100%	181,900	0.021	3,760	885,900	0.019	16,540	1,067,800	0.019	20,300	82%	966,400	0.022	20,960
Duketon, Western Australia [12]	16.2%	1,800	0.056	100	4,500	0.055	250	6,300	0.055	350	94%	0		0
Jundee, Western Australia	100%	3,100	0.051	160	1,600	0.373	600	4,700	0.160	760	91%	7,400	0.159	1,170
Kalgoorlie Open Pit and Underground	50%	15,000	0.061	910	40,700	0.059	2,390	55,700	0.059	3,300	85%	60,800	0.062	3,750
Kalgoorlie Stockpiles[6]	50%	15,100	0.031	470	0		0	15,100	0.031	470	78%	14,300	0.031	440
Total Kalgoorlie, Western Australia	50%	30,100	0.046	1,380	40,700	0.059	2,390	70,800	0.053	3,770	84%	75,100	0.056	4,190
Tanami, Northern Territories	100%	6,400	0.151	970	7,900	0.134	1,070	14,300	0.142	2,040	95%	13,100	0.125	1,640
Waihi, New Zealand	100%	0		0	4,200	0.110	460	4,200	0.110	460	89%	4,000	0.101	410
TOTAL ASIA PACIFIC		**392,100**	**0.022**	**8,790**	**1,240,100**	**0.018**	**22,620**	**1,632,200**	**0.019**	**31,410**	**83%**	**1,628,600**	**0.020**	**32,870**
Africa														
Ahafo Open Pits[13]	100%	0		0	148,300	0.064	9,540	148,300	0.064	9,540	87%	128,700	0.068	8,810
Ahafo Stockpiles[6]	100%	14,100	0.033	460	0		0	14,100	0.033	460	86%	9,300	0.034	320
Total Ahafo, Ghana	100%	14,100	0.033	460	148,300	0.064	9,540	162,400	0.062	10,000	87%	138,000	0.066	9,130
Akyem, Ghana[14]	100%	0		0	137,900	0.052	7,200	137,900	0.052	7,200	88%	147,200	0.052	7,660
TOTAL AFRICA		**14,100**	**0.033**	**460**	**286,200**	**0.059**	**16,740**	**300,300**	**0.057**	**17,200**	**88%**	**285,200**	**0.059**	**16,790**
TOTAL NEWMONT WORLDWIDE		**623,500**	**0.033**	**20,630**	**2,650,600**	**0.027**	**72,870**	**3,274,100**	**0.029**	**93,500**	**81%**	**3,171,700**	**0.029**	**91,780**

(1) Reserves are calculated at a gold price of US$950, A$1100, or NZ$1,350 per ounce unless otherwise noted. 2009 reserves were calculated at a gold price of US$800, A$1000, or NZ$1,200 per ounce unless otherwise noted. Tonnage amounts have been rounded to the nearest 100,000 unless they are less than 50,000, and gold ounces have been rounded to the nearest

(2) Includes undeveloped reserves at the Emigrant deposits for combined total undeveloped reserves of 1.2 million ounces.

(3) Also contains reserves of 2.8 million ounces of silver with a metallurgical recovery of 88%.

(4) Reserve estimates provided by Barrick, the operator of the Turquoise Ridge Joint Venture.

(5) In-process material is the material on leach pads at the end of each year from which gold remains to be recovered. In-process material reserves are reported separately where tonnage or contained ounces are greater than 5% of the total site-reported reserves and contained ounces are greater than 100,000.

(6) Stockpiles are comprised primarily of material that has been set aside to allow processing of higher grade material in the mills. Stockpiles increase or decrease depending on current mine plans. Stockpile reserves are reported separately where tonnage or contained ounces are greater than 5% of the total site-reported reserves and contained ounces are greater

(7) Includes undeveloped reserves at Noche Buena totaling 0.3 million attributable ounces.

(8) Deposit is currently undeveloped.

(9) Reserves include the currently undeveloped deposit at La Quinua Sur, which contains reserves of 0.8 million attributable ounces.

(10) Reserves estimates were provided by Buenaventura, the operator of the La Zanja project.

(11) Percentage reflects Newmont's economic interest at December 31, 2010. In April 2010 our economic interest decreased from 52.44% to 48.50% as a result of the divestiture required under the Contract of Work

(12) Reserve estimates provided by Regis Resources Ltd, in which Newmont holds a 16.2% interest.

(13) Includes undeveloped reserves at Yamfo South, Yamfo Central, Techire West, Subenso South, Subenso North, Yamfo Northeast, and Susuan totaling 3.2 million ounces.

(14) Deposit is undeveloped.

Attributable Copper Reserves

Attributable Copper Reserves[1]

December 31, 2010

Deposits/Districts	Newmont Share	Proven Reserves			Probable Reserves			Proven + Probable Reserves			Metallurgical Recovery	December 31, 2009 Proven + Probable Reserve		
		Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Copper (million pounds)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Copper (million pounds)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Copper (million pounds)		Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Copper (million pounds)
North America														
Phoenix, Nevada	100%	0		0	332,600	0.15%	1,030	332,600	0.15%	1,030	61%	287,500	0.16%	900
Phoenix Copper Leach, Nevada [2]	100%	0		0	132,900	0.23%	610	132,900	0.23%	610	53%	0		0
TOTAL NORTH AMERICA		0		0	465,500	0.18%	1,640	465,500	0.18%	1,640	58%	287,500	0.16%	900
South America														
Conga, Peru[3]	51.35%	0		0	317,200	0.26%	1,660	317,200	0.26%	1,660	85%	317,200	0.26%	1,660
TOTAL SOUTH AMERICA		0		0	317,200	0.26%	1,660	317,200	0.26%	1,660	85%	317,200	0.26%	1,660
Asia Pacific														
Batu Hijau[3]	48.50%	168,800	0.50%	1,700	124,600	0.34%	860	293,400	0.44%	2,560	80%	368,800	0.42%	3,130
Batu Hijau, Stockpiles[3][4]	48.50%	0		0	170,700	0.35%	1,200	170,700	0.35%	1,200	66%	193,800	0.36%	1,390
Batu Hijau, Indonesia	48.50%	168,800	0.50%	1,700	295,300	0.35%	2,060	464,100	0.40%	3,760	76%	562,600	0.40%	4,520
Boddington, Western Australia [5]	100.00%	181,900	0.10%	380	885,900	0.11%	1,980	1,067,800	0.11%	2,360	84%	966,400	0.11%	2,040
TOTAL ASIA PACIFIC		350,700	0.30%	2,080	1,181,200	0.17%	4,040	1,531,900	0.20%	6,120	79%	1,529,000	0.21%	6,560
TOTAL NEWMONT WORLDWIDE		**350,700**	**0.30%**	**2,080**	**1,963,900**	**0.19%**	**7,340**	**2,314,600**	**0.20%**	**9,420**	**76%**	**2,133,700**	**0.21%**	**9,120**

(1) Reserves are calculated at US$2.50 or A$2.95 per pound copper price unless otherwise noted. 2009 reserves were calculated at US$2.00 or A$2.40 per pound copper price unless otherwise noted. Tonnage amounts have been rounded to the nearest 100,000 and pounds have been rounded to the nearest 10 million.

(2) Project is undeveloped. Leach reserves are within Phoenix Reserve Pit.

(3) Deposit is undeveloped. Reserve estimates will be recalculated in 2011 upon completion of Feasibility Study Update.

(4) Percentage reflects Newmont's economic interest at December 31, 2010. In April 2010 our economic interest decreased from 52.44% to 48.50% as a result of the divestiture required under the Contract of Work.

(5) Stockpiles are comprised primarily of material that has been set aside to allow processing of higher grade material. Stockpiles increase or decrease depending on current mine plans. Stockpiles are reported separately where tonnage or contained metal are greater than 5% of the total site reported reserves.

(6) Newmont acquired the remaining 33.33% of Boddington from AngloGold in June 2009.

Non-Reserve Gold Mineralization Supplemental Information

Attributable Gold Mineralized Material Not in Reserves[1][2]

December 31, 2010

Deposits/Districts	Newmont Share	Measured Material		Indicated Material		Measured + Indicated Material		Inferred Material	
		Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (oz/ton)
North America									
Buffalo Valley, Nevada	80%	0		18,300	0.020	18,300	0.020	900	0.017
Carlin Trend Open Pit, Nevada	100%	12,900	0.024	78,900	0.019	91,800	0.020	22,100	0.024
Carlin Trend Underground, Nevada	100%	3,700	0.283	500	0.330	4,200	0.29	1,300	0.345
Lone Tree Complex, Nevada	100%	0		4,200	0.022	4,200	0.022	0	
Midas, Nevada	100%	20	0.152	100	0.172	120	0.167	0	0.214
Phoenix, Nevada	100%	0	0.000	150,900	0.013	150,900	0.013	54,300	0.015
Twin Creeks, Nevada	100%	3,300	0.060	34,600	0.037	37,900	0.039	12,000	0.019
Turquoise Ridge [3], Nevada	25%	300	0.422	400	0.392	700	0.406	1,200	0.494
Nevada Stockpiles [4], Nevada	100%	1,100	0.077			1,100	0.077	2,300	0.043
Total Nevada		21,320	0.083	287,900	0.019	309,220	0.024	94,100	0.029
La Herradura, Mexico	44%	8,500	0.018	27,600	0.007	36,100	0.010	20,900	0.014
TOTAL NORTH AMERICA		**29,820**	**0.065**	**315,500**	**0.018**	**345,320**	**0.022**	**115,000**	**0.026**
SOUTH AMERICA									
Conga, Peru	51.35%	0		58,000	0.013	58,000	0.013	79,000	0.011
Yanacocha, Peru	51.35%	4,300	0.012	120,400	0.021	124,700	0.021	23,000	0.018
Merian, Suriname	50%	0		28,900	0.039	28,900	0.039	18,400	0.036
La Zanja[5], Peru	46.94%	200		200	0.000	400	0.000	3,800	0.014
TOTAL SOUTH AMERICA		**4,500**	**0.012**	**207,500**	**0.016**	**212,000**	**0.016**	**124,200**	**0.011**
ASIA PACIFIC									
Batu Hijau [6], Indonesia	48.50%	23,800	0.017	130,500	0.007	154,300	0.008	47,700	0.002
Boddington, Western Australia	100%	39,300	0.014	420,500	0.013	459,800	0.013	160,200	0.014
Jundee, Western Australia	100%	0		1,000	0.178	1,000	0.178	3,600	0.077
Kalgoorlie, Western Australia	50%	1,900	0.064	45,000	0.023	46,862	0.025	1,100	0.146
Tanami, Northern Territory	100%	0		900	0.067	900	0.067	10,300	0.170
Waihi, New Zealand	100%	0		0		0		300	0.140
TOTAL ASIA PACIFIC		**65,000**	**0.016**	**597,900**	**0.013**	**662,862**	**0.013**	**223,200**	**0.021**
AFRICA									
Ahafo, Ghana	100%	0		81,000	0.042	81,000	0.042	39,900	0.084
Akyem, Ghana	100%	0		14,900	0.019	14,900	0.019	1,900	0.032
TOTAL AFRICA		**0**		**95,900**	**0.038**	**95,900**	**0.038**	**41,800**	**0.082**
TOTAL NEWMONT WORLDWIDE		**99,320**	**0.031**	**1,216,800**	**0.018**	**1,316,082**	**0.019**	**504,200**	**0.026**

(1) Mineralized material is reported exclusive of reserves.

(2) Mineralized Material calculated at a gold price of US$950, A$1,200, or NZ$1,400 per ounce unless otherwise noted. 2009 Mineralized material was calculated at a gold price of US$850, A$1,000, or NZ$1,175 per ounce. Tonnage amounts have been rounded to the nearest 100,000.

(3) Mineralized material estimates were provided by Barrick, the operator of the Turquoise Ridge Joint Venture.

(4) Stockpiles are comprised primarily of material that has been set aside to allow processing of higher grade material in the mills. Stockpiles increase or decrease depending on current mine plans.

(5) Mineralized material estimates were provided by Buenaventura, the operator of the La Zanja Project.

(6) Percentage reflects Newmont's economic interest at December 31, 2009. In November and December 2009 our economic interest increased from 45% to 52.44% as a result of transactions with a noncontrolling partner, partially offset by divestiture required under the Contract of Work.

Non-Reserve Copper Mineralization Supplemental Information (cont.)

Attributable Copper Mineralized Material Not in Reserves[1][2]

December 31, 2010									
Deposits/Districts	Newmont Share	Measured Material		Indicated Material		Measured + Indicated Material		Inferred Material	
		Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)	Tonnage (000 tons)	Grade (Cu%)
NORTH AMERICA									
Phoenix, Nevada	100%	0	0.00%	150,900	0.13%	150,900	0.13%	56,600	0.12%
Phoenix Copper Leach, Nevada	100%	0	0.00%	25,900	0.19%	25,900	0.19%	45,900	0.22%
TOTAL NORTH AMERICA				176,800	0.14%	176,800	0.14%	102,500	0.17%
SOUTH AMERICA									
Conga, Peru	51.35%	0	0.00%	58,000	0.18%	58,000	0.18%	79,000	0.17%
TOTAL SOUTH AMERICA				58,000	0.18%	58,000	0.18%	79,000	0.17%
ASIA PACIFIC									
Batu Hijau, Indonesia [3]	48.50%	23,800	0.42%	130,500	0.32%	154,300	0.34%	47,700	0.26%
Boddington, Western Australia	100.00%	39,300	0.07%	420,500	0.09%	459,800	0.08%	160,200	0.11%
TOTAL ASIA PACIFIC		63,100	0.21%	551,000	0.14%	614,100	0.15%	207,900	0.14%
TOTAL NEWMONT WORLDWIDE		**63,100**	**0.21%**	**785,800**	**0.14%**	**848,900**	**0.15%**	**389,400**	**0.15%**

(1) Mineralized material is reported exclusive of reserves.

(2) Mineralized material calculated at a copper price of US$3.00 or A$3.50 per pound unless otherwise noted. 2009 mineralized material was calculated at a copper price of US$2.50 or A$3.00 per pound. Tonnage amounts have been rounded to the nearest 100,000.

(3) Percentage reflects Newmont's economic interest at December 31, 2010. In April 2010 our economic interest decreased from 52.44% to 48.50% as a result of the divestiture required under the Contract of Work.

Non-Reserve Mineralization Definitions Supplemental Information (cont.)

Defined terms and Statement Regarding Reserves and NRM:

Ian Douglas, Newmont's Group Executive of Reserves and Geostatistics, is the qualified person responsible for the preparation of the reserve and NRM estimates in this presentation. The reserves disclosed in this presentation have been prepared in compliance with Industry Guide 7 published by the SEC. Investors are encouraged to read the footnotes to the tables included on slides 26-29, as well as the definitions and cautionary statements included herein.

As used in this presentation, the term "reserve" means that part of a mineral deposit that can be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time of the reserve determination. The term "economically," as used in this definition, means that profitable extraction or production has been established or analytically demonstrated in a full feasibility study to be viable and justifiable under reasonable investment and market assumptions. The term "legally," as used in this definition, does not imply that all permits needed for mining and processing have been obtained or that other legal issues have been completely resolved. However, for a reserve to exist, Newmont must have a justifiable expectation, based on applicable laws and regulations, that issuance of permits or resolution of legal issues necessary for mining and processing at a particular deposit will be accomplished in the ordinary course and in a timeframe consistent with Newmont's current mine plans. Reserves in this presentation may be aggregated from the Proven and Probable classes.

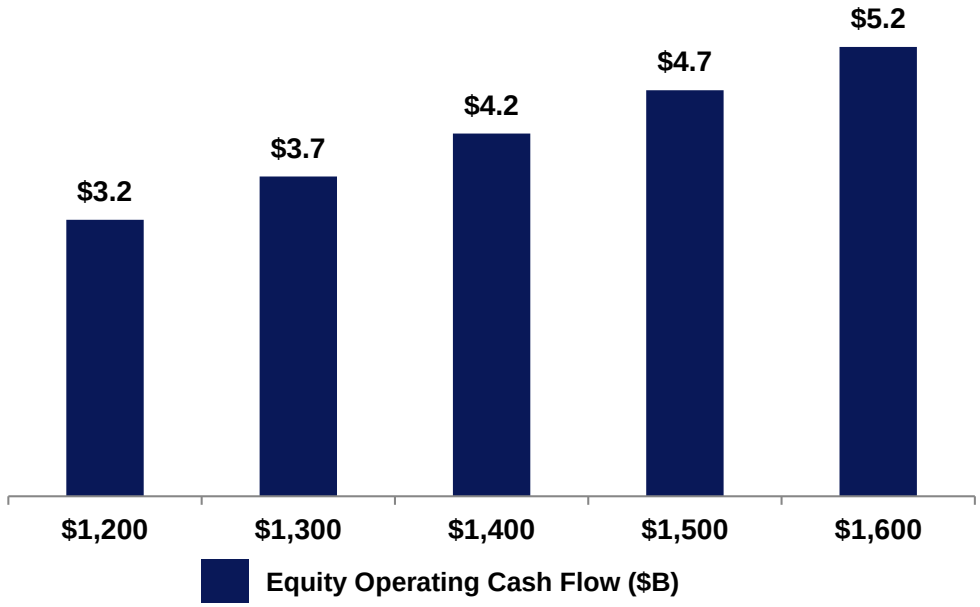
As used in this presentation, the term "non-reserve mineralization" or "NRM" refers to Measured, Indicated and/or Inferred materials, which are exclusive of reserves. Newmont has determined that such NRM would be substantively the same as those prepared using the Guidelines established by the Society of Mining, Metallurgy and Exploration and defined as Resources. Estimates of NRM are subject to further exploration and development, are subject to additional risks, and no assurance can be given that they will eventually convert to future mineral reserves of the Company. In addition, our current or future reserves and exploration and development projects may not result in new mineral producing operations. Even if significant mineralization is discovered and converted to reserves, it will likely take many years from the initial phases of exploration to development and ultimately to production, during which time the economic feasibility of production may change.

Additionally, references to "attributable ounces," "attributable pounds" and "attributable mineralization" in this presentation are intended to mean that portion of gold or copper produced, sold or included in Proven and Probable reserves or NRM that is attributable to our ownership or economic interest.

For a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and mineralized material, as well as a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant factors, please see Newmont's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on February 24, 2011, and other SEC filings.

Estimated Equity Operating Cash Flow

2017 Pro-forma Equity Operating Cash Flow Sensitivity



Incremental estimated 2017 OCF = ~$490 million per $100 change in the gold price

Pro-forma 2017 equity operating cash flow at assumed gold and copper prices

($1,300 gold and $4.00 copper[1])

Equity Gold Production (Moz)		7.00
Average realized gold price ($/oz)		$1,300
Est. 2017 Gold CAS ($/oz)	X	$ (575)
Gold Gross Margin Potential		$5,100
Equity Copper Production (Mlb)		400.00
Average realized copper price ($/lb)		$4.00
Est. 2017 Copper CAS ($/lb)	X	$ (1.40)
Copper Gross Margin Potential		$1,000
Total Gross Margin Potential		$6,100
Exploration, Adv. Projects, Int., G&A Expense[2]		$ (1,200)
Assumed Average Cash Tax Rate (30%)[3]		$ (1,200)
Equity Operating Cash Flow		**$3,700**

[1] Production and CAS based on 2017 estimates.
[2] Includes G&A ($195M), Interest exp. ($240M), Exploration exp.($340M) and Advanced Projects/R&D ($410M) that are based the midpoint of 2011 Outlook.
[3] Tax expense reflects midpoint of 2011 Outlook and includes deduction for equity DD&A of $1,030M.

Dividend Payout Table[10]

Quarterly Average Realized Gold Price	Associated Quarterly Dividend Payout/share	Annualized Equivalent Payout/share
$1,100 - $1,199	$0.10	$0.40
$1,200 - $1,299	$0.15	$0.60
$1,300 - $1,399	$0.20	$0.80
$1,400 - $1,499	$0.25	$1.00
$1,500 - $1,599	$0.30	$1.20
$1,600 - $1,699	$0.35	$1.40

Endnotes

Investors are encouraged to read the information contained in this presentation in conjunction with the following notes footnotes, the Cautionary Statement on slide 2 and the factors described under the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's most recent Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2011.

1. When used in this presentation, the phrase "production growth potential" represents the sum for all projects of the current estimated average annual production targets for the first five years of production for each such project anticipated to be commissioned between 2011 and 2017. Additionally, unless otherwise indicated, references to potential production used in this presentation mean that portion that is attributable to Newmont's ownership or economic interest.
2. Reserves referenced in this presentation, including "current" Reserves, are as of December 31, 2010 and have been aggregated from the Proved an Probable classes. See slides 22-26 for additional information. As used throughout this presentation, "Reserve" means that part of a mineral deposit that can be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time of the reserve determination. For these purposes: "economically" means that profitable extraction or production has been established or analytically demonstrated in a full feasibility study to be viable and justifiable under reasonable investment and market assumptions, and "legally" does not imply that all permits needed for mining and processing have been obtained or that other legal issues have been completely resolved, but for a Reserve to be considered to exist, Newmont must have a justifiable expectation, based on applicable laws and regulations, that issuance of permits or resolution of legal issues necessary for mining and processing at a particular deposit will be accomplished in the ordinary course and in a timeframe consistent with Newmont's current mine plans.
3. 2011 Outlook projections used in this presentation ("Outlook") are considered "forward-looking statements" and represents management's good faith estimates or expectations of future production results as of July 29, 2011 and is based upon certain assumptions. Such assumptions, include, but are not limited to those set forth on slides 4 and 21, including gold price of $1,300/ounce, copper price of $4.00/pound, oil price of $90/barrel and Australian dollar exchange rate of 0.95. Consequently, Outlook cannot be guaranteed. Investors are cautioned that the Company does not undertake to subsequently reaffirm, provide comfort or otherwise update Outlook to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. The presentation does not constitute an update or current reaffirmation of 2011 Outlook issued on July 29, 2011.
   2011 Outlook for Batu Hijau contained in this presentation are was estimated as of July 29, 2011 based upon management's good faith beliefs at such time and assumes an economic interest of 48.5% for 2011. Such outlook does not reflect the Company's announcement that an agreement was signed on Friday, May 6, 2011 between its subsidiary and an agency of the Indonesian Government's Ministry of Finance for the sale and purchase of the final 7% divestiture stake in PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara, which operates the Batu Hijau mine ("PTNNT"), as required under the terms of PTNNT's Contract of Work with the Indonesian Government. The Company's economic interest in PTNNT following the closing of the transaction is expected to be 44.56%, which will include direct ownership of 27.56% and a 17% effective economic interest through financing arrangements with existing shareholders.
4. Cumulative gold growth production is incremental to Newmont base production. All project production estimates represent the first full five year production averages. Capex cost estimates are in Q1 2011 U.S. dollars and have not been adjusted for inflation or other cost pressures, with the exception of Conga which was updated on July 27, 2011. The Nevada Expansions include: Emigrant & Copper Leach, Multiple Pit/Underground Expansions and Greater Phoenix. Yanacocha Expansions include: Western and Eastern Oxides and additional pit expansions. Australian Expansions include: Tanami Shaft, Fimiston UG and Waihi.
5. "Non-Reserve Mineralization" or "NRM" used in this presentation refer to Measured, Indicated and/or Inferred materials that would be additional to Reserves. Newmont has determined that such NRM would be substantively the same as those prepared using the Guidelines established by the Society of Mining, Metallurgy and Exploration and defined as Resources. The conversion of NRM to Reserves is subject to substantive risks inherent in the mining industry, and no assurance can be given that NRM will be converted to Reserves or of the timing or terms of any such conversion. Even if significant mineralization is discovered and converted to reserves, it will likely take many years from the initial phases of exploration to development and to production, during which time the economic feasibility of production may change. As a result, there is greater uncertainty of the conversion of NRM to production than in the case of Reserves.
6. Consolidated cash & cash equivalents as of 6/30/2011 was $1.855 billion. Cash and Cash Equivalent balance (Consolidated and Attributable) shown as of 6/30/2011 is net of the purchase of Fronteer Gold for $2.3 billion on 4/6/2011.
7. Revolver capacity reflects letters of credit and short term working capital draws.
8. Assumes current metals prices and maintaining investment grade credit metrics.
9. See slide 27 for the total potential estimated Operating Cash Flow.

Endnotes (continued)

10. Newmont has established a gold price-linked dividend policy that serves as a non-binding guideline for Newmont's board of directors (the "Board"). The Board reserves all powers related to the declaration and payment of dividends. In addition, the declaration and payment of future dividends remain at the discretion of the Board and will be determined based on Newmont's financial results, cash and liquidity requirements, future prospects and other factors deemed relevant by the Board. In determining the dividend to be declared and paid on the common stock of the Company, the Board may revise or terminate such policy at any time without prior notice.
11. Newmont's average Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) from 2009 - Q1 2011 was approximately 13.6%. Peer's average Return on Invested Capital was approximately 6.5%. Peer group defined as AEM, GG, KGC and ABX. Source is Capital IQ. Capital IQ defines ROIC as: LTM rolling EBIT, less taxes at 37.5%, divided by average total capital.
12. Attributable revenue was calculated for each year by summing the products of the following: (attributable gold production X average annual realized gold price) and (attributable copper production X average annual realized copper price).